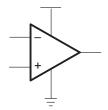
SLOS244B - FEBRUARY 2000 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2000

- Micro-Power Operation . . . < 1 μA/Channel
- Input Common-Mode Range Exceeds the Rails . . . -0.1 V to V_{CC} + 5 V
- Reverse Battery Protection Up To 18 V
- Rail-to-Rail Input/Output
- Gain Bandwidth Product . . . 5.5 kHz
- Supply Voltage Range . . . 2.5 V to 16 V
- Specified Temperature Range
 - $-T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$. . . Commercial Grade
 - $-T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $125^{\circ}C$. . . Industrial Grade
- Ultrasmall Packaging
 - 5-Pin SOT-23 (TLV2401)
 - 8-Pin MSOP (TLV2402)
- Universal OpAmp EVM (Refer to the EVM Selection Guide SLOU060)

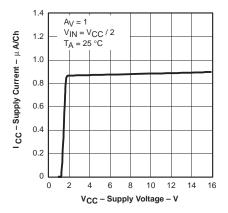
description

The TLV240x family of single-supply operational amplifiers has the lowest supply current available today at only 880 nA per channel. Reverse battery protection guards the amplifier from an overcurrent condition due to improper battery installation. For harsh environments, the inputs can be taken 5 V above the positive supply rail without damage to the device.

Operational Amplifier



SUPPLY CURRENT vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE



The low supply current is coupled with extremely low input bias currents enabling them to be used with mega- Ω resistors making them ideal for portable, long active life, applications. DC accuracy is ensured with a low typical offset voltage as low as 390 μ V, CMRR of 120 dB and minimum open loop gain of 130 V/mV at 2.7 V.

The maximum recommended supply voltage is as high as 16 V and ensured operation down to 2.5 V, with electrical characteristics specified at 2.7 V, 5 V and 15 V. The 2.5-V operation makes it compatible with Li-Ion battery-powered systems and many micro-power microcontrollers available today including TI's MSP430.

All members are available in PDIP and SOIC with the singles in the small SOT-23 package, duals in the MSOP, and quads in TSSOP.

SELECTION OF SINGLE SUPPLY OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER PRODUCTST

DEVICE	V _{CC}	V _{IO} (mV)	BW (MHz)	SLEW RATE (V/μs)	I _{CC} /ch (μ A)	RAIL-TO-RAIL
TLV240x‡	2.5–16	0.390	0.005	0.002	0.880	I/O
TLV224x	2.5–12	0.600	0.005	0.002	1	I/O
TLV2211	2.7–10	0.450	0.065	0.025	13	0
TLV245x	2.7–6	0.020	0.22	0.110	23	I/O
TLV225x	2.7–8	0.200	0.2	0.12	35	0

[†] All specifications are typical values measured at 5 V.

[‡] This device also offers 18-V reverse battery protection and 5-V over-the-rail operation on the inputs.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



SLOS244B - FEBRUARY 2000 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2000

TLV2401 AVAILABLE OPTIONS

	V		PACKAGED D	EVICES	
TA	V _{IO} max AT 25°C	SMALL OUTLINE [†] (D)	SOT-23 [†] (DBV)	SYMBOLS	PLASTIC DIP (P)
0°C to 70°C	1500 μV	TLV2401CD	TLV2401CDBV	VAWC	_
-40°C to 125°C	1500 μν	TLV2401ID	TLV2401IDBV	VAWI	TLV2401IP

[†] This package is available taped and reeled. To order this packaging option, add an R suffix to the part number (e.g., TLV2401CDR).

TLV2402 AVAILABLE OPTIONS

		PACKAGED DEVICES					
TA	V _{IO} max AT 25°C	SMALL OUTLINE [†] (D)	MSOP† (DGK)	SYMBOLS	PLASTIC DIP (P)		
0°C to 70°C	1500 μV	TLV2402CD	TLV2402CDGK	xxTIAIX	_		
-40°C to 125°C	1500 μν	TLV2402ID	TLV2402IDGK	xxTIAIY	TLV2402IP		

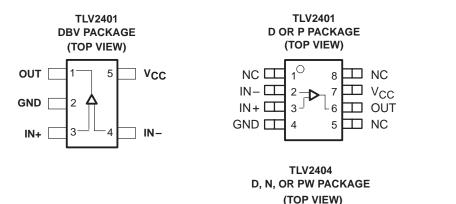
 $[\]dagger$ This package is available taped and reeled. To order this packaging option, add an R suffix to the part number (e.g., TLV2402CDR).

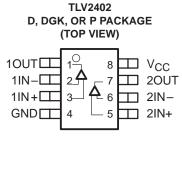
TLV2404 AVAILABLE OPTIONS

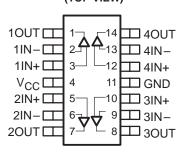
	V	PA	CKAGED DEVICES	
TA	V _{IO} max AT 25°C	SMALL OUTLINE [†] (D)	PLASTIC DIP (N)	TSSOP (PW)
0°C to 70°C	1500 μV	TLV2404CD	TLV2404CN	TLV2404CPW
-40°C to 125°C	1500 μν	TLV2404ID	TLV2404IN	TLV2404IPW

[†]This package is available taped and reeled. To order this packaging option, add an R suffix to the part number (e.g., TLV2404CDR).

TLV240x PACKAGE PINOUTS







NC - No internal connection



SLOS244B - FEBRUARY 2000 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2000

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage, V _{CC} (see Note 1)	17 V
Differential input voltage range, V _{ID}	
Input current range, I _I (any input)	±10 mA
Output current range, IO	±10 mA
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, T _A : C suffix	0°C to 70°C
I suffix	–40°C to 125°C
Maximum junction temperature, T _J	150°C
Storage temperature range, T _{stq}	65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to GND

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	(∘C/W) ⊝JC	[⊝] JA (°C/W)	$T_{$\mbox{$\box{$\mbox{\mbox	T _A = 125°C POWER RATING
D (8)	38.3	176	710 mW	142 mW
D (14)	26.9	122.6	1022 mW	204.4 mW
DBV (5)	55	324.1	385 mW	77.1 mW
DGK (8)	54.2	259.9	481 mW	96.2 mW
N (14)	32	78	1600 mW	320.5 mW
P (8)	41	104	1200 mW	240.4 mW
PW (14)	29.3	173.6	720 mW	144 mW

recommended operating conditions

		MIN	MAX	UNIT	
Supply voltage Vee	Single supply	2.5	16	V	
Supply voltage, V _{CC}	Split supply	±1.25	±8	v I	
Common-mode input voltage range, V _{ICR}		-0.1	V _{CC} +5	V	
Operating free circumparature T.	C-suffix	0	70	°C	
Operating free-air temperature, T _A	I-suffix	-40	125	°C	

SLOS244B - FEBRUARY 2000 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2000

electrical characteristics at recommended operating conditions, V_{CC} = 2.7, 5 V, and 15 V (unless otherwise noted)

dc performance

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIO	NS	T _A †	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V	Input offeet veltege	$V_O = V_{CC}/2 V$		25°C		390	1200	\/
VIO	Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = V_{CC}/2 V$		Full range			1500	μV
ανιο	Offset voltage draft	$R_S = 50 \Omega$		25°C		3		μV/°C
			V 27V	25°C	63	120		
		$V_{IC} = 0 \text{ to } V_{CC},$ $R_S = 50 \Omega$ $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$	V _{CC} = 2.7 V	Full range	60			dB
CMDD	Common mode rejection retic		V 5 V	25°C	70	120		
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio		Full range	63			ub	
			V 45 V	25°C	80	120		
			V _{CC} = 15 V	Full range	75			
		Vac 27V Vac > 4V	D. 500 kO	25°C	130	400		
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}, V_{O(pp)} = 1 \text{ V},$	KC = 200 K73	Full range	30			
	Large-signal differential voltage	V 5V V 2V	D. 500 kg	25°C	300	1000		\//\/
AVD	amplification	$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, V_{O(pp)} = 3 \text{ V}, R_{L} = 500 \text{ k}\Omega$	Full range	100			V/mV	
		V _{CC} = 15 V, V _{O(pp)} = 6 V,	D 500 l-0	25°C	1000	1800		
			K = 200 K73	Full range	120			

[†] Full range is 0°C to 70°C for the C suffix and –40°C to 125°C for the I suffix. If not specified, full range is –40°C to 125°C.

input characteristics

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIO	NS	T _A †	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
				25°C		25	250	
I _{IO} Input	Input offset current	at offset current $\begin{array}{c} V_O = V_{CC}/2 \ V, \\ V_{ C} = V_{CC}/2 \ V, \\ R_S = 50 \ \Omega \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} TLV240xC \\ TLV240xI \end{array} \qquad Full \ range \\ 25^{\circ}C \end{array}$			300	pА		
			TLV240xI	Full range			400	
		V C = VCC/2 V, $R_S = 50 \Omega$		25°C		100	300	
I_{IB}	Input bias current	Ŭ	TLV240xC	Full range			350	pА
			TLV240xI	rull range			900	
r _{i(d)}	Differential input resistance			25°C		300	, and the second	МΩ
C _{i(c)}	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 100 kHz	_	25°C		3	·	pF

[†] Full range is 0°C to 70°C for the C suffix and –40°C to 125°C for the I suffix. If not specified, full range is –40°C to 125°C.



SLOS244B - FEBRUARY 2000 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2000

electrical characteristics at recommended operating conditions, V_{CC} = 2.7, 5 V, and 15 V (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

output characteristics

	PARAMETER	TEST CON	IDITIONS	T _A †	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
			Vaa – 27V	25°C	2.65	2.68		
			$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	Full range	2.63			
		$V_{IC} = V_{CC}/2$	V00 - 5 V	25°C	4.95	4.98		
		$V_{IC} = V_{CC}/2$, $I_{OH} = -2 \mu A$	V _{CC} = 5 V	Full range	4.93			
			V00 - 15 V	25°C	14.95	14.98		
	Lligh lovel output voltage		V _{CC} = 15 V	Full range	14.93			
VOH	High-level output voltage	V _{IC} = V _{CC} /2, V _{IC} = 50 v.A	25°C	2.62	2.65		'	
			VCC = 2.7 V	Full range	2.6			
			25°C	4.92	4.95			
		V _{IC} = V _{CC} /2, I _{OH} = -50 μA	ACC = 2 A	Full range	4.9			
		V 45V	25°C	14.92	14.95		1	
			V _{CC} = 15 V	Full range	14.9			1 1
		V:- V/2 I-	24	25°C		90	150	
\ _{\\\-} .	Low lovel output voltogo	$V_{IC} = V_{CC}/2$, Ic)[= 2 μΑ	Full range			180	\ /
VOL	Low-level output voltage	V = V = =/2		25°C		180	230	m∨
		$V_{IC} = V_{CC}/2$, $I_{OL} = 50 \mu A$		Full range			260	
IO	Output current	$V_O = 0.5 \text{ V from}$	rail	25°C		±200		μΑ

[†] Full range is 0°C to 70°C for the C suffix and –40°C to 125°C for the I suffix. If not specified, full range is –40°C to 125°C.

power supply

	PARAMETER	TEST CO	NDITIONS	T _A †	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
			Voc = 27 V or 5 V	25°C		880	950	
	Supply surrent (per shappel)	V = - V = = /2	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V or 5 V}$	Full range			1290	5 A
lcc	Supply current (per channel)	$V_O = V_{CC}/2$	Vaa – 15 V	25°C		900	990	nA
			V _{CC} = 15 V	Full range			1350	
	Reverse supply current	$V_{CC} = -18 \text{ V}, V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V},$ $V_{O} = \text{Open circuit}$		25°C		50		nA
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ to 5 V},$		25°C	100	120		dB
		$V_{IC} = V_{CC}/2 V$, T_{IC}	TLV240xC	Full rongs	96			uБ
PSRR	Power supply rejection ratio (ΔV _{CC} /ΔV _{IO})		TLV240xI	Full range	85			dB
	(2000-2010)	$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ to } 15 \text{ V}, V_{IC}$	V _{IC} = V _{CC} /2 V,	25°C	100	120		dB
		No load		Full range	100			ub

[†] Full range is 0°C to 70°C for the C suffix and -40°C to 125°C for the I suffix. If not specified, full range is -40°C to 125°C.



SLOS244B - FEBRUARY 2000 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2000

electrical characteristics at recommended operating conditions, V_{CC} = 2.7, 5 V, and 15 V (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

dynamic performance

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	IS	TA	MIN TY	P MAX	UNIT	
UGBW	Unity gain bandwidth	$R_L = 500 \text{ k}\Omega$,	C _L = 100 pF	25°C	5	.5	kHz	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	$V_{O(pp)} = 0.8 \text{ V}, \qquad R_{L} = 500 \text{ k}\Omega,$	C _L = 100 pF	25°C	2	.5	V/ms	
φМ	Phase margin	$R_{I} = 500 \text{ k}\Omega, \qquad C_{I} = 100 \text{ pF}$		25°C	6)°		
	Gain margin	KL = 500 K22,		25 C		5	dB	
	Settling time	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ or } 5 \text{ V},$ $V_{(STEP)PP} = 1 \text{ V}, C_L = 100 \text{ pF},$ $A_V = -1, R_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$	0.1%	25°C	1.8	34	ms	
t _S		V _{CC} = 15 V,	0.1%	25°C	6	.1	1115	
		$V(STEP)PP = 1 V$, $C_L = 100 pF$, $A_V = -1$, $R_L = 100 k\Omega$	0.01%		;	32		

noise/distortion performance

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TA	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Vn	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz			800		->441	
		f = 100 Hz	25°C		500		nV/√Hz	
In	Equivalent input noise current	f = 100 Hz			8		fA/√Hz	



SLOS244B - FEBRUARY 2000 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2000

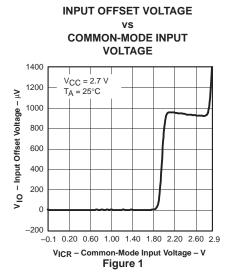
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

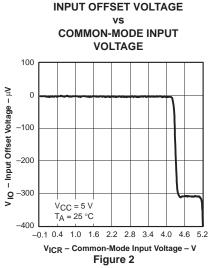
Table of Graphs

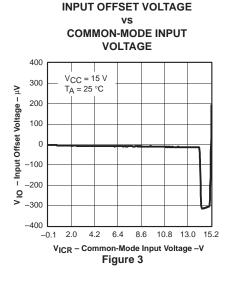
			FIGURE
VIO	Input Offset Voltage	vs Common-mode input voltage	1, 2, 3
I _{IB}	Input Bias Current	vs Free-air temperature	4, 6, 8
	input bias current	vs Common-mode input voltage	5, 7, 9
li o	Input Offset Current	vs Free-air temperature	4, 6, 8
lo	input Oliset Current	vs Common-mode input voltage	5, 7, 9
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	vs Frequency	10
VoH	High-level output voltage	vs High-level output current	11, 13, 15
VOL	Low-level output voltage	vs Low-level output current	12, 14, 16
VO(PP)	Output voltage peak-to-peak	vs Frequency	17
Z ₀	Output impedance	vs Frequency	18
Icc	Supply current	vs Supply voltage	19
PSRR	Power supply rejection ratio	vs Frequency	20
AVD	Differential voltage gain	vs Frequency	21
	Phase	vs Frequency	21
	Gain-bandwidth product	vs Supply voltage	22
SR	Slew rate	vs Free-air temperature	23
φm	Phase margin	vs Capacitive load	24
	Gain margin	vs Capacitive load	25
	Supply current	vs Reverse voltage	26
	Voltage noise over a 10 Second Period		27
	Large signal follower pulse response		28, 29, 30
	Small signal follower pulse response		31
	Large signal inverting pulse response		32, 33, 34
	Small signal inverting pulse response		35
	Crosstalk	vs Frequency	36

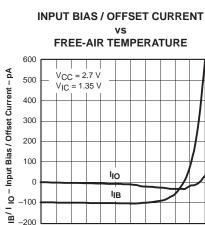
SLOS244B - FEBRUARY 2000 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2000

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS









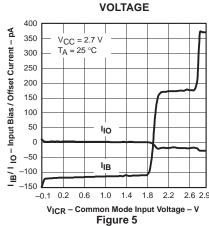
200

100

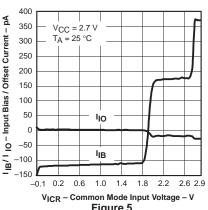
0

-40-25-10 5

-100



INPUT BIAS / OFFSET CURRENT FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE



INPUT BIAS / OFFSET CURRENT

INPUT BIAS / OFFSET CURRENT

COMMON MODE INPUT

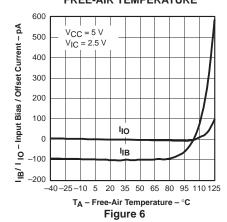


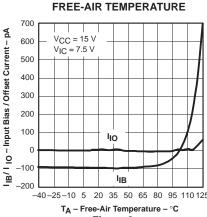
Figure 4 **INPUT BIAS / OFFSET CURRENT** VS **COMMON-MODE INPUT**

T_A - Free-Air Temperature - °C

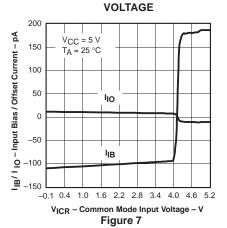
lio

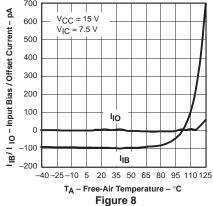
lιΒ

20 35 50 65 80 95 110 125









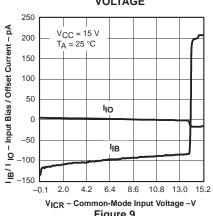
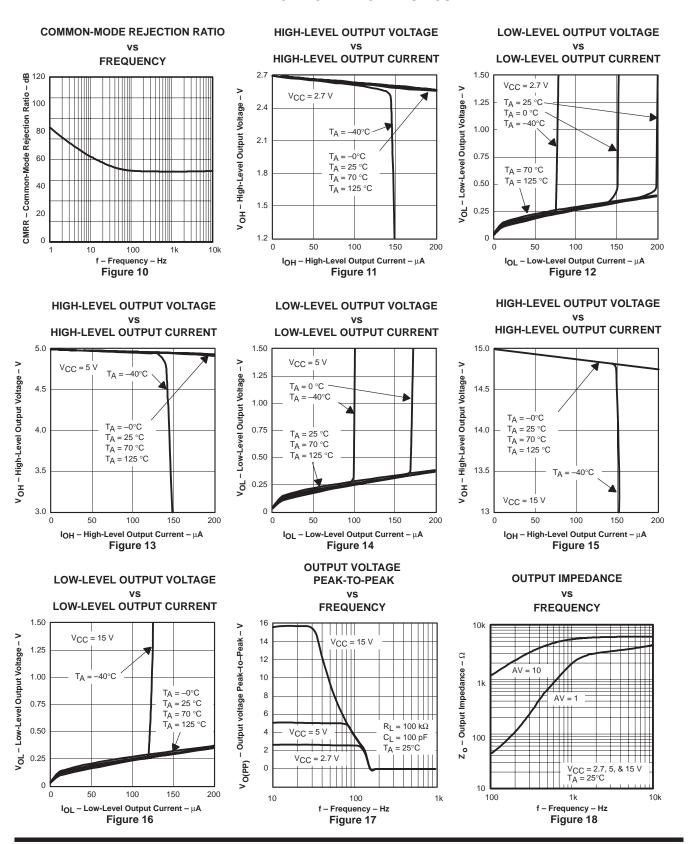


Figure 9

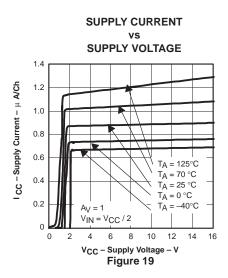


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

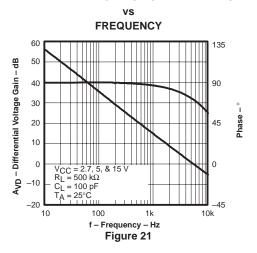




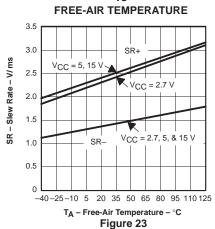
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



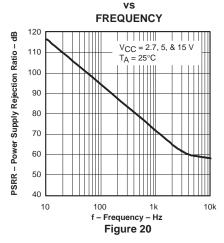
DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE GAIN AND PHASE



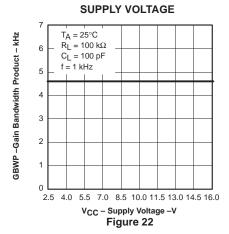
SLEW RATE



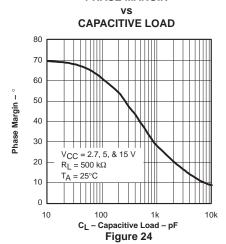
POWER SUPPLY REJECTION RATIO



GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT vs

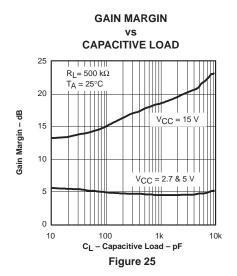


PHASE MARGIN

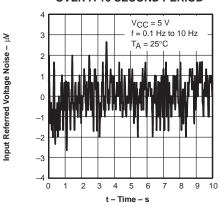




TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

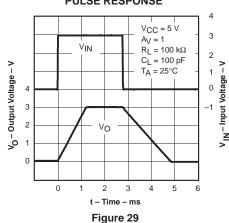


VOLTAGE NOISE OVER A 10 SECOND PERIOD

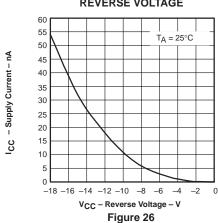


LARGE SIGNAL FOLLOWER PULSE RESPONSE

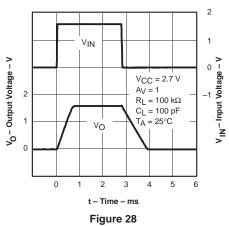
Figure 27



SUPPLY CURRENT vs REVERSE VOLTAGE



LARGE SIGNAL FOLLOWER PULSE RESPONSE



LARGE SIGNAL FOLLOWER PULSE RESPONSE

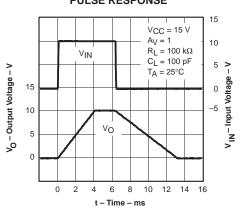


Figure 30



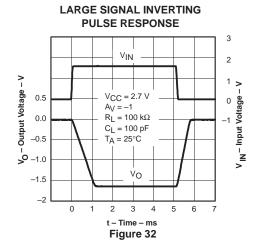
Vo - Output Voltage - mV

0

100

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SMALL SIGNAL FOLLOWER PULSE RESPONSE 300 VIN 150 0 _ m^ $V_{CC} = 2.7, 5,$ 120 -150 & 15 V V IN - Input Voltage 100 $A_V = 1$ $R_L=100\;k\Omega$ 80 $C_L = 100 pF$ 60 ۷o T_A = 25°C 40 20





200

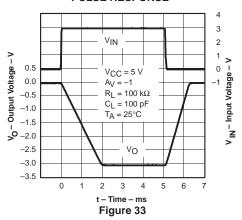
t – Time – μs

Figure 31

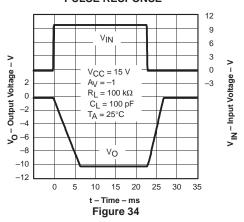
1300

)400

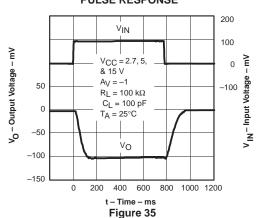
) 500



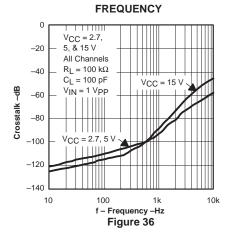




SMALL SIGNAL INVERTING PULSE RESPONSE



CROSSTALK vs





SLOS244B - FEBRUARY 2000 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2000

APPLICATION INFORMATION

reverse battery protection

The TLV2401/2/4 are protected against reverse battery voltage up to 18 V. When subjected to reverse battery condition the supply current is typically less than 100 nA at 25°C (inputs grounded and outputs open). This current is determined by the leakage of 6 Schottky diodes and will therefore increase as the ambient temperature increases.

When subjected to reverse battery conditions and negative voltages applied to the inputs or outputs, the input ESD structure will turn on—this current should be limited to less than 10 mA. If the inputs or outputs are referred to ground, rather than midrail, no extra precautions need be taken.

common-mode input range

The TLV2401/2/4 has rail-to-rail input and outputs. For common-mode inputs from -0.1 V to $V_{CC} - 0.8$ V a PNP differential pair will provide the gain.

For inputs between V_{CC} – 0.8 V and V_{CC} , two NPN emitter followers buffering a second PNP differential pair provide the gain. This special combination of NPN/PNP differential pair enables the inputs to be taken 5 V above the rails, because as the inputs go above V_{CC} , the NPNs switch from functioning as transistors to functioning as diodes. This will lead to an increase in input bias current. The second PNP differential pair continues to function normally as the inputs exceed V_{CC} .

The TLV2401/2/4 has a negative common-input range that exceeds ground by 100 mV. If the inputs are taken much below this, reduced open loop gain will be observed with the ultimate possibility of phase inversion.

offset voltage

The output offset voltage, (V_{OO}) is the sum of the input offset voltage (V_{IO}) and both input bias currents (I_{IB}) times the corresponding gains. The following schematic and formula can be used to calculate the output offset voltage:

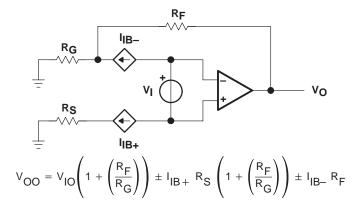


Figure 37. Output Offset Voltage Model

SLOS244B - FEBRUARY 2000 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2000

APPLICATION INFORMATION

general configurations

When receiving low-level signals, limiting the bandwidth of the incoming signals into the system is often required. The simplest way to accomplish this is to place an RC filter at the noninverting terminal of the amplifier (see Figure 38).

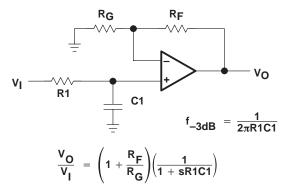


Figure 38. Single-Pole Low-Pass Filter

If even more attenuation is needed, a multiple pole filter is required. The Sallen-Key filter can be used for this task. For best results, the amplifier should have a bandwidth that is 8 to 10 times the filter frequency bandwidth. Failure to do this can result in phase shift of the amplifier.

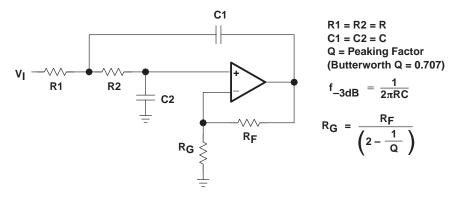


Figure 39. 2-Pole Low-Pass Sallen-Key Filter

SLOS244B - FEBRUARY 2000 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2000

APPLICATION INFORMATION

circuit layout considerations

To achieve the levels of high performance of the TLV240x, follow proper printed-circuit board design techniques. A general set of guidelines is given in the following.

- Ground planes It is highly recommended that a ground plane be used on the board to provide all
 components with a low inductive ground connection. However, in the areas of the amplifier inputs and
 output, the ground plane can be removed to minimize the stray capacitance.
- Proper power supply decoupling Use a 6.8-μF tantalum capacitor in parallel with a 0.1-μF ceramic capacitor on each supply terminal. It may be possible to share the tantalum among several amplifiers depending on the application, but a 0.1-μF ceramic capacitor should always be used on the supply terminal of every amplifier. In addition, the 0.1-μF capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the supply terminal. As this distance increases, the inductance in the connecting trace makes the capacitor less effective. The designer should strive for distances of less than 0.1 inches between the device power terminals and the ceramic capacitors.
- Sockets Sockets can be used but are not recommended. The additional lead inductance in the socket pins
 will often lead to stability problems. Surface-mount packages soldered directly to the printed-circuit board
 is the best implementation.
- Short trace runs/compact part placements Optimum high performance is achieved when stray series
 inductance has been minimized. To realize this, the circuit layout should be made as compact as possible,
 thereby minimizing the length of all trace runs. Particular attention should be paid to the inverting input of
 the amplifier. Its length should be kept as short as possible. This will help to minimize stray capacitance at
 the input of the amplifier.
- Surface-mount passive components Using surface-mount passive components is recommended for high
 performance amplifier circuits for several reasons. First, because of the extremely low lead inductance of
 surface-mount components, the problem with stray series inductance is greatly reduced. Second, the small
 size of surface-mount components naturally leads to a more compact layout thereby minimizing both stray
 inductance and capacitance. If leaded components are used, it is recommended that the lead lengths be
 kept as short as possible.



SLOS244B – FEBRUARY 2000 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2000

APPLICATION INFORMATION

general power dissipation considerations

For a given θ_{JA} , the maximum power dissipation is shown in Figure 40 and is calculated by the following formula:

$$\mathsf{P}_\mathsf{D} = \left(\frac{\mathsf{T}_\mathsf{MAX}^{-\mathsf{T}}\mathsf{A}}{\theta_\mathsf{JA}}\right)$$

Where:

P_D = Maximum power dissipation of THS240x IC (watts)

T_{MAX} = Absolute maximum junction temperature (150°C)

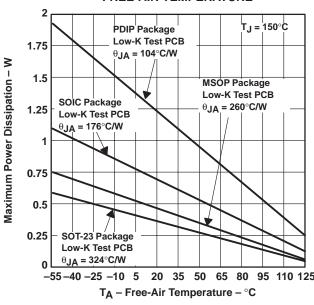
 T_A = Free-ambient air temperature (°C)

 $\theta_{JA} = \theta_{JC} + \theta_{CA}$

 θ_{JC} = Thermal coefficient from junction to case

 θ_{CA} = Thermal coefficient from case to ambient air (°C/W)

MAXIMUM POWER DISSIPATION vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE



NOTE A: Results are with no air flow and using JEDEC Standard Low-K test PCB.

Figure 40. Maximum Power Dissipation vs Free-Air Temperature

SLOS244B - FEBRUARY 2000 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2000

APPLICATION INFORMATION

macromodel information

Macromodel information provided was derived using Microsim $Parts^{TM}$ Release 8, the model generation software used with Microsim $PSpice^{TM}$. The Boyle macromodel (see Note 2) and subcircuit in Figure 41 are generated using the TLV240x typical electrical and operating characteristics at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. Using this information, output simulations of the following key parameters can be generated to a tolerance of 20% (in most cases):

- Maximum positive output voltage swing
- Maximum negative output voltage swing
- Slew rate
- Quiescent power dissipation
- Input bias current
- Open-loop voltage amplification

- Unity-gain frequency
- Common-mode rejection ratio
- Phase margin
- DC output resistance
- AC output resistance
- Short-circuit output current limit

NOTE 2: G. R. Boyle, B. M. Cohn, D. O. Pederson, and J. E. Solomon, "Macromodeling of Integrated Circuit Operational Amplifiers", *IEEE Journal of Solid-State Circuits*, SC-9, 353 (1974).

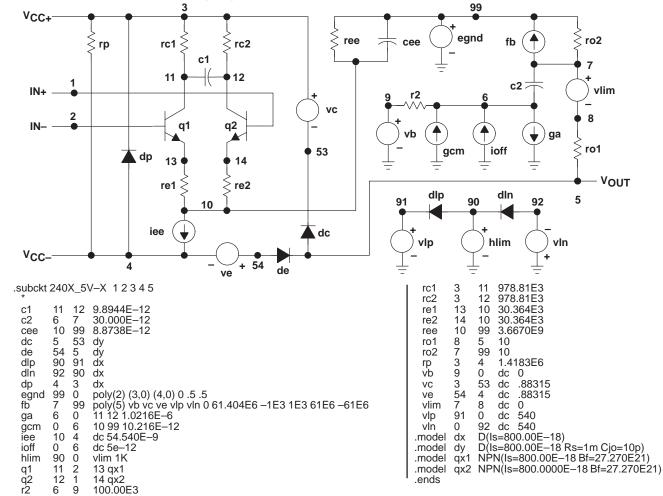


Figure 41. Boyle Macromodels and Subcircuit

PSpice and Parts are trademarks of MicroSim Corporation.





www.ti.com

18-Sep-2024

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TLV2401CD	OBSOLETE	SOIC	D	8		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70	2401C	
TLV2401CDBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	VAWC	Samples
TLV2401CDBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	VAWC	Samples
TLV2401CDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	2401C	Samples
TLV2401ID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	24011	Samples
TLV2401IDBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	VAWI	Samples
TLV2401IDBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	VAWI	Samples
TLV2401IDBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125		Samples
TLV2401IDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	24011	Samples
TLV2401IP	ACTIVE	PDIP	Р	8	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TLV2401I	Samples
TLV2402CD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	2402C	Samples
TLV2402CDGK	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	AIX	Samples
TLV2402CDGKR	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	AIX	Samples
TLV2402CDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	2402C	Samples
TLV2402ID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	24021	Samples
TLV2402IDGK	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AIY	Samples
TLV2402IDGKR	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AIY	Samples
TLV2402IDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	24021	Samples
TLV2402IP	ACTIVE	PDIP	Р	8	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TLV2402I	Samples
TLV2404CD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	TLV2404C	Samples



www.ti.com 18-Sep-2024

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
							(6)				
TLV2404CPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	90	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	2404C	Samples
TLV2404CPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	2404C	Samples
TLV2404ID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TLV2404I	Samples
TLV2404IDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TLV2404I	Samples
TLV2404IN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	TLV2404IN	Samples
TLV2404IPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	90	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	24041	Samples
TLV2404IPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	24041	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

www.ti.com 18-Sep-2024

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TLV2401, TLV2402:

Automotive: TLV2401-Q1, TLV2402-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

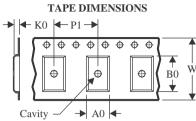
Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects



www.ti.com 8-Feb-2025

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TLV2401CDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV2401CDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV2401IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV2402CDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV2402CDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV2402IDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV2402IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV2404CPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV2404IDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	9.0	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
TLV2404IPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1



www.ti.com 8-Feb-2025



*All dimensions are nominal

til dilitoriolorio dio rioriiliai							
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TLV2401CDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TLV2401CDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	353.0	353.0	32.0
TLV2401IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	353.0	353.0	32.0
TLV2402CDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	358.0	335.0	35.0
TLV2402CDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	353.0	353.0	32.0
TLV2402IDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	358.0	335.0	35.0
TLV2402IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	353.0	353.0	32.0
TLV2404CPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
TLV2404IDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	350.0	350.0	43.0
TLV2404IPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 8-Feb-2025

TUBE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
TLV2401ID	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLV2401ID	D	SOIC	8	75	505.46	6.76	3810	4
TLV2401IP	Р	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32
TLV2402CD	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLV2402CD	D	SOIC	8	75	505.46	6.76	3810	4
TLV2402ID	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TLV2402ID	D	SOIC	8	75	505.46	6.76	3810	4
TLV2402IP	Р	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32
TLV2404CD	D	SOIC	14	50	505.46	6.76	3810	4
TLV2404CPW	PW	TSSOP	14	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5
TLV2404ID	D	SOIC	14	50	505.46	6.76	3810	4
TLV2404IN	N	PDIP	14	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
TLV2404IPW	PW	TSSOP	14	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 3. Reference JEDEC MO-178.

- 4. Body dimensions do not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Support pin may differ or may not be present.



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.







PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-187.





NOTES: (continued)

- 6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.
- 8. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.
- 9. Size of metal pad may vary due to creepage requirement.





NOTES: (continued)

- 11. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 12. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.







- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm, per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.43 mm, per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-012, variation AB.





NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.





NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.







- 1. Linear dimensions are in inches [millimeters]. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Controlling dimensions are in inches. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 [0.15] per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-012, variation AA.





NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.





NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



P (R-PDIP-T8)

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001 variation BA.



N (R-PDIP-T**)

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE

16 PINS SHOWN



- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Falls within JEDEC MS-001, except 18 and 20 pin minimum body length (Dim A).
- The 20 pin end lead shoulder width is a vendor option, either half or full width.







- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.





NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.





NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATA SHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, regulatory or other requirements.

These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI's products are provided subject to TI's Terms of Sale or other applicable terms available either on ti.com or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products.

TI objects to and rejects any additional or different terms you may have proposed.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2025. Texas Instruments Incorporated