

ADS7038x SPI インターフェイス、GPIO、CRC 搭載、小型、8 チャネル、12 ビット ADC

1 特長

- 小型のパッケージ
 - WQFN 3mm × 3mm
- 8 つのチャネルを次の任意の組み合わせに構成可能:
 - 最大 8 つのアナログ入力、デジタル入力、またはデジタル出力
- GPIO による I/O の拡張
 - オープンドレイン、プッシュプル デジタル出力
 - アナログ ウオッチドッグ
 - チャネルごとにスレッショルドをプログラム可能
 - 過渡除去用のイベント カウンタ
- 広い動作範囲:
 - AVDD: 2.35V ~ 5.5V
 - DVDD: 1.65V ~ 5.5V
 - 温度範囲: -40°C ~ +125°C
- 拡張 SPI デジタル インターフェイス
 - 60MHz の高速インターフェイス
 - 13.5MHz を超える SPI でフルスループットを実現
- CRC を使用した読み取り / 書き込み動作:
 - データ読み取り / 書き込み時の CRC
 - 起動構成時の CRC
- 平均化フィルタをプログラム可能
 - 平均化のサンプル サイズをプログラム可能
 - 内部変換による平均化
 - 16 ビット分解能

2 アプリケーション

- マクロリモート無線ユニット (RRU)
- バッテリ管理システム (BMS)
- ストリング インバータ
- 集中型インバータ

3 概要

ADS7038 は、使いやすい 8 チャネル、多重化、12 ビット、逐次比較型アナログ / デジタル コンバータ (SAR ADC) です。8 つのチャネルは、アナログ入力、デジタル入力、デジタル出力のいずれかとして独立して構成可能です。このデバイスは、ADC 変換プロセス用の発振器を内蔵しています。

ADS7038 は SPI 互換のインターフェイスを使用して通信を行い、自律モードまたはシングル ショット変換モードで動作します。ADS7038 は、プログラム可能な高および低スレッショルド、ヒステリシス、イベント カウンタを備えたデジタル ウィンドウ コンバレータを使用して、チャネルごとのイベントトリガ割り込みによるアナログ ウオッチドッグ機能を実装しています。ADS7038 は、データの読み取り / 書き込み動作と起動構成のための巡回冗長性検査 (CRC) を内蔵しています。

パッケージ情報

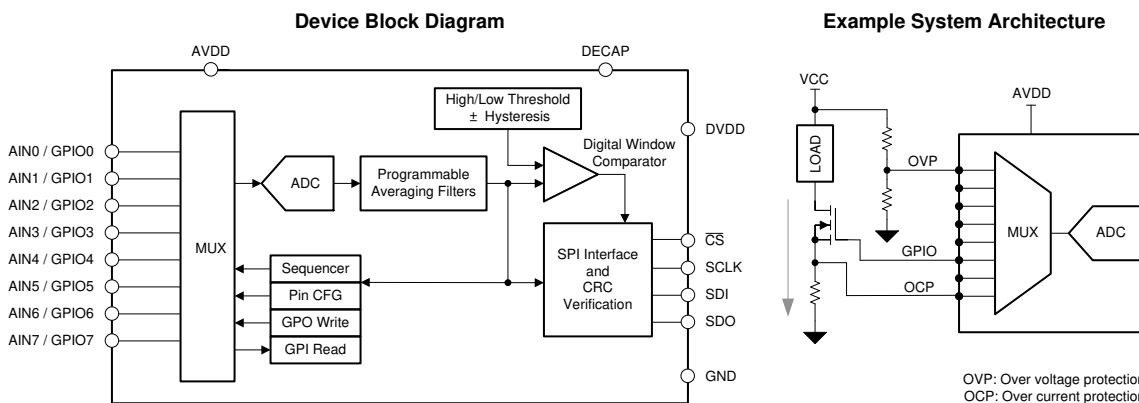
部品番号	パッケージ ⁽¹⁾	パッケージ サイズ ⁽²⁾
ADS7038、 ADS7038H	RTE (WQFN, 16)	3mm × 3mm

(1) 詳細については、「メカニカル、パッケージ、および注文情報」を参照してください。

(2) パッケージ サイズ (長さ × 幅) は公称値であり、該当する場合はピンも含まれます。

製品情報

部品番号	SPEED
ADS7038	1MSPS
ADS7038H	1.5MSPS



ADS7038 のブロック図とアプリケーション



このリソースの元の言語は英語です。翻訳は概要を便宜的に提供するもので、自動化ツール (機械翻訳) を使用していることがあり、TI では翻訳の正確性および妥当性につきましては一切保証いたしません。実際の設計などの前には、ti.com で必ず最新の英語版をご参照くださいますようお願いいたします。

English Data Sheet: [SBAS979](#)

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4 Device Comparison Table

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	SPEED	CRC MODULE	ZERO-CROSSING-DETECT (ZCD) MODULE	ROOT-MEAN-SQUARE (RMS) MODULE
ADS7028	8-channel, 12-bit ADC with SPI interface and GPIOs	1 MSPS	Yes	Yes	Yes
ADS7038		1 MSPS	Yes	No	No
ADS7038-Q1		1MSPS	Yes	No	No
ADS7038H		1.5MSPS	Yes	No	No

5 Pin Configuration and Functions

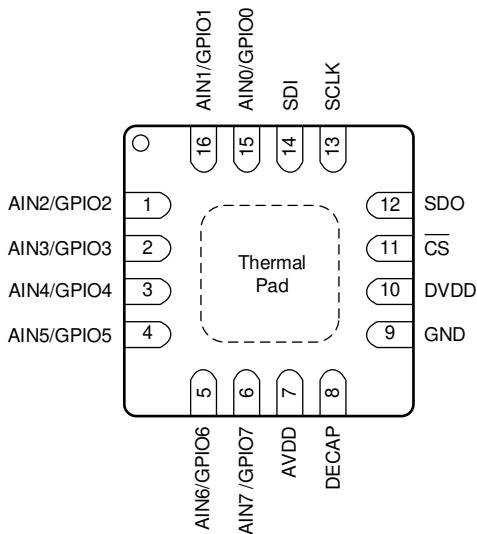


図 5-1. RTE Package, 16-Pin WQFN, Top View

表 5-1. Pin Functions

PIN		FUNCTION ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
AIN0/GPIO0	15	AI, DI, DO	Channel 0; can be configured as either an analog input (default), digital input, or digital output.
AIN1/GPIO1	16	AI, DI, DO	Channel 1; can be configured as either an analog input (default), digital input, or digital output.
AIN2/GPIO2	1	AI, DI, DO	Channel 2; can be configured as either an analog input (default), digital input, or digital output.
AIN3/GPIO3	2	AI, DI, DO	Channel 3; can be configured as either an analog input (default), digital input, or digital output.
AIN4/GPIO4	3	AI, DI, DO	Channel 4; can be configured as either an analog input (default), digital input, or digital output.
AIN5/GPIO5	4	AI, DI, DO	Channel 5; can be configured as either an analog input (default), digital input, or digital output.
AIN6/GPIO6	5	AI, DI, DO	Channel 6; can be configured as either an analog input (default), digital input, or digital output.
AIN7/GPIO7	6	AI, DI, DO	Channel 7; can be configured as either an analog input (default), digital input, or digital output.
AVDD	7	Supply	Analog supply input, also used as the reference voltage to the ADC; connect a 1- μ F decoupling capacitor to GND.
CS	11	DI	Chip-select input pin; active low. The device takes control of the data bus when CS is low. The device starts converting the active input channel on the rising edge of CS. SDO goes hi-Z when CS is high.
DECAP	8	Supply	Connect a 1- μ F decoupling capacitor to GND for the internal power supply.
DVDD	10	Supply	Digital I/O supply voltage; connect a 1- μ F decoupling capacitor to GND.
GND	9	Supply	Ground for the power supply; all analog and digital signals are referred to this pin voltage.
SCLK	13	DI	Serial clock for the SPI interface.
SDI	14	DI	Serial data in for the device.
SDO	12	DO	Serial data out for the device.
Thermal pad	—	Supply	Exposed thermal pad; connect to GND.

(1) AI = analog input, DI = digital input, and DO = digital output.

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating ambient temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
DVDD to GND	-0.3	5.5	V
AVDD to GND	-0.3	5.5	V
AIN _x / GPIO _x ⁽³⁾ to GND	GND – 0.3	AVDD + 0.3	V
Digital input to GND	GND – 0.3	5.5	V
Current through any pin except supply pins ⁽²⁾	-10	10	mA
Junction temperature, T _J	-40	125	°C
Storage temperature, T _{stg}	-60	150	°C

(1) Operation outside the Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device damage. Absolute Maximum Ratings do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Recommended Operating Conditions. If used outside the Recommended Operating Conditions but within the Absolute Maximum Ratings, the device may not be fully functional, and this may affect device reliability, functionality, performance, and shorten the device lifetime.

(2) Limit pin current to 10mA or less.

(3) AIN_x / GPIO_x refers to pins 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 15, and 16.

6.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins ⁽¹⁾	±2000
		Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins ⁽²⁾	±500

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
POWER SUPPLY					
AVDD	Analog supply voltage		2.35	3.3	V
DVDD	Digital supply voltage		1.65	3.3	V
ANALOG INPUTS					
FSR	Full-scale input range	AIN _x - GND	0	AVDD	V
V _{IN}	Absolute input voltage	AIN _x - GND	-0.1	AVDD + 0.1	V
TEMPERATURE RANGE					
T _A	Ambient temperature		-40	25	125 °C

(1) AIN_x refers to AIN0, AIN1, AIN2, AIN3, AIN4, AIN5, AIN6, and AIN7.

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		ADS7038, ADS7038H	UNIT
		RTE (WQFN)	
		16 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	49.7	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(\text{top})}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	53.4	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	24.7	°C/W
Ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	1.3	°C/W
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	24.7	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(\text{bot})}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	9.3	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

at AVDD = 5V, DVDD = 1.65V to 5.5V, and maximum throughput (unless otherwise noted); minimum and maximum values at $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$; typical values at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
ANALOG INPUTS					
C_{SH}	Sampling capacitance		12		pF
DC PERFORMANCE					
	Resolution	No missing codes	12		bits
DNL	Differential nonlinearity		-0.75	±0.3	0.75
INL	Integral nonlinearity		-1.3	±0.5	1.3
$V_{(\text{OS})}$	Input offset error	Post offset calibration	-2	±0.3	2
	Input offset thermal drift	Post offset calibration		±1	ppm/°C
G_E	Gain error		-0.075	±0.05	0.075
	Gain error thermal drift			±1	ppm/°C
AC PERFORMANCE					
SINAD	Signal-to-noise + distortion ratio	AVDD = 5V, $f_{\text{IN}} = 2\text{kHz}$	70.2	72.9	dB
		AVDD = 3V, $f_{\text{IN}} = 2\text{kHz}$	70.2	72.7	
SNR	Signal-to-noise ratio	AVDD = 5V, $f_{\text{IN}} = 2\text{kHz}$	71.2	73.1	dB
		AVDD = 3V, $f_{\text{IN}} = 2\text{kHz}$	70.5	72.9	
THD	Total harmonic distortion	$f_{\text{IN}} = 2\text{kHz}$		-87.5	dB
SFDR	Spurious-free dynamic range	$f_{\text{IN}} = 2\text{kHz}$		91	dB
	Isolation crosstalk	$f_{\text{IN}} = 100\text{kHz}$		-100	dB
DECAP Pin					
	Decoupling capacitor on DECAP pin		0.22	1	4.7 μF
SPI INTERFACE (CS, SCLK, SDI, SDO)					
V_{IH}	Input high logic level		0.7 x DVDD	5.5	V
V_{IL}	Input low logic level		-0.3	0.3 x DVDD	V
V_{OH}	Output high logic level	Source current = 2mA, DVDD > 2V	0.8 x DVDD	DVDD	V
		Source current = 2mA, DVDD ≤ 2V	0.7 x DVDD	DVDD	
V_{OL}	Output low logic level	Sink current = 2mA, DVDD > 2V	0	0.4	V
		Sink current = 2mA, DVDD ≤ 2V	0	0.2 x DVDD	

6.5 Electrical Characteristics (続き)

at AVDD = 5V, DVDD = 1.65V to 5.5V, and maximum throughput (unless otherwise noted); minimum and maximum values at $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$; typical values at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
GPIOs					
V_{IH}	Input high logic level		$0.7 \times \text{AVDD}$	$\text{AVDD} + 0.3$	V
V_{IL}	Input low logic level		-0.3	$0.3 \times \text{AVDD}$	V
	Input leakage current	GPIO configured as input		10	100
				nA	
V_{OH}	Output high logic level	$\text{GPO_DRIVE_CFG} = \text{push-pull}$, $I_{\text{SOURCE}} = 2\text{mA}$	$0.8 \times \text{AVDD}$	AVDD	V
V_{OL}	Output low logic level	$I_{\text{SINK}} = 2\text{mA}$	0	$0.2 \times \text{AVDD}$	V
I_{OH}	Output high source current	$V_{OH} > 0.7 \times \text{AVDD}$		5	mA
I_{OL}	Output low sink current	$V_{OL} < 0.3 \times \text{AVDD}$		5	mA
POWER-SUPPLY CURRENTS					
I_{AVDD}	Analog supply current	Full throughput, AVDD = 5V	490	600	μA
		Full throughput, AVDD = 3V	455	550	
		No conversion, AVDD = 5V	7	25	
I_{DVDD}	Digital interface supply current	Full throughput, DVDD = 5V	560		μA
		Full throughput, DVDD = 1.8V	162		
		No conversion, AVDD = 5V	0.7		

6.6 Timing Requirements

at AVDD = 5V, DVDD = 1.65V to 5.5V, and maximum throughput (unless otherwise noted); minimum and maximum values at $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$; typical values at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
CONVERSION CYCLE				
f_{CYCLE}	Sampling frequency	ADS7038	1000	kSPS
		ADS7038H	1500	kSPS
t_{CYCLE}	ADC cycle-time period		$1 / f_{\text{CYCLE}}$	s
t_{ACQ}	Acquisition time	ADS7038	300	ns
		ADS7038H	200	ns
$t_{\text{QT_ACQ}}$	Quiet acquisition time		10	ns
$t_{\text{D_CNVCAP}}$	Quiet conversion time		10	ns
$t_{\text{WH_CSZ}}$	Pulse duration: $\overline{\text{CS}}$ high		200	ns
$t_{\text{WL_CSZ}}$	Pulse duration: $\overline{\text{CS}}$ low		200	ns
SPI INTERFACE TIMINGS				
f_{CLK}	Maximum SCLK frequency		60	MHz
t_{CLK}	Minimum SCLK time period		16.67	ns
$t_{\text{PH_CK}}$	SCLK high time		0.45	t_{CLK}
$t_{\text{PL_CK}}$	SCLK low time		0.45	t_{CLK}
$t_{\text{SU_CSCK}}$	Setup time: $\overline{\text{CS}}$ falling to the first SCLK capture edge		3.5	ns
$t_{\text{SU_CKDI}}$	Setup time: SDI data valid to the SCLK capture edge		1.5	ns
$t_{\text{HT_CKDI}}$	Hold time: SCLK capture edge to data valid on SDI		2	ns
$t_{\text{D_CKCS}}$	Delay time: last SCLK falling to $\overline{\text{CS}}$ rising		6	ns

6.7 Switching Characteristics

at AVDD = 5V, DVDD = 1.65V to 5.5V, and maximum throughput (unless otherwise noted); minimum and maximum values at $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$; typical values at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER		Test Conditions	MIN	MAX	UNIT
CONVERSION CYCLE					
t_{CONV}	ADC conversion time	ADS7038		600	ns
		ADS7038H		467	ns
RESET and ALERT					
t_{PU}	Power-up time for device	$\text{AVDD} \geq 2.35 \text{ V}$, $C_{\text{DECAP}} = 1 \mu\text{F}$		5	ms
t_{RST}	Delay time; RST bit = 1b to device reset complete ⁽¹⁾			5	ms
$t_{\text{ALERT_HI}}$	ALERT high period	$\text{ALERT_LOGIC}[1:0] = 1x$	50	150	ns
$t_{\text{ALERT_LO}}$	ALERT low period	$\text{ALERT_LOGIC}[1:0] = 1x$	50	150	ns
SPI INTERFACE TIMINGS					
$t_{\text{DEN_CSDO}}$	Delay time: CS falling to data enable			15	ns
$t_{\text{DZ_CSDO}}$	Delay time: CS rising to SDO going Hi-Z			15	ns
$t_{\text{D_CKDO}}$	Delay time: SCLK launch edge to (next) data valid on SDO			16	ns
$t_{\text{HT_CKDO}}$	Hold time: SCLK launch edge to (previous) data valid on SDO	$\text{DVDD} \geq 3\text{V}$	4.3		ns
		$\text{DVDD} < 3\text{V}$	6.5		

(1) RST bit is automatically reset to 0b after t_{RST} .

6.8 Timing Diagrams

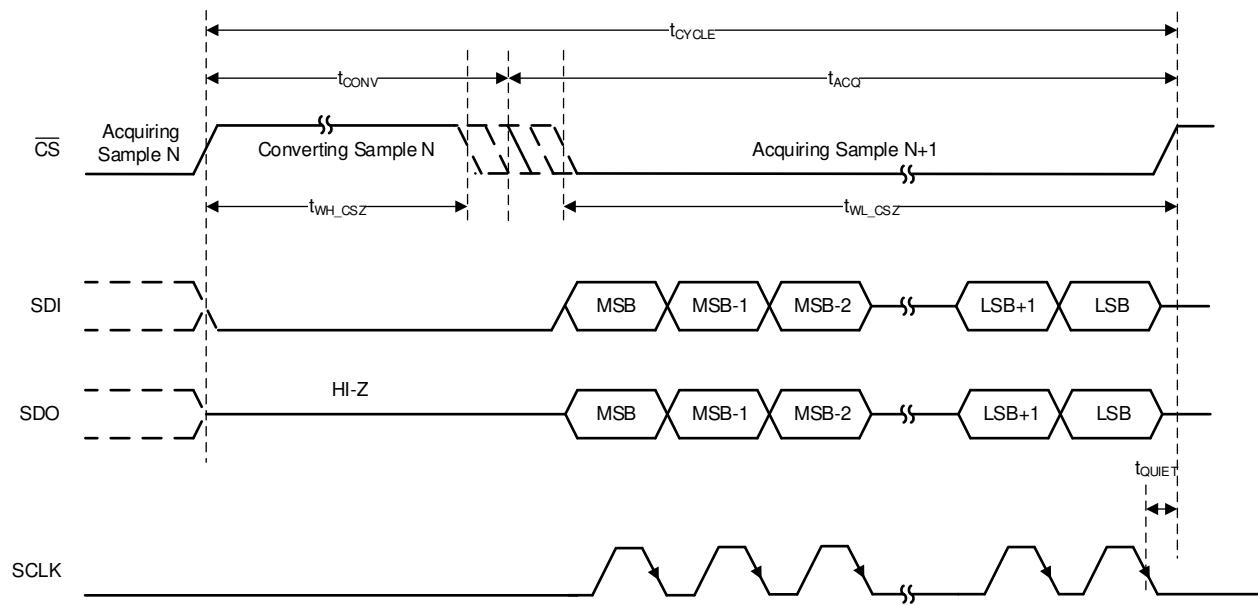
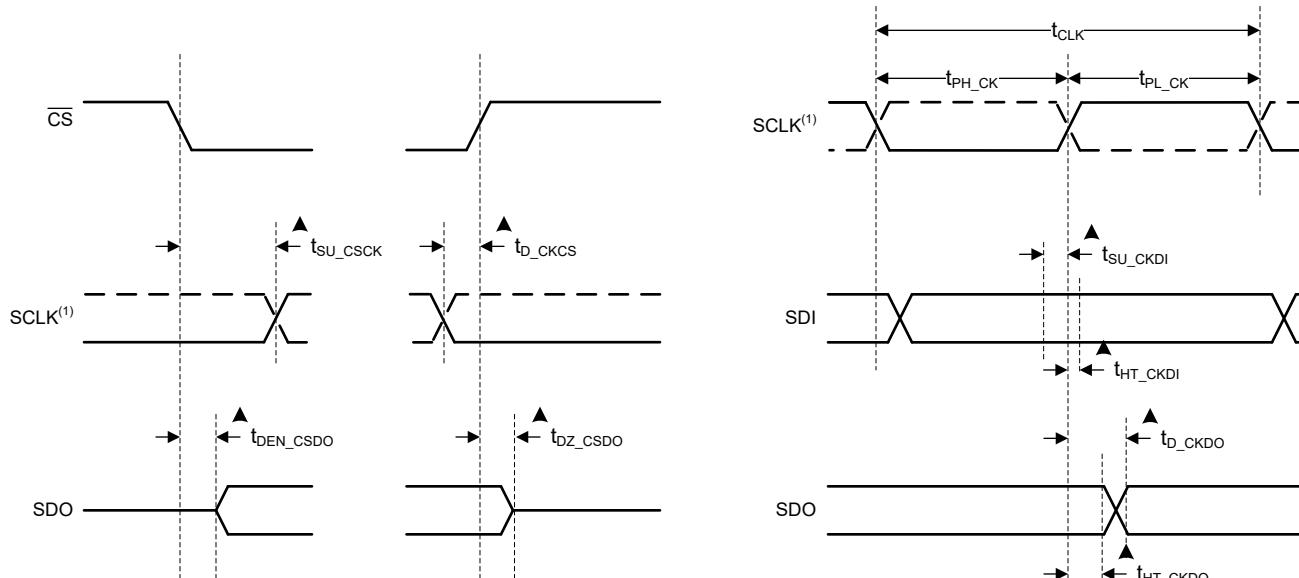


図 6-1. Conversion Cycle Timing



1. The SCLK polarity, launch edge, and capture edge depend on the SPI protocol selected.

図 6-2. SPI-Compatible Serial Interface Timing

6.9 Typical Characteristics

at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $\text{AVDD} = 5\text{ V}$, $\text{DVDD} = 1.8\text{ V}$, and $f_{\text{SAMPLE}} = 1\text{ MSPS}$ (unless otherwise noted)

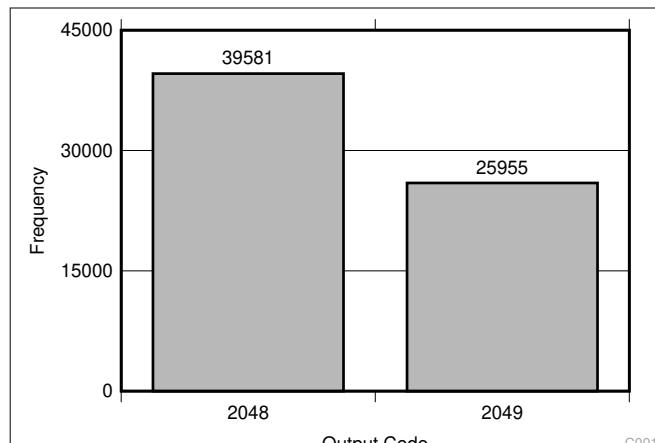


図 6-3. DC Input Histogram

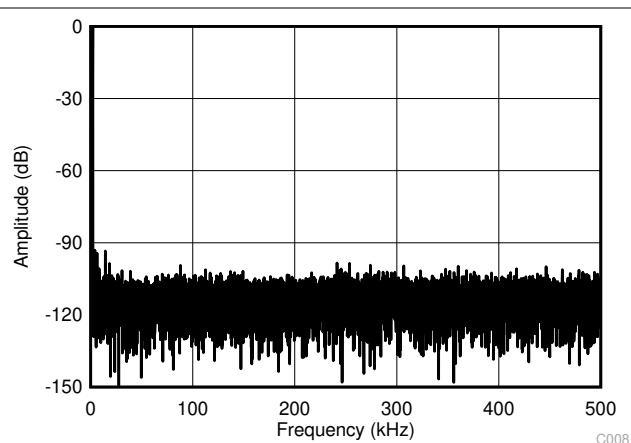


図 6-4. Typical FFT

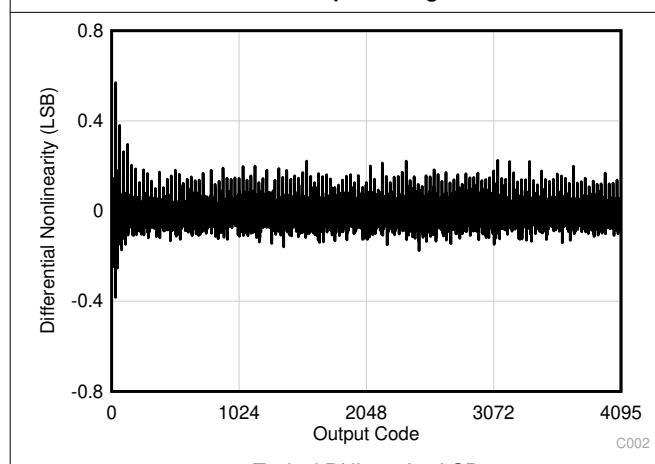


図 6-5. Typical DNL

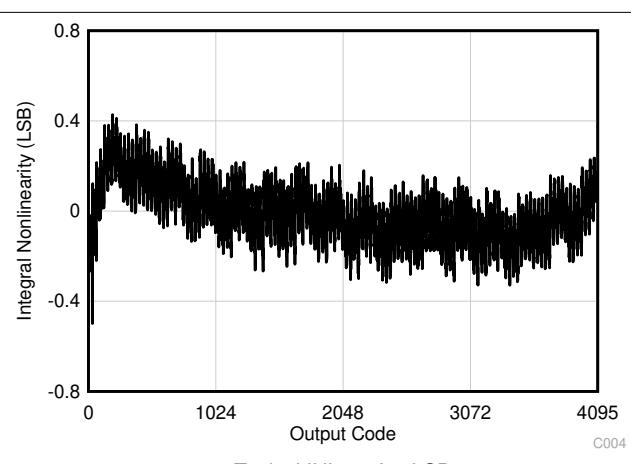


図 6-6. Typical INL

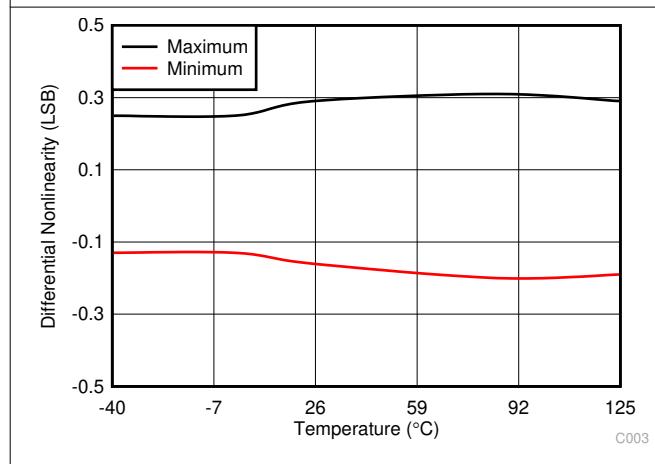


図 6-7. DNL vs Temperature

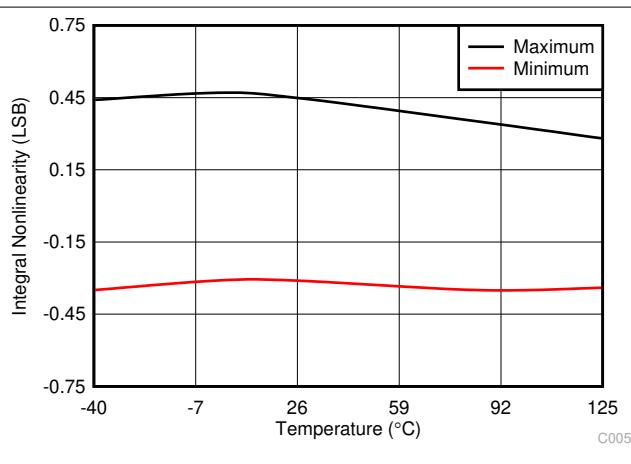


図 6-8. INL vs Temperature

6.9 Typical Characteristics (continued)

at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $\text{AVDD} = 5\text{ V}$, $\text{DVDD} = 1.8\text{ V}$, and $f_{\text{SAMPLE}} = 1\text{ MSPS}$ (unless otherwise noted)

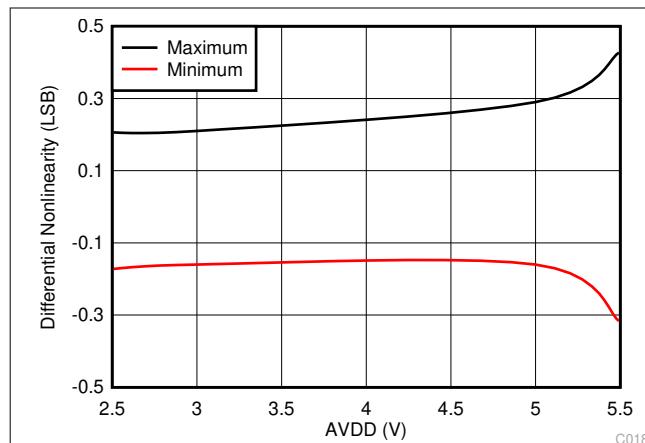


図 6-9. DNL vs AVDD

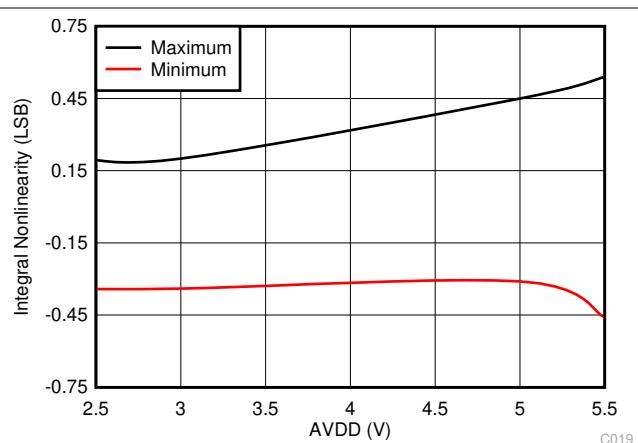


図 6-10. INL vs AVDD

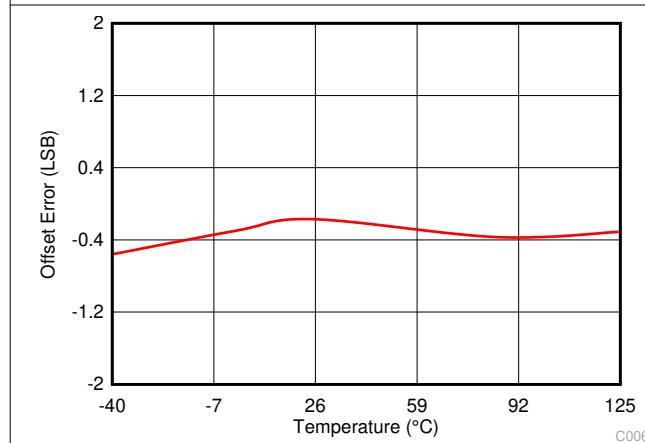


図 6-11. Offset Error vs Temperature

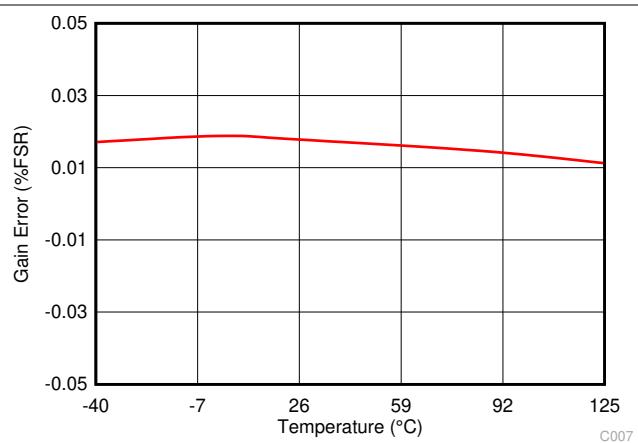


図 6-12. Gain Error vs Temperature

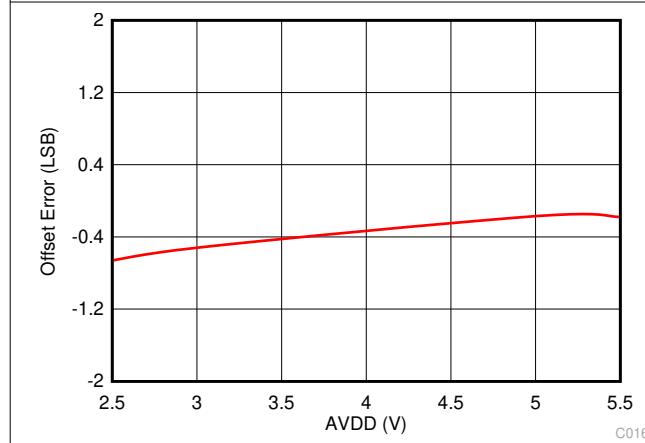


図 6-13. Offset Error vs AVDD

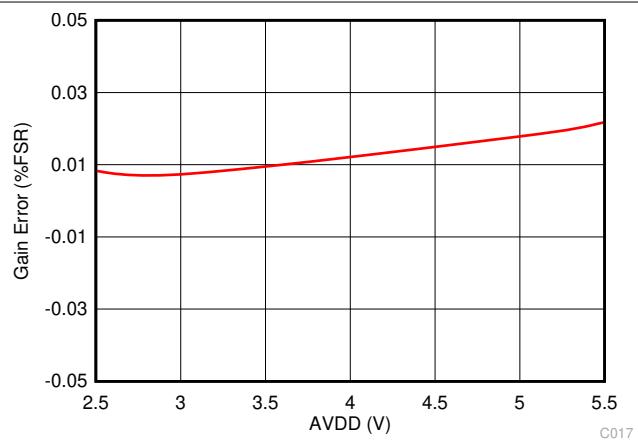


図 6-14. Gain Error vs AVDD

6.9 Typical Characteristics (continued)

at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $\text{AVDD} = 5\text{ V}$, $\text{DVDD} = 1.8\text{ V}$, and $f_{\text{SAMPLE}} = 1\text{ MSPS}$ (unless otherwise noted)

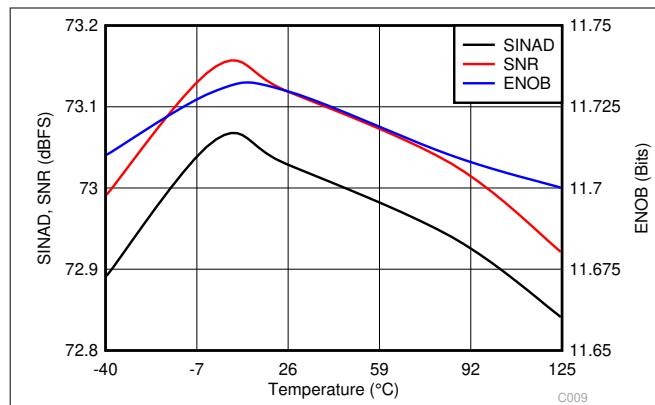


図 6-15. Noise Performance vs Temperature

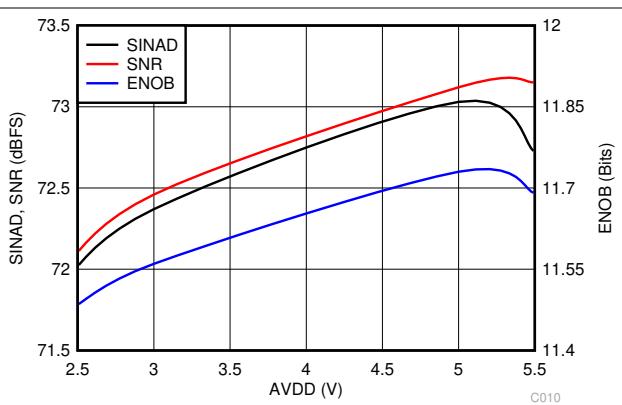


図 6-16. Noise Performance vs AVDD

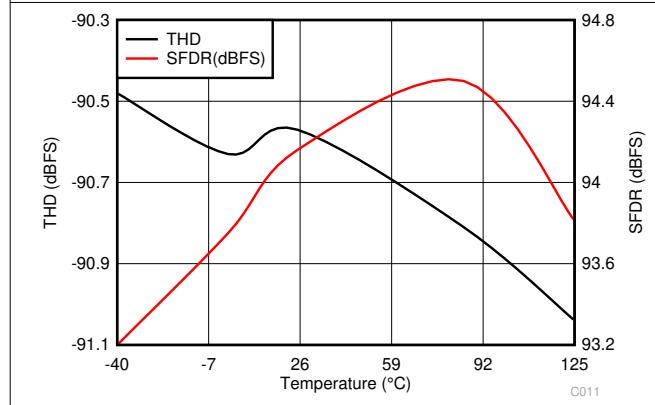


図 6-17. Distortion Performance vs Temperature

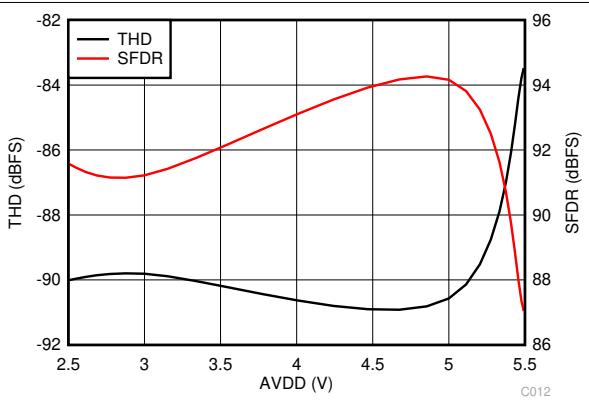


図 6-18. Distortion Performance vs AVDD

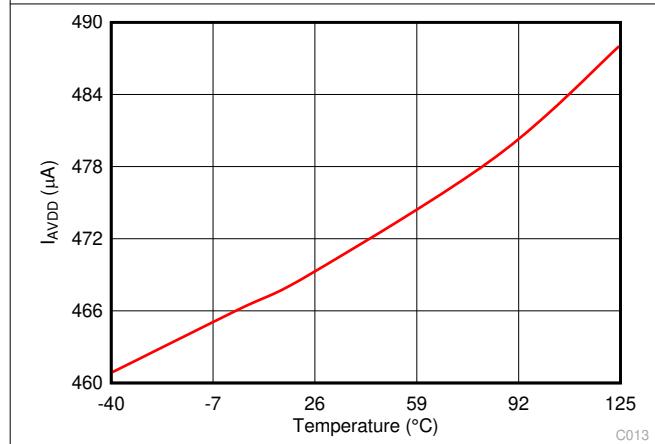


図 6-19. Analog Supply Current vs Temperature

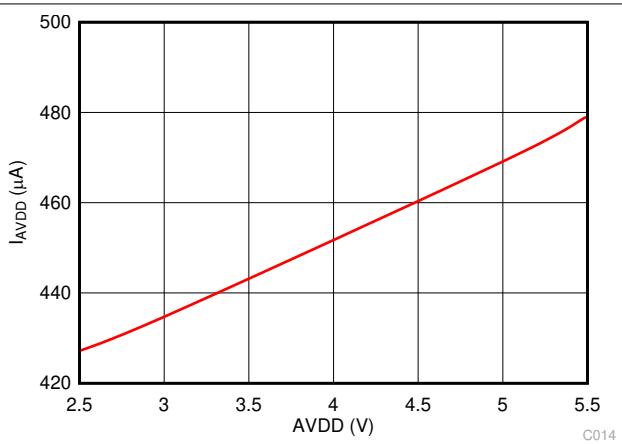


図 6-20. Analog Supply Current vs AVDD

6.9 Typical Characteristics (continued)

at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $\text{AVDD} = 5\text{ V}$, $\text{DVDD} = 1.8\text{ V}$, and $f_{\text{SAMPLE}} = 1\text{ MSPS}$ (unless otherwise noted)

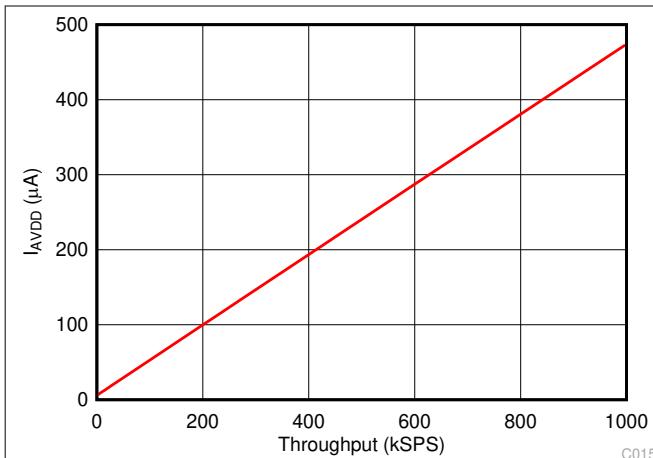


图 6-21. Analog Supply Current vs Throughput

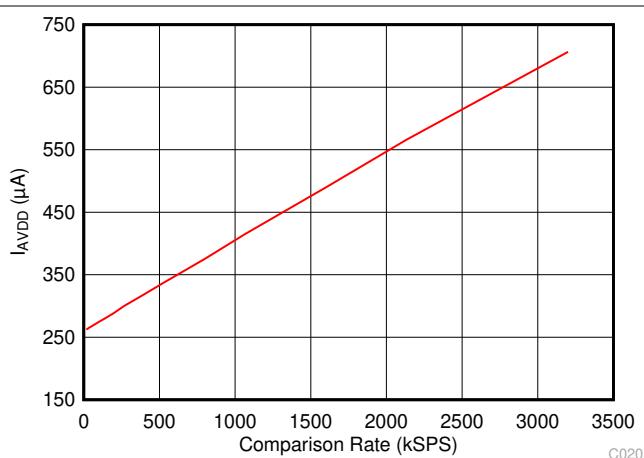


图 6-22. Analog Supply Current vs Comparison Rate (OSC_SEL = 0) in Turbo Comparator Mode

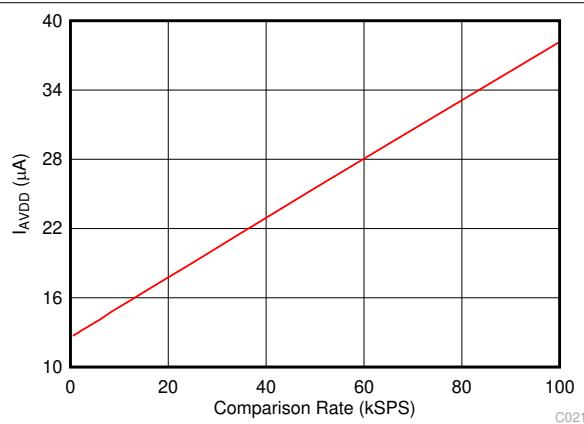


图 6-23. Analog Supply Current vs Comparison Rate (OSC_SEL = 1) in Turbo Comparator Mode

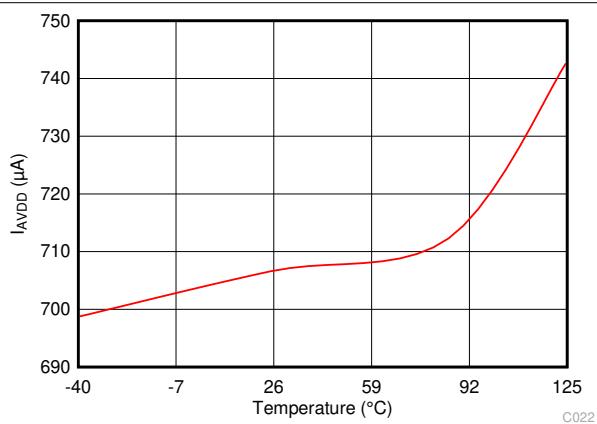


图 6-24. Analog Supply Current vs Temperature (OSC_SEL = 0, CLK_DIV = 0) in Turbo Comparator Mode

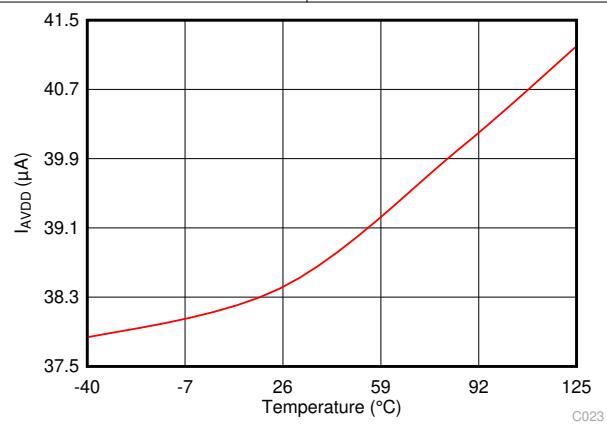


图 6-25. Analog Supply Current vs Temperature (OSC_SEL = 1, CLK_DIV = 0) in Turbo Comparator Mode

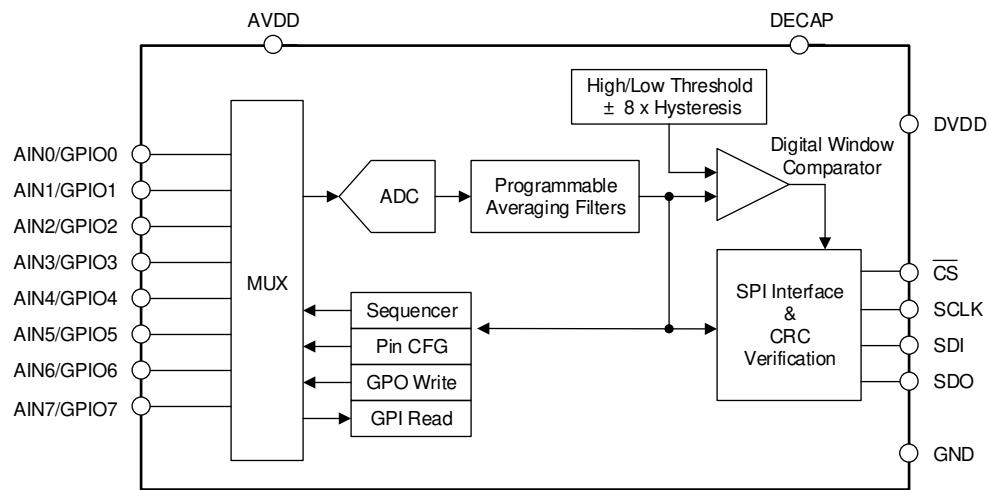
7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The ADS7038 is a small, eight-channel, multiplexed, 12-bit, 1-MSPS, analog-to-digital converter (ADC) with an enhanced-SPI serial interface. The eight channels of the ADS7038 can be individually configured as either analog inputs, digital inputs, or digital outputs. The device includes a digital window comparator that can be used to alert the host when a programmed high or low threshold is crossed on any input channel. The device uses an internal oscillator for conversion. The ADC can be used in manual mode for reading ADC data over the SPI interface or in autonomous and turbo comparator modes for monitoring the analog inputs without an active SPI interface.

The device features a programmable averaging filter that outputs a 16-bit result for enhanced resolution.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Multiplexer and ADC

The eight channels of the multiplexer can be independently configured as ADC inputs or general-purpose inputs/outputs (GPIOs). As shown in [图 7-1](#), every $AIN_x/GPIO_x$ channel has ESD protection diodes to AVDD and GND. On power-up or after device reset, all eight multiplexer channels are configured as analog inputs.

[图 7-1](#) shows an equivalent circuit for pins configured as analog inputs. The ADC sampling switch is represented by ideal switch (SW) in series with the resistor R_{SW} (typically $150\ \Omega$) and the sampling capacitor, C_{SH} (typically $12\ pF$).

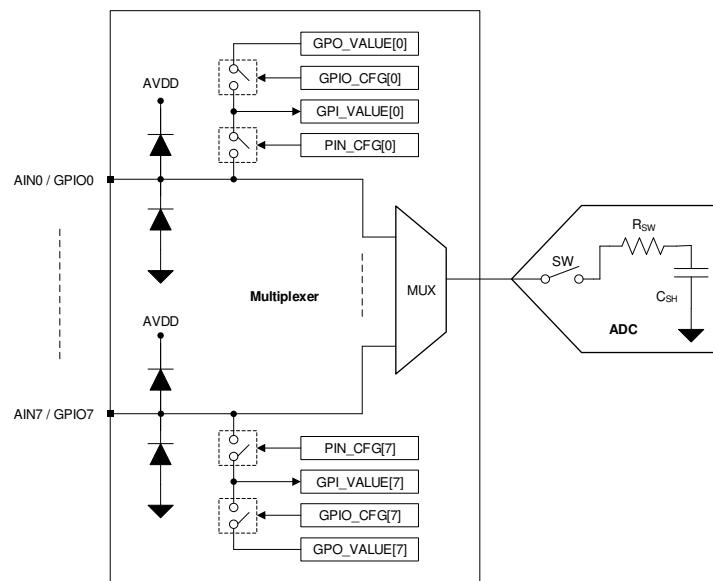


图 7-1. Analog Inputs, GPIOs, and ADC Connections

During acquisition, the SW switch is closed to allow the signal on the selected analog input channel to charge the internal sampling capacitor. During conversion, the SW switch is opened to disconnect the analog input channel from the sampling capacitor.

The multiplexer channels can be configured as GPIOs in the PIN_CFG register. The direction of a GPIO (either as an input or an output) can be set in the GPIO_CFG register. The logic level on the channels configured as digital inputs can be read from the GPI_VALUE register. The digital outputs can be accessed by writing to the GPO_VALUE register. The digital outputs can be configured as either open-drain or push-pull in the GPO_DRIVE_CFG register.

7.3.2 Reference

The device uses the analog supply voltage (AVDD) as the reference for the analog-to-digital conversion process. TI recommends connecting a $1\text{-}\mu F$, low-equivalent series resistance (ESR) ceramic decoupling capacitor between the AVDD and GND pins.

7.3.3 ADC Transfer Function

The ADC output is in straight binary format. 式 1 computes the ADC resolution:

$$1 \text{ LSB} = V_{\text{REF}} / 2^N \quad (1)$$

where:

- $V_{\text{REF}} = \text{AVDD}$
- $N = 12$

図 7-2 and 表 7-1 detail the transfer characteristics for the device.

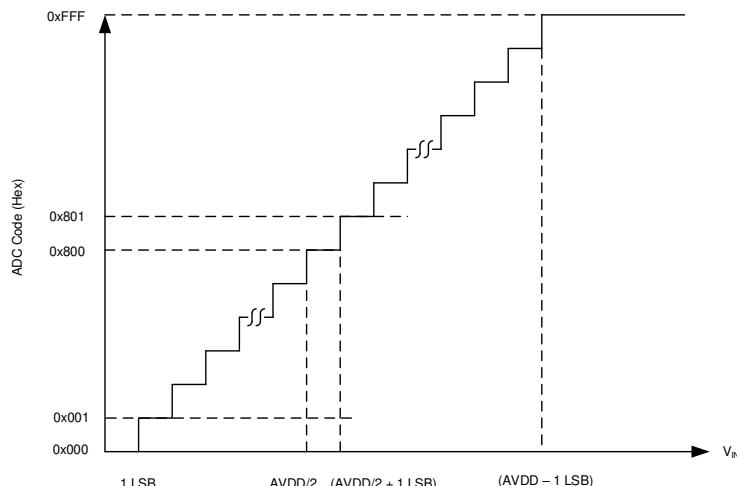


図 7-2. Ideal Transfer Characteristics

表 7-1. Transfer Characteristics

INPUT VOLTAGE	CODE	IDEAL OUTPUT CODE
$\leq 1 \text{ LSB}$	Zero	000
1 LSB to 2 LSBs	Zero + 1	001
$(\text{AVDD} / 2) \text{ to } (\text{AVDD} / 2) + 1 \text{ LSB}$	Mid-scale code	800
$(\text{AVDD} / 2) + 1 \text{ LSB} \text{ to } (\text{AVDD} / 2) + 2 \text{ LSB}$	Mid-scale code + 1	801
$\geq \text{AVDD} - 1 \text{ LSB}$	Full-scale code	FFF

7.3.4 ADC Offset Calibration

The variation in ADC offset error resulting from changes in temperature or AVDD can be calibrated by setting the CAL bit in the GENERAL_CFG register. The CAL bit is reset to 0 after calibration. The host can poll the CAL bit to check the ADC offset calibration completion status.

7.3.5 Programmable Averaging Filter

The TLA2518 features a built-in oversampling (OSR) function that can be used to average several samples. The averaging filter can be enabled by programming the OSR[2:0] bits in the OSR_CFG register. The averaging filter configuration is common to all analog input channels. [图 7-3](#) shows that the averaging filter module output is 16 bits long. In manual conversion mode and auto-sequence mode, only the first conversion for the selected analog input channel must be initiated by the host; see the [Manual Mode](#) and [Auto-Sequence Mode](#) sections. As shown in [图 7-3](#), any remaining conversions for the selected averaging factor are generated internally. The time required to complete the averaging operation is determined by the sampling speed and number of samples to be averaged. As shown in [图 7-3](#), the 16-bit result can be read out after the averaging operation completes.

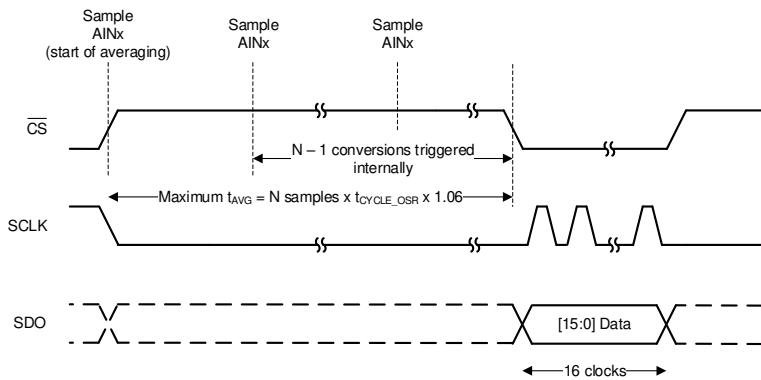


图 7-3. Averaging Example

In autonomous mode of operation, samples from analog input channels that are enabled in the AUTO_SEQ_CH_SEL register are averaged sequentially. The digital window comparator compares the top 12 bits of the 16-bit average result with the thresholds.

[式 2](#) provides the LSB value of the 16-bit average result.

$$1 \text{ LSB} = \frac{AVDD}{2^{16}} \quad (2)$$

7.3.6 General-Purpose I/Os

The eight channels of the TLA2518 can be independently configured as analog inputs, digital inputs, or digital outputs. [表 7-2](#) describes how the PIN_CFG and GPIO_CFG registers can be used to configure the device channels.

表 7-2. Configuring Channels as Analog Inputs or GPIOs

PIN_CFG[7:0]	GPIO_CFG[7:0]	GPO_DRIVE_CFG[7:0]	CHANNEL CONFIGURATION
0	x	x	Analog input (default)
1	0	x	Digital input
1	1	0	Digital output; open-drain driver
1	1	1	Digital output; push-pull driver

Digital outputs can be configured to logic 1 or 0 by writing to the GPO_VALUE register. Reading the GPI_VALUE register returns the logic level for all channels configured as digital inputs or digital outputs. The GPI_VALUE register can be read to detect a failure in external components, such as a floating pullup resistor or a low-impedance pulldown resistor, that prevents digital outputs being set to the desired logic level.

7.3.7 Oscillator and Timing Control

The device uses an internal oscillator for conversion. When using the averaging module, the host initiates the first conversion and subsequent conversions are generated internally by the device. Also, in autonomous mode of operation, the start of the conversion signal is generated by the device. 表 7-3 describes how the sampling rate can be controlled by the OSC_SEL and CLK_DIV[3:0] register fields when the device generates the start of the conversion

表 7-3. Configuring Sampling Rate for Internal Conversion Start Control

CLK_DIV[3:0]	OSC_SEL = 0		OSC_SEL = 1	
	SAMPLING FREQUENCY, f_{CYCLE_OSR} (kSPS)	CYCLE TIME, t_{CYCLE_OSR} (μs)	SAMPLING FREQUENCY, f_{CYCLE_OSR} (kSPS)	CYCLE TIME, t_{CYCLE_OSR} (μs)
0000b	1000	1	31.25	32
0001b	666.7	1.5	20.83	48
0010b	500	2	15.63	64
0011b	333.3	3	10.42	96
0100b	250	4	7.81	128
0101b	166.7	6	5.21	192
0110b	125	8	3.91	256
0111b	83	12	2.60	384
1000b	62.5	16	1.95	512
1001b	41.7	24	1.3	768
1010b	31.3	32	0.98	1024
1011b	20.8	48	0.65	1536
1100b	15.6	64	0.49	2048
1101b	10.4	96	0.33	3072
1110b	7.8	128	0.24	4096
1111b	5.2	192	0.16	6144

The conversion time of the device, given by tCONV in the [セクション 6.7](#) table, is independent of the OSC_SEL and CLK_DIV[3:0] configuration.

7.3.8 CRC on Data Interface

The ADS7028 features a cyclic redundancy check (CRC) module for checking the integrity of the data bits exchanged over the SPI interface. The CRC module is bidirectional, which appends an 8-bit CRC to every byte read from the device and also evaluates the CRC of every incoming byte over the SPI interface. The CRC module uses the CRC-8-CCITT polynomial ($x^8 + x^2 + x + 1$) for CRC computation.

To enable the CRC module, set the CRC_EN bit in the GENERAL_CFG register. 表 7-4 shows the different ways that a CRC error that occurs when configuring the ADS7028 can be detected.

表 7-4. Configuring Channels as Analog Inputs or GPIOs

CRC ERROR NOTIFICATION	CONFIGURATION	DESCRIPTION
ALERT	ALERT_CRCIN = 1b	ALERT (internal signal) is asserted if a CRC error is detected
Status flags	APPEND_STATUS = 10b	4-bit status flags are appended to the ADC data. See the Output Data Format section for details.
Register read	—	Read the CRCERR_IN bit to check if a CRC error was detected.

When the ADS7028 detects a CRC error on the SPI interface, the erroneous data are ignored and the CRCERR_IN bit is set. Additional notifications can be enabled as described in [表 7-4](#). Further register writes are disabled until the CRCERR_IN bit is cleared by writing 1b to this bit. When using autonomous conversion mode, further conversions can be disabled on a CRC error on the SPI interface by setting CONV_ON_ERR = 1b.

7.3.8.1 Input CRC (From Host To Device)

The host must compute and append the appropriate 8-bit CRC to the command string in the same SPI frame (see [Register Read With CRC](#)). The ADC also computes the expected 8-bit CRC corresponding to the 24-bit payload received from the host and compares the calculated CRC code to the CRC received from the host. If a communication error is detected, the CRCERR_IN bit in the SYSTEM_STATUS register is set to 1b. The CRCERR_IN bit is set in the following scenarios:

- The SPI communication frame did not have 32 clocks exactly, corresponding to a 24-bit data payload and an 8-bit CRC.
- The CRC calculated by the ADC over the received 24-bit payload does not match with the corresponding 8-bit CRC received from the host.

If a CRC error is detected by the device, the command does not execute and the CRCERR_IN flag is set to 1b. ADC conversion data read and register read, with a valid CRC from the host, are still supported. The error condition can be detected, as listed in [表 7-5](#), by either status flags or by a register read. Further register writes to the device are blocked until CRCERR_IN flag is cleared to 0b. Register write operation, with valid CRC from the host, to the SYSTEM_STATUS and GENERAL_CFG registers is still supported.

The device can be configured to set all channels to analog inputs on detecting a CRC error by setting CH_RST bit to 1b. This would ensure that channels which were configured as digital outputs are not driven by the device when CRC error is detected. All channels will be reset as per the configuration in the PIN_CFG and GPIO_CFG registers when CRCERR_IN flag is cleared.

The device can be configured to abort further conversions in autonomous and turbo comparator modes (see the [Autonomous Mode](#) and [Turbo Comparator Mode](#) sections), on detecting a CRC error, by setting CONV_ON_ERR = 1b.

表 7-5. Configuring Notifications when CRC Error is Detected

CRC ERROR NOTIFICATION	CONFIGURATION	DESCRIPTION
ALERT	ALERT_CRCIN = 1b	ALERT (internal signal) is asserted if a CRC error is detected.
Status flags	APPEND_STATUS = 10b	See Status Flags for details.
Register read	—	Read the CRCERR_IN bit to check if a CRC error was detected.

7.3.8.2 Output CRC (From Device to Host)

The device appends an 8-bit CRC to the output data packet when the CRC module is enabled. The output data packet length can be one of the following:

- An 8-bit for register reads (see the [Register Read With CRC](#) section for more details).
- A 16-bit or 24-bit for ADC conversion result reads (see [セクション 7.3.9](#) for more details).

The SPI frame must be exactly 32 bits long when the CRC module is enabled.

7.3.9 Output Data Format

[図 7-4](#) depicts various SPI frames for reading data from the device. The data output is MSB aligned. If averaging is enabled the output data from the ADC are 16 bits long, otherwise the output data are 12 bits long. Optionally, a 4-bit channel ID or status flags can be appended at the end of the output data by configuring the APPEND_STATUS field.

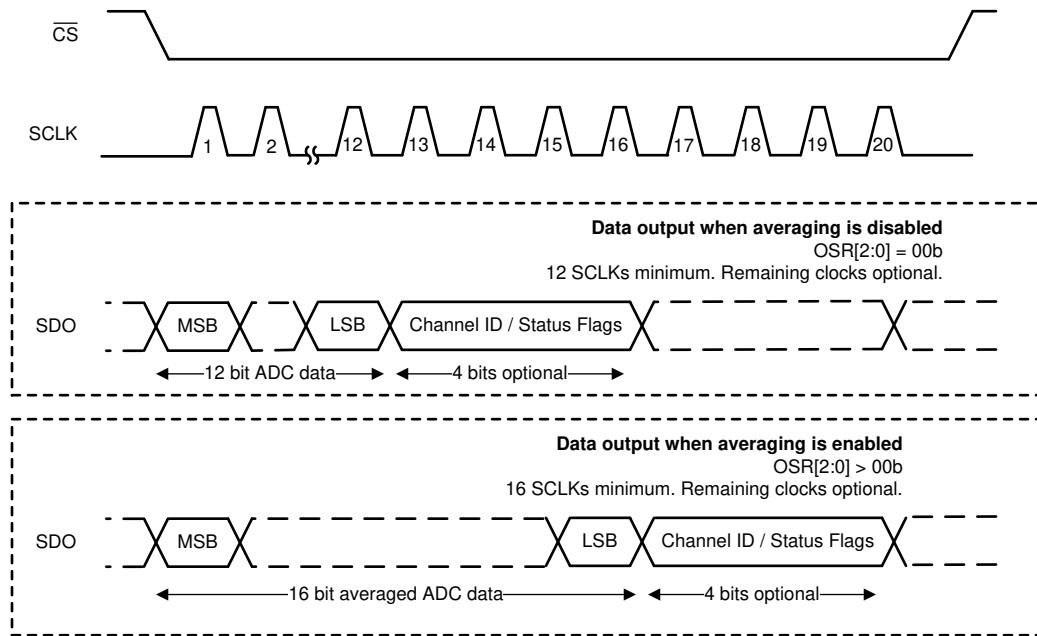


図 7-4. SPI Frames for Reading Data

7.3.9.1 Status Flags

Status flags can be appended to the ADC output by setting APPEND_STATUS = 10b. Status flags are not appended to data corresponding to a register read operation or when FIX_PAT = 1b. The 4-bit status flag field is constructed as follows:

Status flag[3:0] = { 1, 0, CRCERR_IN, ALERT }

- CRCERR_IN: This flag is the same as the CRCERR_IN bit in the SYSTEM_STATUS register.
- ALERT: This flag indicates if any of the event flags are set in the EVENT_FLAG register.

7.3.10 Digital Window Comparator

The internal digital window comparator (DWC) is available in both conversion modes (manual and autonomous). The DWC outputs an internal ALERT signal. The internal ALERT signal can be output on any one of the digital output channels by configuring the ALERT_PIN register. 図 7-5 provides a block diagram for the digital window comparator.

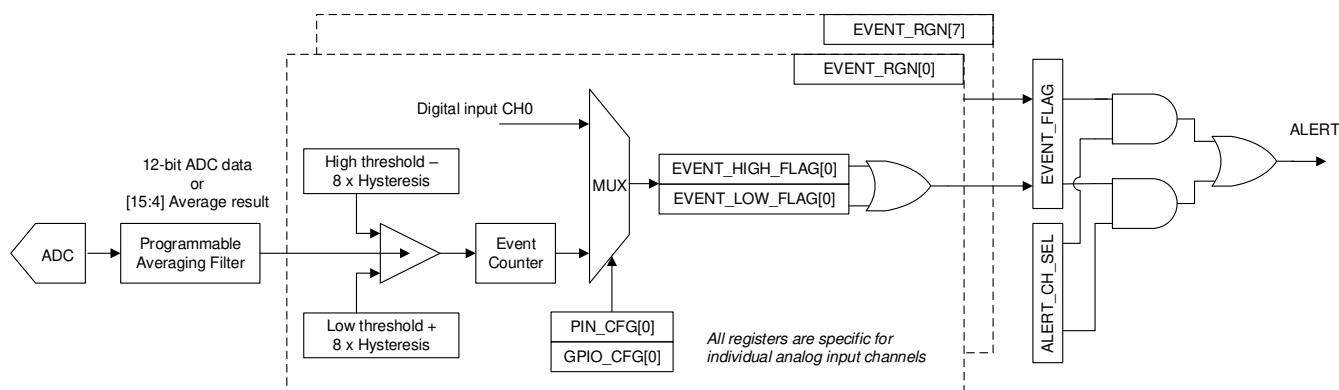


図 7-5. Digital Window Comparator Block Diagram

The low-side threshold, high-side threshold, event counter, and hysteresis parameters are independently programmable for each input channel. [図 7-6](#) illustrates that the window comparator can monitor events for every analog input channel.

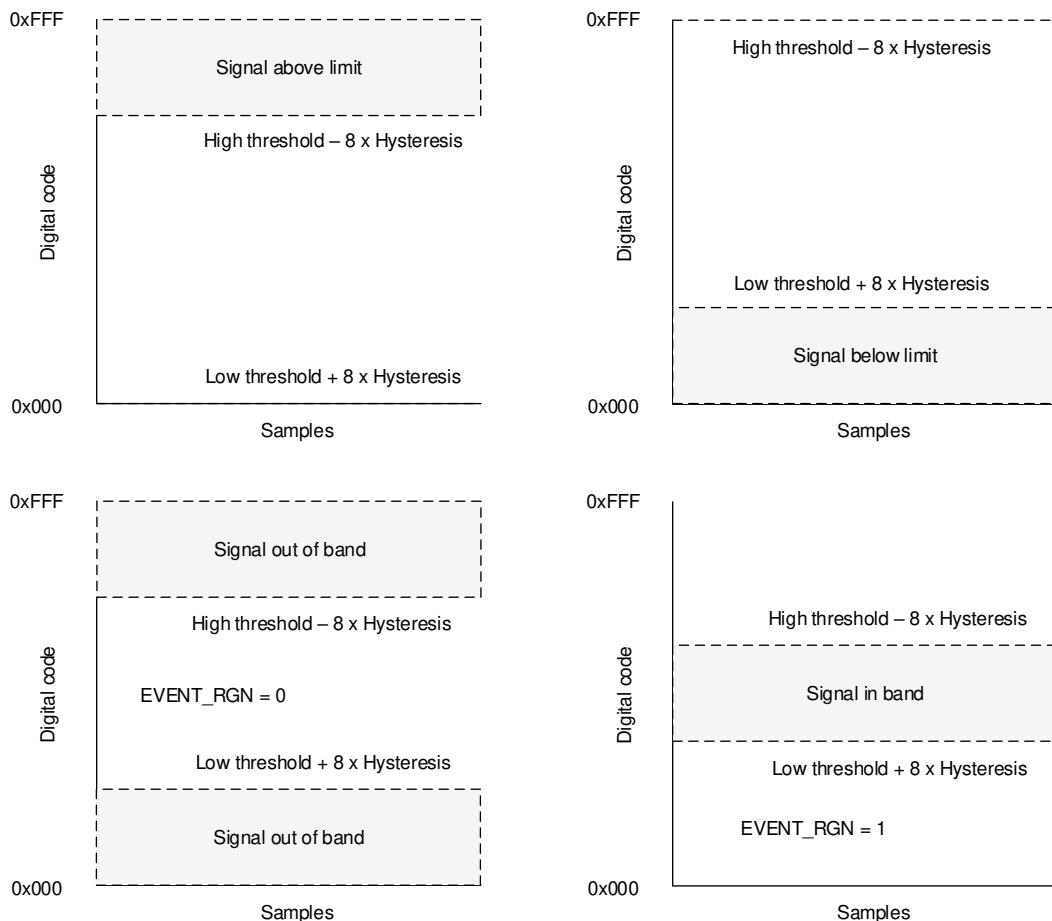


図 7-6. Event Monitoring With the Window Comparator

To enable the digital window comparator, set the **DWC_EN** bit in the **GENERAL_CFG** register. By default, **hysteresis** = 0, **high threshold** = 0xFFFF, and **low threshold** = 0x000. For detecting when a signal is in-band, the **EVENT_RGN** register must be configured. In each of the cases shown in [図 7-6](#), either or both **ALERT_HIGH_FLAG** and **ALERT_LOW_FLAG** can be set. The programmable event counter counts consecutive threshold violations before alert flags are set. The event count can be set to a higher value to avoid transients in the input signal setting the alert flags.

In order to assert the **ALERT** signal (internal) when the alert flag is set for a particular analog input channel, set the corresponding bit in the **DWC_CH_SEL** register. Alert flags are set, irrespective of the **DWC_CH_SEL** configuration, if **DWC_EN** = 1 and high or low thresholds are exceeded.

7.3.10.1 Interrupts From Digital Inputs

[表 7-6](#) shows that rising edge or falling edge events can be detected on channels configured as digital inputs.

表 7-6. Configuring Interrupts from Digital Inputs

PIN_CFG[7:0]	GPIO_CFG[7:0]	EVENT_RGN[7:0]	EVENT DESCRIPTION
1	0	0	ALERT_HIGH_FLAG is set on the rising edge on the digital input channel
1	0	1	ALERT_LOW_FLAG is set on the falling edge on the digital input channel

7.3.10.2 Triggering Digital Outputs with Alert and ZCD

図 7-7 shows that digital outputs can be updated in response to alerts from individual channels or synchronous to the zero-crossing-detect signal.

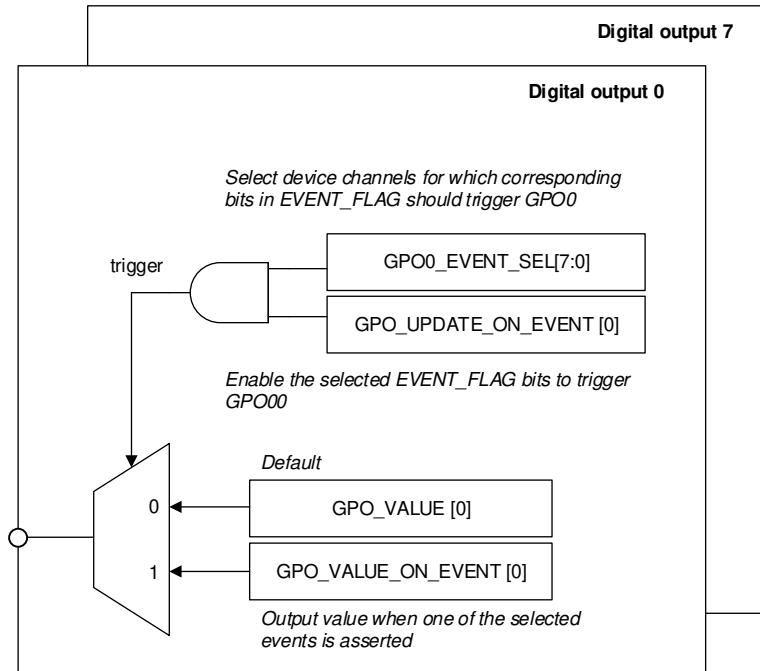


図 7-7. Block Diagram of the Digital Output Logic

7.3.11 Minimum, Maximum, and Latest Data Registers

The ADS7028 can record the minimum, maximum, and latest code (statistics registers) for every analog input channel. To enable or re-enable recording statistics, set the STATS_EN bit in the GENERAL_CFG register. Writing 1 to the STATS_EN bit reinitializes the statistics module. Afterwards, results from new conversions are recorded in the statistics registers. Previous values can be read from the statistics registers until a new conversion result is available. Before reading the statistics registers, set STATS_EN = 0 to prevent any updates to this block of registers.

7.3.12 Device Programming

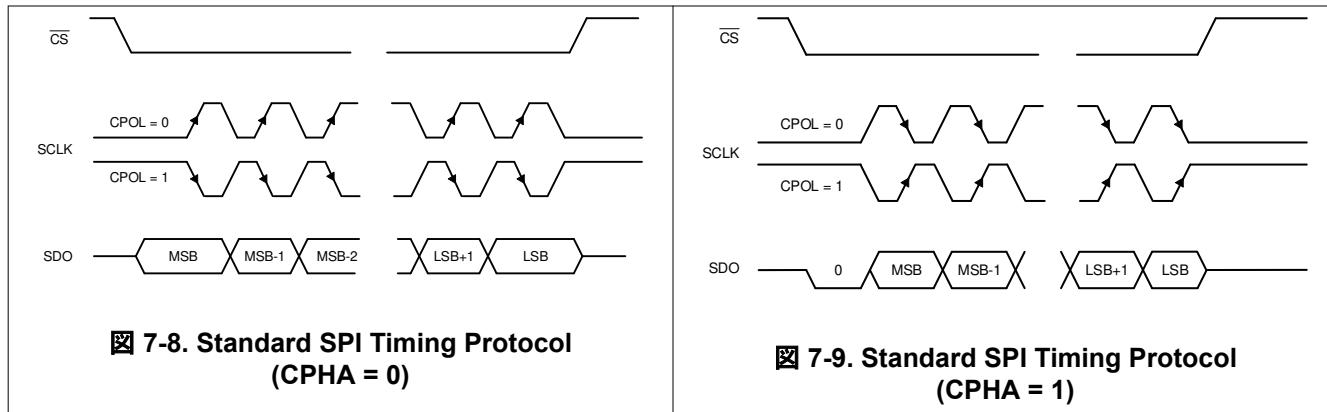
7.3.12.1 Enhanced-SPI Interface

The device features an enhanced-SPI interface that allows the host controller to operate at slower SCLK speeds and still achieve full throughput. As described in [表 7-7](#), the host controller can use any of the four SPI-compatible protocols (SPI-00, SPI-01, SPI-10, or SPI-11) to access the device.

表 7-7. SPI Protocols for Configuring the Device

PROTOCOL	SCLK POLARITY (At the \overline{CS} Falling Edge)	SCLK PHASE (Capture Edge)	CPOL_CPHA[1:0]	DIAGRAM
SPI-00	Low	Rising	00b	図 7-8
SPI-01	Low	Falling	01b	図 7-9
SPI-10	High	Falling	10b	図 7-8
SPI-11	High	Rising	11b	図 7-9

On power-up or after coming out of any asynchronous reset, the device supports the SPI-00 protocol for data read and data write operations. To select a different SPI-compatible protocol, program the CPOL_CPHA[1:0] field. This first write operation must adhere to the SPI-00 protocol. Any subsequent data transfer frames must adhere to the newly-selected protocol.



7.3.12.2 Register Read/Write Operation

The device supports the commands listed in [表 7-8](#) to access the internal configuration registers.

表 7-8. Opcodes for Commands

OPCODE	COMMAND DESCRIPTION
0000 0000b	No operation
0001 0000b	Single register read
0000 1000b	Single register write
0001 1000b	Set bit
0010 0000b	Clear bit

7.3.12.2.1 Register Write

A 24-bit SPI frame is required for writing data to configuration registers. The 24-bit data on SDI, as shown in [图 7-10](#), consists of an 8-bit write command (0000 1000b), an 8-bit register address, and 8-bit data. The write command is decoded on the \overline{CS} rising edge and the specified register is updated with the 8-bit data specified during the register write operation.

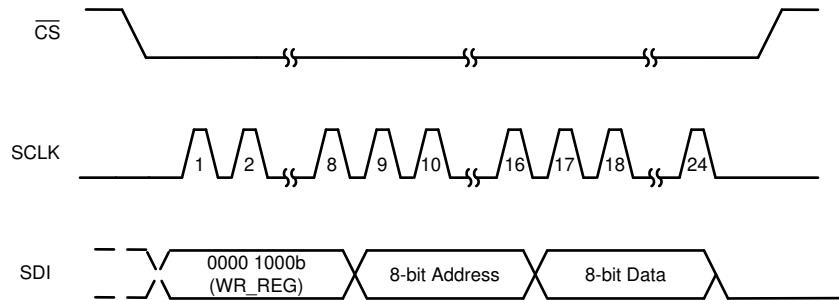


图 7-10. Register Write Operation

7.3.12.2.2 Register Read

Register read operation consists of two SPI frames: the first SPI frame initiates a register read and the second SPI frame reads data from the register address provided in the first frame. As shown in [图 7-11](#), the 8-bit register address and the 8-bit dummy data are sent over the SDI pin during the first 24-bit frame with the read command (0001 0000b). On the rising edge of \overline{CS} , the read command is decoded and the requested register data are available for reading during the next frame. During the second frame, the first eight bits on SDO correspond to the requested register read. During the second frame, SDI can be used to initiate another operation or can be set to 0.

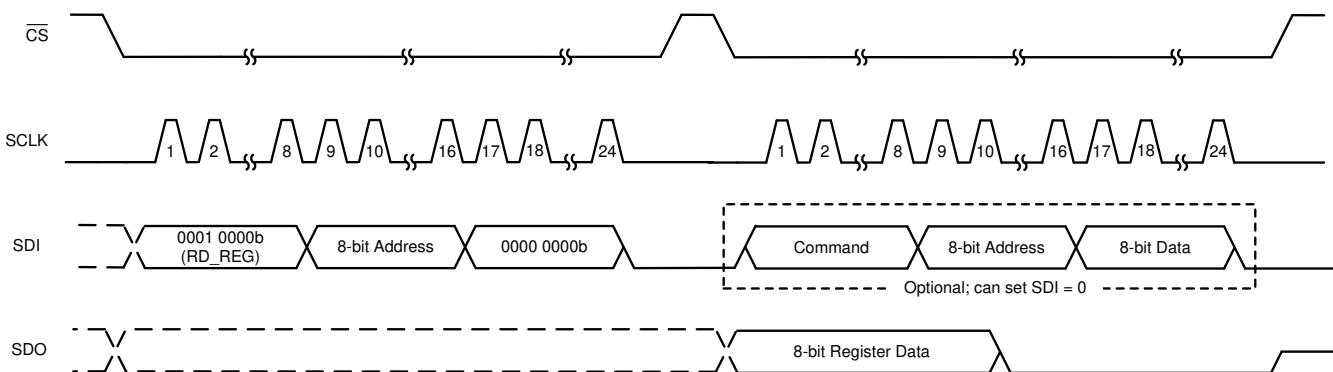


图 7-11. Register Read Operation

7.3.12.2.2.1 Register Read With CRC

A register read consists of two SPI frames, as described in the [Register Read](#) section. As shown in [図 7-12](#), the device appends an 8-bit output CRC byte along with 8-bit register data when the CRC module is enabled during a register read. The output CRC is computed by the device on 8-bit register data.

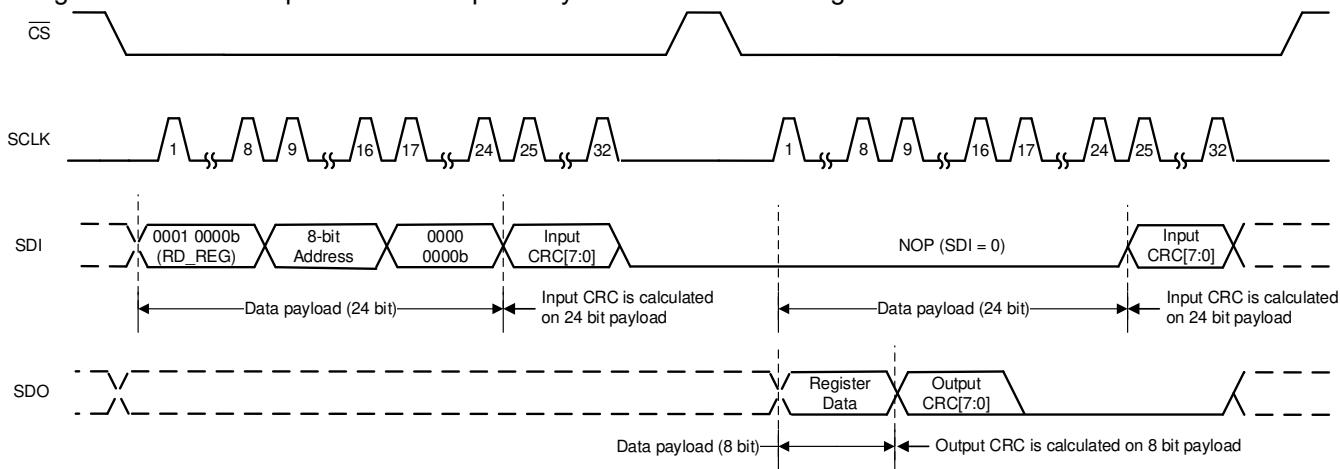


図 7-12. Register Read With CRC

7.4 Device Functional Modes

表 7-9 lists the functional modes supported by the TLA2518.

表 7-9. Functional Modes

FUNCTIONAL MODE	CONVERSION CONTROL	MUX CONTROL	CONV_MODE[1:0]	SEQ_MODE[1:0]
Manual	CS rising edge	Register write to MANUAL_CHID	00b	00b
On-the-fly	CS rising edge	First 5 bits after the CS falling edge	00b	10b
Auto-sequence	CS rising edge	Channel sequencer	00b	01b
Autonomous	Internal to the device	Channel sequencer	01b	01b
Turbo comparator	Internal to the device	Channel sequencer	10b	01b

The device powers up in manual mode and can be configured into either of these modes by writing the configuration registers for the desired mode.

7.4.1 Device Power-Up and Reset

On power-up, the BOR bit is set indicating a power-cycle or reset event. The device can be reset by setting the RST bit or by recycling power on the AVDD pin.

7.4.2 Manual Mode

Manual mode allows the external host processor to directly select the analog input channel. 図 7-13 shows the steps for operating the device in manual mode.

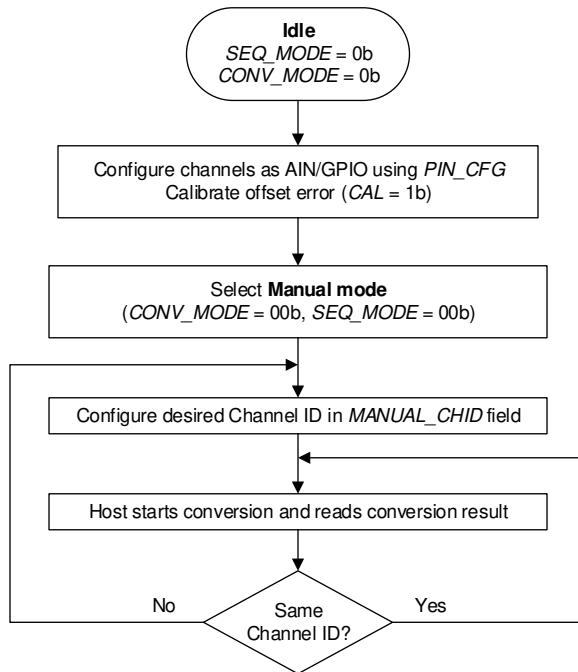


図 7-13. Device Operation in Manual Mode

In manual mode, the command to switch to a new channel (indicated by cycle N in 図 7-14) is decoded by the device on the CS rising edge. The CS rising edge is also the start of the conversion signal, and therefore the device samples the previously selected MUX channel in cycle N+1. The newly selected analog input channel data are available in cycle N+2. For switching the analog input channel, a register write to the MANUAL_CHID field requires 24 clocks; see the [Register Write](#) section for more details. After a channel is selected, the number of clocks required for reading the output data depends on the device output data frame size; see the [Output Data Format](#) section for more details.

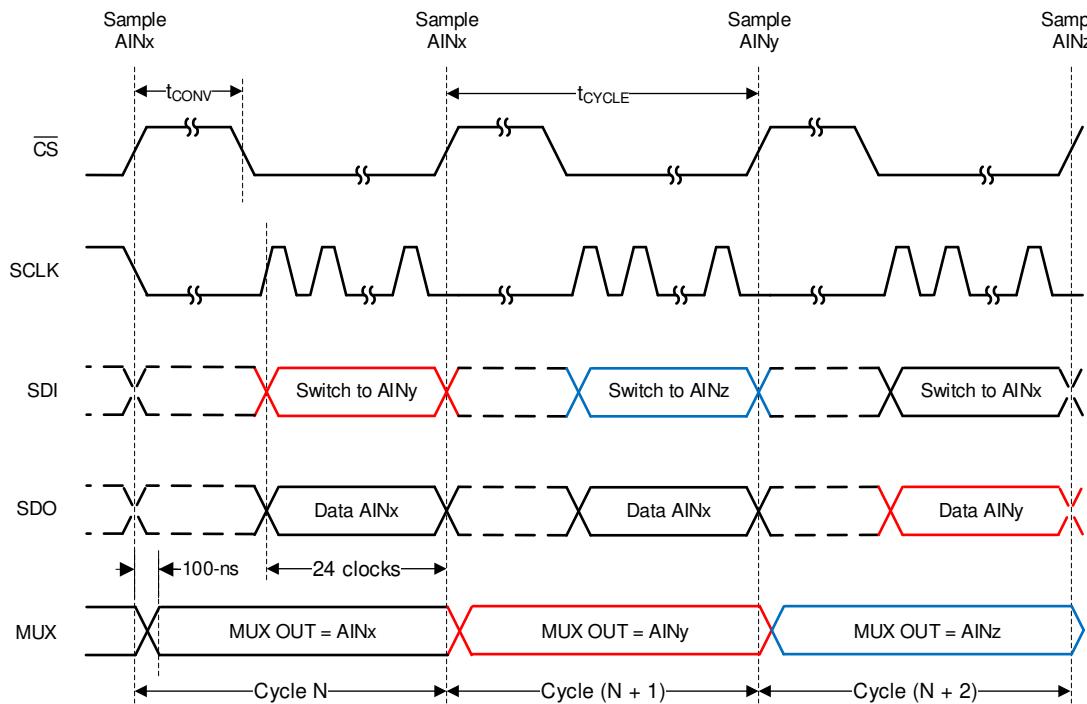


图 7-14. Starting Conversions and Reading Data in Manual Mode

7.4.3 On-the-Fly Mode

In the on-the-fly mode of operation, the analog input channel is selected, as shown in [图 7-15](#), using the first five bits on SDI without waiting for the CS rising edge. Thus, the ADC samples the newly selected channel on the CS rising edge and there is no latency between the channel selection and the ADC output data.

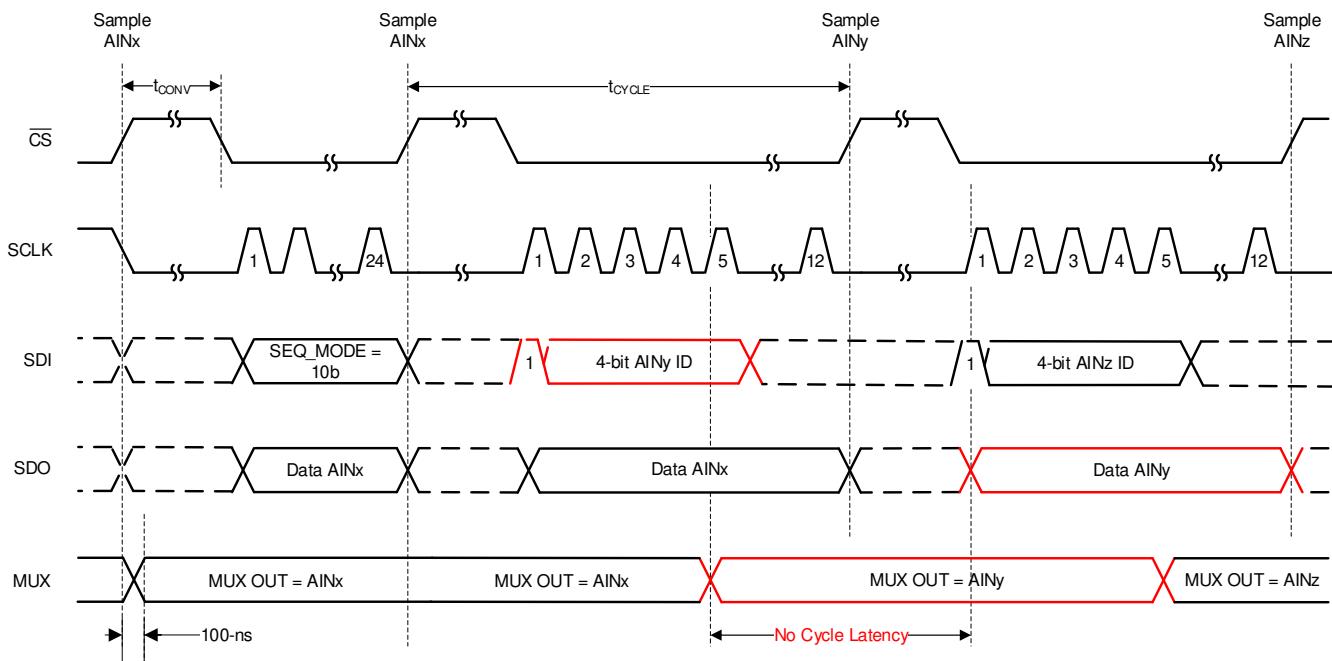


图 7-15. Starting Conversions and Reading Data in On-the-Fly Mode

The number of clocks required for reading the output data depends on the device output data frame size; see the [Output Data Format](#) section for more details.

7.4.4 Auto-Sequence Mode

In auto-sequence mode, the internal channel sequencer switches the multiplexer to the next analog input channel after every conversion. The desired analog input channels can be configured for sequencing in the AUTO_SEQ_CH_SEL register. To enable the channel sequencer, set SEQ_START = 1b. After every conversion, the channel sequencer switches the multiplexer to the next analog input in ascending order. To stop the channel sequencer from selecting channels, set SEQ_START = 0b.

In the example shown in [図 7-16](#), AIN2 and AIN6 are enabled for sequencing in AUTO_SEQ_CH_SEL. The channel sequencer loops through AIN2 and AIN6 and repeats until SEQ_START is set to 0b. The number of clocks required for reading the output data depends on the device output data frame size; see the [Output Data Format](#) section for more details.

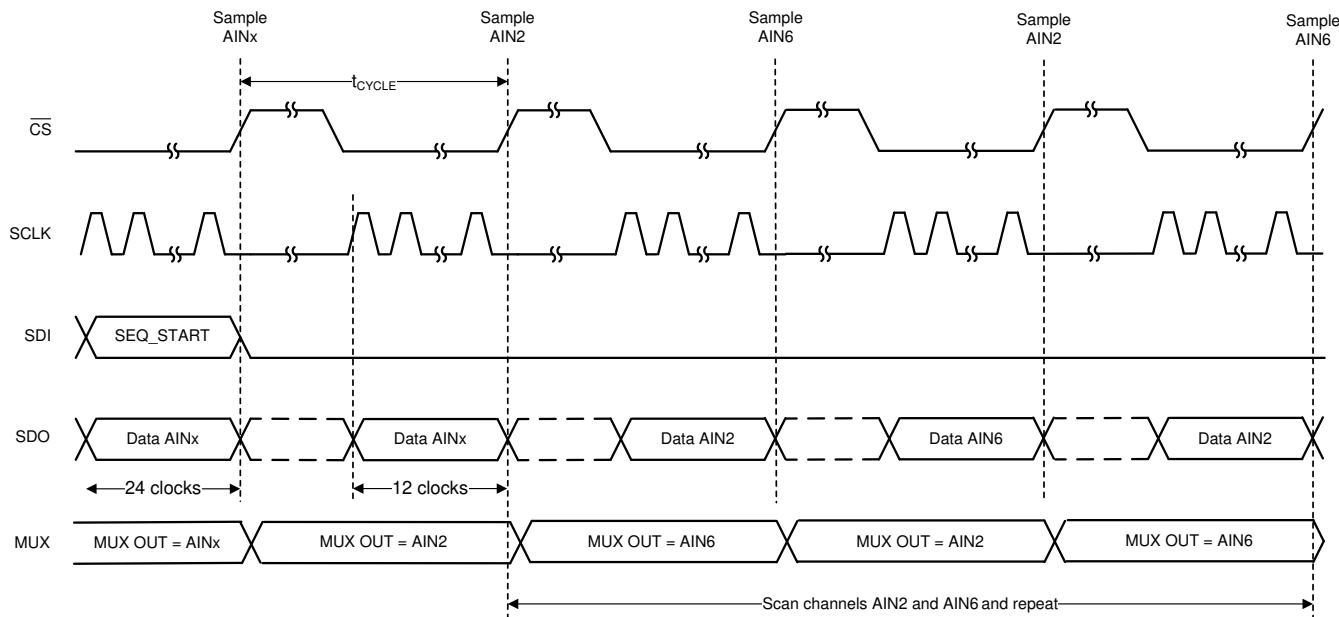


図 7-16. Starting Conversions and Reading Data in Auto-Sequence Mode

7.4.5 Autonomous Mode

In autonomous mode, the device can be programmed to monitor the voltage applied on the analog input pins of the device and generate an ALERT signal internal to the device when the programmable high or low threshold values are crossed. The internal ALERT signal can be mapped to any one digital output channel by configuring the channel ID in the ALERT_PIN[3:0] register field. In autonomous mode, the device generates the start of conversion using the internal oscillator. The first start of conversion must be provided by the host and the device generates the subsequent start of conversions.

図 7-17 shows the steps for configuring the functional mode to autonomous mode. Abort the ongoing sequence by setting SEQ_START to 0b before changing the functional mode or device configuration.

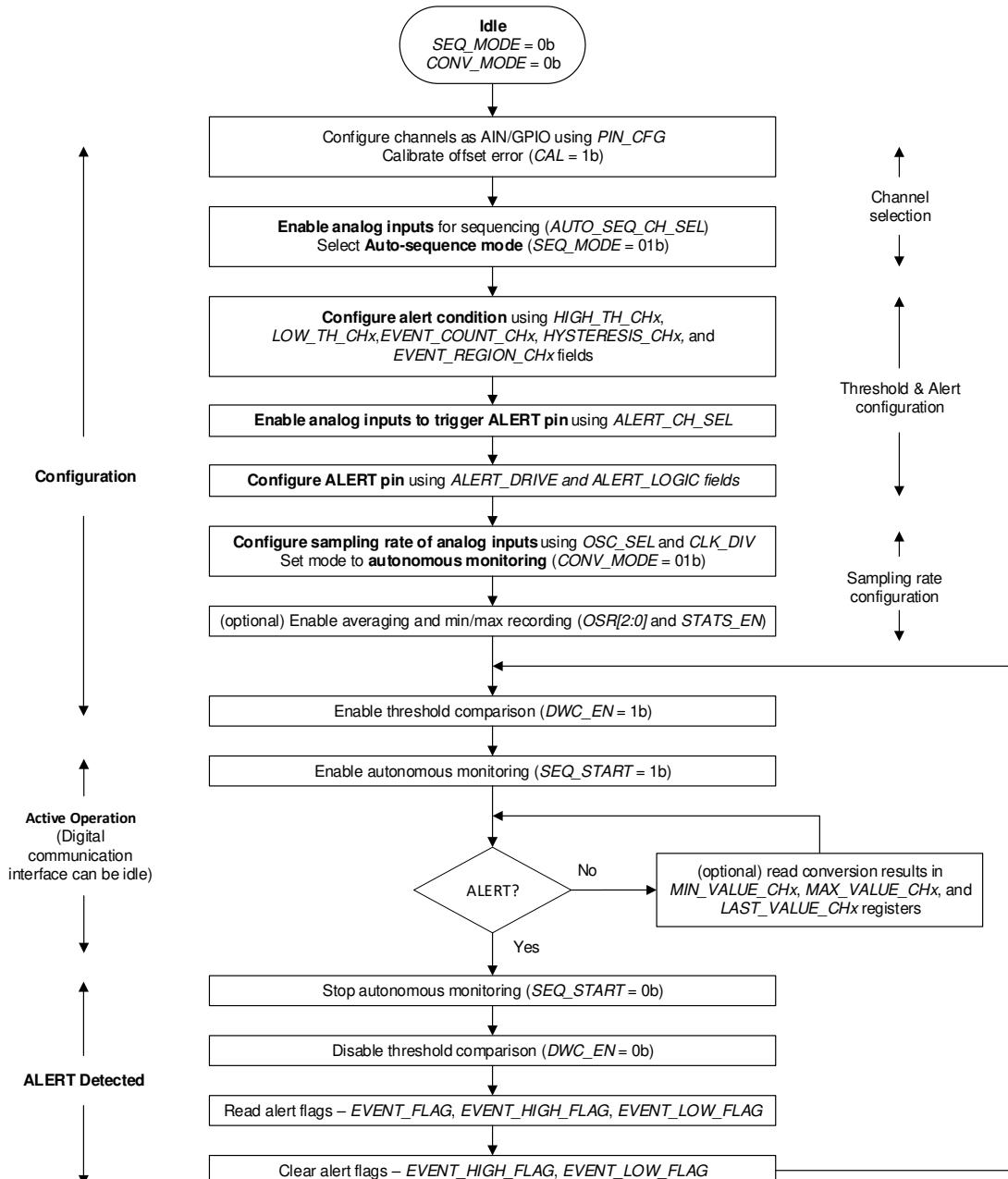


図 7-17. Configuring the Device in Autonomous Mode

7.4.6 Turbo Comparator Mode

Turbo comparator mode allows fast comparison with high/low thresholds using the digital window comparator. ADC output data is not available in this mode.

图 7-18 lists the comparison start and read frames for turbo comparator mode. The desired analog input channels can be configured for sequencing in the AUTO_SEQ_CH_SEL register. To enable the channel sequencer, set SEQ_START to 1b. After every comparison, the channel sequencer switches the multiplexer to the next analog input in ascending order. To stop the channel sequencer from selecting channels, set SEQ_START to 0b. See section on *Oscillator and Timing Control* for more details on configuring speed in turbo comparator mode.

Abort the ongoing sequence by setting SEQ_START to 0b before changing the functional mode or device configuration.

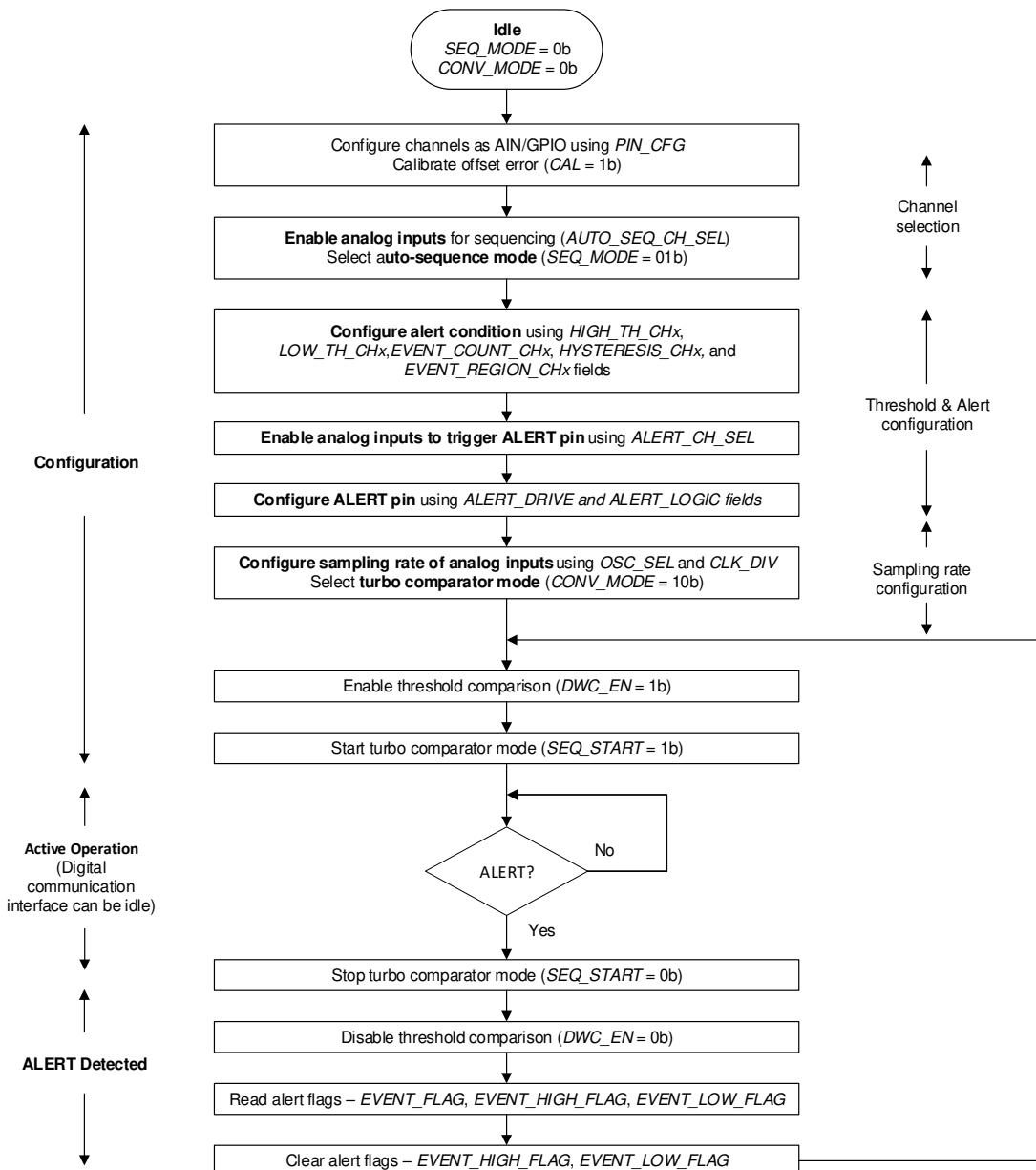


图 7-18. Device Operation in Turbo Comparator Mode

8 Register Map

8.1 ADS7038 Registers

表 8-1 lists the ADS7038 registers. All register offset addresses not listed in 表 8-1 should be considered as reserved locations and the register contents should not be modified.

表 8-1. ADS7038 Registers

Address	Acronym	Register Name	Section
0x0	SYSTEM_STATUS	SYSTEM_STATUS Register (Address = 0x0) [reset = 0x81]	
0x1	GENERAL_CFG	GENERAL_CFG Register (Address = 0x1) [reset = 0x0]	
0x2	DATA_CFG	DATA_CFG Register (Address = 0x2) [reset = 0x0]	
0x3	OSR_CFG	OSR_CFG Register (Address = 0x3) [reset = 0x0]	
0x4	OPMODE_CFG	OPMODE_CFG Register (Address = 0x4) [reset = 0x0]	
0x5	PIN_CFG	PIN_CFG Register (Address = 0x5) [reset = 0x0]	
0x7	GPIO_CFG	GPIO_CFG Register (Address = 0x7) [reset = 0x0]	
0x9	GPO_DRIVE_CFG	GPO_DRIVE_CFG Register (Address = 0x9) [reset = 0x0]	
0xB	GPO_VALUE	GPO_VALUE Register (Address = 0xB) [reset = 0x0]	
0xD	GPI_VALUE	GPI_VALUE Register (Address = 0xD) [reset = 0x0]	
0x10	SEQUENCE_CFG	SEQUENCE_CFG Register (Address = 0x10) [reset = 0x0]	
0x11	CHANNEL_SEL	CHANNEL_SEL Register (Address = 0x11) [reset = 0x0]	
0x12	AUTO_SEQ_CH_SEL	AUTO_SEQ_CH_SEL Register (Address = 0x12) [reset = 0x0]	
0x14	ALERT_CH_SEL	ALERT_CH_SEL Register (Address = 0x14) [reset = 0x0]	
0x16	ALERT_MAP	ALERT_MAP Register (Address = 0x16) [reset = 0x0]	
0x17	ALERT_PIN_CFG	ALERT_PIN_CFG Register (Address = 0x17) [reset = 0x0]	
0x18	EVENT_FLAG	EVENT_FLAG Register (Address = 0x18) [reset = 0x0]	
0x1A	EVENT_HIGH_FLAG	EVENT_HIGH_FLAG Register (Address = 0x1A) [reset = 0x0]	
0x1C	EVENT_LOW_FLAG	EVENT_LOW_FLAG Register (Address = 0x1C) [reset = 0x0]	
0x1E	EVENT_RGN	EVENT_RGN Register (Address = 0x1E) [reset = 0x0]	
0x20	HYSTERESIS_CH0	HYSTERESIS_CH0 Register (Address = 0x20) [reset = 0xF0]	
0x21	HIGH_TH_CH0	HIGH_TH_CH0 Register (Address = 0x21) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x22	EVENT_COUNT_CH0	EVENT_COUNT_CH0 Register (Address = 0x22) [reset = 0x0]	
0x23	LOW_TH_CH0	LOW_TH_CH0 Register (Address = 0x23) [reset = 0x0]	
0x24	HYSTERESIS_CH1	HYSTERESIS_CH1 Register (Address = 0x24) [reset = 0xF0]	
0x25	HIGH_TH_CH1	HIGH_TH_CH1 Register (Address = 0x25) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x26	EVENT_COUNT_CH1	EVENT_COUNT_CH1 Register (Address = 0x26) [reset = 0x0]	
0x27	LOW_TH_CH1	LOW_TH_CH1 Register (Address = 0x27) [reset = 0x0]	
0x28	HYSTERESIS_CH2	HYSTERESIS_CH2 Register (Address = 0x28) [reset = 0xF0]	
0x29	HIGH_TH_CH2	HIGH_TH_CH2 Register (Address = 0x29) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x2A	EVENT_COUNT_CH2	EVENT_COUNT_CH2 Register (Address = 0x2A) [reset = 0x0]	
0x2B	LOW_TH_CH2	LOW_TH_CH2 Register (Address = 0x2B) [reset = 0x0]	
0x2C	HYSTERESIS_CH3	HYSTERESIS_CH3 Register (Address = 0x2C) [reset = 0xF0]	
0x2D	HIGH_TH_CH3	HIGH_TH_CH3 Register (Address = 0x2D) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x2E	EVENT_COUNT_CH3	EVENT_COUNT_CH3 Register (Address = 0x2E) [reset = 0x0]	
0x2F	LOW_TH_CH3	LOW_TH_CH3 Register (Address = 0x2F) [reset = 0x0]	
0x30	HYSTERESIS_CH4	HYSTERESIS_CH4 Register (Address = 0x30) [reset = 0xF0]	
0x31	HIGH_TH_CH4	HIGH_TH_CH4 Register (Address = 0x31) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x32	EVENT_COUNT_CH4	EVENT_COUNT_CH4 Register (Address = 0x32) [reset = 0x0]	
0x33	LOW_TH_CH4	LOW_TH_CH4 Register (Address = 0x33) [reset = 0x0]	
0x34	HYSTERESIS_CH5	HYSTERESIS_CH5 Register (Address = 0x34) [reset = 0xF0]	
0x35	HIGH_TH_CH5	HIGH_TH_CH5 Register (Address = 0x35) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x36	EVENT_COUNT_CH5	EVENT_COUNT_CH5 Register (Address = 0x36) [reset = 0x0]	

表 8-1. ADS7038 Registers (続き)

Address	Acronym	Register Name	Section
0x37	LOW_TH_CH5	LOW_TH_CH5 Register (Address = 0x37) [reset = 0x0]	
0x38	HYSTERESIS_CH6	HYSTERESIS_CH6 Register (Address = 0x38) [reset = 0xF0]	
0x39	HIGH_TH_CH6	HIGH_TH_CH6 Register (Address = 0x39) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x3A	EVENT_COUNT_CH6	EVENT_COUNT_CH6 Register (Address = 0x3A) [reset = 0x0]	
0x3B	LOW_TH_CH6	LOW_TH_CH6 Register (Address = 0x3B) [reset = 0x0]	
0x3C	HYSTERESIS_CH7	HYSTERESIS_CH7 Register (Address = 0x3C) [reset = 0xF0]	
0x3D	HIGH_TH_CH7	HIGH_TH_CH7 Register (Address = 0x3D) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x3E	EVENT_COUNT_CH7	EVENT_COUNT_CH7 Register (Address = 0x3E) [reset = 0x0]	
0x3F	LOW_TH_CH7	LOW_TH_CH7 Register (Address = 0x3F) [reset = 0x0]	
0x4E	RESERVED	RESERVED Register (Address = 0x4E) [reset = 0x0]	
0x60	MAX_CH0_LSB	MAX_CH0_LSB Register (Address = 0x60) [reset = 0x0]	
0x61	MAX_CH0_MSB	MAX_CH0_MSB Register (Address = 0x61) [reset = 0x0]	
0x62	MAX_CH1_LSB	MAX_CH1_LSB Register (Address = 0x62) [reset = 0x0]	
0x63	MAX_CH1_MSB	MAX_CH1_MSB Register (Address = 0x63) [reset = 0x0]	
0x64	MAX_CH2_LSB	MAX_CH2_LSB Register (Address = 0x64) [reset = 0x0]	
0x65	MAX_CH2_MSB	MAX_CH2_MSB Register (Address = 0x65) [reset = 0x0]	
0x66	MAX_CH3_LSB	MAX_CH3_LSB Register (Address = 0x66) [reset = 0x0]	
0x67	MAX_CH3_MSB	MAX_CH3_MSB Register (Address = 0x67) [reset = 0x0]	
0x68	MAX_CH4_LSB	MAX_CH4_LSB Register (Address = 0x68) [reset = 0x0]	
0x69	MAX_CH4_MSB	MAX_CH4_MSB Register (Address = 0x69) [reset = 0x0]	
0x6A	MAX_CH5_LSB	MAX_CH5_LSB Register (Address = 0x6A) [reset = 0x0]	
0x6B	MAX_CH5_MSB	MAX_CH5_MSB Register (Address = 0x6B) [reset = 0x0]	
0x6C	MAX_CH6_LSB	MAX_CH6_LSB Register (Address = 0x6C) [reset = 0x0]	
0x6D	MAX_CH6_MSB	MAX_CH6_MSB Register (Address = 0x6D) [reset = 0x0]	
0x6E	MAX_CH7_LSB	MAX_CH7_LSB Register (Address = 0x6E) [reset = 0x0]	
0x6F	MAX_CH7_MSB	MAX_CH7_MSB Register (Address = 0x6F) [reset = 0x0]	
0x80	MIN_CH0_LSB	MIN_CH0_LSB Register (Address = 0x80) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x81	MIN_CH0_MSB	MIN_CH0_MSB Register (Address = 0x81) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x82	MIN_CH1_LSB	MIN_CH1_LSB Register (Address = 0x82) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x83	MIN_CH1_MSB	MIN_CH1_MSB Register (Address = 0x83) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x84	MIN_CH2_LSB	MIN_CH2_LSB Register (Address = 0x84) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x85	MIN_CH2_MSB	MIN_CH2_MSB Register (Address = 0x85) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x86	MIN_CH3_LSB	MIN_CH3_LSB Register (Address = 0x86) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x87	MIN_CH3_MSB	MIN_CH3_MSB Register (Address = 0x87) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x88	MIN_CH4_LSB	MIN_CH4_LSB Register (Address = 0x88) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x89	MIN_CH4_MSB	MIN_CH4_MSB Register (Address = 0x89) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x8A	MIN_CH5_LSB	MIN_CH5_LSB Register (Address = 0x8A) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x8B	MIN_CH5_MSB	MIN_CH5_MSB Register (Address = 0x8B) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x8C	MIN_CH6_LSB	MIN_CH6_LSB Register (Address = 0x8C) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x8D	MIN_CH6_MSB	MIN_CH6_MSB Register (Address = 0x8D) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x8E	MIN_CH7_LSB	MIN_CH7_LSB Register (Address = 0x8E) [reset = 0xFF]	
0x8F	MIN_CH7_MSB	MIN_CH7_MSB Register (Address = 0x8F) [reset = 0xFF]	
0xA0	RECENT_CH0_LSB	RECENT_CH0_LSB Register (Address = 0xA0) [reset = 0x0]	
0xA1	RECENT_CH0_MSB	RECENT_CH0_MSB Register (Address = 0xA1) [reset = 0x0]	
0xA2	RECENT_CH1_LSB	RECENT_CH1_LSB Register (Address = 0xA2) [reset = 0x0]	
0xA3	RECENT_CH1_MSB	RECENT_CH1_MSB Register (Address = 0xA3) [reset = 0x0]	
0xA4	RECENT_CH2_LSB	RECENT_CH2_LSB Register (Address = 0xA4) [reset = 0x0]	
0xA5	RECENT_CH2_MSB	RECENT_CH2_MSB Register (Address = 0xA5) [reset = 0x0]	
0xA6	RECENT_CH3_LSB	RECENT_CH3_LSB Register (Address = 0xA6) [reset = 0x0]	

表 8-1. ADS7038 Registers (続き)

Address	Acronym	Register Name	Section
0xA7	RECENT_CH3_MSB	RECENT_CH3_MSB Register (Address = 0xA7) [reset = 0x0]	
0xA8	RECENT_CH4_LSB	RECENT_CH4_LSB Register (Address = 0xA8) [reset = 0x0]	
0xA9	RECENT_CH4_MSB	RECENT_CH4_MSB Register (Address = 0xA9) [reset = 0x0]	
0xAA	RECENT_CH5_LSB	RECENT_CH5_LSB Register (Address = 0xAA) [reset = 0x0]	
0xAB	RECENT_CH5_MSB	RECENT_CH5_MSB Register (Address = 0xAB) [reset = 0x0]	
0xAC	RECENT_CH6_LSB	RECENT_CH6_LSB Register (Address = 0xAC) [reset = 0x0]	
0xAD	RECENT_CH6_MSB	RECENT_CH6_MSB Register (Address = 0xAD) [reset = 0x0]	
0xAE	RECENT_CH7_LSB	RECENT_CH7_LSB Register (Address = 0xAE) [reset = 0x0]	
0xAF	RECENT_CH7_MSB	RECENT_CH7_MSB Register (Address = 0xAF) [reset = 0x0]	
0xC3	GPO0_TRIG_EVENT_SEL	GPO0_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register (Address = 0xC3) [reset = 0x0]	
0xC5	GPO1_TRIG_EVENT_SEL	GPO1_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register (Address = 0xC5) [reset = 0x0]	
0xC7	GPO2_TRIG_EVENT_SEL	GPO2_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register (Address = 0xC7) [reset = 0x0]	
0xC9	GPO3_TRIG_EVENT_SEL	GPO3_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register (Address = 0xC9) [reset = 0x0]	
0xCB	GPO4_TRIG_EVENT_SEL	GPO4_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register (Address = 0xCB) [reset = 0x0]	
0xCD	GPO5_TRIG_EVENT_SEL	GPO5_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register (Address = 0xCD) [reset = 0x0]	
0xCF	GPO6_TRIG_EVENT_SEL	GPO6_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register (Address = 0xCF) [reset = 0x0]	
0xD1	GPO7_TRIG_EVENT_SEL	GPO7_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register (Address = 0xD1) [reset = 0x0]	
0xE9	GPO_TRIGGER_CFG	GPO_TRIGGER_CFG Register (Address = 0xE9) [reset = 0x0]	
0xEB	GPO_VALUE_TRIG	GPO_VALUE_TRIG Register (Address = 0xEB) [reset = 0x0]	

Complex bit access types are encoded to fit into small table cells. 表 8-2 shows the codes that are used for access types in this section.

表 8-2. ADS7038 Access Type Codes

Access Type	Code	Description
Read Type		
R	R	Read
Write Type		
W	W	Write
Reset or Default Value		
-n		Value after reset or the default value
Register Array Variables		
i,j,k,l,m,n		When these variables are used in a register name, an offset, or an address, they refer to the value of a register array where the register is part of a group of repeating registers. The register groups form a hierarchical structure and the array is represented with a formula.
y		When this variable is used in a register name, an offset, or an address it refers to the value of a register array.

8.1.1 SYSTEM_STATUS Register (Address = 0x0) [reset = 0x81]

SYSTEM_STATUS is shown in [図 8-1](#) and described in [図 8-1](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-1. SYSTEM_STATUS Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RSVD	SEQ_STATUS		RESERVED		CRCERR_FUSE	CRCERR_IN	BOR
R-1b	R-0b		R-0b		R-0b	R/W-0b	R/W-1b

表 8-3. SYSTEM_STATUS Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7	RSVD	R	1b	Reads return 1b.
6	SEQ_STATUS	R	0b	Status of the channel sequencer. 0b = Sequence stopped 1b = Sequence in progress
5-3	RESERVED	R	0b	Reserved. Reads return 010b.
2	CRCERR_FUSE	R	0b	Device power-up configuration CRC check status. To re-evaluate this bit, software reset the device or power cycle AVDD. 0b = No problems detected in power-up configuration. 1b = Device configuration not loaded correctly.
1	CRCERR_IN	R/W	0b	Status of CRC check on incoming data. Write 1b to clear this error flag. 0b = No CRC error. 1b = CRC error detected. All register writes, except to addresses 0x00 and 0x01, are blocked.
0	BOR	R/W	1b	Brown out reset indicator. This bit is set if brown out condition occurs or device is power cycled. Write 1b to this bit to clear the flag. 0b = No brown out from the last time this bit was cleared. 1b = Brown out condition detected or device power cycled.

8.1.2 GENERAL_CFG Register (Address = 0x1) [reset = 0x0]

GENERAL_CFG is shown in [図 8-2](#) and described in [表 8-4](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-2. GENERAL_CFG Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED	CRC_EN	STATS_EN	DWC_EN	RESERVED	CH_RST	CAL	RST
R-0b	R/W-0b	R/W-0b	R/W-0b	R-0b	R/W-0b	R/W-0b	W-0b

表 8-4. GENERAL_CFG Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7	RESERVED	R	0b	Reserved. Reads return 1b.
6	CRC_EN	R/W	0b	Enable or disable the CRC on device interface. 0b = CRC module disabled. 1b = CRC appended to data output. CRC check is enabled on incoming data.
5	STATS_EN	R/W	0b	Enable or disable the statistics module. 0b = Minimum, maximum, and recent value registers are not updated. 1b = Clear minimum, maximum, and recent value registers and continue updating with new conversion results.

表 8-4. GENERAL_CFG Register Field Descriptions (続き)

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
4	DWC_EN	R/W	0b	Enable or disable the digital window comparator. 0b = Reset or disable the digital window comparator. 1b = Enable digital window comparator.
3	RESERVED	R	0b	Reserved. Reads return 0b.
2	CH_RST	R/W	0b	Force all channels to be analog inputs. 0b = Normal operation. 1b = All channels will be set as analog inputs irrespective of configuration in other registers.
1	CAL	R/W	0b	Calibrate ADC offset. 0b = Normal operation. 1b = ADC offset is calibrated. After calibration is complete, this bit is set to 0b.
0	RST	W	0b	Software reset all registers to default values. 0b = Normal operation. 1b = Device is reset. After reset is complete, this bit is set to 0b and BOR bit is set to 1b.

8.1.3 DATA_CFG Register (Address = 0x2) [reset = 0x0]

DATA_CFG is shown in [図 8-3](#) and described in [表 8-5](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-3. DATA_CFG Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
FIX_PAT	RESERVED	APPEND_STATUS[1:0]		RESERVED		CPOL_CPHA[1:0]	
R/W-0b	R-0b	R/W-0b		R-0b		R/W-0b	

表 8-5. DATA_CFG Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7	FIX_PAT	R/W	0b	Device outputs fixed data bits which can be helpful for debugging communication with the device. 0b = Normal operation. 1b = Device outputs fixed code 0xA5A repetitively when reading ADC data.
6	RESERVED	R	0b	Reserved. Reads return 0b.
5-4	APPEND_STATUS[1:0]	R/W	0b	Append 4-bit channel ID or status flags to output data. 00b: 01b: 10b: 11b: 0b = Channel ID and status flags are not appended to ADC data. 1b = 4-bit channel ID is appended to ADC data. 10b = 4-bit status flags are appended to ADC data. 11b = Reserved.
3-2	RESERVED	R	0b	Reserved. Reads return 0b.
1-0	CPOL_CPHA[1:0]	R/W	0b	This field sets the polarity and phase of SPI communication. 0b = CPOL = 0, CPHA = 0. 1b = CPOL = 0, CPHA = 1. 10b = CPOL = 1, CPHA = 0. 11b = CPOL = 1, CPHA = 1.

8.1.4 OSR_CFG Register (Address = 0x3) [reset = 0x0]

OSR_CFG is shown in [図 8-4](#) and described in [表 8-6](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-4. OSR_CFG Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED						OSR[2:0]	
R-0b						R/W-0b	

表 8-6. OSR_CFG Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-3	RESERVED	R	0b	Reserved. Reads return 0b.
2-0	OSR[2:0]	R/W	0b	Selects the oversampling ratio for ADC conversion result. 0b = No averaging 1b = 2 samples 10b = 4 samples 11b = 8 samples 100b = 16 samples 101b = 32 samples 110b = 64 samples 111b = 128 samples

8.1.5 OPMODE_CFG Register (Address = 0x4) [reset = 0x0]

OPMODE_CFG is shown in [図 8-5](#) and described in [表 8-7](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-5. OPMODE_CFG Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
CONV_ON_ERR		CONV_MODE[1:0]		OSC_SEL	CLK_DIV[3:0]		
R/W-0b		R/W-0b		R/W-0b	R/W-0b		

表 8-7. OPMODE_CFG Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7	CONV_ON_ERR	R/W	0b	Control continuation of autonomous modes if CRC error is detected on communication interface. 0b = If CRC error is detected, device continues channel sequencing and pin configuration is retained. See the CRCERR_IN bit for more details. 1b = If CRC error is detected, device changes all channels to analog inputs and channel sequencing is paused until CRCERR_IN = 1b. After clearing CRCERR_IN flag, device resumes channel sequencing and pin configuration is restored.
6-5	CONV_MODE[1:0]	R/W	0b	These bits set the mode of conversion of the ADC. 0b = Manual mode; conversions are initiated by host. 1b = Autonomous mode; conversions are initiated by the internal state machine.
4	OSC_SEL	R/W	0b	Selects the oscillator for internal timing generation. 0b = High-speed oscillator. 1b = Low-power oscillator.
3-0	CLK_DIV[3:0]	R/W	0b	Sampling speed control in autonomous monitoring mode (CONV_MODE = 01b). See the section on oscillator and timing control for details.

8.1.6 PIN_CFG Register (Address = 0x5) [reset = 0x0]

PIN_CFG is shown in [図 8-6](#) and described in [表 8-8](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-6. PIN_CFG Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
PIN_CFG[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-8. PIN_CFG Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	PIN_CFG[7:0]	R/W	0b	Configure device channels AIN / GPIO [7:0] as analog inputs or GPIOs. 0b = Channel is configured as analog input. 1b = Channel is configured as GPIO.

8.1.7 GPIO_CFG Register (Address = 0x7) [reset = 0x0]

GPIO_CFG is shown in [図 8-7](#) and described in [表 8-9](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-7. GPIO_CFG Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
GPIO_CFG[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-9. GPIO_CFG Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	GPIO_CFG[7:0]	R/W	0b	Configure GPIO[7:0] as either digital inputs or digital outputs. 0b = GPIO is configured as digital input. 1b = GPIO is configured as digital output.

8.1.8 GPO_DRIVE_CFG Register (Address = 0x9) [reset = 0x0]

GPO_DRIVE_CFG is shown in [図 8-8](#) and described in [表 8-10](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-8. GPO_DRIVE_CFG Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
GPO_DRIVE_CFG[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-10. GPO_DRIVE_CFG Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	GPO_DRIVE_CFG[7:0]	R/W	0b	Configure digital outputs GPO[7:0] as open-drain or push-pull outputs. 0b = Digital output is open-drain; connect external pullup resistor. 1b = Push-pull driver is used for digital output.

8.1.9 GPO_VALUE Register (Address = 0xB) [reset = 0x0]

GPO_VALUE is shown in 図 8-9 and described in 表 8-11.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-9. GPO_VALUE Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
GPO_VALUE[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-11. GPO_VALUE Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	GPO_VALUE[7:0]	R/W	0b	Logic level to be set on digital outputs GPO[7:0]. 0b = Digital output set to logic 0. 1b = Digital output set to logic 1.

8.1.10 GPI_VALUE Register (Address = 0xD) [reset = 0x0]

GPI_VALUE is shown in 図 8-10 and described in 表 8-12.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-10. GPI_VALUE Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
GPI_VALUE[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-12. GPI_VALUE Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	GPI_VALUE[7:0]	R	0b	Readback the logic level on GPIO[7:0]. 0b = GPIO is at logic 0. 1b = GPIO is at logic 1.

8.1.11 SEQUENCE_CFG Register (Address = 0x10) [reset = 0x0]

SEQUENCE_CFG is shown in 図 8-11 and described in 表 8-13.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-11. SEQUENCE_CFG Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED			SEQ_START		RESERVED		SEQ_MODE[1:0]
R-0b			R/W-0b		R-0b		R/W-0b

表 8-13. SEQUENCE_CFG Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-5	RESERVED	R	0b	Reserved. Reads return 0b.
4	SEQ_START	R/W	0b	Control for start of channel sequence when using auto sequence mode (SEQ_MODE = 01b). 0b = Stop channel sequencing. 1b = Start channel sequencing in ascending order for channels enabled in AUTO_SEQ_CHSEL register.
3-2	RESERVED	R	0b	Reserved. Reads return 0b.

表 8-13. SEQUENCE_CFG Register Field Descriptions (続き)

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
1-0	SEQ_MODE[1:0]	R/W	0b	<p>Selects the mode of scanning of analog input channels.</p> <p>0b = Manual sequence mode; channel selected by MANUAL_CHID field.</p> <p>1b = Auto sequence mode; channel selected by AUTO_SEQ_CHSEL.</p> <p>10b = On-the-fly sequence mode.</p> <p>11b = Reserved.</p>

8.1.12 CHANNEL_SEL Register (Address = 0x11) [reset = 0x0]

CHANNEL_SEL is shown in 図 8-12 and described in 表 8-14.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-12. CHANNEL_SEL Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED				MANUAL_CHID[3:0]			
R-0b						R/W-0b	

表 8-14. CHANNEL_SEL Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-4	RESERVED	R	0b	Reserved. Reads return 0b.
3-0	MANUAL_CHID[3:0]	R/W	0b	<p>In manual mode (SEQ_MODE = 00b), this field contains the 4-bit channel ID of the analog input channel for next ADC conversion. For valid ADC data, the selected channel must not be configured as GPIO in PIN_CFG register. 1xxx = Reserved.</p> <p>0b = AIN0 1b = AIN1 10b = AIN2 11b = AIN3 100b = AIN4 101b = AIN5 110b = AIN6 111b = AIN7</p>

8.1.13 AUTO_SEQ_CH_SEL Register (Address = 0x12) [reset = 0x0]

AUTO_SEQ_CH_SEL is shown in 図 8-13 and described in 表 8-15.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-13. AUTO_SEQ_CH_SEL Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
AUTO_SEQ_CH_SEL[7:0]						R/W-0b	

表 8-15. AUTO_SEQ_CH_SEL Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	AUTO_SEQ_CH_SEL[7:0]	R/W	0b	<p>Select analog input channels AIN[7:0] in for auto sequencing mode.</p> <p>0b = Analog input channel is not enabled in scanning sequence. 1b = Analog input channel is enabled in scanning sequence.</p>

8.1.14 ALERT_CH_SEL Register (Address = 0x14) [reset = 0x0]

ALERT_CH_SEL is shown in 図 8-14 and described in 表 8-16.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-14. ALERT_CH_SEL Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ALERT_CH_SEL[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-16. ALERT_CH_SEL Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	ALERT_CH_SEL[7:0]	R/W	0b	Select channels for which the alert flags can assert the internal ALERT signal. The ALERT signal can be mapped to the digital output channel configured in the ALERT_PIN[3:0] field. 0b = Alert flags for this channel do not assert the ALERT pin. 1b = Alert flags for this channel assert the ALERT pin.

8.1.15 ALERT_MAP Register (Address = 0x16) [reset = 0x0]

ALERT_MAP is shown in 図 8-15 and described in 表 8-17.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-15. ALERT_MAP Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED							ALERT_CRCIN
R-0b							R/W-0b

表 8-17. ALERT_MAP Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-1	RESERVED	R	0b	Reserved. Reads return 0b.
0	ALERT_CRCIN	R/W	0b	Enable or disable the alert notification for CRC error on input data (CRCERR_IN = 1b). 0b = ALERT signal is not asserted when CRCERR_IN = 1b. 1b = ALERT signal is asserted when CRCERR_IN = 1b. Clear CRCERR_IN for deasserting the ALERT pin.

8.1.16 ALERT_PIN_CFG Register (Address = 0x17) [reset = 0x0]

ALERT_PIN_CFG is shown in 図 8-16 and described in 表 8-18.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-16. ALERT_PIN_CFG Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ALERT_PIN[3:0]				RESERVED		ALERT_LOGIC[1:0]	
R/W-0b				R-0b		R/W-0b	

表 8-18. ALERT_PIN_CFG Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-4	ALERT_PIN[3:0]	R/W	0b	Internal ALERT output of the digital window comparator will be output on this channel. This channel must be configured as digital output.
3-2	RESERVED	R	0b	Reserved. Reads return 0b.

表 8-18. ALERT_PIN_CFG Register Field Descriptions (続き)

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
1-0	ALERT_LOGIC[1:0]	R/W	0b	Configure how the ALERT signal is asserted. 0b = Active low. 1b = Active high. 10b = Pulsed low (one logic low pulse once per alert flag). 11b = Pulsed high (one logic high pulse once per alert flag).

8.1.17 EVENT_FLAG Register (Address = 0x18) [reset = 0x0]

EVENT_FLAG is shown in [図 8-17](#) and described in [表 8-19](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-17. EVENT_FLAG Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EVENT_FLAG[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-19. EVENT_FLAG Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	EVENT_FLAG[7:0]	R	0b	Alert flags indicating digital window comparator status for CH[7:0]. Clear individual bits of EVENT_HIGH_FLAG or EVENT_LOW_FLAG registers to clear the corresponding alert flag. 0b = Event condition not detected. 1b = Event condition detected.

8.1.18 EVENT_HIGH_FLAG Register (Address = 0x1A) [reset = 0x0]

EVENT_HIGH_FLAG is shown in [図 8-18](#) and described in [表 8-20](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-18. EVENT_HIGH_FLAG Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EVENT_HIGH_FLAG[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-20. EVENT_HIGH_FLAG Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	EVENT_HIGH_FLAG[7:0]	R/W	0b	Alert flag corresponding to high threshold of analog input or rising edge of digital input on CH[7:0]. Write 1b to clear this flag. 0b = No alert condition detected. 1b = Either high threshold was exceeded (analog input) or rising edge was detected (digital input).

8.1.19 EVENT_LOW_FLAG Register (Address = 0x1C) [reset = 0x0]

EVENT_LOW_FLAG is shown in [図 8-19](#) and described in [表 8-21](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-19. EVENT_LOW_FLAG Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EVENT_LOW_FLAG[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-21. EVENT_LOW_FLAG Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	EVENT_LOW_FLAG[7:0]	R/W	0b	<p>Alert flag corresponding to low threshold of analog input or falling edge of digital input on CH[7:0]. Write 1b to clear this flag.</p> <p>0b = No Event condition detected.</p> <p>1b = Either low threshold was exceeded (analog input) or falling edge was detected (digital input).</p>

8.1.20 EVENT_RGN Register (Address = 0x1E) [reset = 0x0]

EVENT_RGN is shown in 図 8-20 and described in 表 8-22.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).**図 8-20. EVENT_RGN Register**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
EVENT_RGN[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-22. EVENT_RGN Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	EVENT_RGN[7:0]	R/W	0b	<p>Choice of region used in monitoring analog/digital inputs CH[7:0].</p> <p>0b = Alert flag is set if: (conversion result < low threshold) or (conversion result > high threshold). For digital inputs, logic 1 sets the alert flag.</p> <p>1b = Alert flag is set if: (low threshold > conversion result < high threshold). For digital inputs, logic 0 sets the alert flag.</p>

8.1.21 HYSTERESIS_CH0 Register (Address = 0x20) [reset = 0xF0]

HYSTERESIS_CH0 is shown in 図 8-21 and described in 表 8-23.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).**図 8-21. HYSTERESIS_CH0 Register**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH0_LSB[3:0]				HYSTERESIS_CH0[3:0]			
R/W-1111b				R/W-0b			

表 8-23. HYSTERESIS_CH0 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-4	HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH0_LSB[3:0]	R/W	1111b	Lower 4-bits of high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with bits 3:0 of ADC conversion result.
3-0	HYSTERESIS_CH0[3:0]	R/W	0b	4-bit hysteresis for high and low thresholds. This 4-bit hysteresis is left shifted 3 times and applied on the lower 7-bits of the threshold. Total hysteresis = 7-bits [4-bits, 000b]

8.1.22 HIGH_TH_CH0 Register (Address = 0x21) [reset = 0xFF]

HIGH_TH_CH0 is shown in 図 8-22 and described in 表 8-24.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).**図 8-22. HIGH_TH_CH0 Register**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH0_MSB[7:0]							
R/W-11111111b							

表 8-24. HIGH_TH_CH0 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH0 _MSB[7:0]	R/W	11111111b	MSB aligned high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with top 8 bits of ADC conversion result.

8.1.23 EVENT_COUNT_CH0 Register (Address = 0x22) [reset = 0x0]

EVENT_COUNT_CH0 is shown in [図 8-23](#) and described in [表 8-25](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-23. EVENT_COUNT_CH0 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LOW_THRESHOLD_CH0_LSB[3:0]				EVENT_COUNT_CH0[3:0]			
R/W-0b				R/W-0b			

表 8-25. EVENT_COUNT_CH0 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-4	LOW_THRESHOLD_CH0 _LSB[3:0]	R/W	0b	Lower 4-bits of low threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with bits 3:0 of ADC conversion result.
3-0	EVENT_COUNT_CH0[3:0]	R/W	0b	Configuration for checking 'n+1' consecutive samples above threshold before setting alert flag.

8.1.24 LOW_TH_CH0 Register (Address = 0x23) [reset = 0x0]

LOW_TH_CH0 is shown in [図 8-24](#) and described in [表 8-26](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-24. LOW_TH_CH0 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LOW_THRESHOLD_CH0_MSB[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-26. LOW_TH_CH0 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LOW_THRESHOLD_CH0 _MSB[7:0]	R/W	0b	MSB aligned high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with top 8 bits of ADC conversion result.

8.1.25 HYSTERESIS_CH1 Register (Address = 0x24) [reset = 0xF0]

HYSTERESIS_CH1 is shown in [図 8-25](#) and described in [表 8-27](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-25. HYSTERESIS_CH1 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH1_LSB[3:0]				HYSTERESIS_CH1[3:0]			
R/W-1111b				R/W-0b			

表 8-27. HYSTERESIS_CH1 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-4	HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH1_LS B[3:0]	R/W	1111b	Lower 4-bits of high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with bits 3:0 of ADC conversion result.

表 8-27. HYSTERESIS_CH1 Register Field Descriptions (続き)

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
3-0	HYSTERESIS_CH1[3:0]	R/W	0b	4-bit hysteresis for high and low thresholds. This 4-bit hysteresis is left shifted 3 times and applied on the lower 7-bits of the threshold. Total hysteresis = 7-bits [4-bits, 000b]

8.1.26 HIGH_TH_CH1 Register (Address = 0x25) [reset = 0xFF]

HIGH_TH_CH1 is shown in 図 8-26 and described in 表 8-28.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).**図 8-26. HIGH_TH_CH1 Register**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH1_MSB[7:0]							
R/W-1111111b							

表 8-28. HIGH_TH_CH1 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH1_M SB[7:0]	R/W	1111111b	MSB aligned high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with top 8 bits of ADC conversion result.

8.1.27 EVENT_COUNT_CH1 Register (Address = 0x26) [reset = 0x0]

EVENT_COUNT_CH1 is shown in 図 8-27 and described in 表 8-29.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).**図 8-27. EVENT_COUNT_CH1 Register**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LOW_THRESHOLD_CH1_LSB[3:0]				EVENT_COUNT_CH1[3:0]			
R/W-0b				R/W-0b			

表 8-29. EVENT_COUNT_CH1 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-4	LOW_THRESHOLD_CH1_LS B[3:0]	R/W	0b	Lower 4-bits of low threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with bits 3:0 of ADC conversion result.
3-0	EVENT_COUNT_CH1[3:0]	R/W	0b	Configuration for checking 'n+1' consecutive samples above threshold before setting alert flag.

8.1.28 LOW_TH_CH1 Register (Address = 0x27) [reset = 0x0]

LOW_TH_CH1 is shown in 図 8-28 and described in 表 8-30.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).**図 8-28. LOW_TH_CH1 Register**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LOW_THRESHOLD_CH1_MSB[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-30. LOW_TH_CH1 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LOW_THRESHOLD_CH1 _MSB[7:0]	R/W	0b	MSB aligned high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with top 8 bits of ADC conversion result.

8.1.29 HYSTERESIS_CH2 Register (Address = 0x28) [reset = 0xF0]

HYSTERESIS_CH2 is shown in [図 8-29](#) and described in [表 8-31](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-29. HYSTERESIS_CH2 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH2_LSB[3:0]				HYSTERESIS_CH2[3:0]			
R/W-1111b				R/W-0b			

表 8-31. HYSTERESIS_CH2 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-4	HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH2_LSB[3:0]	R/W	1111b	Lower 4-bits of high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with bits 3:0 of ADC conversion result.
3-0	HYSTERESIS_CH2[3:0]	R/W	0b	4-bit hysteresis for high and low thresholds. This 4-bit hysteresis is left shifted 3 times and applied on the lower 7-bits of the threshold. Total hysteresis = 7-bits [4-bits, 000b]

8.1.30 HIGH_TH_CH2 Register (Address = 0x29) [reset = 0xFF]

HIGH_TH_CH2 is shown in [図 8-30](#) and described in [表 8-32](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-30. HIGH_TH_CH2 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH2_MSB[7:0]							
R/W-11111111b							

表 8-32. HIGH_TH_CH2 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH2_MSB[7:0]	R/W	11111111b	MSB aligned high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with top 8 bits of ADC conversion result.

8.1.31 EVENT_COUNT_CH2 Register (Address = 0x2A) [reset = 0x0]

EVENT_COUNT_CH2 is shown in [図 8-31](#) and described in [表 8-33](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-31. EVENT_COUNT_CH2 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LOW_THRESHOLD_CH2_LSB[3:0]				EVENT_COUNT_CH2[3:0]			
R/W-0b				R/W-0b			

表 8-33. EVENT_COUNT_CH2 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-4	LOW_THRESHOLD_CH2_LSB[3:0]	R/W	0b	Lower 4-bits of low threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with bits 3:0 of ADC conversion result.
3-0	EVENT_COUNT_CH2[3:0]	R/W	0b	Configuration for checking 'n+1' consecutive samples above threshold before setting alert flag.

8.1.32 LOW_TH_CH2 Register (Address = 0x2B) [reset = 0x0]

LOW_TH_CH2 is shown in 図 8-32 and described in 表 8-34.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-32. LOW_TH_CH2 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LOW_THRESHOLD_CH2_MSB[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-34. LOW_TH_CH2 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LOW_THRESHOLD_CH2_MSB[7:0]	R/W	0b	MSB aligned high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with top 8 bits of ADC conversion result.

8.1.33 HYSTERESIS_CH3 Register (Address = 0x2C) [reset = 0xF0]

HYSTERESIS_CH3 is shown in 図 8-33 and described in 表 8-35.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-33. HYSTERESIS_CH3 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH3_LSB[3:0]					HYSTERESIS_CH3[3:0]		
R/W-1111b					R/W-0b		

表 8-35. HYSTERESIS_CH3 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-4	HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH3_LSB[3:0]	R/W	1111b	Lower 4-bits of high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with bits 3:0 of ADC conversion result.
3-0	HYSTERESIS_CH3[3:0]	R/W	0b	4-bit hysteresis for high and low thresholds. This 4-bit hysteresis is left shifted 3 times and applied on the lower 7-bits of the threshold. Total hysteresis = 7-bits [4-bits, 000b]

8.1.34 HIGH_TH_CH3 Register (Address = 0x2D) [reset = 0xFF]

HIGH_TH_CH3 is shown in 図 8-34 and described in 表 8-36.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-34. HIGH_TH_CH3 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH3_MSB[7:0]							
R/W-11111111b							

表 8-36. HIGH_TH_CH3 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH3_MSB[7:0]	R/W	11111111b	MSB aligned high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with top 8 bits of ADC conversion result.

8.1.35 EVENT_COUNT_CH3 Register (Address = 0x2E) [reset = 0x0]

EVENT_COUNT_CH3 is shown in 図 8-35 and described in 表 8-37.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-35. EVENT_COUNT_CH3 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LOW_THRESHOLD_CH3_LSB[3:0]				EVENT_COUNT_CH3[3:0]			
R/W-0b				R/W-0b			

表 8-37. EVENT_COUNT_CH3 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-4	LOW_THRESHOLD_CH3_LSB[3:0]	R/W	0b	Lower 4-bits of low threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with bits 3:0 of ADC conversion result.
3-0	EVENT_COUNT_CH3[3:0]	R/W	0b	Configuration for checking 'n+1' consecutive samples above threshold before setting alert flag.

8.1.36 LOW_TH_CH3 Register (Address = 0x2F) [reset = 0x0]

LOW_TH_CH3 is shown in [図 8-36](#) and described in [表 8-38](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-36. LOW_TH_CH3 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LOW_THRESHOLD_CH3_MSB[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-38. LOW_TH_CH3 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LOW_THRESHOLD_CH3_MSB[7:0]	R/W	0b	MSB aligned high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with top 8 bits of ADC conversion result.

8.1.37 HYSTERESIS_CH4 Register (Address = 0x30) [reset = 0xF0]

HYSTERESIS_CH4 is shown in [図 8-37](#) and described in [表 8-39](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-37. HYSTERESIS_CH4 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH4_LSB[3:0]				HYSTERESIS_CH4[3:0]			
R/W-1111b				R/W-0b			

表 8-39. HYSTERESIS_CH4 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-4	HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH4_LSB[3:0]	R/W	1111b	Lower 4-bits of high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with bits 3:0 of ADC conversion result.
3-0	HYSTERESIS_CH4[3:0]	R/W	0b	4-bit hysteresis for high and low thresholds. This 4-bit hysteresis is left shifted 3 times and applied on the lower 7-bits of the threshold. Total hysteresis = 7-bits [4-bits, 000b]

8.1.38 HIGH_TH_CH4 Register (Address = 0x31) [reset = 0xFF]

HIGH_TH_CH4 is shown in [図 8-38](#) and described in [表 8-40](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-38. HIGH_TH_CH4 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH4_MSB[7:0]							
R/W-11111111b							

表 8-40. HIGH_TH_CH4 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH4_MSB[7:0]	R/W	11111111b	MSB aligned high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with top 8 bits of ADC conversion result.

8.1.39 EVENT_COUNT_CH4 Register (Address = 0x32) [reset = 0x0]

EVENT_COUNT_CH4 is shown in [図 8-39](#) and described in [表 8-41](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-39. EVENT_COUNT_CH4 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LOW_THRESHOLD_CH4_LSB[3:0]					EVENT_COUNT_CH4[3:0]		
R/W-0b					R/W-0b		

表 8-41. EVENT_COUNT_CH4 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-4	LOW_THRESHOLD_CH4_LSB[3:0]	R/W	0b	Lower 4-bits of low threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with bits 3:0 of ADC conversion result.
3-0	EVENT_COUNT_CH4[3:0]	R/W	0b	Configuration for checking 'n+1' consecutive samples above threshold before setting alert flag.

8.1.40 LOW_TH_CH4 Register (Address = 0x33) [reset = 0x0]

LOW_TH_CH4 is shown in [図 8-40](#) and described in [表 8-42](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-40. LOW_TH_CH4 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LOW_THRESHOLD_CH4_MSB[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-42. LOW_TH_CH4 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LOW_THRESHOLD_CH4_MSB[7:0]	R/W	0b	MSB aligned high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with top 8 bits of ADC conversion result.

8.1.41 HYSTERESIS_CH5 Register (Address = 0x34) [reset = 0xF0]

HYSTERESIS_CH5 is shown in [図 8-41](#) and described in [表 8-43](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-41. HYSTERESIS_CH5 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH5_LSB[3:0]				HYSTERESIS_CH5[3:0]			
R/W-1111b				R/W-0b			

表 8-43. HYSTERESIS_CH5 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-4	HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH5_LSB[3:0]	R/W	1111b	Lower 4-bits of high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with bits 3:0 of ADC conversion result.
3-0	HYSTERESIS_CH5[3:0]	R/W	0b	4-bit hysteresis for high and low thresholds. This 4-bit hysteresis is left shifted 3 times and applied on the lower 7-bits of the threshold. Total hysteresis = 7-bits [4-bits, 000b]

8.1.42 HIGH_TH_CH5 Register (Address = 0x35) [reset = 0xFF]

HIGH_TH_CH5 is shown in [図 8-42](#) and described in [表 8-44](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-42. HIGH_TH_CH5 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH5_MSB[7:0]							
R/W-11111111b							

表 8-44. HIGH_TH_CH5 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH5_MSB[7:0]	R/W	11111111b	MSB aligned high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with top 8 bits of ADC conversion result.

8.1.43 EVENT_COUNT_CH5 Register (Address = 0x36) [reset = 0x0]

EVENT_COUNT_CH5 is shown in [図 8-43](#) and described in [表 8-45](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-43. EVENT_COUNT_CH5 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LOW_THRESHOLD_CH5_LSB[3:0]				EVENT_COUNT_CH5[3:0]			
R/W-0b				R/W-0b			

表 8-45. EVENT_COUNT_CH5 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-4	LOW_THRESHOLD_CH5_LSB[3:0]	R/W	0b	Lower 4-bits of low threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with bits 3:0 of ADC conversion result.
3-0	EVENT_COUNT_CH5[3:0]	R/W	0b	Configuration for checking 'n+1' consecutive samples above threshold before setting alert flag.

8.1.44 LOW_TH_CH5 Register (Address = 0x37) [reset = 0x0]

LOW_TH_CH5 is shown in [図 8-44](#) and described in [表 8-46](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-44. LOW_TH_CH5 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LOW_THRESHOLD_CH5_MSB[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-46. LOW_TH_CH5 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LOW_THRESHOLD_CH5_MSB[7:0]	R/W	0b	MSB aligned high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with top 8 bits of ADC conversion result.

8.1.45 HYSTERESIS_CH6 Register (Address = 0x38) [reset = 0xF0]

HYSTERESIS_CH6 is shown in [図 8-45](#) and described in [表 8-47](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-45. HYSTERESIS_CH6 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH6_LSB[3:0]				HYSTERESIS_CH6[3:0]			
R/W-1111b						R/W-0b	

表 8-47. HYSTERESIS_CH6 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-4	HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH6_LSB[3:0]	R/W	1111b	Lower 4-bits of high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with bits 3:0 of ADC conversion result.
3-0	HYSTERESIS_CH6[3:0]	R/W	0b	4-bit hysteresis for high and low thresholds. This 4-bit hysteresis is left shifted 3 times and applied on the lower 7-bits of the threshold. Total hysteresis = 7-bits [4-bits, 000b]

8.1.46 HIGH_TH_CH6 Register (Address = 0x39) [reset = 0xFF]

HIGH_TH_CH6 is shown in [図 8-46](#) and described in [表 8-48](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-46. HIGH_TH_CH6 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH6_MSB[7:0]							
R/W-1111111b							

表 8-48. HIGH_TH_CH6 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH6_MSB[7:0]	R/W	1111111b	MSB aligned high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with top 8 bits of ADC conversion result.

8.1.47 EVENT_COUNT_CH6 Register (Address = 0x3A) [reset = 0x0]

EVENT_COUNT_CH6 is shown in [図 8-47](#) and described in [表 8-49](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-47. EVENT_COUNT_CH6 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LOW_THRESHOLD_CH6_LSB[3:0]				EVENT_COUNT_CH6[3:0]			

図 8-47. EVENT_COUNT_CH6 Register (続き)

R/W-0b	R/W-0b
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表 8-49. EVENT_COUNT_CH6 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-4	LOW_THRESHOLD_CH6_LSB[3:0]	R/W	0b	Lower 4-bits of low threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with bits 3:0 of ADC conversion result.
3-0	EVENT_COUNT_CH6[3:0]	R/W	0b	Configuration for checking 'n+1' consecutive samples above threshold before setting alert flag.

8.1.48 LOW_TH_CH6 Register (Address = 0x3B) [reset = 0x0]

LOW_TH_CH6 is shown in [図 8-48](#) and described in [表 8-50](#).

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図 8-48. LOW_TH_CH6 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LOW_THRESHOLD_CH6_MSB[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-50. LOW_TH_CH6 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LOW_THRESHOLD_CH6_MSB[7:0]	R/W	0b	MSB aligned high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with top 8 bits of ADC conversion result.

8.1.49 HYSTERESIS_CH7 Register (Address = 0x3C) [reset = 0xF0]

HYSTERESIS_CH7 is shown in [図 8-49](#) and described in [表 8-51](#).

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図 8-49. HYSTERESIS_CH7 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH7_LSB[3:0]				HYSTERESIS_CH7[3:0]			
R/W-1111b				R/W-0b			

表 8-51. HYSTERESIS_CH7 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-4	HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH7_LSB[3:0]	R/W	1111b	Lower 4-bits of high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with bits 3:0 of ADC conversion result.
3-0	HYSTERESIS_CH7[3:0]	R/W	0b	4-bit hysteresis for high and low thresholds. This 4-bit hysteresis is left shifted 3 times and applied on the lower 7-bits of the threshold. Total hysteresis = 7-bits [4-bits, 000b]

8.1.50 HIGH_TH_CH7 Register (Address = 0x3D) [reset = 0xFF]

HIGH_TH_CH7 is shown in [図 8-50](#) and described in [表 8-52](#).

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図 8-50. HIGH_TH_CH7 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH7_MSB[7:0]							
R/W-11111111b							

表 8-52. HIGH_TH_CH7 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	HIGH_THRESHOLD_CH7_M SB[7:0]	R/W	1111111b	MSB aligned high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with top 8 bits of ADC conversion result.

8.1.51 EVENT_COUNT_CH7 Register (Address = 0x3E) [reset = 0x0]

EVENT_COUNT_CH7 is shown in 図 8-51 and described in 表 8-53.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).**図 8-51. EVENT_COUNT_CH7 Register**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LOW_THRESHOLD_CH7_LSB[3:0]				EVENT_COUNT_CH7[3:0]			
R/W-0b				R/W-0b			

表 8-53. EVENT_COUNT_CH7 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-4	LOW_THRESHOLD_CH7_LS B[3:0]	R/W	0b	Lower 4-bits of low threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with bits 3:0 of ADC conversion result.
3-0	EVENT_COUNT_CH7[3:0]	R/W	0b	Configuration for checking 'n+1' consecutive samples above threshold before setting alert flag.

8.1.52 LOW_TH_CH7 Register (Address = 0x3F) [reset = 0x0]

LOW_TH_CH7 is shown in 図 8-52 and described in 表 8-54.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).**図 8-52. LOW_TH_CH7 Register**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LOW_THRESHOLD_CH7_MSB[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-54. LOW_TH_CH7 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LOW_THRESHOLD_CH7 _MSB[7:0]	R/W	0b	MSB aligned high threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with top 8 bits of ADC conversion result.

8.1.53 RESERVED Register (Address = 0x4E) [reset = 0x0]

RESERVED is shown in 図 8-53 and described in 表 8-55.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).**図 8-53. RESERVED Register**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED							
R-0b							

表 8-55. RESERVED Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	RESERVED	R	0b	Lower 4-bits of low threshold for analog input. These bits are compared with bits 3:0 of ADC conversion result.

8.1.54 MAX_CH0_LSB Register (Address = 0x60) [reset = 0x0]

MAX_CH0_LSB is shown in 図 8-54 and described in 表 8-56.

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図 8-54. MAX_CH0_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAX_VALUE_CH0_LSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-56. MAX_CH0_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MAX_VALUE_CH0_LSB[7:0]	R	0b	Maximum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0.

8.1.55 MAX_CH0_MSB Register (Address = 0x61) [reset = 0x0]

MAX_CH0_MSB is shown in 図 8-55 and described in 表 8-57.

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図 8-55. MAX_CH0_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAX_VALUE_CH0_MSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-57. MAX_CH0_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MAX_VALUE_CH0_MSB[7:0]	R	0b	Maximum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0.

8.1.56 MAX_CH1_LSB Register (Address = 0x62) [reset = 0x0]

MAX_CH1_LSB is shown in 図 8-56 and described in 表 8-58.

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図 8-56. MAX_CH1_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAX_VALUE_CH1_LSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-58. MAX_CH1_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MAX_VALUE_CH1_LSB[7:0]	R	0b	Maximum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0.

8.1.57 MAX_CH1_MSB Register (Address = 0x63) [reset = 0x0]

MAX_CH1_MSB is shown in [図 8-57](#) and described in [表 8-59](#).

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図 8-57. MAX_CH1_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAX_VALUE_CH1_MSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-59. MAX_CH1_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MAX_VALUE_CH1_MSB[7:0]	R	0b	Maximum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0.

8.1.58 MAX_CH2_LSB Register (Address = 0x64) [reset = 0x0]

MAX_CH2_LSB is shown in [図 8-58](#) and described in [表 8-60](#).

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図 8-58. MAX_CH2_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAX_VALUE_CH2_LSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-60. MAX_CH2_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MAX_VALUE_CH2_LSB[7:0]	R	0b	Maximum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0.

8.1.59 MAX_CH2_MSB Register (Address = 0x65) [reset = 0x0]

MAX_CH2_MSB is shown in [図 8-59](#) and described in [表 8-61](#).

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図 8-59. MAX_CH2_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAX_VALUE_CH2_MSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-61. MAX_CH2_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MAX_VALUE_CH2_MSB[7:0]	R	0b	Maximum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0.

8.1.60 MAX_CH3_LSB Register (Address = 0x66) [reset = 0x0]

MAX_CH3_LSB is shown in 図 8-60 and described in 表 8-62.

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図 8-60. MAX_CH3_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAX_VALUE_CH3_LSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-62. MAX_CH3_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MAX_VALUE_CH3_LSB[7:0]	R	0b	Maximum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0.

8.1.61 MAX_CH3_MSB Register (Address = 0x67) [reset = 0x0]

MAX_CH3_MSB is shown in 図 8-61 and described in 表 8-63.

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図 8-61. MAX_CH3_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAX_VALUE_CH3_MSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-63. MAX_CH3_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MAX_VALUE_CH3_MSB[7:0]	R	0b	Maximum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0.

8.1.62 MAX_CH4_LSB Register (Address = 0x68) [reset = 0x0]

MAX_CH4_LSB is shown in 図 8-62 and described in 表 8-64.

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図 8-62. MAX_CH4_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAX_VALUE_CH4_LSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-64. MAX_CH4_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MAX_VALUE_CH4_LSB[7:0]	R	0b	Maximum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0.

8.1.63 MAX_CH4_MSB Register (Address = 0x69) [reset = 0x0]

MAX_CH4_MSB is shown in [図 8-63](#) and described in [表 8-65](#).

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図 8-63. MAX_CH4_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAX_VALUE_CH4_MSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-65. MAX_CH4_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MAX_VALUE_CH4_MSB[7:0]	R	0b	Maximum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0.

8.1.64 MAX_CH5_LSB Register (Address = 0x6A) [reset = 0x0]

MAX_CH5_LSB is shown in [図 8-64](#) and described in [表 8-66](#).

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図 8-64. MAX_CH5_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAX_VALUE_CH5_LSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-66. MAX_CH5_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MAX_VALUE_CH5_LSB[7:0]	R	0b	Maximum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0.

8.1.65 MAX_CH5_MSB Register (Address = 0x6B) [reset = 0x0]

MAX_CH5_MSB is shown in [図 8-65](#) and described in [表 8-67](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-65. MAX_CH5_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAX_VALUE_CH5_MSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-67. MAX_CH5_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MAX_VALUE_CH5_MSB[7:0]	R	0b	Maximum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0.

8.1.66 MAX_CH6_LSB Register (Address = 0x6C) [reset = 0x0]

MAX_CH6_LSB is shown in [図 8-66](#) and described in [表 8-68](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-66. MAX_CH6_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAX_VALUE_CH6_LSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-68. MAX_CH6_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MAX_VALUE_CH6_LSB[7:0]	R	0b	Maximum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0.

8.1.67 MAX_CH6_MSB Register (Address = 0x6D) [reset = 0x0]

MAX_CH6_MSB is shown in [図 8-67](#) and described in [表 8-69](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-67. MAX_CH6_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAX_VALUE_CH6_MSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-69. MAX_CH6_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MAX_VALUE_CH6_MSB[7:0]	R	0b	Maximum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0.

8.1.68 MAX_CH7_LSB Register (Address = 0x6E) [reset = 0x0]

MAX_CH7_LSB is shown in [図 8-68](#) and described in [表 8-70](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-68. MAX_CH7_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAX_VALUE_CH7_LSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-70. MAX_CH7_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MAX_VALUE_CH7_LSB[7:0]	R	0b	Maximum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0.

8.1.69 MAX_CH7_MSB Register (Address = 0x6F) [reset = 0x0]

MAX_CH7_MSB is shown in [図 8-69](#) and described in [表 8-71](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-69. MAX_CH7_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAX_VALUE_CH7_MSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-71. MAX_CH7_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MAX_VALUE_CH7_MSB[7:0]	R	0b	Maximum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0.

8.1.70 MIN_CH0_LSB Register (Address = 0x80) [reset = 0xFF]

MIN_CH0_LSB is shown in [図 8-70](#) and described in [表 8-72](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-70. MIN_CH0_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MIN_VALUE_CH0_LSB[7:0]							
R-11111111b							

表 8-72. MIN_CH0_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MIN_VALUE_CH0_LSB[7:0]	R	11111111b	Minimum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0xFF.

8.1.71 MIN_CH0_MSB Register (Address = 0x81) [reset = 0xFF]

MIN_CH0_MSB is shown in [図 8-71](#) and described in [表 8-73](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-71. MIN_CH0_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MIN_VALUE_CH0_MSB[7:0]							
R-11111111b							

表 8-73. MIN_CH0_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MIN_VALUE_CH0_MSB[7:0]	R	11111111b	Minimum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0xFF.

8.1.72 MIN_CH1_LSB Register (Address = 0x82) [reset = 0xFF]

MIN_CH1_LSB is shown in 図 8-72 and described in 表 8-74.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-72. MIN_CH1_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MIN_VALUE_CH1_LSB[7:0]							
R-1111111b							

表 8-74. MIN_CH1_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MIN_VALUE_CH1_LSB[7:0]	R	1111111b	Minimum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0xFF.

8.1.73 MIN_CH1_MSB Register (Address = 0x83) [reset = 0xFF]

MIN_CH1_MSB is shown in 図 8-73 and described in 表 8-75.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-73. MIN_CH1_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MIN_VALUE_CH1_MSB[7:0]							
R-1111111b							

表 8-75. MIN_CH1_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MIN_VALUE_CH1_MSB[7:0]	R	1111111b	Minimum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0xFF.

8.1.74 MIN_CH2_LSB Register (Address = 0x84) [reset = 0xFF]

MIN_CH2_LSB is shown in 図 8-74 and described in 表 8-76.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-74. MIN_CH2_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MIN_VALUE_CH2_LSB[7:0]							
R-1111111b							

表 8-76. MIN_CH2_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MIN_VALUE_CH2_LSB[7:0]	R	1111111b	Minimum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0xFF.

8.1.75 MIN_CH2_MSB Register (Address = 0x85) [reset = 0xFF]

MIN_CH2_MSB is shown in 図 8-75 and described in 表 8-77.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-75. MIN_CH2_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MIN_VALUE_CH2_MSB[7:0]							
R-1111111b							

表 8-77. MIN_CH2_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MIN_VALUE_CH2_MSB[7:0]	R	1111111b	Minimum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0xFF.

8.1.76 MIN_CH3_LSB Register (Address = 0x86) [reset = 0xFF]

MIN_CH3_LSB is shown in 図 8-76 and described in 表 8-78.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-76. MIN_CH3_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MIN_VALUE_CH3_LSB[7:0]							
R-1111111b							

表 8-78. MIN_CH3_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MIN_VALUE_CH3_LSB[7:0]	R	1111111b	Minimum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0xFF.

8.1.77 MIN_CH3_MSB Register (Address = 0x87) [reset = 0xFF]

MIN_CH3_MSB is shown in 図 8-77 and described in 表 8-79.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-77. MIN_CH3_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MIN_VALUE_CH3_MSB[7:0]							
R-1111111b							

表 8-79. MIN_CH3_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MIN_VALUE_CH3_MSB[7:0]	R	1111111b	Minimum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0xFF.

8.1.78 MIN_CH4_LSB Register (Address = 0x88) [reset = 0xFF]

MIN_CH4_LSB is shown in [図 8-78](#) and described in [表 8-80](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-78. MIN_CH4_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MIN_VALUE_CH4_LSB[7:0]							
R-1111111b							

表 8-80. MIN_CH4_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MIN_VALUE_CH4_LSB[7:0]	R	1111111b	Minimum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0xFF.

8.1.79 MIN_CH4_MSB Register (Address = 0x89) [reset = 0xFF]

MIN_CH4_MSB is shown in [図 8-79](#) and described in [表 8-81](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-79. MIN_CH4_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MIN_VALUE_CH4_MSB[7:0]							
R-1111111b							

表 8-81. MIN_CH4_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MIN_VALUE_CH4_MSB[7:0]	R	1111111b	Minimum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0xFF.

8.1.80 MIN_CH5_LSB Register (Address = 0x8A) [reset = 0xFF]

MIN_CH5_LSB is shown in [図 8-80](#) and described in [表 8-82](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-80. MIN_CH5_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MIN_VALUE_CH5_LSB[7:0]							
R-1111111b							

表 8-82. MIN_CH5_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MIN_VALUE_CH5_LSB[7:0]	R	1111111b	Minimum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0xFF.

8.1.81 MIN_CH5_MSB Register (Address = 0x8B) [reset = 0xFF]

MIN_CH5_MSB is shown in 図 8-81 and described in 表 8-83.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-81. MIN_CH5_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MIN_VALUE_CH5_MSB[7:0]							
R-1111111b							

表 8-83. MIN_CH5_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MIN_VALUE_CH5_MSB[7:0]	R	1111111b	Minimum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0xFF.

8.1.82 MIN_CH6_LSB Register (Address = 0x8C) [reset = 0xFF]

MIN_CH6_LSB is shown in 図 8-82 and described in 表 8-84.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-82. MIN_CH6_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MIN_VALUE_CH6_LSB[7:0]							
R-1111111b							

表 8-84. MIN_CH6_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MIN_VALUE_CH6_LSB[7:0]	R	1111111b	Minimum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0xFF.

8.1.83 MIN_CH6_MSB Register (Address = 0x8D) [reset = 0xFF]

MIN_CH6_MSB is shown in 図 8-83 and described in 表 8-85.

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-83. MIN_CH6_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MIN_VALUE_CH6_MSB[7:0]							
R-1111111b							

表 8-85. MIN_CH6_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MIN_VALUE_CH6_MSB[7:0]	R	1111111b	Minimum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0xFF.

8.1.84 MIN_CH7_LSB Register (Address = 0x8E) [reset = 0xFF]

MIN_CH7_LSB is shown in [図 8-84](#) and described in [表 8-86](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-84. MIN_CH7_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MIN_VALUE_CH7_LSB[7:0]							
R-1111111b							

表 8-86. MIN_CH7_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MIN_VALUE_CH7_LSB[7:0]	R	1111111b	Minimum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0xFF.

8.1.85 MIN_CH7_MSB Register (Address = 0x8F) [reset = 0xFF]

MIN_CH7_MSB is shown in [図 8-85](#) and described in [表 8-87](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-85. MIN_CH7_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MIN_VALUE_CH7_MSB[7:0]							
R-1111111b							

表 8-87. MIN_CH7_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	MIN_VALUE_CH7_MSB[7:0]	R	1111111b	Minimum code recorded on the analog input channel from the last time this register was read. Reading the register will reset the value to 0xFF.

8.1.86 RECENT_CH0_LSB Register (Address = 0xA0) [reset = 0x0]

RECENT_CH0_LSB is shown in [図 8-86](#) and described in [表 8-88](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-86. RECENT_CH0_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LAST_VALUE_CH0_LSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-88. RECENT_CH0_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LAST_VALUE_CH0_LSB[7:0]	R	0b	Next 8 bits of the last result for this analog input channel.

8.1.87 RECENT_CH0_MSB Register (Address = 0xA1) [reset = 0x0]

RECENT_CH0_MSB is shown in [図 8-87](#) and described in [表 8-89](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-87. RECENT_CH0_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LAST_VALUE_CH0_MSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-89. RECENT_CH0_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LAST_VALUE_CH0_MSB[7:0]	R	0b	MSB aligned first 8 bits of the last result for this analog input channel.

8.1.88 RECENT_CH1_LSB Register (Address = 0xA2) [reset = 0x0]

RECENT_CH1_LSB is shown in [図 8-88](#) and described in [表 8-90](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-88. RECENT_CH1_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LAST_VALUE_CH1_LSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-90. RECENT_CH1_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LAST_VALUE_CH1_LSB[7:0]	R	0b	Next 8 bits of the last result for this analog input channel.

8.1.89 RECENT_CH1_MSB Register (Address = 0xA3) [reset = 0x0]

RECENT_CH1_MSB is shown in [図 8-89](#) and described in [表 8-91](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-89. RECENT_CH1_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LAST_VALUE_CH1_MSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-91. RECENT_CH1_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LAST_VALUE_CH1_MSB[7:0]	R	0b	MSB aligned first 8 bits of the last result for this analog input channel.

8.1.90 RECENT_CH2_LSB Register (Address = 0xA4) [reset = 0x0]

RECENT_CH2_LSB is shown in [図 8-90](#) and described in [表 8-92](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-90. RECENT_CH2_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LAST_VALUE_CH2_LSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-92. RECENT_CH2_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LAST_VALUE_CH2_LSB[7:0]	R	0b	Next 8 bits of the last result for this analog input channel.

8.1.91 RECENT_CH2_MSB Register (Address = 0xA5) [reset = 0x0]

RECENT_CH2_MSB is shown in [図 8-91](#) and described in [表 8-93](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-91. RECENT_CH2_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LAST_VALUE_CH2_MSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-93. RECENT_CH2_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LAST_VALUE_CH2_MSB[7:0]	R	0b	MSB aligned first 8 bits of the last result for this analog input channel.

8.1.92 RECENT_CH3_LSB Register (Address = 0xA6) [reset = 0x0]

RECENT_CH3_LSB is shown in [図 8-92](#) and described in [表 8-94](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-92. RECENT_CH3_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LAST_VALUE_CH3_LSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-94. RECENT_CH3_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LAST_VALUE_CH3_LSB[7:0]	R	0b	Next 8 bits of the last result for this analog input channel.

8.1.93 RECENT_CH3_MSB Register (Address = 0xA7) [reset = 0x0]

RECENT_CH3_MSB is shown in [図 8-93](#) and described in [表 8-95](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-93. RECENT_CH3_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LAST_VALUE_CH3_MSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-95. RECENT_CH3_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LAST_VALUE_CH3_MSB[7:0]	R	0b	MSB aligned first 8 bits of the last result for this analog input channel.

8.1.94 RECENT_CH4_LSB Register (Address = 0xA8) [reset = 0x0]

RECENT_CH4_LSB is shown in [図 8-94](#) and described in [表 8-96](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-94. RECENT_CH4_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LAST_VALUE_CH4_LSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-96. RECENT_CH4_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LAST_VALUE_CH4_LSB[7:0]	R	0b	Next 8 bits of the last result for this analog input channel.

8.1.95 RECENT_CH4_MSB Register (Address = 0xA9) [reset = 0x0]

RECENT_CH4_MSB is shown in [図 8-95](#) and described in [表 8-97](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-95. RECENT_CH4_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LAST_VALUE_CH4_MSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-97. RECENT_CH4_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LAST_VALUE_CH4_MSB[7:0]	R	0b	MSB aligned first 8 bits of the last result for this analog input channel.

8.1.96 RECENT_CH5_LSB Register (Address = 0xAA) [reset = 0x0]

RECENT_CH5_LSB is shown in [図 8-96](#) and described in [表 8-98](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-96. RECENT_CH5_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LAST_VALUE_CH5_LSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-98. RECENT_CH5_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LAST_VALUE_CH5_LSB[7:0]	R	0b	Next 8 bits of the last result for this analog input channel.

8.1.97 RECENT_CH5_MSB Register (Address = 0xAB) [reset = 0x0]

RECENT_CH5_MSB is shown in [図 8-97](#) and described in [表 8-99](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-97. RECENT_CH5_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LAST_VALUE_CH5_MSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-99. RECENT_CH5_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LAST_VALUE_CH5_MSB[7:0]	R	0b	MSB aligned first 8 bits of the last result for this analog input channel.

8.1.98 RECENT_CH6_LSB Register (Address = 0xAC) [reset = 0x0]

RECENT_CH6_LSB is shown in [図 8-98](#) and described in [表 8-100](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-98. RECENT_CH6_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LAST_VALUE_CH6_LSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-100. RECENT_CH6_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LAST_VALUE_CH6_LSB[7:0]	R	0b	Next 8 bits of the last result for this analog input channel.

8.1.99 RECENT_CH6_MSB Register (Address = 0xAD) [reset = 0x0]

RECENT_CH6_MSB is shown in [図 8-99](#) and described in [表 8-101](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-99. RECENT_CH6_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LAST_VALUE_CH6_MSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-101. RECENT_CH6_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LAST_VALUE_CH6_MSB[7:0]	R	0b	MSB aligned first 8 bits of the last result for this analog input channel.

8.1.100 RECENT_CH7_LSB Register (Address = 0xAE) [reset = 0x0]

RECENT_CH7_LSB is shown in [図 8-100](#) and described in [表 8-102](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-100. RECENT_CH7_LSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LAST_VALUE_CH7_LSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-102. RECENT_CH7_LSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LAST_VALUE_CH7_LSB[7:0]	R	0b	Next 8 bits of the last result for this analog input channel.

8.1.101 RECENT_CH7_MSB Register (Address = 0xAF) [reset = 0x0]

RECENT_CH7_MSB is shown in [図 8-101](#) and described in [表 8-103](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-101. RECENT_CH7_MSB Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LAST_VALUE_CH7_MSB[7:0]							
R-0b							

表 8-103. RECENT_CH7_MSB Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	LAST_VALUE_CH7_MSB[7:0]	R	0b	MSB aligned first 8 bits of the last result for this analog input channel.

8.1.102 GPO0_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register (Address = 0xC3) [reset = 0x0]

GPO0_TRIG_EVENT_SEL is shown in [図 8-102](#) and described in [表 8-104](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-102. GPO0_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
GPO0_TRIG_EVENT_SEL[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-104. GPO0_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	GPO0_TRIG_EVENT_SEL[7:0]	R/W	0b	Select the inputs AIN/GPIO[7:0], analog or digital, which can trigger an event based update on GPO0. 0b = Alert flags for the AIN/GPIO corresponding to this bit do not trigger GPO0 output. 1b = Alert flags for the AIN/GPIO corresponding to this bit do trigger GPO0 output.

8.1.103 GPO1_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register (Address = 0xC5) [reset = 0x0]

GPO1_TRIG_EVENT_SEL is shown in [図 8-103](#) and described in [表 8-105](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-103. GPO1_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
GPO1_TRIG_EVENT_SEL[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-105. GPO1_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	GPO1_TRIG_EVENT_SEL[7:0]	R/W	0b	Select the inputs AIN/GPIO[7:0], analog or digital, which can trigger an event based update on GPO1. 0b = Alert flags for the AIN/GPIO corresponding to this bit do not trigger GPO1 output. 1b = Alert flags for the AIN/GPIO corresponding to this bit do trigger GPO1 output.

8.1.104 GPO2_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register (Address = 0xC7) [reset = 0x0]

GPO2_TRIG_EVENT_SEL is shown in [図 8-104](#) and described in [表 8-106](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-104. GPO2_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
GPO2_TRIG_EVENT_SEL[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-106. GPO2_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	GPO2_TRIG_EVENT_SEL[7:0]	R/W	0b	Select the inputs AIN/GPIO[7:0], analog or digital, which can trigger an event based update on GPO2. 0b = Alert flags for the AIN/GPIO corresponding to this bit do not trigger GPO2 output. 1b = Alert flags for the AIN/GPIO corresponding to this bit do trigger GPO2 output.

8.1.105 GPO3_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register (Address = 0xC9) [reset = 0x0]GPO3_TRIG_EVENT_SEL is shown in [图 8-105](#) and described in [表 8-107](#).[Return to the Summary Table.](#)**图 8-105. GPO3_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
GPO3_TRIG_EVENT_SEL[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-107. GPO3_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	GPO3_TRIG_EVENT_SEL[7:0]	R/W	0b	Select the inputs AIN/GPIO[7:0], analog or digital, which can trigger an event based update on GPO3. 0b = Alert flags for the AIN/GPIO corresponding to this bit do not trigger GPO3 output. 1b = Alert flags for the AIN/GPIO corresponding to this bit do trigger GPO3 output.

8.1.106 GPO4_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register (Address = 0xCB) [reset = 0x0]GPO4_TRIG_EVENT_SEL is shown in [图 8-106](#) and described in [表 8-108](#).[Return to the Summary Table.](#)**图 8-106. GPO4_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
GPO4_TRIG_EVENT_SEL[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-108. GPO4_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	GPO4_TRIG_EVENT_SEL[7:0]	R/W	0b	Select the inputs AIN/GPIO[7:0], analog or digital, which can trigger an event based update on GPO4. 0b = Alert flags for the AIN/GPIO corresponding to this bit do not trigger GPO4 output. 1b = Alert flags for the AIN/GPIO corresponding to this bit do trigger GPO4 output.

8.1.107 GPO5_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register (Address = 0xCD) [reset = 0x0]

GPO5_TRIG_EVENT_SEL is shown in [図 8-107](#) and described in [表 8-109](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-107. GPO5_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
GPO5_TRIG_EVENT_SEL[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-109. GPO5_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	GPO5_TRIG_EVENT_SEL[7:0]	R/W	0b	<p>Select the inputs AIN/GPIO[7:0], analog or digital, which can trigger an event based update on GPO5.</p> <p>0b = Alert flags for the AIN/GPIO corresponding to this bit do not trigger GPO5 output.</p> <p>1b = Alert flags for the AIN/GPIO corresponding to this bit do trigger GPO5 output.</p>

8.1.108 GPO6_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register (Address = 0xCF) [reset = 0x0]

GPO6_TRIG_EVENT_SEL is shown in [図 8-108](#) and described in [表 8-110](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-108. GPO6_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
GPO6_TRIG_EVENT_SEL[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-110. GPO6_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	GPO6_TRIG_EVENT_SEL[7:0]	R/W	0b	<p>Select the inputs AIN/GPIO[7:0], analog or digital, which can trigger an event based update on GPO6.</p> <p>0b = Alert flags for the AIN/GPIO corresponding to this bit do not trigger GPO6 output.</p> <p>1b = Alert flags for the AIN/GPIO corresponding to this bit do trigger GPO6 output.</p>

8.1.109 GPO7_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register (Address = 0xD1) [reset = 0x0]

GPO7_TRIG_EVENT_SEL is shown in [図 8-109](#) and described in [表 8-111](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-109. GPO7_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
GPO7_TRIG_EVENT_SEL[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-111. GPO7_TRIG_EVENT_SEL Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	GPO7_TRIG_EVENT_SEL[7:0]	R/W	0b	<p>Select the inputs AIN/GPIO[7:0], analog or digital, which can trigger an event based update on GPO7.</p> <p>0b = Alert flags for the AIN/GPIO corresponding to this bit do not trigger GPO7 output.</p> <p>1b = Alert flags for the AIN/GPIO corresponding to this bit do trigger GPO7 output.</p>

8.1.110 GPO_TRIGGER_CFG Register (Address = 0xE9) [reset = 0x0]

GPO_TRIGGER_CFG is shown in [図 8-110](#) and described in [表 8-112](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-110. GPO_TRIGGER_CFG Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
GPO_TRIGGER_UPDATE_EN[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-112. GPO_TRIGGER_CFG Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	GPO_TRIGGER_UPDATE_EN[7:0]	R/W	0b	<p>Update digital outputs GPO[7:0] when the corresponding trigger is set.</p> <p>0b = Digital output is not updated in response to the alert flags.</p> <p>1b = Digital output is updated when the corresponding alert flags are set. Configure GPOx_TRIG_EVENT_SEL register to select which alert flags can trigger an update on the desired GPO.</p>

8.1.111 GPO_VALUE_TRIG Register (Address = 0xEB) [reset = 0x0]

GPO_VALUE_TRIG is shown in [図 8-111](#) and described in [表 8-113](#).

Return to the [Summary Table](#).

図 8-111. GPO_VALUE_TRIG Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
GPO_VALUE_ON_TRIGGER[7:0]							
R/W-0b							

表 8-113. GPO_VALUE_TRIG Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	GPO_VALUE_ON_TRIGGER[7:0]	R/W	0b	<p>Value to be set on digital outputs GPO[7:0] when the corresponding trigger occurs. GPO update on alert flags must be enabled in the corresponding bit in the GPO_TRIGGER_CFG register.</p> <p>0b = Digital output is set to logic 0.</p> <p>1b = Digital output is set to logic 1.</p>

9 Application and Implementation

注

以下のアプリケーション情報は、TI の製品仕様に含まれるものではなく、TI ではその正確性または完全性を保証いたしません。個々の目的に対する製品の適合性については、お客様の責任で判断していただくことになります。お客様は自身の設計実装を検証しテストすることで、システムの機能を確認する必要があります。

9.1 Application Information

The two primary circuits required to maximize the performance of a high-precision, successive approximation register analog-to-digital converter (SAR ADC) are the input driver and the reference driver circuits. This section details some general principles for designing the input driver circuit, reference driver circuit, and provides some application circuits designed for the ADS7038.

9.2 Typical Applications

9.2.1 Mixed-Channel Configuration

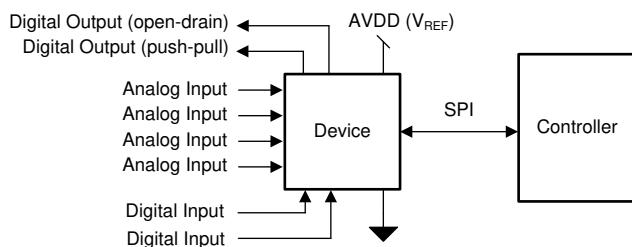


図 9-1. DAQ Circuit: Single-Supply DAQ

9.2.1.1 Design Requirements

The goal of this application is to configure some channels of the ADS7038 as digital inputs, open-drain digital outputs, and push-pull digital outputs.

9.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The ADS7038 can support GPIO functionality at each input pin. Any analog input pin can be independently configured as a digital input, a digital open-drain output, or a digital push-pull output through the PIN_CFG and GPIO_CFG registers; see 表 7-2.

9.2.1.2.1 Digital Input

The digital input functionality can be used to monitor a signal within the system. 図 9-2 illustrates that the state of the digital input can be read from the GPI_VALUE register.

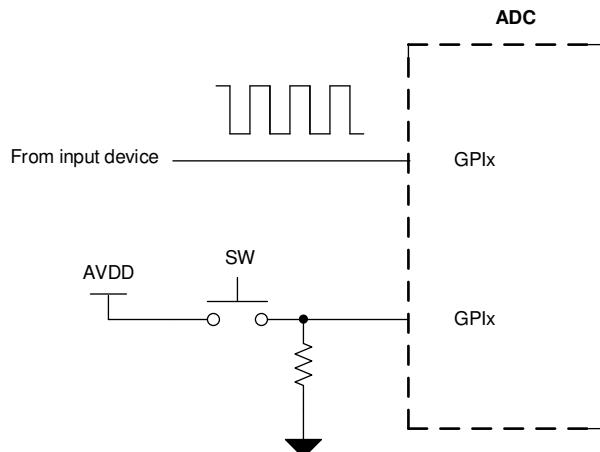


図 9-2. Digital Input

9.2.1.2.2 Digital Open-Drain Output

The channels of the ADS7038 can be configured as digital open-drain outputs supporting an output voltage up to 5.5 V. An open-drain output, as shown in 図 9-3, consists of an internal FET (Q) connected to ground. The output is idle when not driven by the device, which means Q is off and the pullup resistor, R_{PULL_UP} , connects the GPO_x node to the desired output voltage. The output voltage can range anywhere up to 5.5 V, depending on the external voltage that the GPO_x is pulled up to. When the device is driving the output, Q turns on, thus connecting the pullup resistor to ground and bringing the node voltage at GPO_x low.

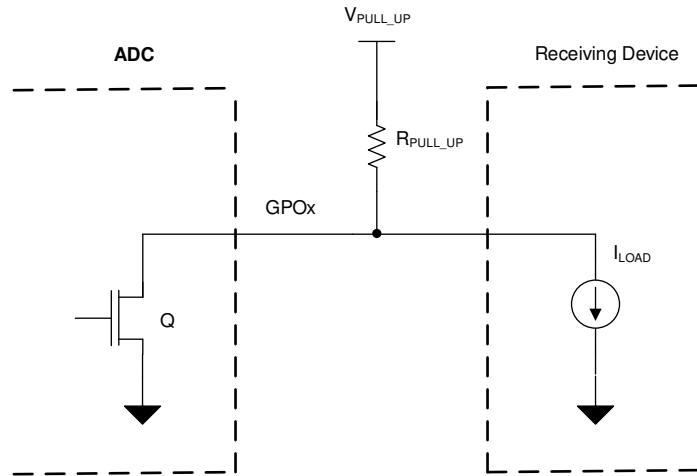


図 9-3. Digital Open-Drain Output

The minimum value of the pullup resistor, as calculated in 式 3, is given by the ratio of V_{PULL_UP} and the maximum current supported by the device digital output (5 mA).

$$R_{MIN} = (V_{PULL_UP} / 5 \text{ mA}) \quad (3)$$

The maximum value of the pullup resistor, as calculated in 式 4, depends on the minimum input current requirement, I_{LOAD} , of the receiving device driven by this GPIO.

$$R_{MAX} = (V_{PULL_UP} / I_{LOAD}) \quad (4)$$

Select R_{PULL_UP} such that $R_{MIN} < R_{PULL_UP} < R_{MAX}$.

9.2.1.3 Application Curve

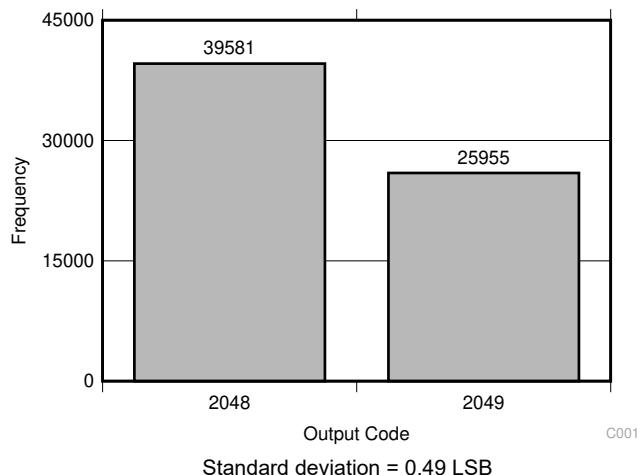


图 9-4. DC Input Histogram

9.2.2 Digital Push-Pull Output Configuration

The channels of the ADS7038 can be configured as digital push-pull outputs supporting an output voltage up to AVDD. As shown in [图 9-5](#), a push-pull output consists of two mirrored opposite bipolar transistors, Q1 and Q2. The device can both source and sink current because only one transistor is on at a time (either Q2 is on and pulls the output low, or Q1 is on and sets the output high). A push-pull configuration always drives the line opposed to an open-drain output where the line is left floating.

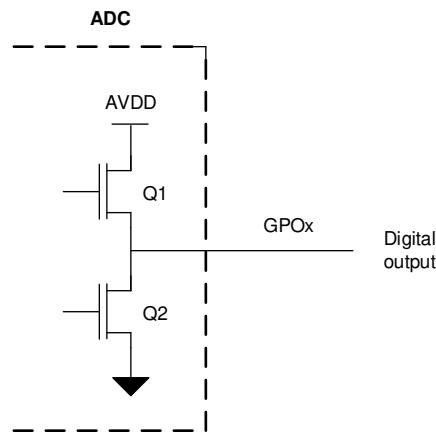


图 9-5. Digital Push-Pull Output

9.3 Power Supply Recommendations

9.3.1 AVDD and DVDD Supply Recommendations

The ADS7038 has two separate power supplies: AVDD and DVDD. The device operates on AVDD; DVDD is used for the interface circuits. For supplies greater than 2.35V, AVDD and DVDD can be shorted externally if single-supply operation is desired. The AVDD supply also defines the full-scale input range of the device. Decouple the AVDD and DVDD pins individually, as shown in [图 9-6](#), with 1 μ F ceramic decoupling capacitors. The minimum capacitor value required for AVDD and DVDD is 200nF and 20nF, respectively. If both supplies are powered from the same source, a minimum capacitor value of 220nF is required for decoupling.

Connect 1 μ F ceramic decoupling capacitors between the DECAP and GND pins.

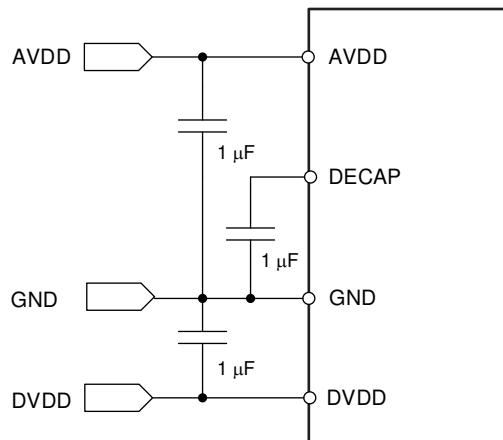


図 9-6. Power-Supply Decoupling

9.4 Layout

9.4.1 Layout Guidelines

図 9-7 shows a board layout example for the ADS7038. Avoid crossing digital lines with the analog signal path and keep the analog input signals and the AVDD supply away from noise sources.

Use $1\mu\text{F}$ ceramic bypass capacitors in close proximity to the analog (AVDD) and digital (DVDD) power-supply pins. Avoid placing vias between the AVDD and DVDD pins and the bypass capacitors. Connect the GND pin to the ground plane using short, low-impedance paths. The AVDD supply voltage also functions as the reference voltage for the ADS7038. Place the decoupling capacitor for AVDD close to the device AVDD and GND pins and connect the decoupling capacitor to the device pins with thick copper tracks.

9.4.2 Layout Example

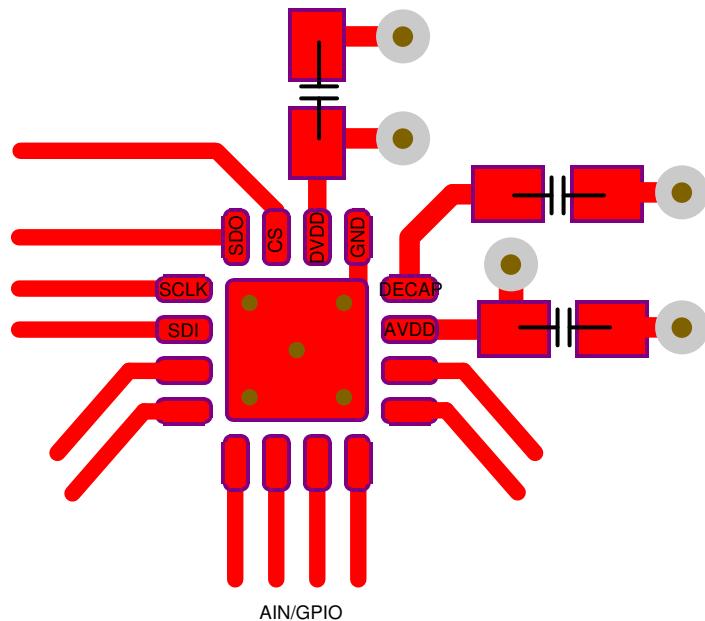


図 9-7. Example Layout

10 Device and Documentation Support

10.1 ドキュメントの更新通知を受け取る方法

ドキュメントの更新についての通知を受け取るには、www.tij.co.jp のデバイス製品フォルダを開いてください。[通知] をクリックして登録すると、変更されたすべての製品情報に関するダイジェストを毎週受け取ることができます。変更の詳細については、改訂されたドキュメントに含まれている改訂履歴をご覧ください。

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10.5 用語集

テキサス・インスツルメンツ用語集

この用語集には、用語や略語の一覧および定義が記載されています。

11 Revision History

資料番号末尾の英字は改訂を表しています。その改訂履歴は英語版に準じています。

Changes from Revision B (June 2020) to Revision C (September 2024)	Page
ドキュメント全体にわたって表、図、相互参照の採番方法を更新.....	1
ドキュメントに ADS7038H パッケージを追加.....	1
「特長」セクションの「拡張 SPI デジタル インターフェイス」の項目にフル スループット副項目を追加	1
「概要」セクションを変更: 最初の段落から「1MSPS」を削除、「パッケージ情報」表に ADS7038H を追加、「製品情報」表を追加.....	1
Added <i>Speed</i> column and ADS7038H row to <i>Device Comparison Table</i>	2
Changed <i>SPI-Compatible Serial Interface Timing</i> figure to include t_{HT_CKDO} timing.....	8
Changed last paragraph of <i>Input CRC (From Host To Device)</i> section.....	18

Changes from Revision A (December 2019) to Revision B (June 2020)	Page
Changed description of DECAP pin in <i>Pin Functions</i> table.....	3
Added last sentence to <i>AVDD and DVDD Supply Recommendations</i> section.....	76
Changed last sentence of <i>Layout Guidelines</i> section.....	77

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
ADS7038HIRTER	Active	Production	WQFN (RTE) 16	5000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	A7038H
ADS7038HIRTER.A	Active	Production	WQFN (RTE) 16	5000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	A7038H
ADS7038IRTER	Active	Production	WQFN (RTE) 16	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	7038
ADS7038IRTER.A	Active	Production	WQFN (RTE) 16	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	7038
ADS7038IRTERG4	Active	Production	WQFN (RTE) 16	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	7038
ADS7038IRTERG4.A	Active	Production	WQFN (RTE) 16	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	7038
ADS7038IRTET	Active	Production	WQFN (RTE) 16	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	7038
ADS7038IRTET.A	Active	Production	WQFN (RTE) 16	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	7038

⁽¹⁾ **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

⁽²⁾ **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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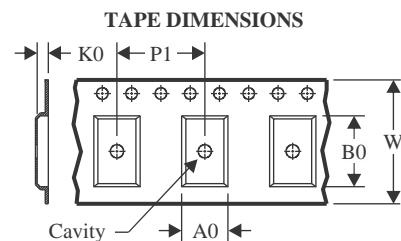
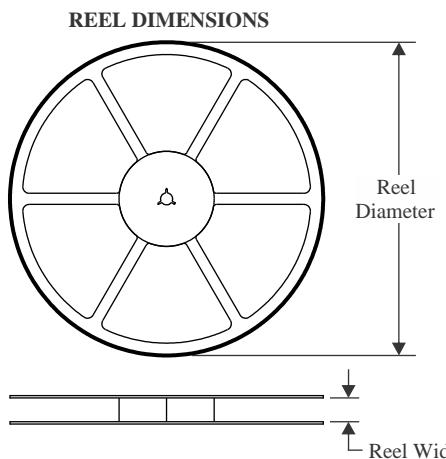
In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF ADS7038 :

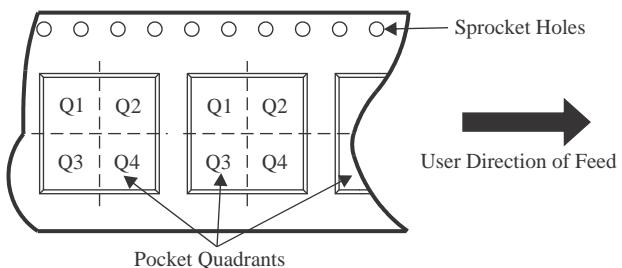
- Automotive : [ADS7038-Q1](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

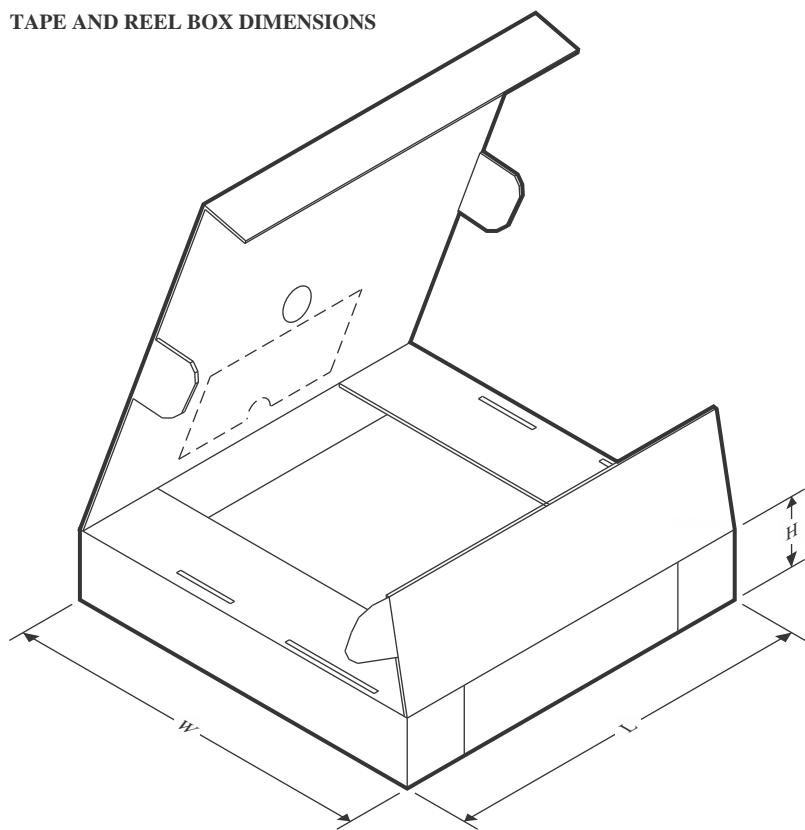
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION


A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
ADS7038HIRTER	WQFN	RTE	16	5000	330.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
ADS7038IRTER	WQFN	RTE	16	3000	330.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
ADS7038IRTERG4	WQFN	RTE	16	3000	330.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
ADS7038IRTET	WQFN	RTE	16	250	180.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
ADS7038HIRTER	WQFN	RTE	16	5000	367.0	367.0	35.0
ADS7038IRTER	WQFN	RTE	16	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
ADS7038IRTERG4	WQFN	RTE	16	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
ADS7038IRTET	WQFN	RTE	16	250	210.0	185.0	35.0

GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

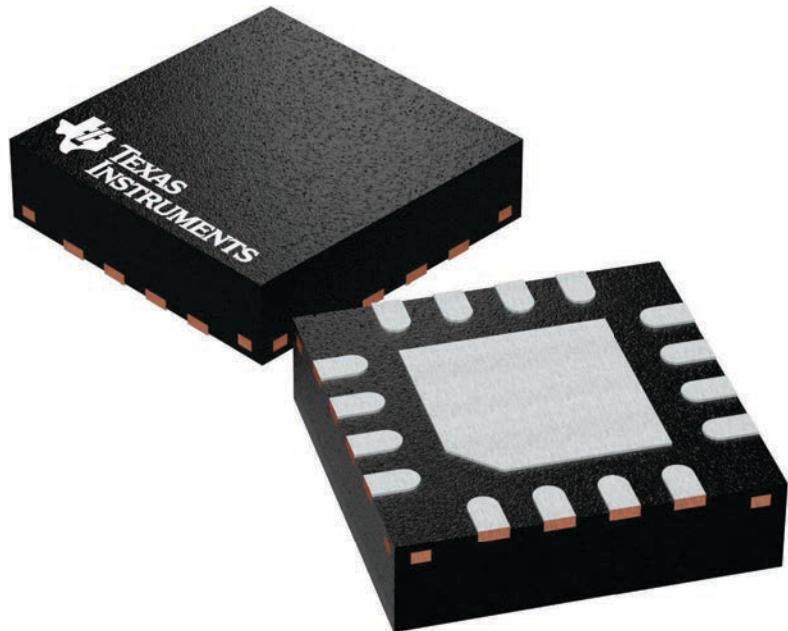
RTE 16

WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

3 x 3, 0.5 mm pitch

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



4225944/A

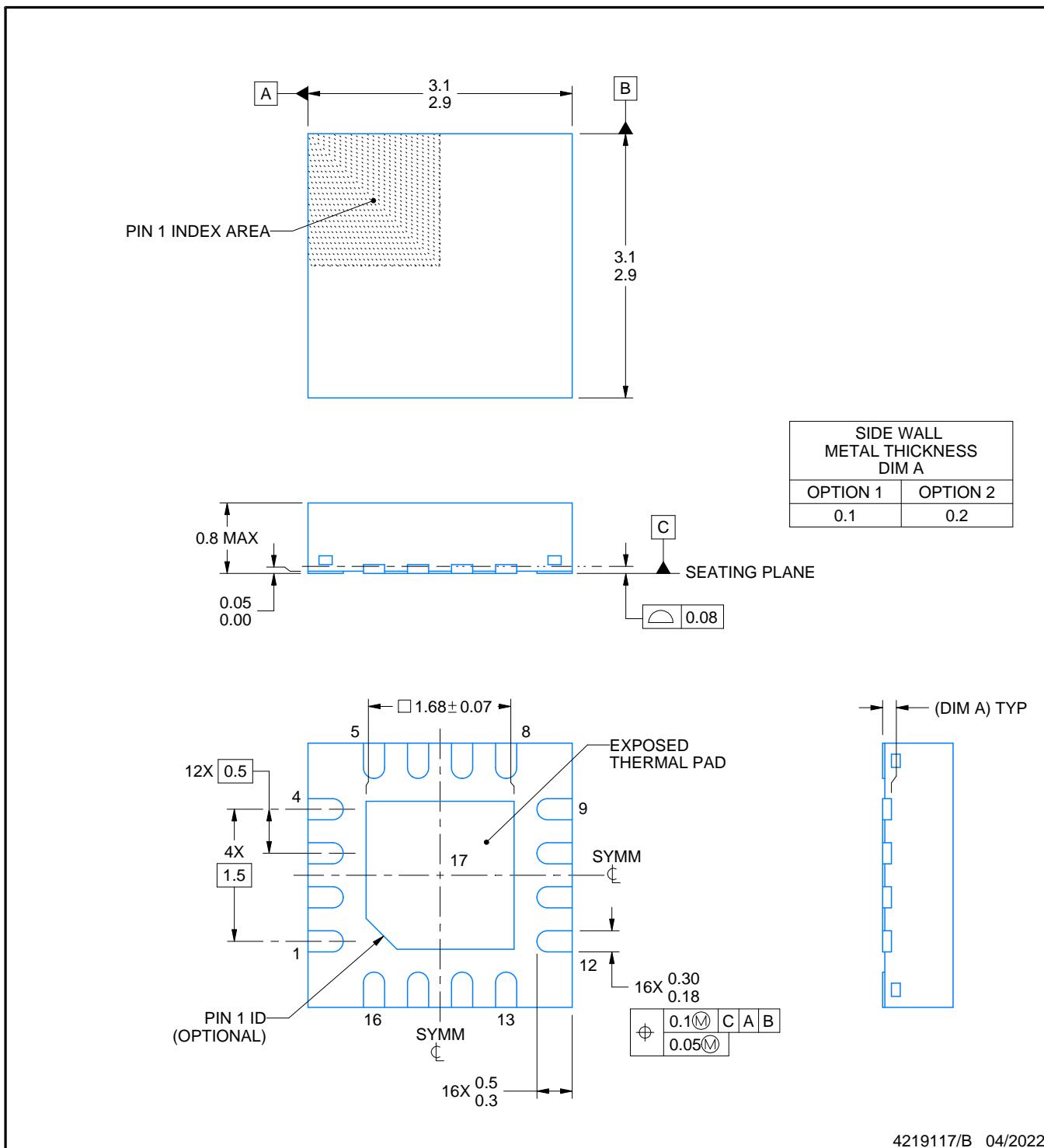
PACKAGE OUTLINE

RTE0016C



WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES:

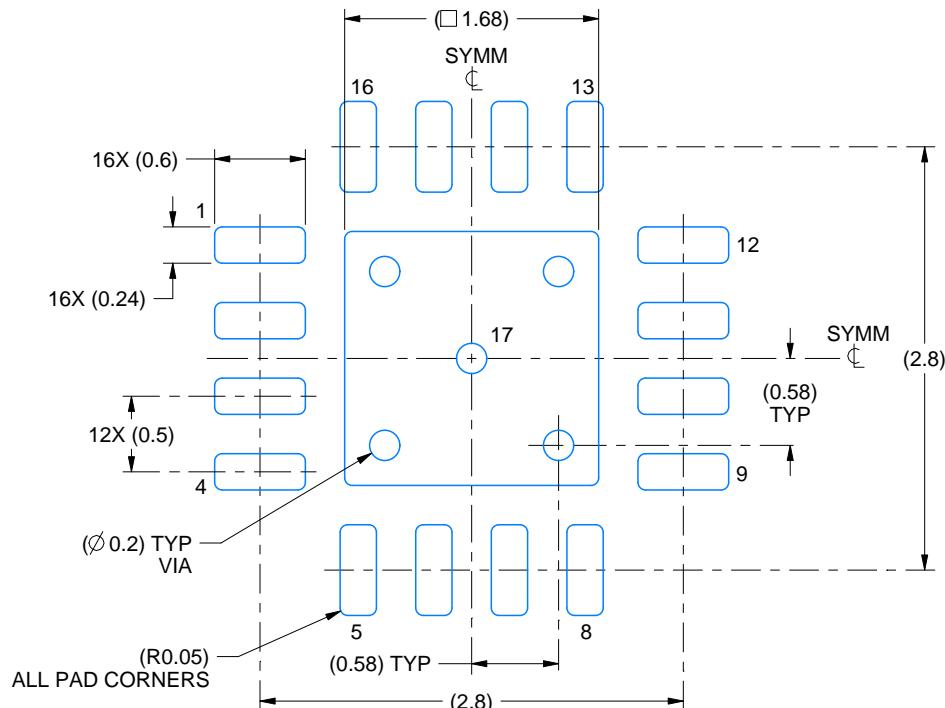
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

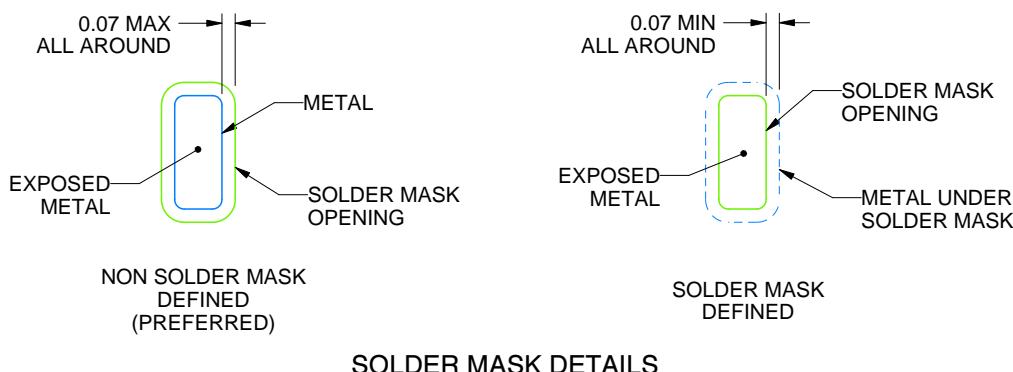
RTE0016C

WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:20X



4219117/B 04/2022

NOTES: (continued)

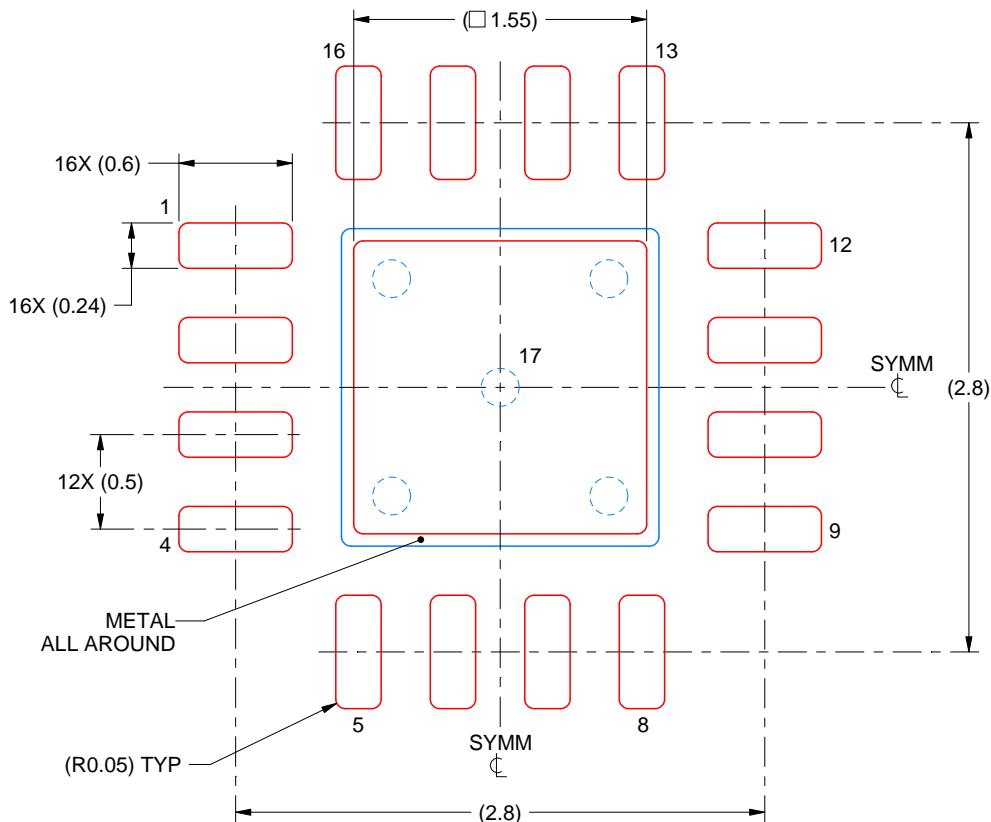
4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).
5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

RTE0016C

WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL

EXPOSED PAD 17:
85% PRINTED SOLDER COVERAGE BY AREA UNDER PACKAGE
SCALE:25X

4219117/B 04/2022

NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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