

TLV701x 和 TLV702x 小尺寸、低功耗、低电压比较器

1 特性

- 超小型封装: X2SON (0.8 x 0.8mm²)
- 标准封装: SOT23、SC70、VSSOP
- 1.6V 至 6.5V 的宽电源电压范围
- 5 μ A 静态电源电流
- 260ns 低传播延迟
- 轨至轨共模输入电压
- 内部迟滞
- 推挽和开漏输出选项
- 过驱动输入无相位反转
- -40°C 至 +125°C 的工作环境温度范围

2 应用

- 手机和平板电脑
- 便携式电池供电器件
- 红外接收器
- 电平转换器
- 阈值检测器与鉴别器
- 窗口比较器
- 过零检测器

3 说明

TLV7011/7021 (单通道) 和 TLV7012/7022 (双通道) 是低功耗比较器, 采用低工作电压, 具有轨至轨输入功能。这些比较器采用 0.8mm x 0.8mm 超小型无引线封装和标准引线式封装, 适用于空间紧凑型设计, 例如智能手机和其他便携式或电池供电应用。

TLV701x 和 TLV702x 提供出色的速度功率综合性能, 其传播延迟为 260ns, 静态电源电流为 5 μ A。得益于这种微功率下快速响应时间的综合性能, 功率敏感型系统能够监测故障状况并快速做出响应。这些比较器的工作电压范围为 1.6V 至 6.5V, 因此可与 3V 和 5V 系统兼容。

此外, 这些比较器在发生过驱动输入和内部迟滞时, 不会产生输出相位反转。这些特性该系列的比较器非常适合在恶劣嘈杂环境中进行精密电压监测, 其中缓慢输入信号必须转换为无噪声数字输出。

TLV701x 具有推挽式输出级, 能够灌/拉毫安级电流, 同时可对 LED 进行控制或驱动容性负载。TLV702x 具有可上拉到 V_{CC} 之上的漏极开路输出级, 因此适用于电平转换器和双极至单端转换器。

器件信息⁽¹⁾

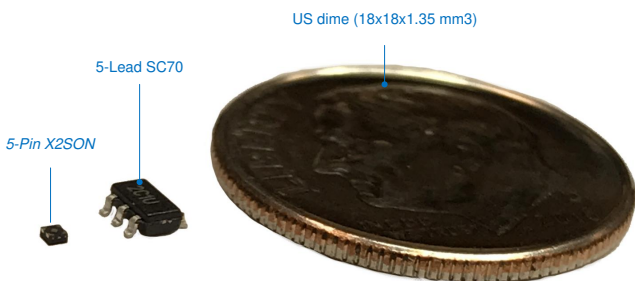
| 器件型号 | 封装 (引脚) | 封装尺寸 (标称值) |
|---------------------|------------|-----------------|
| TLV7011、 TLV7021 | X2SON (5) | 0.80mm x 0.80mm |
| | SC70 (5) | 2.00mm x 1.25mm |
| | SOT-23 (5) | 2.90mm x 1.60mm |
| TLV7012、 TLV7022 | VSSOP (8) | 3mm x 3mm |

(1) 如需了解所有可用封装, 请参阅数据表末尾的可订购产品附录。

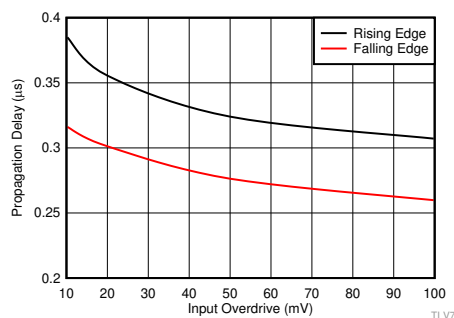
TLV70x1 系列低功耗比较器

| 部件号 | 输出 | I _Q (典型值) | t _{PD} (典型值) |
|---------|------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| TLV701x | 推挽 | 5 μ A | 260ns |
| TLV702x | 漏极开路 | 5 μ A | 260ns |
| TLV703x | 推挽 | 335nA | 3 μ s |
| TLV704x | 漏极开路 | 335nA | 3 μ s |

X2SON 封装与 SC70 和美元硬币对比



传播延迟与过驱动



T_A = 25°C, V_{CC} = 5V, C_L = 15pF



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4 修订历史记录

Changes from Revision D (February 2019) to Revision E Page

- 已添加 添加了双通道选项

Changes from Revision C (March 2018) to Revision D Page

- 已添加 添加了引线式封装选项，目标位置：特性
- 已删除 SOT23 封装的预览状态
- Deleted preview status of SOT23 package

Changes from Revision B (November 2017) to Revision C Page

- 将预览 SC70 封装更改为生产数据

Changes from Revision A (July 2017) to Revision B Page

- 已将传播延迟从 200ns 更改为 260ns
- 向数据表添加了预览 SC70 和 SOT-23 封装
- 应营销部门请求添加了 TLV70x1 系列低功耗比较器
- 已将重要图形标题从传播延迟与过驱电压 (TLV7011) 间的关系更改为传播延迟与过驱电压间的关系
- Removed (TLV7011 only) text from several *Typical Characteristics* graphs
- Removed some *Typical Characteristics* graphs
- Added 图 14
- Added 图 21
- Added content to the *Inputs* section
- Added the *IR Receiver Analog Front End* section

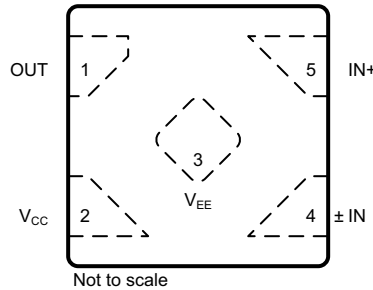
Changes from Original (May 2017) to Revision A

Page

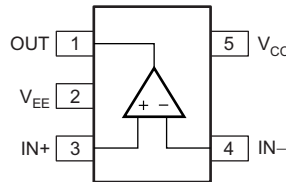
- 将器件状态从“高级信息”更改为“生产数据” 1

5 Pin Configuration and Functions

DPW Package
5-Pin X2SON
Top View



DBV and DCK Package
5-Pin SOT-23 and SC70
Top View



Pin Functions

| NAME | PIN | | I/O/P ⁽¹⁾ | DESCRIPTION |
|-----------------|-------|--------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| | X2SON | SOT-23, SC70 | | |
| OUT | 1 | 1 | O | Output |
| V _{CC} | 2 | 5 | P | Positive (highest) power supply |
| V _{EE} | 3 | 2 | P | Negative (lowest) power supply |
| IN ⁻ | 4 | 4 | I | Inverting input |
| IN ⁺ | 5 | 3 | I | Noninverting input |

(1) I = Input, O = Output, P = Power

TLV7012/22 DGK Packages
8-Pin VSSOP
Top View



Pin Functions: TLV7012/22

| PIN | | I/O | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-----|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| NAME | NO. | | |
| INA- | 2 | I | Inverting input, channel A |
| INA+ | 3 | I | Noninverting input, channel A |
| INB- | 6 | I | Inverting input, channel B |
| INB+ | 5 | I | Noninverting input, channel B |
| OUTA | 1 | O | Output, channel A |
| OUTB | 7 | O | Output, channel B |
| VEE | 4 | — | Negative (lowest) supply or ground (for single-supply operation) |
| VCC | 8 | — | Positive (highest) supply |

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings (Single)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

| | | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| Supply voltage ($V_S = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$) | | | 6 | V |
| Input pins (IN+, IN-) ⁽²⁾ | | $V_{EE} - 0.3$ | 6 | V |
| Current into Input pins (IN+, IN-) ⁽²⁾ | | | ±10 | mA |
| Output (OUT) | TLV7011/7012 ⁽³⁾ | $V_{EE} - 0.3$ | $V_{CC} + 0.3$ | V |
| | TLV7021/7022 | $V_{EE} - 0.3$ | 6 | |
| Output short-circuit duration ⁽⁴⁾ | | | 10 | s |
| Junction temperature, T_J | | | 150 | °C |
| Storage temperature, T_{stg} | | -65 | 150 | °C |

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) Input terminals are diode-clamped to V_{EE} . Input signals that can swing 0.3V below V_{EE} must be current-limited to 10mA or less.
- (3) Output maximum is ($V_{CC} + 0.3V$) or 6V, whichever is less.
- (4) Short-circuit to ground, one comparator per package.

6.2 Absolute Maximum Ratings (Dual)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

| | | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|----------------------------------------------|--|----------------|----------------|------|
| Supply voltage $V_S = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ | | -0.3 | 7 | V |
| Input pins (IN+, IN-) ⁽²⁾ | | $V_{EE} - 0.3$ | 7 | V |
| Current into Input pins (IN+, IN-) | | | ±10 | mA |
| Output (OUT) (TLV7012) ⁽³⁾ | | $V_{EE} - 0.3$ | $V_{CC} + 0.3$ | V |
| Output (OUT) (TLV7022) | | $V_{EE} - 0.3$ | 7 | V |
| Output short-circuit duration ⁽⁴⁾ | | | 10 | s |
| Junction temperature, T_J | | | 150 | °C |
| Storage temperature, T_{stg} | | -65 | 150 | °C |

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) Input terminals are diode-clamped to V_{EE} . Input signals that can swing 0.3V below V_{EE} must be current-limited to 10mA or less.
- (3) Output maximum is ($V_{CC} + 0.3V$) or 7V, whichever is less.
- (4) Short-circuit to ground, one comparator per package.

6.3 ESD Ratings

| | | VALUE | UNIT |
|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| $V_{(ESD)}$ | Electrostatic discharge | Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾ | ±2000 |
| | | Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾ | ±1000 |

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.4 Recommended Operating Conditions (Single)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| | | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT |
|--------------------------------------------|--|----------------|-----|----------------|------|
| Supply voltage ($V_S = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$) | | 1.6 | | 5.5 | V |
| Input Voltage Range | | $V_{EE} - 0.1$ | | $V_{CC} + 0.2$ | V |
| Ambient temperature, T_A | | -40 | | 125 | °C |

6.5 Recommended Operating Conditions (Dual)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|----------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| Supply voltage $V_S = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ | 1.6 | 6.5 | V |
| Input voltage range | $V_{CC} - 0.1$ | $V_{EE} + 0.2$ | V |
| Ambient temperature, T_A | -40 | 125 | °C |

6.6 Thermal Information (Single)

| THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾ | | TLV7011/TLV7021 | | | UNIT |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|------------|------|
| | | DPW (X2SON) | DBV (SOT23) | DCK (SC70) | |
| | | 5 PINS | 5 PINS | 5 PINS | |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance | 497.5 | 306.3 | 278.8 | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta JC(top)}$ | Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance | 275.5 | 228.4 | 188.6 | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta JB}$ | Junction-to-board thermal resistance | 372.2 | 166.5 | 113.2 | °C/W |
| Ψ_{JT} | Junction-to-top characterization parameter | 55.5 | 138.5 | 82.3 | °C/W |
| Ψ_{JB} | Junction-to-board characterization parameter | 370.3 | 165.3 | 112.4 | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta JC(bot)}$ | Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance | 165.1 | N/A | N/A | °C/W |

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

6.7 Thermal Information (Dual)

| THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾ | | TLV7012/TLV7022 | | UNIT |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------|--|------|
| | | DGK (VSSOP) | | |
| | | 8 PINS | | |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance | 211.7 | | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta JC(top)}$ | Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance | 96.1 | | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta JB}$ | Junction-to-board thermal resistance | 133.5 | | °C/W |
| Ψ_{JT} | Junction-to-top characterization parameter | 28.3 | | °C/W |
| Ψ_{JB} | Junction-to-board characterization parameter | 131.7 | | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta JC(bot)}$ | Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance | N/A | | °C/W |

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

6.8 Electrical Characteristics (Single)

$V_S = 1.8\text{ V to }5\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = V_S / 2$; minimum and maximum values are at $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted). Typical values are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|
| V_{IO} | Input offset voltage | $V_S = 1.8\text{ V and }5\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = V_S / 2$ | | ± 0.5 | ± 8 | mV |
| V_{HYS} | Hysteresis | $V_S = 1.8\text{ V and }5\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = V_S / 2$ | 1.2 | 4.2 | 14 | mV |
| V_{CM} | Common-mode voltage range | $V_S = 2.5\text{ V to }5\text{ V}$ | | V_{EE} | $V_{CC} + 0.1$ | V |
| | | $V_S = 1.8\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}$ | $V_{EE} + 0.1$ | | $V_{CC} + 0.1$ | |
| I_B | Input bias current | | | 5 | | pA |
| I_{OS} | Input offset current | | | 1 | | pA |
| V_{OH} | Output voltage high (for TLV7011 only) | $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $I_O = 3\text{ mA}$ | 4.7 | 4.8 | | V |
| V_{OL} | Output voltage low | $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $I_O = 3\text{ mA}$ | | 120 | 220 | mV |
| I_{LKG} | Open-drain output leakage current (TLV7021 only) | $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{ID} = +0.1\text{ V}$ (output high), $V_{PULLUP} = V_{CC}$ | | 100 | | pA |
| CMRR | Common-mode rejection ratio | $V_{EE} < V_{CM} < V_{CC}$, $V_S = 5\text{ V}$ | | 78 | | dB |
| PSRR | Power supply rejection ratio | $V_S = 1.8\text{ V to }5\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = V_S / 2$ | | 78 | | dB |
| I_{SC} | Short-circuit current | $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, sourcing | | 65 | | mA |
| | | $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, sinking | | 44 | | |
| I_{CC} | Supply current | $V_S = 1.8\text{ V}$, no load, $V_{ID} = -0.1\text{ V}$ (Output Low) | | 5 | 10 | μA |

6.9 Switching Characteristics (Single)

Typical values are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = 2.5\text{ V}$; $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$, input overdrive = 100 mV (unless otherwise noted).

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
| t_{PHL} | Propagation delay time, high-to-low ($R_P = 2.5\text{ k}\Omega$ TLV7021 only) | Midpoint of input to midpoint of output, $V_{OD} = 100\text{ mV}$ | | 260 | | ns |
| t_{PLH} | Propagation delay time, low-to-high ($R_P = 2.5\text{ k}\Omega$ TLV7021 only) | Midpoint of input to midpoint of output, $V_{OD} = 100\text{ mV}$ | | 310 | | ns |
| t_R | Rise time (for TLV7011 only) | 20% to 80% | | 5 | | ns |
| t_F | Fall time | 80% to 20% | | 5 | | ns |
| t_{ON} | Power-up time ⁽¹⁾ | | | 20 | | μs |

(1) During power on, V_S must exceed 1.6 V for t_{ON} before the output tracks the input.

6.10 Electrical Characteristics (Dual)

$V_S = 1.8\text{ V to }5\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = V_S / 2$; minimum and maximum values are at $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted). Typical values are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------|----------------|---------------|
| V_{IO} | Input Offset Voltage | $V_S = 1.8\text{ V and }5\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = V_S / 2$ | | ± 0.1 | ± 8 | mV |
| V_{HYS} | Hysteresis | $V_S = 1.8\text{ V and }5\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = V_S / 2$ | 2 | 9 | 15 | mV |
| V_{CM} | Common-mode voltage range | | V_{EE} | | $V_{CC} + 0.1$ | V |
| I_B | Input bias current | | | 2 | | pA |
| I_{OS} | Input offset current | | | 1 | | pA |
| V_{OH} | Output voltage high (for TLV7012 only) | $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$, $I_O = 3\text{ mA}$ | 4.65 | 4.8 | | V |
| V_{OL} | Output voltage low | $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$, $I_O = 3\text{ mA}$ | | 250 | 350 | mV |
| I_{LKG} | Open-drain output leakage current (TLV7022 only) | $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{ID} = +0.1\text{ V}$ (output high), $V_{PULLUP} = V_{CC}$ | | 100 | | pA |
| CMRR | Common-mode rejection ratio | $V_{EE} < V_{CM} < V_{CC}$, $V_S = 5\text{ V}$ | | 73 | | dB |
| PSRR | Power supply rejection ratio | $V_S = 1.8\text{ V to }5\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = V_S / 2$ | | 77 | | dB |
| I_{SC} | Short-circuit current | $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, sourcing (for TLV7012 only) | | 29 | | mA |
| | | $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, sinking | | 33 | | |
| I_{CC} | Supply current / Channel | $V_S = 1.8\text{ V}$, no load, $V_{ID} = -0.1\text{ V}$ (Output Low) | | 4.7 | 9 | μA |

6.11 Switching Characteristics (Dual)

Typical values are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = V_S / 2$; $CL = 15\text{ pF}$, input overdrive = 100 mV (unless otherwise noted).

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
| t_{PHL} | Propagation delay time, high to low (RP = 4.99 k Ω TLV7022 only) ⁽¹⁾ | Midpoint of input to midpoint of output, $V_{OD} = 100\text{ mV}$ | | 310 | | ns |
| t_{PLH} | Propagation delay time, low to high (RP = 4.99 k Ω TLV7022 only) ⁽¹⁾ | Midpoint of input to midpoint of output, $V_{OD} = 100\text{ mV}$ | | 260 | | ns |
| t_R | Rise time (TLV7012 only) | Measured from 20% to 80% | | 5 | | ns |
| t_F | Fall time | Measured from 20% to 80% | | 5 | | ns |
| t_{ON} | Power-up time | During power on, V_{CC} must exceed 1.6V for 200 μs before the output is in correct state. | | 20 | | μs |

(1) The lower limit for RP is 650 Ω

6.12 Timing Diagrams

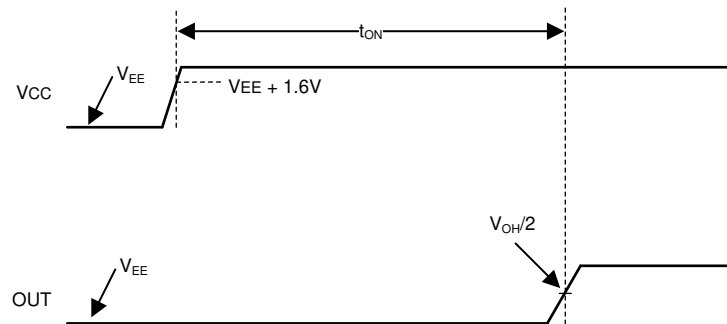


图 1. Start-Up Time Timing Diagram (IN+ > IN-)

Timing Diagrams (接下页)

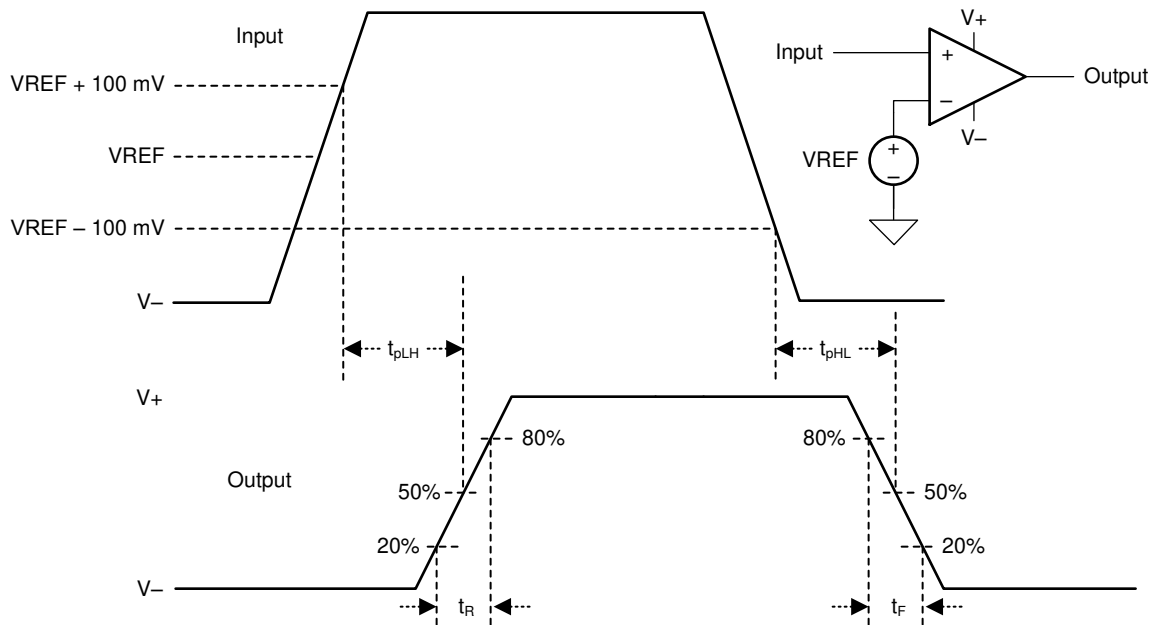


图 2. Propagation Delay Timing Diagram

6.13 Typical Characteristics

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$, $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$

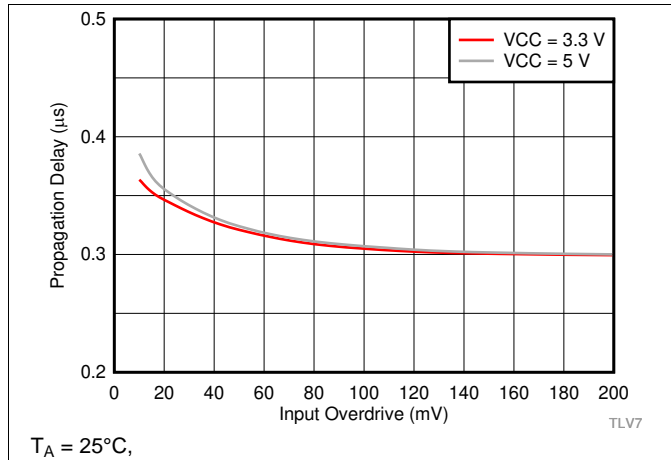


图 3. TLV7011 Propagation Delay (L-H) vs. Input Overdrive

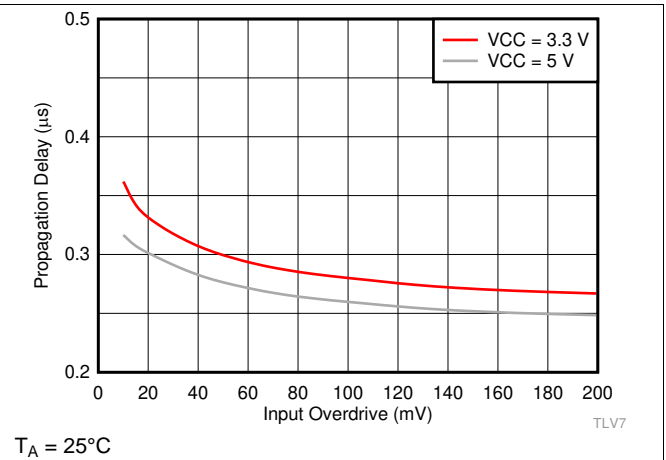


图 4. Propagation Delay (H-L) vs. Input Overdrive

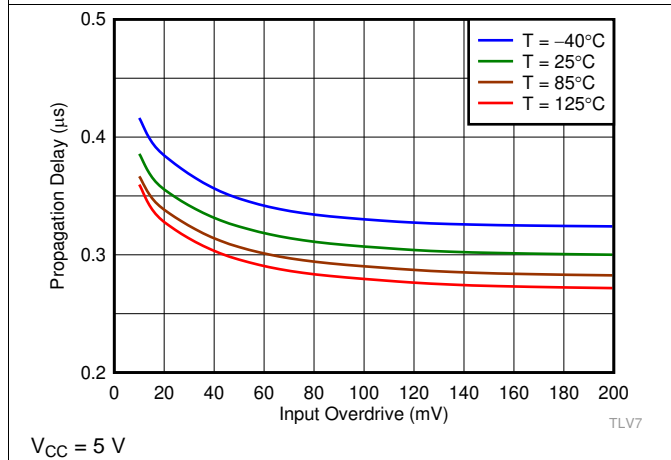


图 5. TLV7011 Propagation Delay (L-H) vs. Input Overdrive

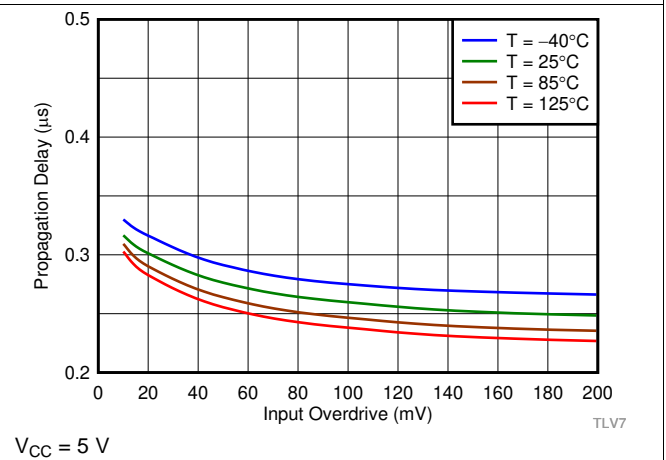


图 6. Propagation Delay (H-L) vs. Input Overdrive

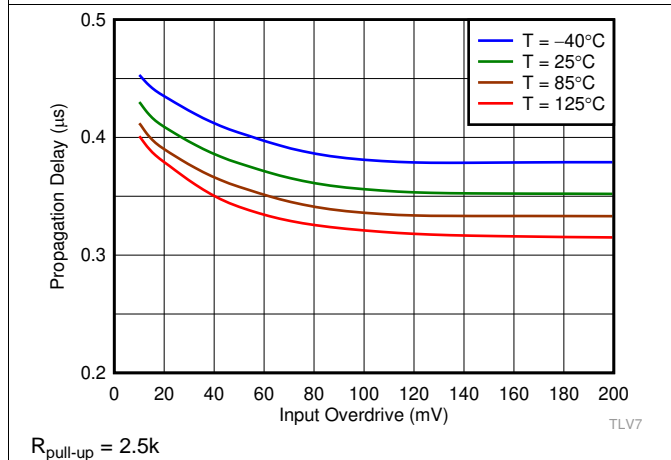


图 7. TLV7021 Propagation Delay (L-H) vs. Input Overdrive

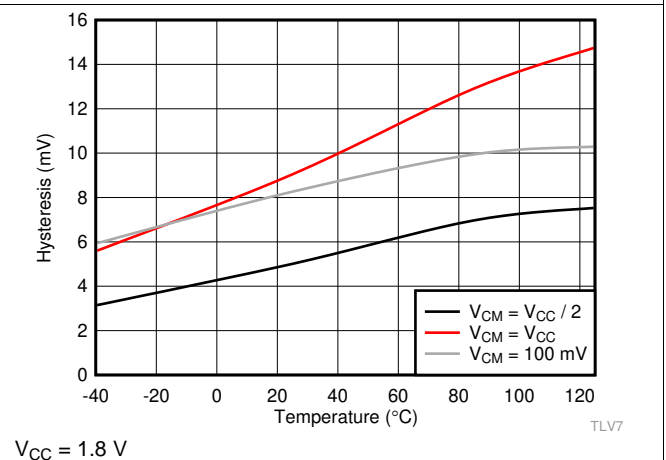
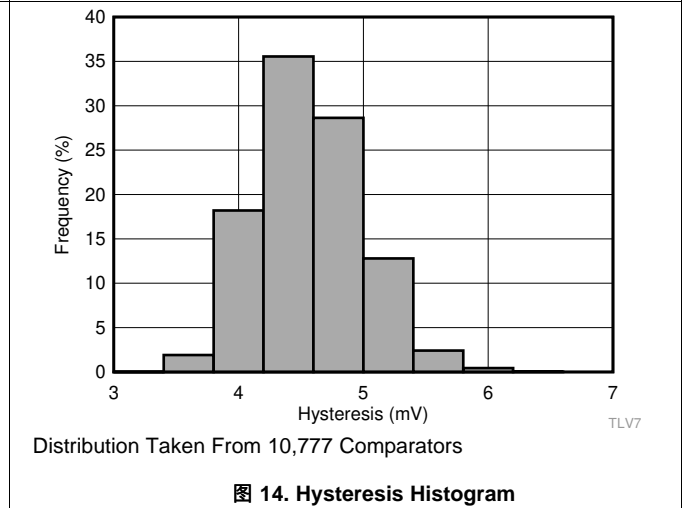
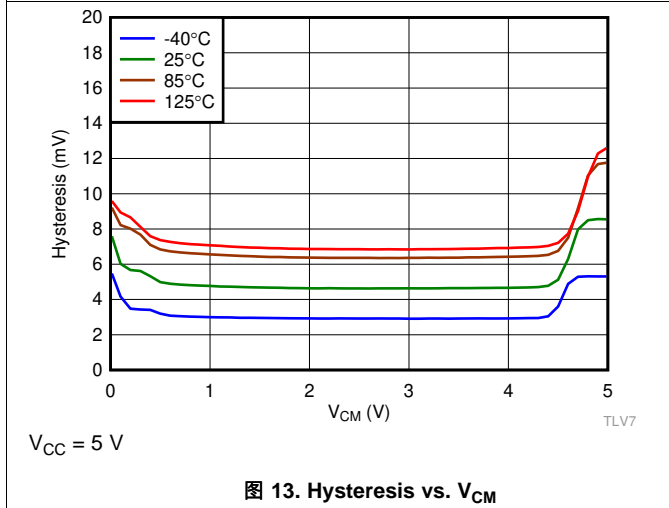
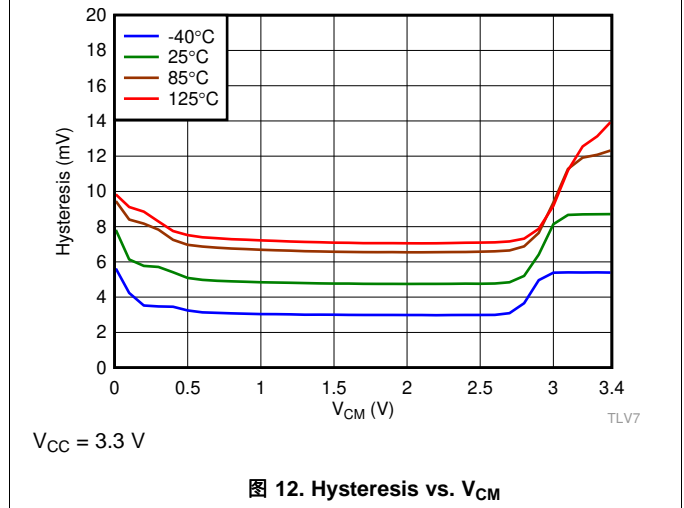
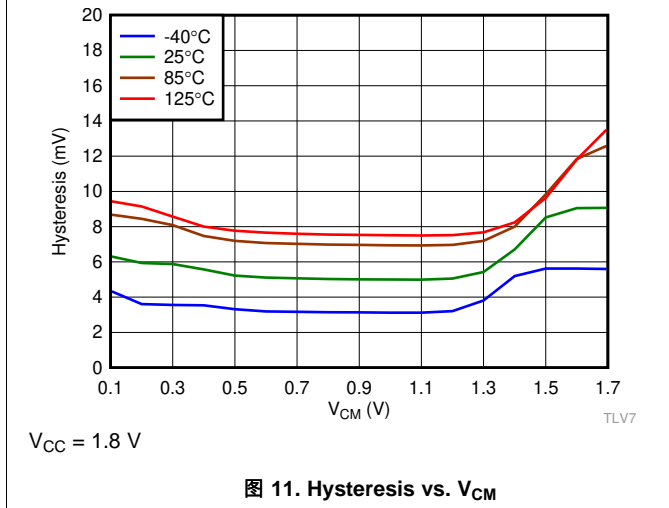
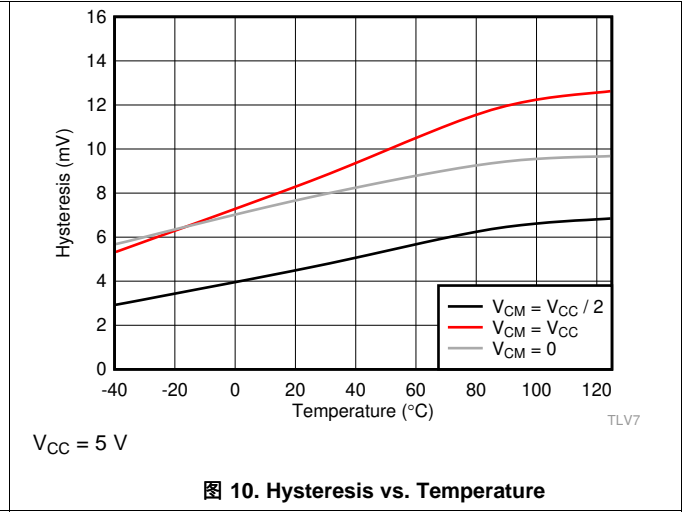
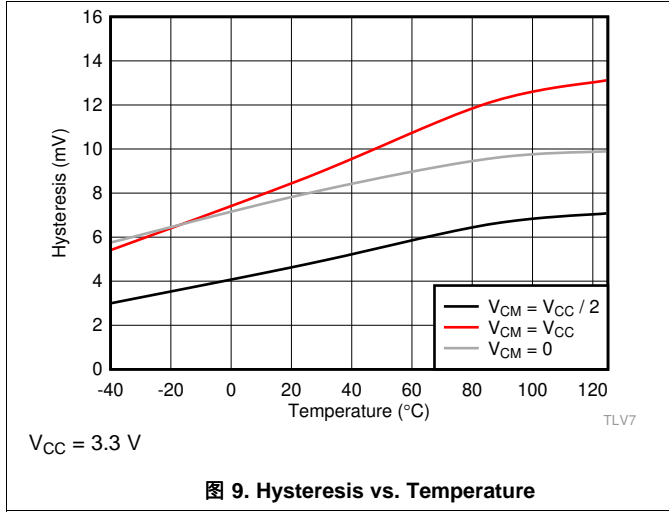


图 8. Hysteresis vs. Temperature

Typical Characteristics (接下页)

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$, $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$



Typical Characteristics (接下页)

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$, $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$

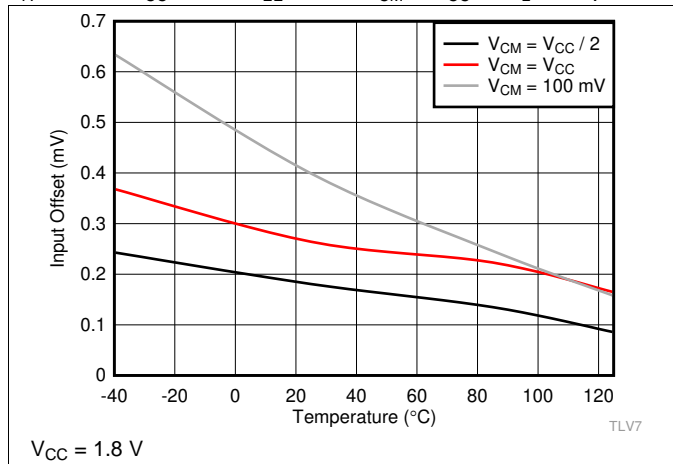


图 15. Input Offset vs. Temperature

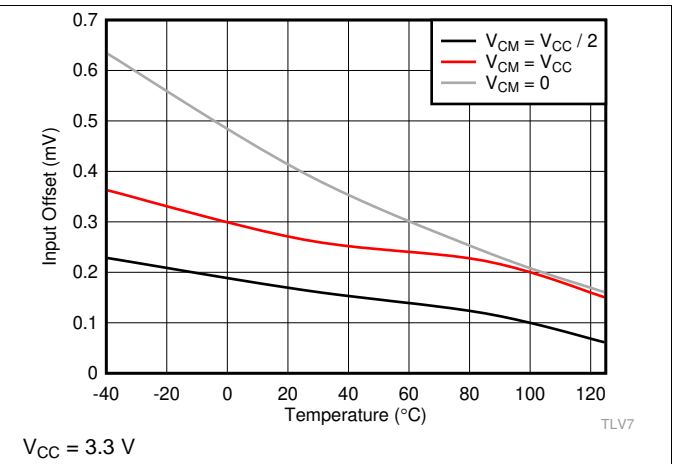


图 16. Input Offset vs. Temperature

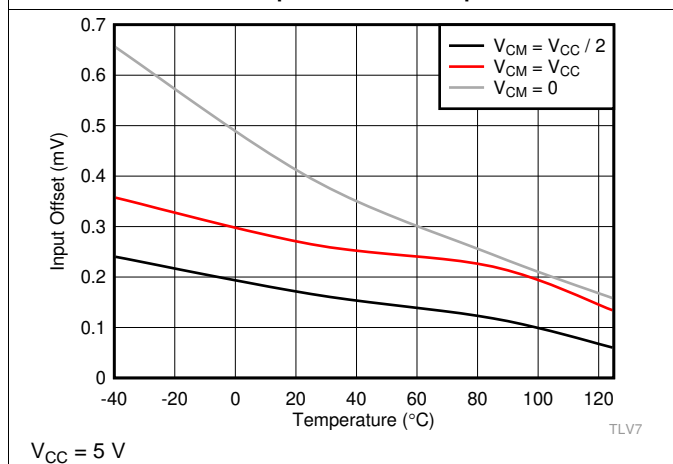


图 17. Input Offset vs. Temperature

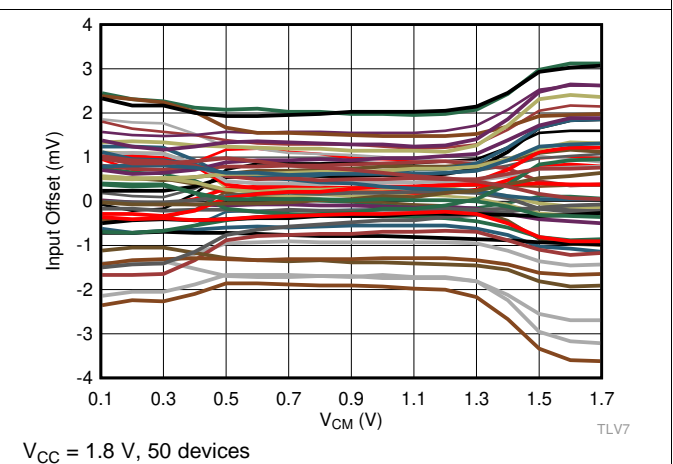


图 18. Input Offset Voltage vs. V_{CM}

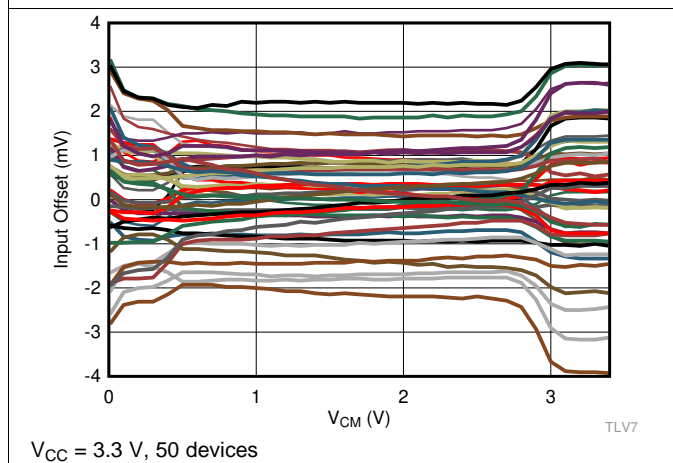


图 19. Input Offset Voltage vs. V_{CM}

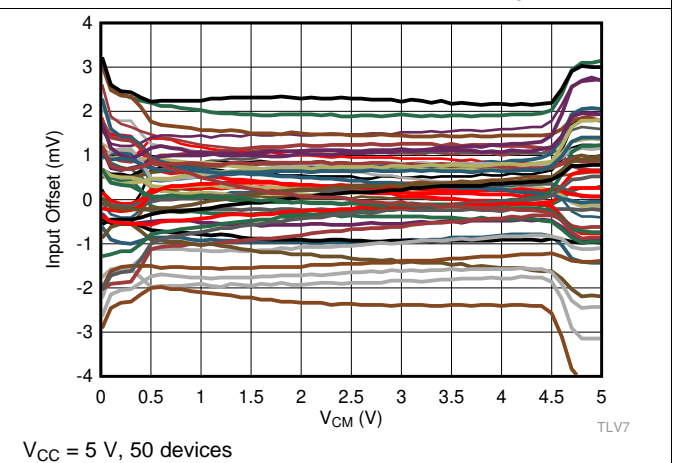
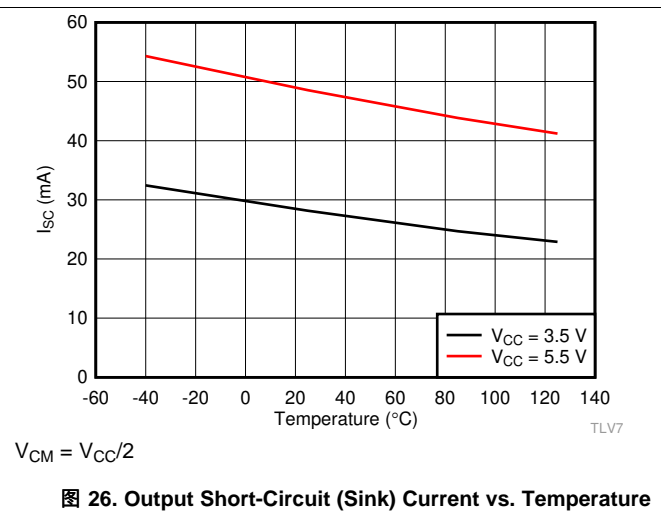
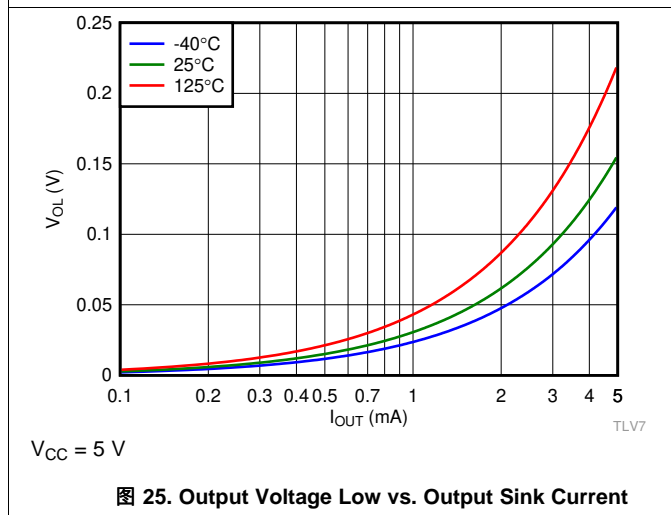
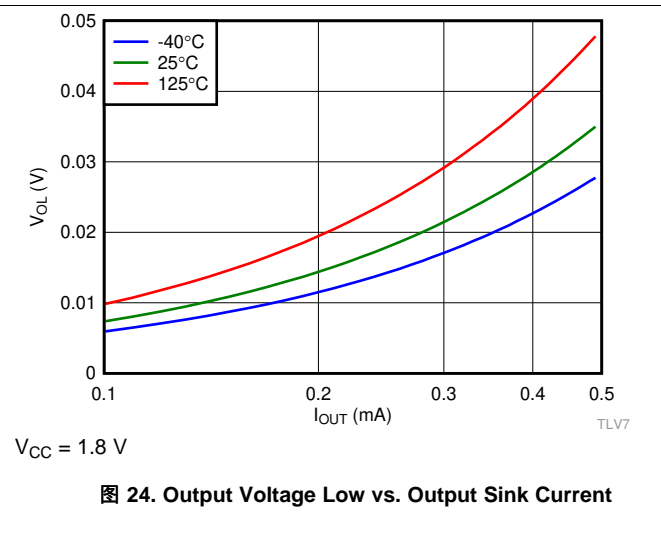
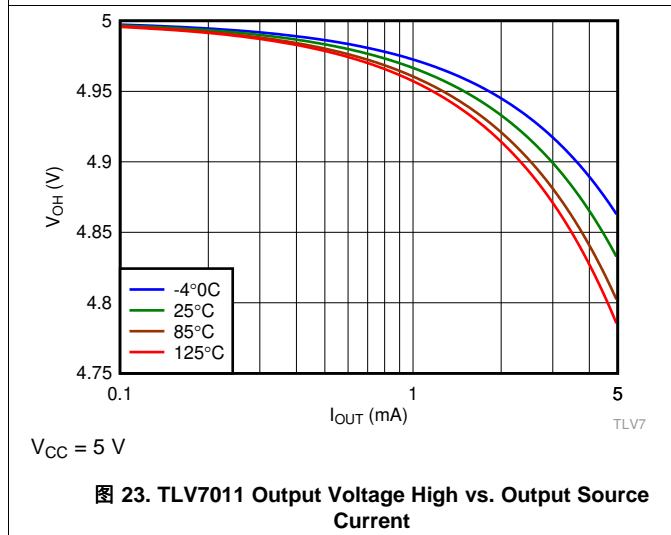
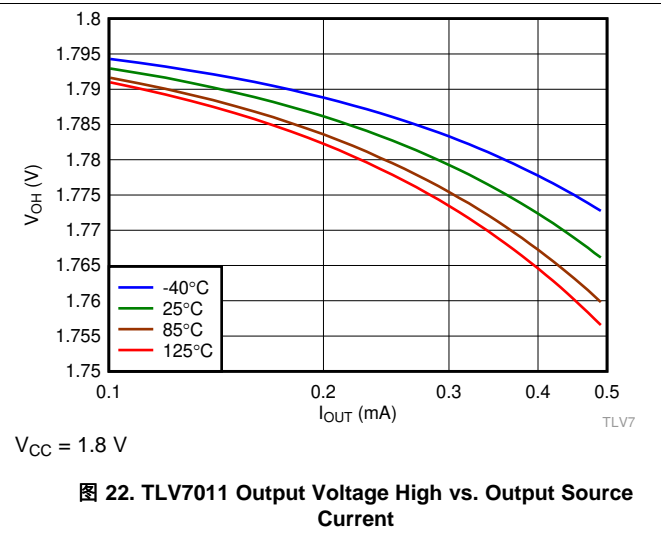
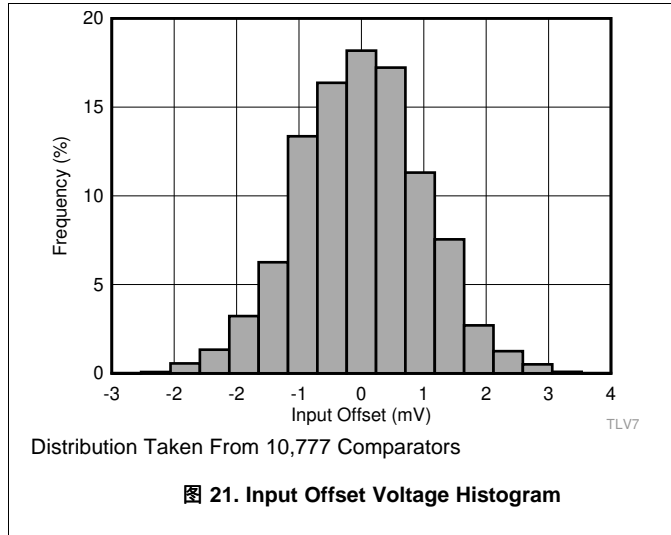


图 20. Input Offset Voltage vs. V_{CM}

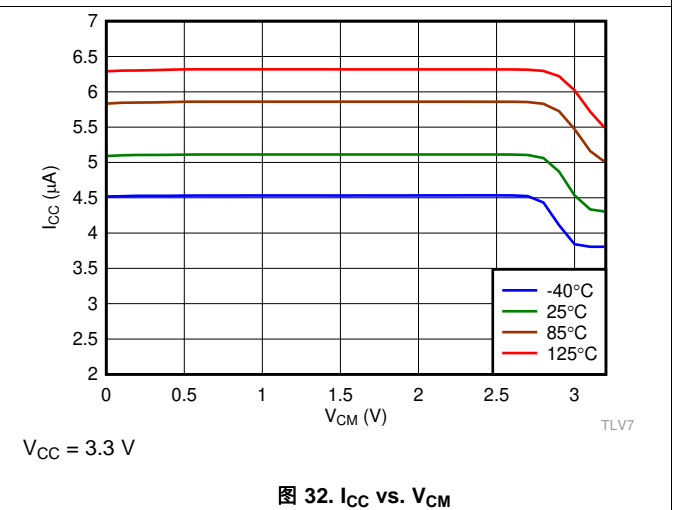
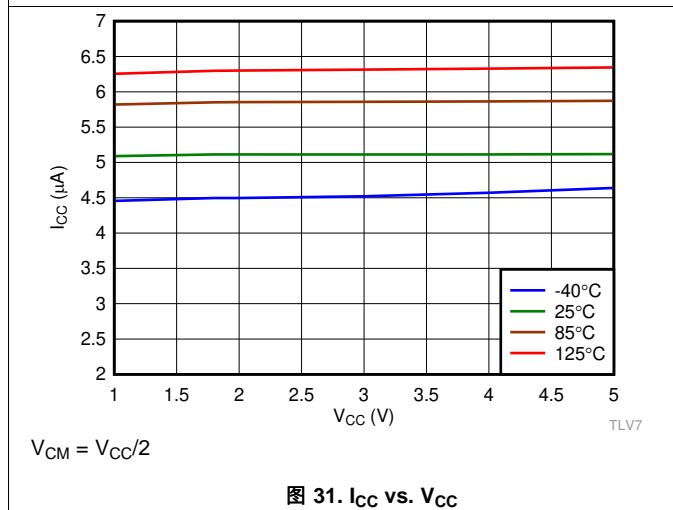
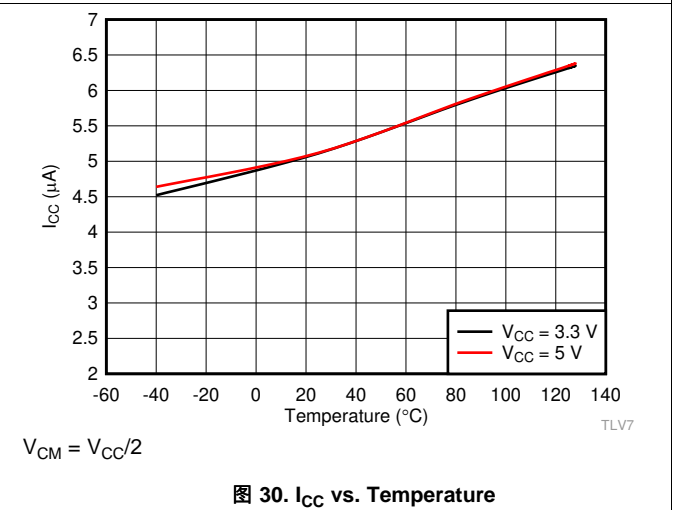
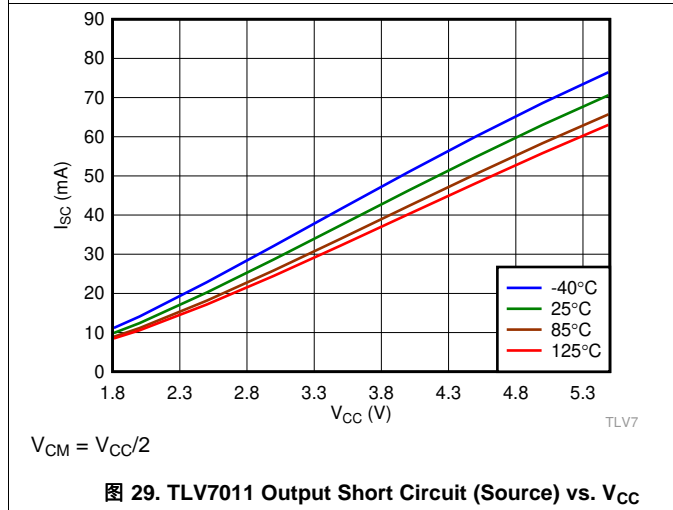
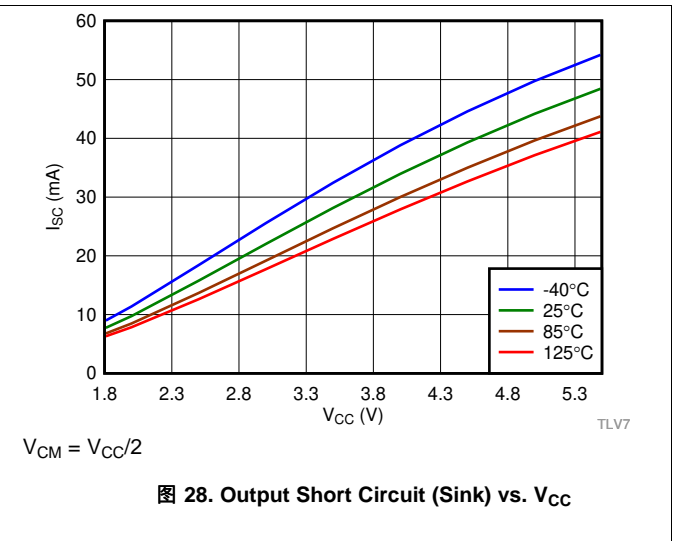
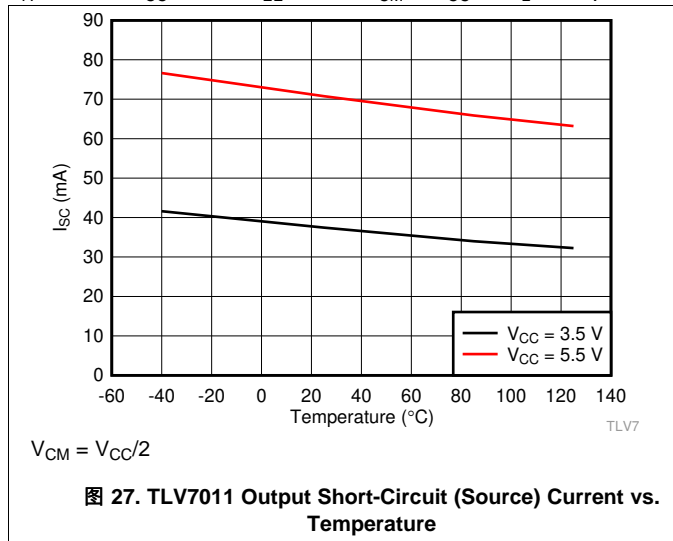
Typical Characteristics (接下页)

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$, $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$



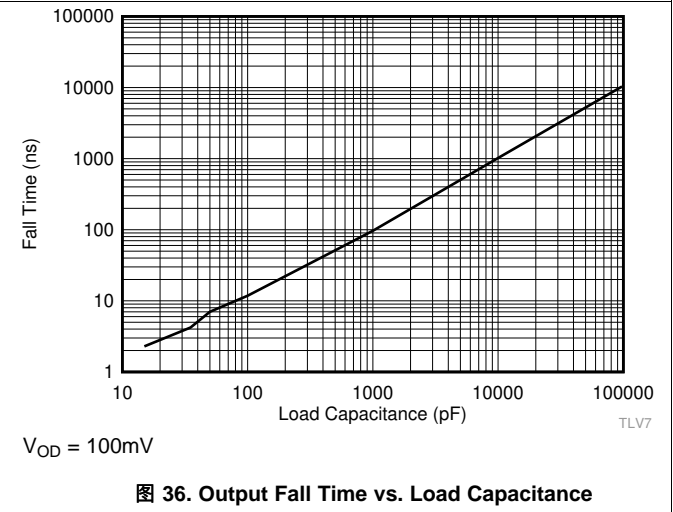
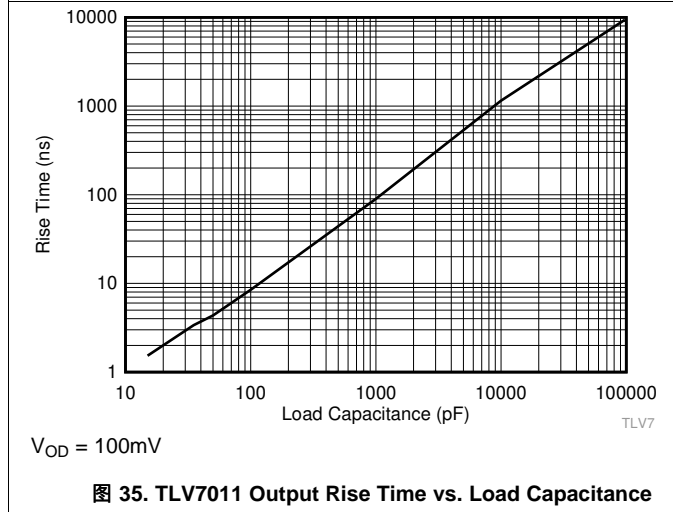
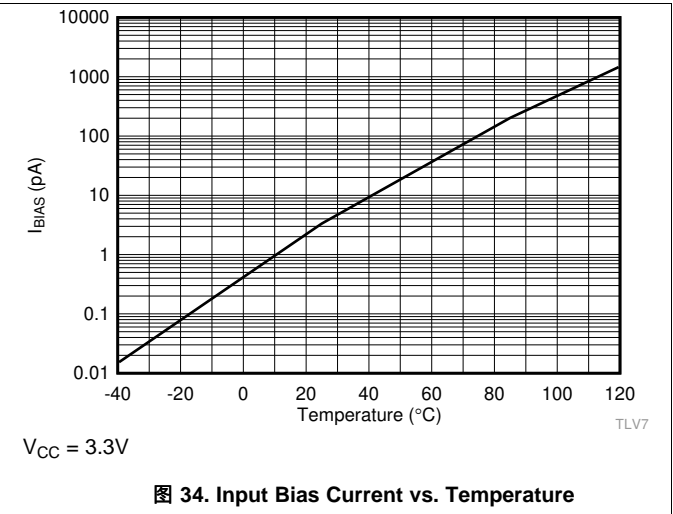
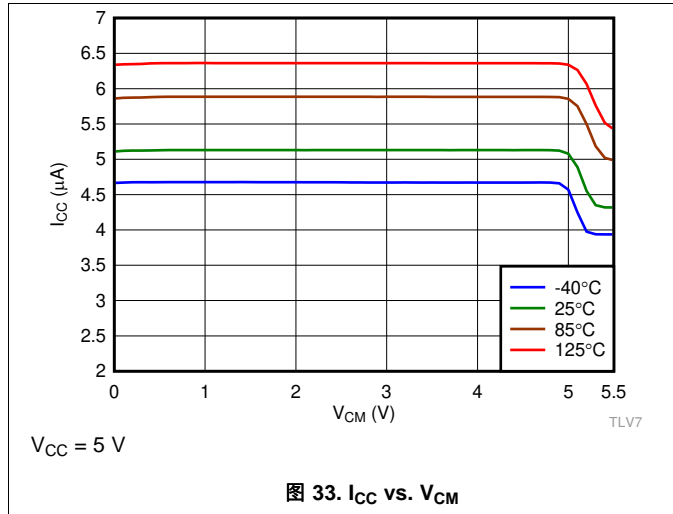
Typical Characteristics (接下页)

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$, $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$



Typical Characteristics (接下页)

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2$, $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$

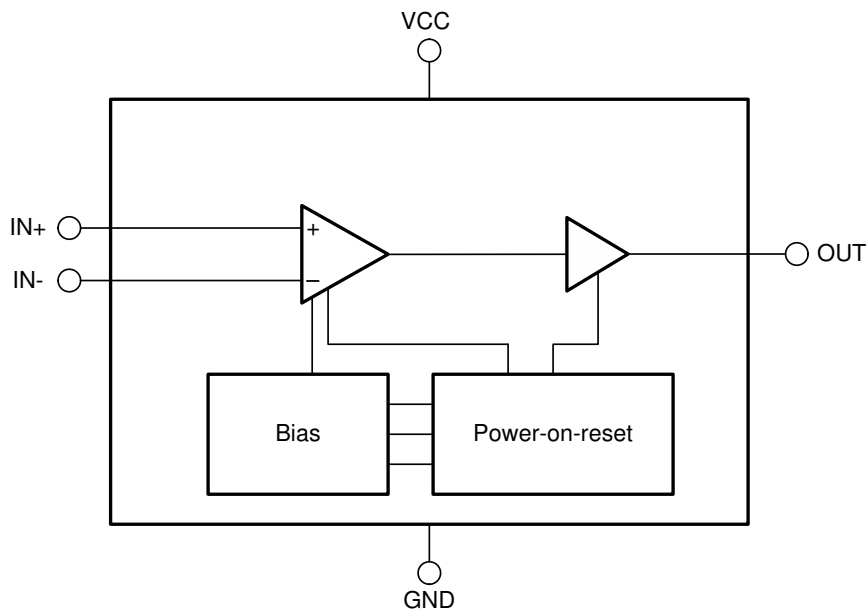


7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The TLV701x and TLV702x devices are single-channel, micro-power comparators with push-pull and open-drain outputs. Operating down to 1.6 V and consuming only 5 μ A, the TLV701x and TLV702x are ideally suited for portable and industrial applications. The comparators are available in leadless and leaded packages to offer significant board space saving in space-challenged designs.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



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7.3 Feature Description

The TLV701x (push-pull) and TLV702x (open-drain) devices are micro-power comparators that are capable of operating at low voltages. The TLV701x and TLV702x feature a rail-to-rail input stage capable of operating up to 100 mV beyond the VCC power supply rail. The comparators also feature a push-pull and open-drain output stage with internal hysteresis.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

The TLV701x and TLV702x have a Power-on-Reset (POR) circuit. While the power supply (V_S) is ramping up or ramping down, the POR circuitry will be activated.

For the TLV701x, the POR circuit will hold the output low (at V_{EE}) while activated.

For the TLV702x, the POR circuit will keep the output high impedance (logical high) while activated.

When the supply voltage is greater than, or equal to, the minimum supply voltage, the comparator output reflects the state of the differential input (V_{ID}).

7.4.1 Inputs

The TLV701x and TLV702x input common-mode extends from V_{EE} to 100 mV above V_{CC} . The differential input voltage (V_{ID}) can be any voltage within these limits. No phase-inversion of the comparator output will occur when the input pins exceed V_{CC} and V_{EE} .

Device Functional Modes (接下页)

While TI recommends operating the TLV701x and TLV702x within the specified common-mode range, the inputs are fault tolerant to voltages up to 5.5 V independent of the applied V_{CC} value. Fault tolerant is defined as maintaining the same high input impedance when V_{CC} is unpowered or within the recommended operating range. Because the inputs of the TLV701x and TLV702x are fault tolerant, the inputs to the comparator can be any value between 0 V and 5.5 V while V_{CC} is ramping up. This feature allows any supply and input driven sequence as long as the input value and supply are within the specified ranges. In this case, no current limiting resistor is required. This is possible since the V_{CC} is isolated from the inputs such that it maintains its value even when a higher voltage is applied to the input.

The input bias current is typically 1 pA for input voltages between V_{CC} and V_{EE} . The comparator inputs are protected from undervoltage by internal diodes connected to V_{EE} . As the input voltage goes under V_{EE} , the protection diodes become forward biased and begin to conduct causing the input bias current to increase exponentially. Input bias current typically doubles for 10°C temperature increases.

7.4.2 Internal Hysteresis

The device hysteresis transfer curve is shown in 图 37. This curve is a function of three components: V_{TH} , V_{OS} , and V_{HYST} :

- V_{TH} is the actual set voltage or threshold trip voltage.
- V_{OS} is the internal offset voltage between V_{IN+} and V_{IN-} . This voltage is added to V_{TH} to form the actual trip point at which the comparator must respond to change output states.
- V_{HYST} is the internal hysteresis (or trip window) that is designed to reduce comparator sensitivity to noise (4.2 mV for the TLV7011).

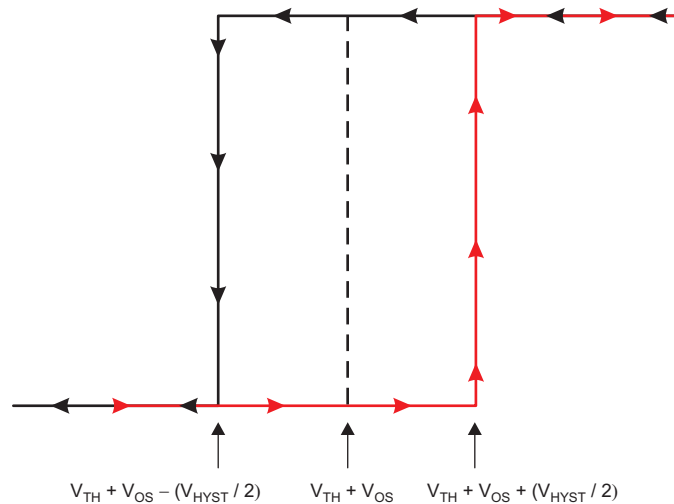


图 37. Hysteresis Transfer Curve

7.4.3 Output

The TLV701x feature a push-pull output stage eliminating the need for an external pull-up resistor. On the other hand, the TLV702x feature an open-drain output stage enabling the output logic levels to be pulled up to an external source independent of the supply voltage.

8 Application and Implementation

注

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The TLV701x and TLV702x are micro-power comparators with reasonable response time. The comparators have a rail-to-rail input stage that can monitor signals beyond the positive supply rail with integrated hysteresis. When higher levels of hysteresis are required, positive feedback can be externally added. The push-pull output stage of the TLV701x is optimal for reduced power budget applications and features no shoot-through current. When level shifting or wire-ORing of the comparator outputs is needed, the TLV702x with its open-drain output stage is well suited to meet the system needs. In either case, the wide operating voltage range, low quiescent current, and micro-package of the TLV701x and TLV702x make these comparators excellent candidates for battery-operated and portable, handheld designs.

8.1.1 Inverting Comparator With Hysteresis for TLV701x

The inverting comparator with hysteresis requires a three-resistor network that is referenced to the comparator supply voltage (V_{CC}), as shown in 图 38. When V_{IN} at the inverting input is less than V_A , the output voltage is high (for simplicity, assume V_O switches as high as V_{CC}). The three network resistors can be represented as $R1 \parallel R3$ in series with $R2$. 公式 1 defines the high-to-low trip voltage (V_{A1}).

$$V_{A1} = V_{CC} \times \frac{R2}{(R1 \parallel R3) + R2} \quad (1)$$

When V_{IN} is greater than V_A , the output voltage is low, very close to ground. In this case, the three network resistors can be presented as $R2 \parallel R3$ in series with $R1$. Use 公式 2 to define the low to high trip voltage (V_{A2}).

$$V_{A2} = V_{CC} \times \frac{R2 \parallel R3}{R1 + (R2 \parallel R3)} \quad (2)$$

公式 3 defines the total hysteresis provided by the network.

$$\Delta V_A = V_{A1} - V_{A2} \quad (3)$$

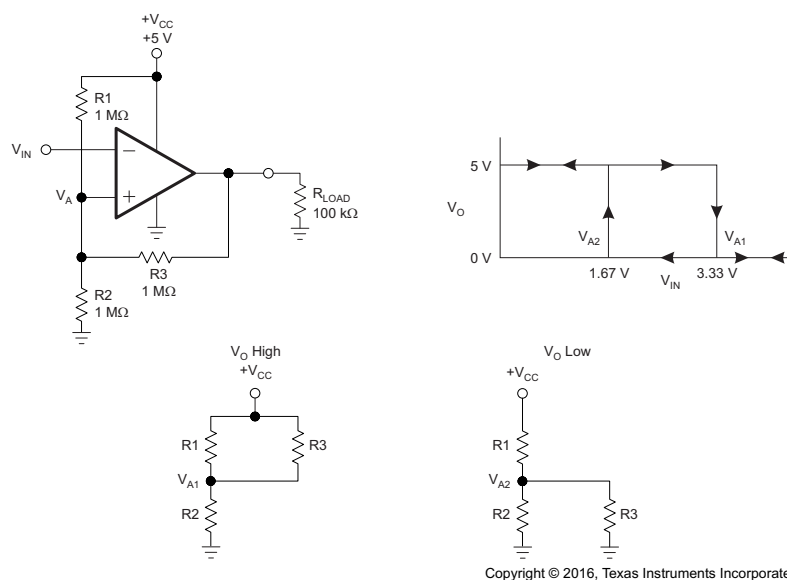


图 38. TLV701x in an Inverting Configuration With Hysteresis

Application Information (接下页)

8.1.2 Noninverting Comparator With Hysteresis for TLV701x

A noninverting comparator with hysteresis requires a two-resistor network, as shown in 图 39, and a voltage reference (V_{REF}) at the inverting input. When V_{IN} is low, the output is also low. For the output to switch from low to high, V_{IN} must rise to V_{IN1} . Use 公式 4 to calculate V_{IN1} .

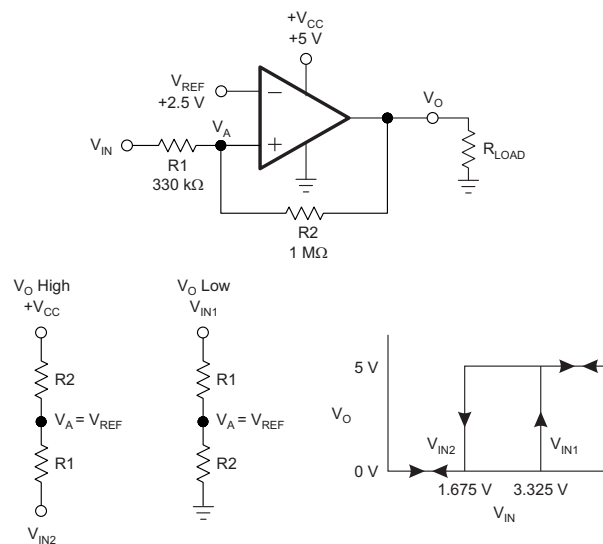
$$V_{IN1} = R1 \times \frac{V_{REF}}{R2} + V_{REF} \quad (4)$$

When V_{IN} is high, the output is also high. For the comparator to switch back to a low state, V_{IN} must drop to V_{IN2} such that V_A is equal to V_{REF} . Use 公式 5 to calculate V_{IN2} .

$$V_{IN2} = \frac{V_{REF} (R1 + R2) - V_{CC} \times R1}{R2} \quad (5)$$

The hysteresis of this circuit is the difference between V_{IN1} and V_{IN2} , as shown in 公式 6.

$$\Delta V_{IN} = V_{CC} \times \frac{R1}{R2} \quad (6)$$



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图 39. TLV701x in a Noninverting Configuration With Hysteresis

8.2 Typical Applications

8.2.1 Window Comparator

Window comparators are commonly used to detect undervoltage and overvoltage conditions. [图 40](#) shows a simple window comparator circuit.

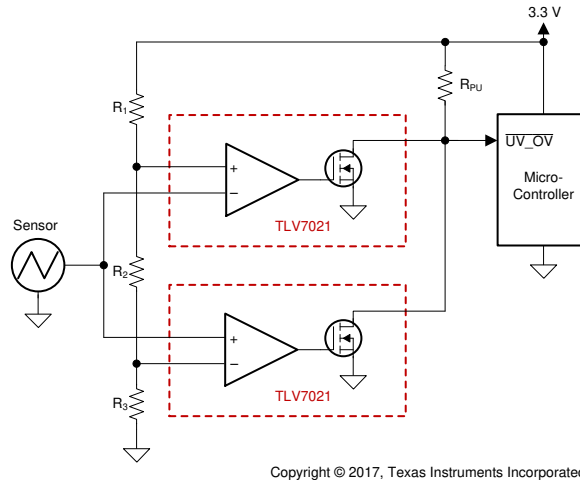


图 40. Window Comparator

8.2.1.1 Design Requirements

For this design, follow these design requirements:

- Alert (logic low output) when an input signal is less than 1.1 V
- Alert (logic low output) when an input signal is greater than 2.2 V
- Alert signal is active low
- Operate from a 3.3-V power supply

8.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

Configure the circuit as shown in [图 40](#). Connect V_{CC} to a 3.3-V power supply and V_{EE} to ground. Make R1, R2 and R3 each 10-M Ω resistors. These three resistors are used to create the positive and negative thresholds for the window comparator (V_{TH+} and V_{TH-}). With each resistor being equal, V_{TH+} is 2.2 V and V_{TH-} is 1.1 V. Large resistor values such as 10-M Ω are used to minimize power consumption. The sensor output voltage is applied to the inverting and noninverting inputs of the two TLV702x's. The TLV7021 is used for its open-drain output configuration. Using the TLV702x allows the two comparator outputs to be Wire-Or'd together. The respective comparator outputs will be low when the sensor is less than 1.1 V or greater than 2.2 V. V_{OUT} will be high when the sensor is in the range of 1.1 V to 2.2 V.

Typical Applications (接下页)

8.2.1.3 Application Curve

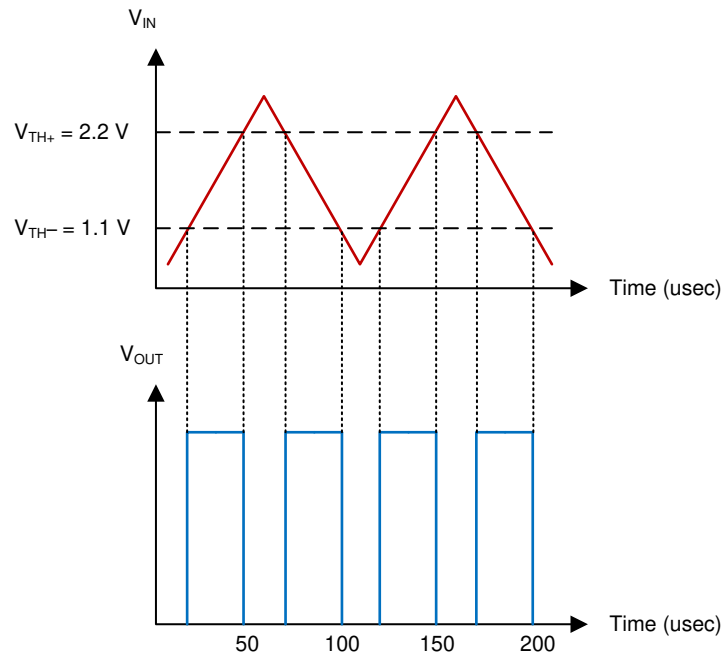
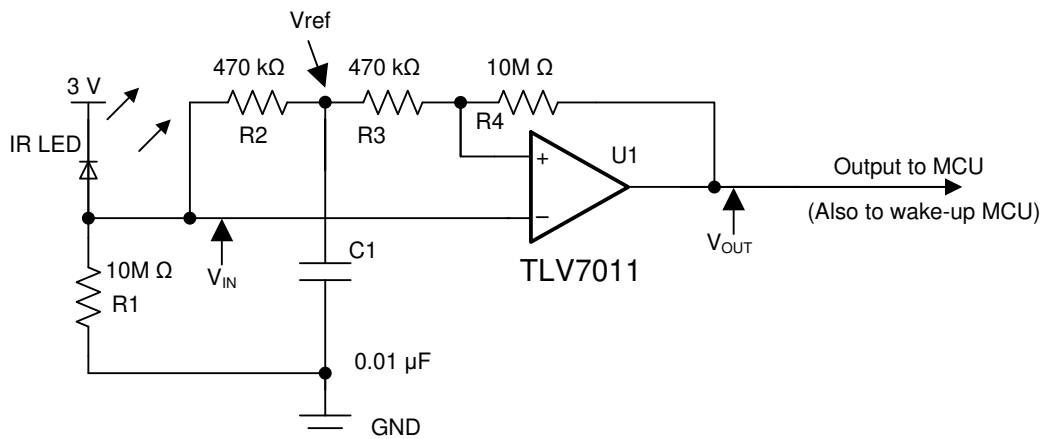


图 41. Window Comparator Results

8.2.2 IR Receiver Analog Front End

A single TLV7011 device can be used to build a complete IR receiver analog front end (AFE). The nanoamp quiescent current and low input bias current make it possible to be powered with a coin cell battery, which could last for years.



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图 42. IR Receiver Analog Front End Using TLV7011

8.2.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design, follow these design requirements:

- Use a proper resistor (R_1) value to generate an adequate signal amplitude applied to the inverting input of the comparator.
- The low input bias current I_B (2 pA typical) ensures that a greater value of R_1 to be used.

Typical Applications (接下页)

- The RC constant value (R_2 and C_1) must support the targeted data rate (that is, 9,600 bauds) to maintain a valid tripping threshold.
- The hysteresis introduced with R_3 and R_4 helps to avoid spurious output toggles.

8.2.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The IR receiver AFE design is highly streamlined and optimized. R_1 converts the IR light energy induced current into voltage and applies to the inverting input of the comparator. Because a reverse biased IR LED is used as the IR receiver, a higher I/V transimpedance gain is required to boost the amplitude of reduced current. A 10M resistor is used as R_1 to support a 1-V, 100-nA transimpedance gain. This is made possible with the picoamps Input bias current I_B (5pA typical). The RC network of R_2 and C_1 establishes a reference voltage V_{ref} which tracks the mean amplitude of the IR signal. The RC constant of R_2 and C_1 (about 4.7 ms) is chosen for V_{ref} to track the received IR current fluctuation but not the actual data bit stream. The noninverting input is connected to V_{ref} and the output over the R_3 and R_4 resistor network which provides additional hysteresis for improved guard against spurious toggles.

To reduce the current drain from the coin cell battery, data transmission must be short and infrequent.

8.2.2.3 Application Curve

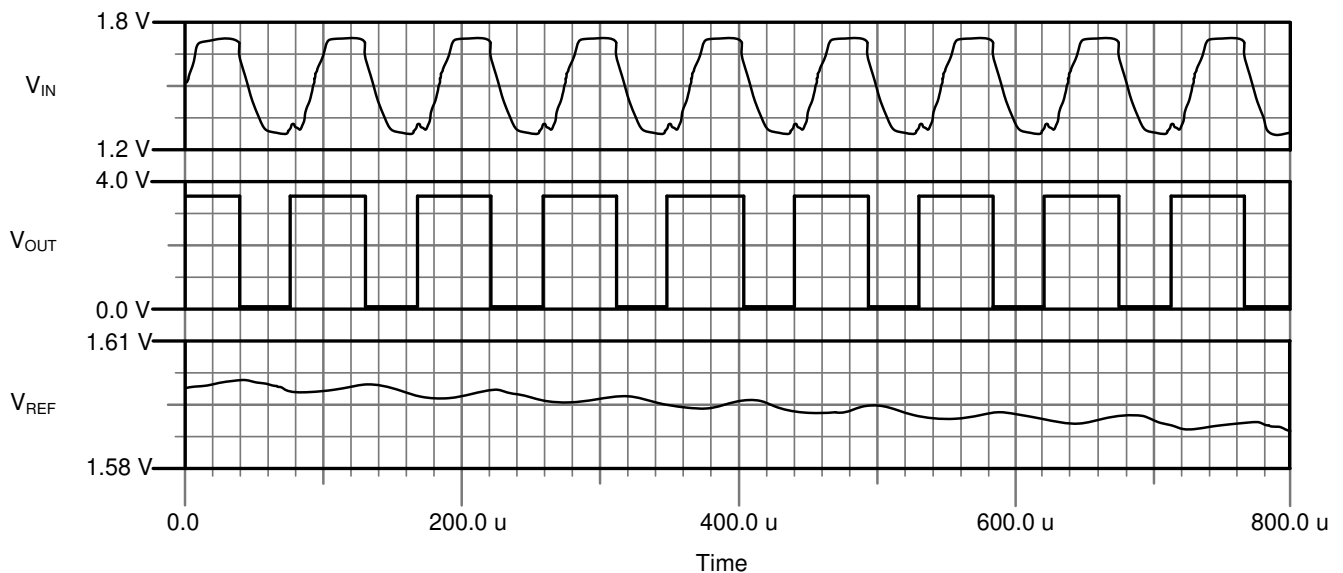


图 43. IR Receiver AFE Waveforms

Typical Applications (接下页)

8.2.3 Square-Wave Oscillator

Square-wave oscillator can be used as low cost timing reference or system supervisory clock source.

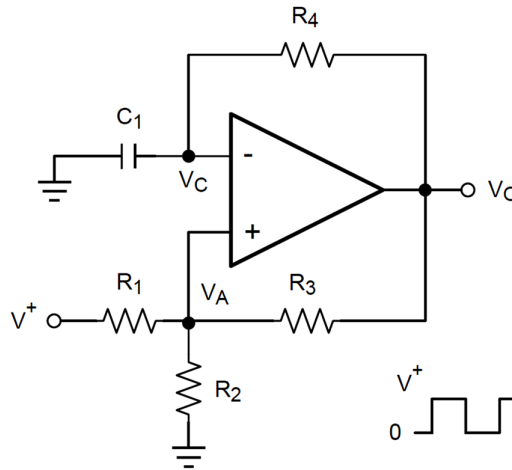


图 44. Square-Wave Oscillator

8.2.3.1 Design Requirements

The square-wave period is determined by the RC time constant of the capacitor and resistor. The maximum frequency is limited by propagation delay of the device and the capacitance load at the output. The low input bias current allows a lower capacitor value and larger resistor value combination for a given oscillator frequency, which may help to reduce BOM cost and board space.

8.2.3.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The oscillation frequency is determined by the resistor and capacitor values. The following calculation provides details of the steps.

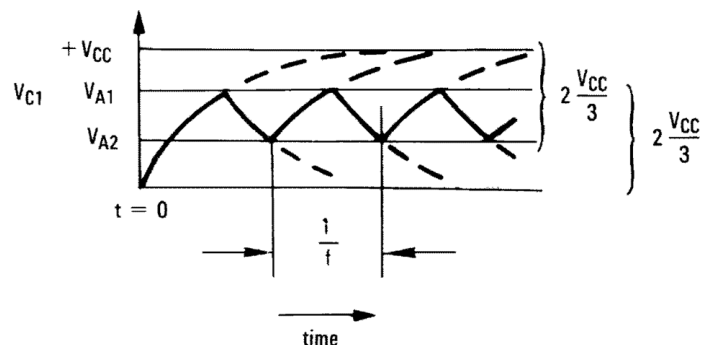


图 45. Square-Wave Oscillator Timing Thresholds

First consider the output of Figure 图 44 is high which indicates the inverted input V_C is lower than the noninverting input (V_A). This causes the C_1 to be charged through R_4 , and the voltage V_C increases until it is equal to the noninverting input. The value of V_A at the point is calculated by 公式 7.

$$V_{A1} = \frac{V_{CC} \times R_2}{R_2 + R_1 + R_3} \quad (7)$$

if $R_1 = R_2 = R_3$, then $V_{A1} = 2 V_{CC} / 3$

Typical Applications (接下页)

At this time the comparator output trips pulling down the output to the negative rail. The value of V_A at this point is calculated by 公式 8.

$$V_{A2} = \frac{V_{CC}(R_2 \parallel R_3)}{R_1 + R_2 \parallel R_3} \quad (8)$$

if $R_1 = R_2 = R_3$, then $V_{A2} = V_{CC}/3$

The C_1 now discharges through the R_4 , and the voltage V_{CC} decreases until it reaches V_{A2} . At this point, the output switches back to the starting state. The oscillation period equals to the time duration from for C_1 from $2V_{CC}/3$ to $V_{CC}/3$ then back to $2V_{CC}/3$, which is given by $R_4 C_1 \times \ln 2$ for each trip. Therefore, the total time duration is calculated as $2 R_4 C_1 \times \ln 2$. The oscillation frequency can be obtained by 公式 9:

$$f = 1 / (2 R_4 \times C_1 \times \ln 2) \quad (9)$$

8.2.3.3 Application Curve

图 46 shows the simulated results of tan oscillator using the following component values:

- $R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = R_4 = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$
- $C_1 = 100 \text{ pF}$, $C_L = 20 \text{ pF}$
- $V_+ = 5 \text{ V}$, $V_- = \text{GND}$
- C_{stray} (not shown) from V_A TO GND = 10 pF

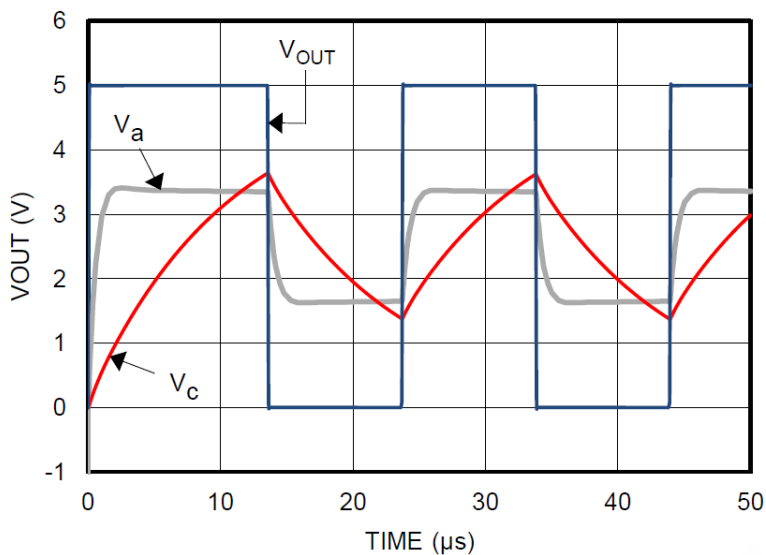


图 46. Square-Wave Oscillator Output Waveform

9 Power Supply Recommendations

The TLV701x and TLV702x have a recommended operating voltage range (V_S) of 1.6 V to 5.5 / 6.5 V. V_S is defined as $V_{CC} - V_{EE}$. Therefore, the supply voltages used to create V_S can be single-ended or bipolar. For example, single-ended supply voltages of 5 V and 0 V and bipolar supply voltages of +2.5 V and -2.5 V create comparable operating voltages for V_S . However, when bipolar supply voltages are used, it is important to realize that the logic low level of the comparator output is referenced to V_{EE} .

Output capacitive loading and output toggle rate will cause the average supply current to rise over the quiescent current.

10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

To reduce PCB fabrication cost and improve reliability, TI recommends using a 4-mil via at the center pad connected to the ground trace or plane on the bottom layer.

A power-supply bypass capacitor of 100 nF is recommended when supply output impedance is high, supply traces are long, or when excessive noise is expected on the supply lines. Bypass capacitors are also recommended when the comparator output drives a long trace or is required to drive a capacitive load. Due to the fast rising and falling edge rates and high-output sink and source capability of the TLV7011 and TLV7021 output stages, higher than normal quiescent current can be drawn from the power supply. Under this circumstance, the system would benefit from a bypass capacitor across the supply pins.

10.2 Layout Example

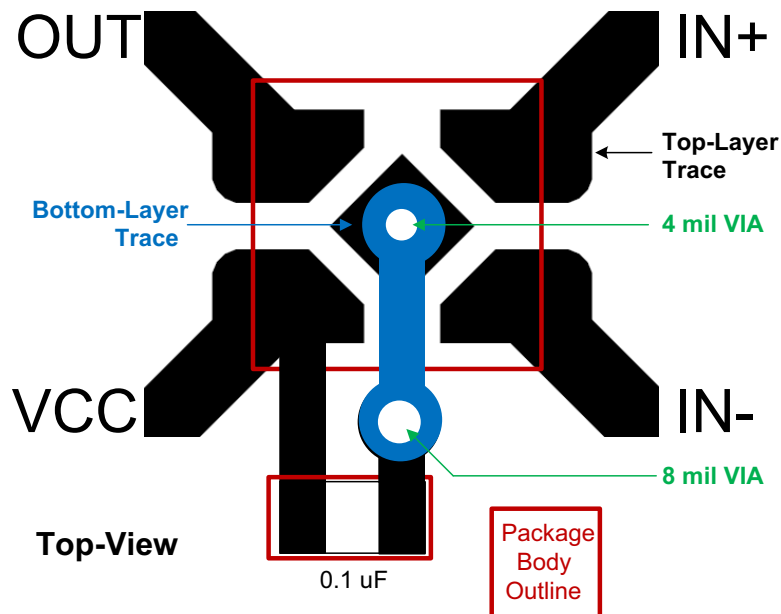


图 47. Layout Example

11 器件和文档支持

11.1 器件支持

11.1.1 开发支持

11.1.1.1 评估模块

我们为您提供了评估模块 (EVM)，可以借此来对使用 TLV70x1 器件系列的电路性能进行初始评估。[TLV7011 低功耗比较器 DIP 适配器评估模块](#) 可在德州仪器 (TI) 网站上的产品文件夹下申请，也可以直接从 TI 网上商店购买。

11.2 相关链接

下表列出了快速访问链接。类别包括技术文档、支持与社区资源、工具和软件，以及申请样片或购买产品的快速链接。

表 1. 相关链接

| 器件 | 产品文件夹 | 样片与购买 | 技术文档 | 工具与软件 | 支持和社区 |
|---------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| TLV7011 | 请单击此处 | 请单击此处 | 请单击此处 | 请单击此处 | 请单击此处 |
| TLV7021 | 请单击此处 | 请单击此处 | 请单击此处 | 请单击此处 | 请单击此处 |

11.3 接收文档更新通知

要接收文档更新通知，请导航至 [ti.com](#) 上的器件产品文件夹。单击右上角的 [通知我进行注册](#)，即可每周接收产品信息更改摘要。有关更改的详细信息，请查看任何已修订文档中包含的修订历史记录。

11.4 社区资源

[TI E2E™ support forums](#) are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

11.5 商标

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

11.6 静电放电警告



ESD 可能会损坏该集成电路。德州仪器 (TI) 建议通过适当的预防措施处理所有集成电路。如果不遵守正确的处理措施和安装程序，可能会损坏集成电路。

ESD 的损坏小至导致微小的性能降级，大至整个器件故障。精密的集成电路可能更容易受到损坏，这是因为非常细微的参数更改都可能导致器件与其发布的规格不相符。

11.7 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 机械、封装和可订购信息

以下页面包含机械、封装和可订购信息。这些信息是指定器件的最新可用数据。数据如有变更，恕不另行通知，且不会对此文档进行修订。如需获取此数据表的浏览器版本，请查阅左侧的导航栏。

PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable part number | Status (1) | Material type (2) | Package Pins | Package qty Carrier | RoHS (3) | Lead finish/ Ball material (4) | MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5) | Op temp (°C) | Part marking (6) |
|-----------------------------|---------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| TLV7011DBVR | Active | Production | SOT-23 (DBV) 5 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU SN NIPDAUAG | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 11C2 |
| TLV7011DBVR.A | Active | Production | SOT-23 (DBV) 5 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 11C2 |
| TLV7011DBVR.B | Active | Production | SOT-23 (DBV) 5 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 11C2 |
| TLV7011DCKR | Active | Production | SC70 (DCK) 5 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 125 | 19N |
| TLV7011DCKR.A | Active | Production | SC70 (DCK) 5 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 125 | 19N |
| TLV7011DCKR.B | Active | Production | SC70 (DCK) 5 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 125 | 19N |
| TLV7011DCKT | Active | Production | SC70 (DCK) 5 | 250 SMALL T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 125 | 19N |
| TLV7011DCKT.A | Active | Production | SC70 (DCK) 5 | 250 SMALL T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 125 | 19N |
| TLV7011DCKT.B | Active | Production | SC70 (DCK) 5 | 250 SMALL T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 125 | 19N |
| TLV7011DCKTG4 | Active | Production | SC70 (DCK) 5 | 250 SMALL T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 125 | 19N |
| TLV7011DCKTG4.A | Active | Production | SC70 (DCK) 5 | 250 SMALL T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 125 | 19N |
| TLV7011DCKTG4.B | Active | Production | SC70 (DCK) 5 | 250 SMALL T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 125 | 19N |
| TLV7011DPWR | Active | Production | X2SON (DPW) 5 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 7N |
| TLV7011DPWR.A | Active | Production | X2SON (DPW) 5 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 7N |
| TLV7011DPWR.B | Active | Production | X2SON (DPW) 5 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 7N |
| TLV7012DDFR | Active | Production | SOT-23-THIN (DDF) 8 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 7012 |
| TLV7012DDFR.A | Active | Production | SOT-23-THIN (DDF) 8 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 7012 |
| TLV7012DGKR | Active | Production | VSSOP (DGK) 8 | 2500 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU SN NIPDAUAG | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 7012 |
| TLV7012DGKR.A | Active | Production | VSSOP (DGK) 8 | 2500 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 7012 |
| TLV7012DGKRG4 | Active | Production | VSSOP (DGK) 8 | 2500 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 7012 |
| TLV7012DGKRG4.A | Active | Production | VSSOP (DGK) 8 | 2500 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 7012 |
| TLV7012DSGR | Active | Production | WSON (DSG) 8 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 7012 |
| TLV7012DSGR.A | Active | Production | WSON (DSG) 8 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 7012 |
| TLV7021DBVR | Active | Production | SOT-23 (DBV) 5 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU SN NIPDAUAG | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 11D2 |
| TLV7021DBVR.A | Active | Production | SOT-23 (DBV) 5 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 11D2 |
| TLV7021DBVR.B | Active | Production | SOT-23 (DBV) 5 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 11D2 |
| TLV7021DCKR | Active | Production | SC70 (DCK) 5 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU SN | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 125 | 19O |

| Orderable part number | Status (1) | Material type (2) | Package Pins | Package qty Carrier | RoHS (3) | Lead finish/ Ball material (4) | MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5) | Op temp (°C) | Part marking (6) |
|-----------------------------|---------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| TLV7021DCKR.A | Active | Production | SC70 (DCK) 5 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 125 | 19O |
| TLV7021DCKR.B | Active | Production | SC70 (DCK) 5 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 125 | 19O |
| TLV7021DCKT | Active | Production | SC70 (DCK) 5 | 250 SMALL T&R | Yes | NIPDAU SN | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 125 | 19O |
| TLV7021DCKT.A | Active | Production | SC70 (DCK) 5 | 250 SMALL T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 125 | 19O |
| TLV7021DCKT.B | Active | Production | SC70 (DCK) 5 | 250 SMALL T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 125 | 19O |
| TLV7021DPWR | Active | Production | X2SON (DPW) 5 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 7P |
| TLV7021DPWR.A | Active | Production | X2SON (DPW) 5 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 7P |
| TLV7021DPWR.B | Active | Production | X2SON (DPW) 5 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 7P |
| TLV7022DDFR | Active | Production | SOT-23-THIN (DDF) 8 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 7022 |
| TLV7022DDFR.A | Active | Production | SOT-23-THIN (DDF) 8 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 7022 |
| TLV7022DGKR | Active | Production | VSSOP (DGK) 8 | 2500 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU SN | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 7022 |
| TLV7022DGKR.A | Active | Production | VSSOP (DGK) 8 | 2500 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 7022 |
| TLV7022DSGR | Active | Production | WSON (DSG) 8 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 7022 |
| TLV7022DSGR.A | Active | Production | WSON (DSG) 8 | 3000 LARGE T&R | Yes | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 7022 |

(1) **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

(2) **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

(3) **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

(4) **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

(5) **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

(6) **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE


*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| TLV7011DBVR | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 3000 | 178.0 | 8.4 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| TLV7011DCKR | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 3000 | 178.0 | 9.0 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| TLV7011DCKT | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 250 | 178.0 | 9.0 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| TLV7011DCKTG4 | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 250 | 178.0 | 9.0 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| TLV7011DPWR | X2SON | DPW | 5 | 3000 | 178.0 | 8.4 | 0.91 | 0.91 | 0.5 | 2.0 | 8.0 | Q2 |
| TLV7012DDFR | SOT-23-THIN | DDF | 8 | 3000 | 180.0 | 8.4 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| TLV7012DGKR | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 2500 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 5.3 | 3.4 | 1.4 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| TLV7012DGKRG4 | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 2500 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 5.3 | 3.4 | 1.4 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| TLV7012DSGR | WSON | DSG | 8 | 3000 | 180.0 | 8.4 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.15 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q2 |
| TLV7021DBVR | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 3000 | 178.0 | 8.4 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| TLV7021DCKR | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 3000 | 178.0 | 8.4 | 2.25 | 2.45 | 1.2 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| TLV7021DCKT | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 250 | 180.0 | 8.4 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| TLV7021DPWR | X2SON | DPW | 5 | 3000 | 178.0 | 8.4 | 0.91 | 0.91 | 0.5 | 2.0 | 8.0 | Q2 |
| TLV7022DDFR | SOT-23-THIN | DDF | 8 | 3000 | 180.0 | 8.4 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| TLV7022DGKR | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 2500 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 5.3 | 3.4 | 1.4 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| TLV7022DSGR | WSON | DSG | 8 | 3000 | 180.0 | 8.4 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.15 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q2 |

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS


*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| TLV7011DBVR | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 3000 | 208.0 | 191.0 | 35.0 |
| TLV7011DCKR | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 3000 | 190.0 | 190.0 | 30.0 |
| TLV7011DCKT | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 250 | 190.0 | 190.0 | 30.0 |
| TLV7011DCKTG4 | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 250 | 190.0 | 190.0 | 30.0 |
| TLV7011DPWR | X2SON | DPW | 5 | 3000 | 205.0 | 200.0 | 33.0 |
| TLV7012DDFR | SOT-23-THIN | DDF | 8 | 3000 | 210.0 | 185.0 | 35.0 |
| TLV7012DGKR | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 2500 | 353.0 | 353.0 | 32.0 |
| TLV7012DGKRG4 | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 2500 | 353.0 | 353.0 | 32.0 |
| TLV7012DSGR | WSON | DSG | 8 | 3000 | 210.0 | 185.0 | 35.0 |
| TLV7021DBVR | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 3000 | 208.0 | 191.0 | 35.0 |
| TLV7021DCKR | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 3000 | 208.0 | 191.0 | 35.0 |
| TLV7021DCKT | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 250 | 210.0 | 185.0 | 35.0 |
| TLV7021DPWR | X2SON | DPW | 5 | 3000 | 205.0 | 200.0 | 33.0 |
| TLV7022DDFR | SOT-23-THIN | DDF | 8 | 3000 | 210.0 | 185.0 | 35.0 |
| TLV7022DGKR | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 2500 | 353.0 | 353.0 | 32.0 |
| TLV7022DSGR | WSON | DSG | 8 | 3000 | 210.0 | 185.0 | 35.0 |

TUBE


*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Name | Package Type | Pins | SPQ | L (mm) | W (mm) | T (μm) | B (mm) |
|---------------|--------------|--------------|------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| TLV7022DGKR | DGK | VSSOP | 8 | 2500 | 328 | 7.98 | 550 | NA |
| TLV7022DGKR.A | DGK | VSSOP | 8 | 2500 | 328 | 7.98 | 550 | NA |

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

DBV0005A

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:15X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4214839/K 08/2024

NOTES: (continued)

- 6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DBV0005A

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:15X

4214839/K 08/2024

NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

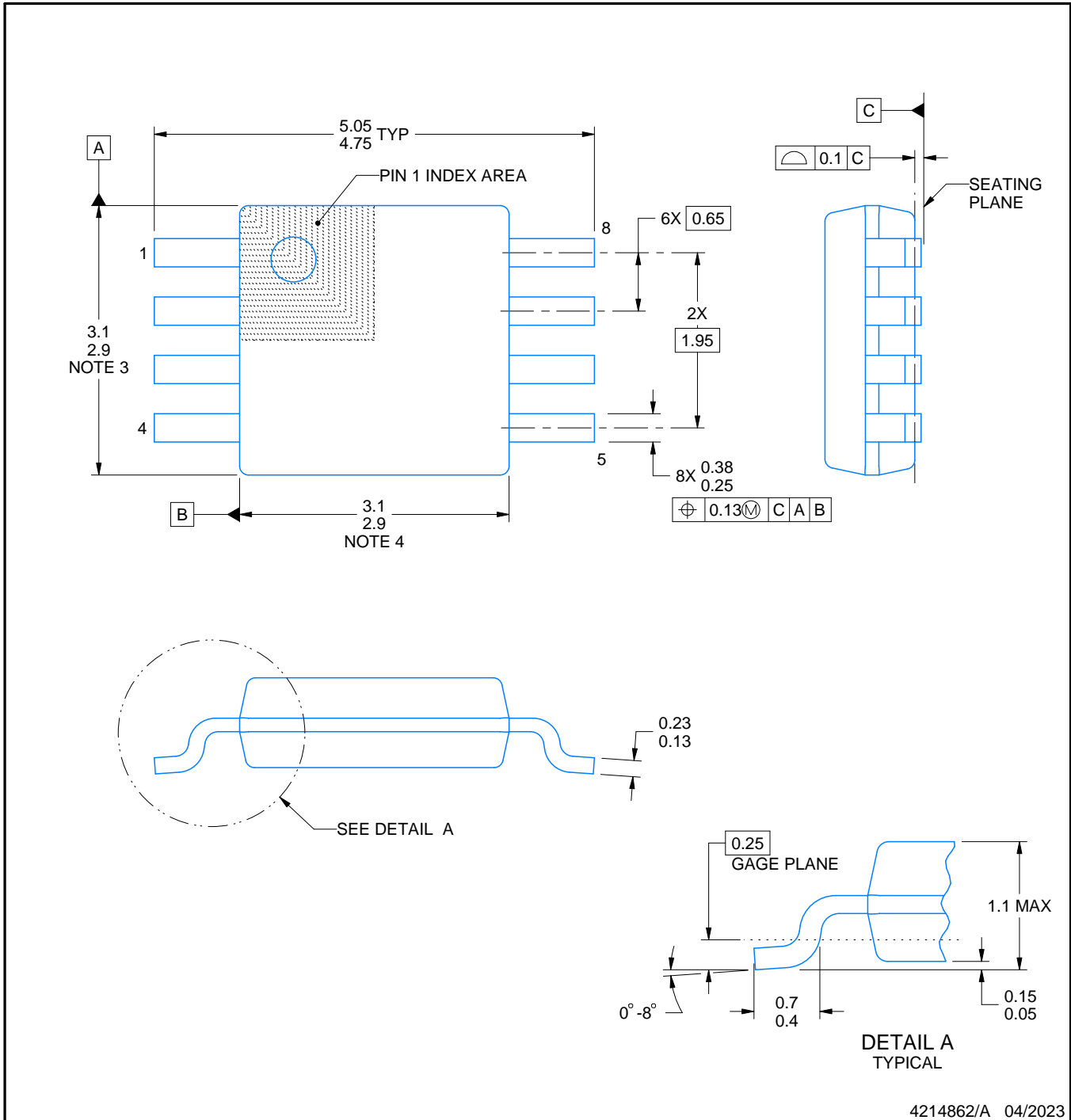
DGK0008A



PACKAGE OUTLINE

VSSOP - 1.1 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



4214862/A 04/2023

NOTES:

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-187.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

DGK0008A

™ VSSOP - 1.1 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE: 15X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4214862/A 04/2023

NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.
8. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.
9. Size of metal pad may vary due to creepage requirement.

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DGK0008A

TM VSSOP - 1.1 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
SCALE: 15X

4214862/A 04/2023

NOTES: (continued)

11. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
12. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

DPW 5

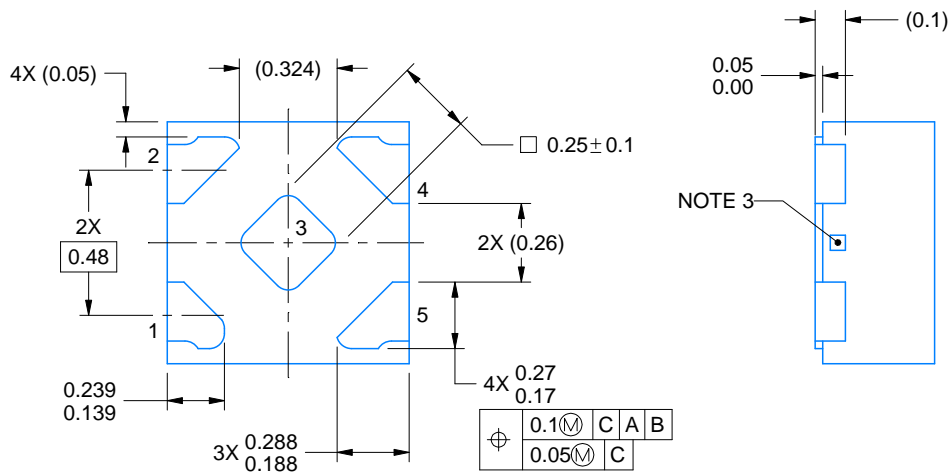
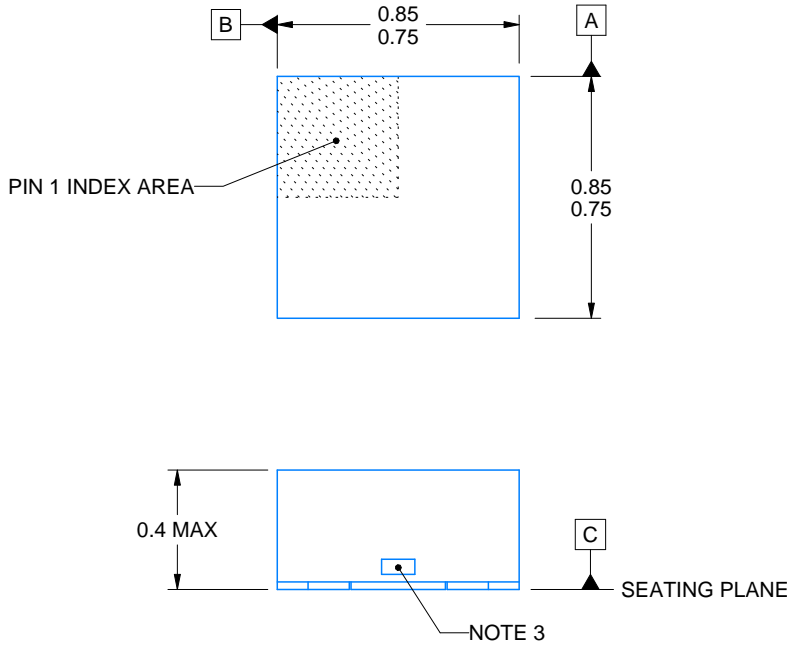
X2SON - 0.4 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.

4211218-3/D



4223102/D 03/2022

NOTES:

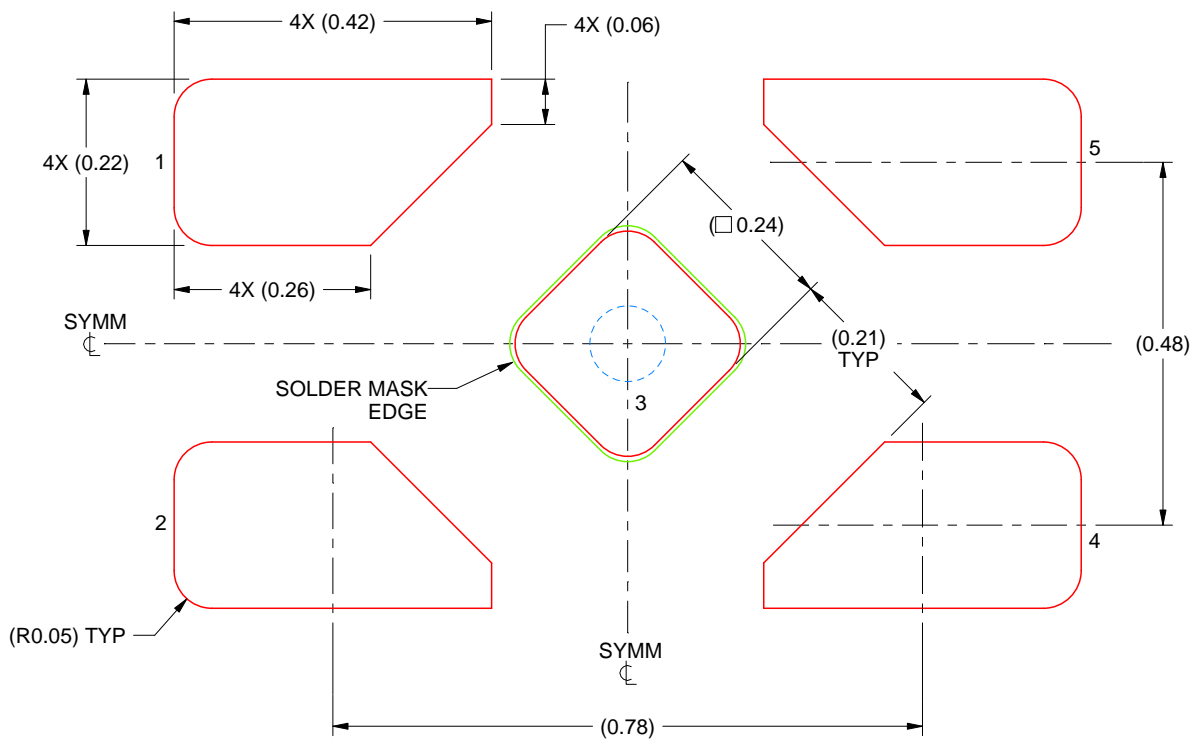
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. The size and shape of this feature may vary.

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DPW0005A

X2SON - 0.4 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.1 mm THICK STENCIL

EXPOSED PAD 3
92% PRINTED SOLDER COVERAGE BY AREA UNDER PACKAGE
SCALE:100X

4223102/D 03/2022

NOTES: (continued)

5. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

DCK0005A

SOT - 1.1 max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:18X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4214834/G 11/2024

NOTES: (continued)

- 7. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 8. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DCK0005A

SOT - 1.1 max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 THICK STENCIL
SCALE: 18X

4214834/G 11/2024

NOTES: (continued)

9. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
10. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

DDF0008A



PACKAGE OUTLINE

SOT-23-THIN - 1.1 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

DDF0008A

SOT-23-THIN - 1.1 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:15X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4222047/E 07/2024

NOTES: (continued)

- 4. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 5. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DDF0008A

SOT-23-THIN - 1.1 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:15X

4222047/E 07/2024

NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
7. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

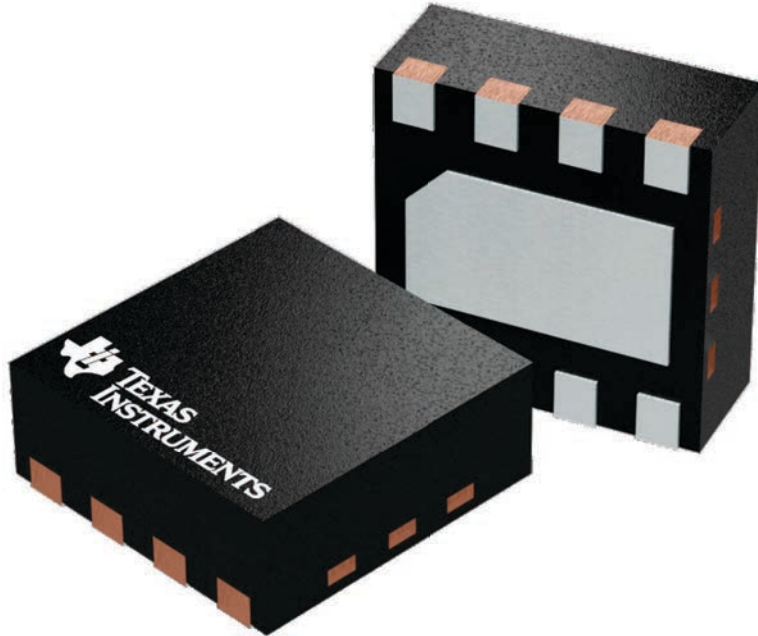
DSG 8

WSON - 0.8 mm max height

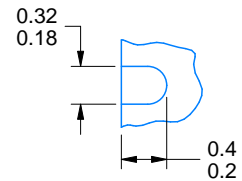
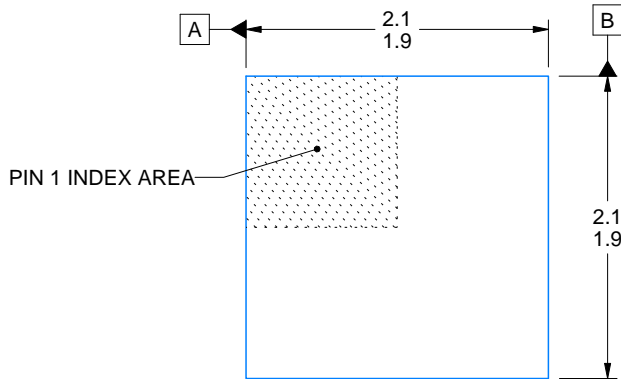
2 x 2, 0.5 mm pitch

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD

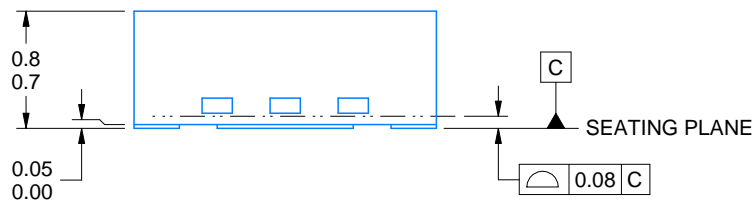
This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



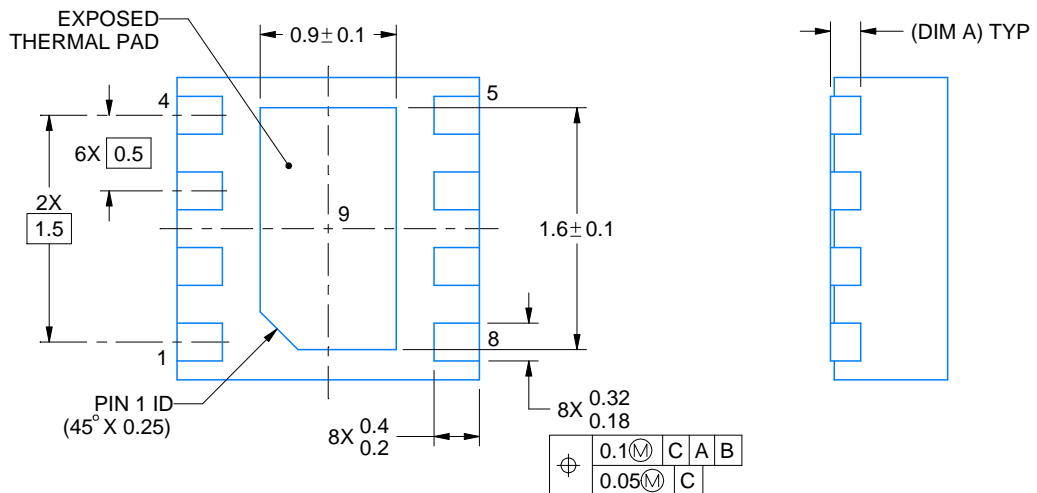
4224783/A



ALTERNATIVE TERMINAL SHAPE TYPICAL



| SIDE WALL METAL THICKNESS DIM A | |
|---------------------------------|----------|
| OPTION 1 | OPTION 2 |
| 0.1 | 0.2 |



4218900/E 08/2022

NOTES:

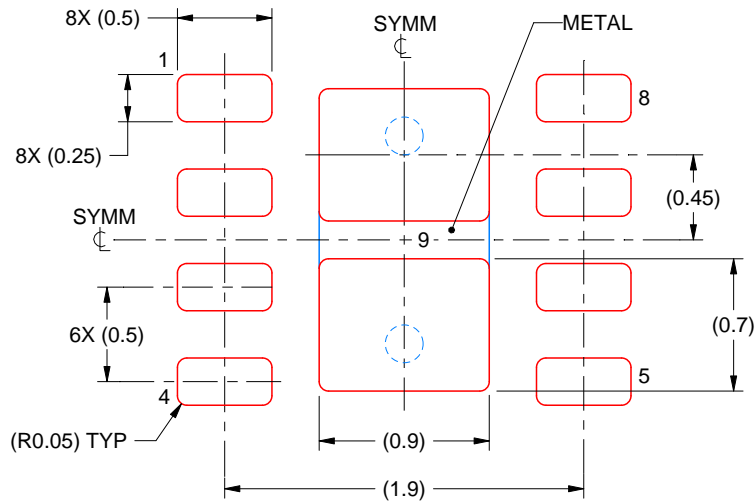
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DSG0008A

WSON - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL

EXPOSED PAD 9:
87% PRINTED SOLDER COVERAGE BY AREA UNDER PACKAGE
SCALE:25X

4218900/E 08/2022

NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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