









SN74HC126, SN54HC126

JAJSMK6F - MARCH 1984 - REVISED APRIL 2021

# SNx4HC126 クワッド・バッファ、3 ステート出力

## 1 特長

- バッファ付き入力
- 広い動作電圧範囲:2V~6V
- 広い動作温度範囲: -40°C~+85°C
- 最大 10 個の LSTTL 負荷ファンアウトに対応
- LSTTL ロジック IC に比べて消費電力を大幅削減

## 2 アプリケーション

• デジタル信号のイネーブル

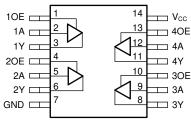
## 3 概要

このデバイスには、3ステート出力を備えた4つの独立し たバッファが内蔵されています。各ゲートはブール関数 Y **= A** を正論理で実行します。

#### 製品情報(1)

	APCHAILS IN	
部品番号	パッケージ	本体サイズ (公称)
SN74HC126D	SOIC (14)	8.70mm × 3.90mm
SN74HC126DB	SSOP (14)	6.50mm × 5.30mm
SN74HC126N	PDIP (14)	19.30mm × 6.40mm
SN74HC126NS	SO (14)	10.20mm × 5.30mm
SN74HC126PW	TSSOP (14)	5.00mm × 4.40mm
SN54HC126J	CDIP (14)	21.30mm × 7.60mm
SN54HC126FK	LCCC (20)	8.90mm × 8.90mm

(1) 利用可能なパッケージについては、このデータシートの末尾にあ る注文情報を参照してください。



機能的なピン配置



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# **4 Revision History**

資料番号末尾の英字は改訂を表しています。その改訂履歴は英語版に準じています。

CI	nanges from Revision E (July 2003) to Revision F (April 2021)	Page
•	文書全体にわたって表、図、相互参照の採番方法を更新	1
•	新しいデータシート標準に更新	
	Increased D (86 to 151.7), DB (96 to 108.0), NS (76 to 122.6), and PW (113 to 151.7); decreased N (80	
	62.5) °C/W	4



# **5 Pin Configuration and Functions**

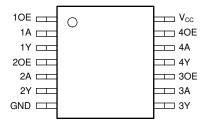


図 5-1. D, DB, N, NS, PW, or J Package 14-Pin SOIC, SSOP, PDIP, SO, TSSOP, or CDIP Top View

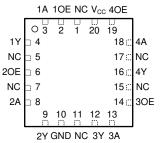


図 5-2. FK Package 20-Pin LCCC Top View

#### **Pin Functions**

	PIN			
NAME	D, DB, N, NS, PW, or J	FK	I/O	DESCRIPTION
10E	1	2	Input	Channel 1, Output Enable
1A	2	3	Input	Channel 1, Input A
1Y	3	4	Output	Channel 1, Output Y
20E	4	6	Input	Channel 2, Output Enable
2A	5	8	Input	Channel 2, Input A
2Y	6	9	Output	Channel 2, Output Y
GND	7	10	_	Ground
3Y	8	12	Output	Channel 3, Output Y
ЗА	9	13	Input	Channel 3, Input A
3OE	10	14	Input	Channel 3, Output Enable
4Y	11	16	Output	Channel 4, Output Y
4A	12	18	Input	Channel 4, Input A
40E	13	19	Input	Channel 4, Output Enable
V <sub>CC</sub>	14	20	_	Positive Supply
NC		1, 5, 7, 11, 15, 17	_	Not internally connected



## **6 Specifications**

## **6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage		-0.5	7	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current <sup>(2)</sup>	$V_I < 0$ or $V_I > V_{CC}$		±20	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	Output clamp current <sup>(2)</sup>	$V_O < 0$ or $V_O > V_{CC}$		±20	mA
Io	Continuous output current	$V_{O} = 0$ to $V_{CC}$		±35	mA
	Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND			±70	mA
TJ	Junction temperature <sup>(3)</sup>			150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Rating may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Condition. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
- (3) Guaranteed by design.

## **6.2 Recommended Operating Conditions**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage		2	5	6	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2 V	1.5			
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	3.15			V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6 V	4.2			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2 V			0.5	
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V			1.35	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6 V			1.8	
VI	Input voltage		0		V <sub>CC</sub>	V
Vo	Output voltage		0		V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2 V			1000	
t <sub>t</sub>	Input transition time	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V			500	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6 V			400	
т	Operating free air temperature	SN54HC126	-55	,	125	°C
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature	SN74HC126	-40		85	C

#### **6.3 Thermal Information**

		SN74HC126							
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	D (SOIC)	DB (SSOP)	N (PDIP)	NS (SO)	PW (TSSOP)	UNIT		
		14 PINS	14 PINS	14 PINS	14 PINS	14 PINS			
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	133.6	108.0	62.5	122.6	151.7	°C/W		
R <sub>θJC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	89	57.8	50.2	81.8	79.4	°C/W		
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	89.5	58.3	42.2	83.8	94.7	°C/W		
$\Psi_{JT}$	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	45.5	18.0	29.8	45.4	25.2	°C/W		
$\Psi_{JB}$	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	89.1	57.6	42.0	83.4	94.1	°C/W		

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	THERMAL METRIC(1)	D (SOIC)	DB (SSOP)	N (PDIP)	NS (SO)	PW (TSSOP)	UNIT
		14 PINS	14 PINS	14 PINS	14 PINS	14 PINS	
R <sub>0JC(bot)</sub>	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	°C/W

<sup>(1)</sup> For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application

#### 6.4 Electrical Characteristics - 74

over operating free-air temperature range; typical values measured at  $T_A$  = 25°C (unless otherwise noted).

	-				C	perating	free-air	temperat	ure (T <sub>A</sub> )			
P	ARAMETER	TEST	CONDITIONS	V <sub>cc</sub>		25°C		-40°	C to 85°	С	UNIT	
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		
				2 V	1.9	1.998		1.9				
			I <sub>OH</sub> = -20 μA	4.5 V	4.4	4.499		4.4				
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$		6 V	5.9	5.999		5.9			V	
	odiput voltago	OI VIL	OI VIL	I <sub>OH</sub> = -6 mA	4.5 V	3.98	4.3		3.84			
			I <sub>OH</sub> = -7.8 mA	6 V	5.48	5.8		5.34				
	$V_{OL}$ Low-level output $V_{I} = V_{I}$ voltage or $V_{IL}$			2 V		0.002	0.1			0.1		
			I <sub>OL</sub> = 20 μA	4.5 V		0.001	0.1			0.1		
V <sub>OL</sub>		V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>		6 V		0.001	0.1			0.1	V	
	Tanaga	S. VIL	I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA	4.5 V		0.17	0.26			0.33		
			I <sub>OL</sub> = 7.8 mA	6 V		0.15	0.26			0.33		
II	Input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> o	r 0	6 V			±0.1			±1	μΑ	
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Three-state leakage current	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or 0		6 V		±0.01	±0.5		-	±5	μΑ	
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or 0	I <sub>O</sub> = 0	6 V			8			80	μΑ	
Ci	Input capacitance			2 V to 6 V		3	10			10	pF	

## 6.5 Electrical Characteristics - 54

over operating free-air temperature range; typical values measured at TA = 25°C (unless otherwise noted).

							Opera	ting free	air tem	peratur	e (T <sub>A</sub> )				
P	ARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS V <sub>CC</sub> 25°C -40°C to 85°C				°C	-55°C	C to 125	°C	UNIT					
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		
				2 V	1.9	1.998		1.9			1.9				
			I <sub>OH</sub> = -20 μΑ	4.5 V	4.4	4.499		4.4			4.4				
V <sub>OH</sub> High-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or	-	6 V	5.9	5.999		5.9			5.9			,,		
			I <sub>OH</sub> = -6 mA	4.5 V	3.98	4.3		3.84			3.7			V	
			I <sub>OH</sub> = -7.8 mA	6 V	5.48	5.8		5.34			5.2				
				2 V		0.002	0.1			0.1			0.1		
			I <sub>OL</sub> = 20 μΑ	4.5 V		0.001	0.1			0.1			0.1		
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or	-	6 V		0.001	0.1			0.1			0.1	v	
VOL	output voltage	\/	$I_{OL} = 6 \text{ mA}$	4.5 V		0.17	0.26			0.33			0.4		
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 7.8 mA	6 V		0.15	0.26			0.33			0.4	



over operating free-air temperature range; typical values measured at TA = 25°C (unless otherwise noted).

					Operating free-air temperature (T <sub>A</sub> )													
P	ARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		TEST CONDITIONS		TEST CONDITIONS		V <sub>cc</sub>		25°C		–40°	C to 85	°C	–55°(	C to 125	°C	UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX					
II	Input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or	0	6 V			±0.1			±1			±1	μA				
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Three-state leakage current	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or 0		6 V		±0.01	±0.5			±5			±10	μА				
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or 0	I <sub>O</sub> = 0	6 V			8			80			160	μA				
Ci	Input capacitance			2 V to 6 V		3	10			10			10	pF				

# 6.6 Switching Characteristics - 74

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

						Operating	free-air	tempera	ture (T	A)									
	PARAMETER	FROM	то	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>cc</sub>	25°C		–40°C	C to 85	°C	UNIT								
				CONDITIONS		MIN TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX									
					2 V	47	120			180									
				C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	4.5 V	14	24			36	ns								
	Dranagation delay	_	Υ		6 V	11	20			31									
t <sub>pd</sub>	Propagation delay	A	Y		2 V	67	150			225									
				C <sub>L</sub> = 150 pF	4.5 V	19	30			45	ns								
					6 V	15	25			39									
					2 V	57	120			180									
	Enable delay	OE		C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	4.5 V	16	24			36	ns								
			Y		6 V	12	20			31									
t <sub>en</sub>				C <sub>L</sub> = 150 pF	2 V	100	135			202									
					4.5 V	20	27			40	ns								
					6 V	17	23			36									
					2 V	35	120			180									
t <sub>dis</sub>	Disable delay	OE	Y C	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	50 pF 4.5 V 17		24	1		36	ns			
					6 V	15	20			31									
					2 V	28	60			90									
				C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	4.5 V	8	12			18	ns								
	Transition-time		Υ		6 V	6	10			15									
t <sub>t</sub>	mansidon-dine		ī		2 V	45	210			315									
				C <sub>L</sub> = 150 pF						4.5 V	17	42			63	ns			
					6 V	13	36			53									

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## 6.7 Switching Characteristics - 54

over operating free-air temperature range; typical values measured at TA = 25°C (unless otherwise noted).

	operating nee-air temp						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ng free-air temperat	•		
	PARAMETER	FROM	то	TEST	V <sub>CC</sub>	25°C		-40°C to 85°C	-55°C to 125°C	UNIT	
				CONDITIONS		MIN TYP	MAX	MIN TYP MAX	MIN TYP MAX		
	Propagation delay				2 V	47	120	180	150		
				C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	4.5 V	14	24	36	30	ns	
t <sub>pd</sub>		Α	Y		6 V	11	20	31	26		
<b>¹</b> pd					2 V	67	150	225	188		
				C <sub>L</sub> = 150 pF	4.5 V	19	30	45	38	ns	
					6 V	15	25	39	33		
					2 V	57	120	180	150		
	Enable delay	OE		C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	4.5 V	16	24	36	30	ns	
t <sub>en</sub>			Υ		6 V	12	20	31	26		
'en			'		2 V	100	135	202	169	4 1	
				C <sub>L</sub> = 150 pF	4.5 V	20	27	40	36	ns	
					6 V	17	23	36	30		
					2 V	35	120	180	150		
t <sub>dis</sub>	Disable delay	OE	Υ	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	4.5 V	17	24	36	30	ns	
					6 V	15	20	31	26		
					2 V	28	60	90	75		
				C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	4.5 V	8	12	18	15		
t <sub>t</sub>	Transition-time		Υ		6 V	6	10	15	13		
4	Transition-time			C <sub>L</sub> = 150 pF	2 V	45	210	315	265		
					4.5 V	17	42	63	53		
					6 V	13	36	53	45		

## **6.8 Operating Characteristics**

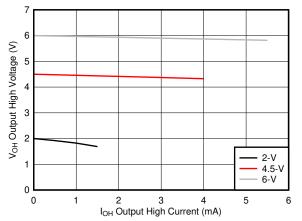
over operating free-air temperature range; typical values measured at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise noted).

			3 , 11		- \			
	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX UI	NIT
$C_{pd}$	Power dissipation cap per gate	acitance	No load	2 V to 6 V		45	r.	ρF

# **6.9 Typical Characteristics**

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 





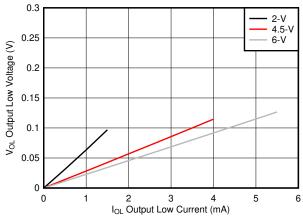


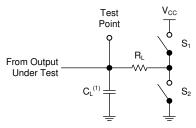
図 6-1. Typical output voltage in the high state (V<sub>OH</sub>)

図 6-2. Typical output voltage in the low state ( $V_{OL}$ )



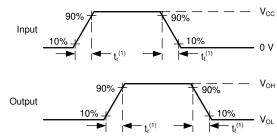
## 7 Parameter Measurement Information

- Phase relationships between waveforms were chosen arbitrarily. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 1 MHz, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50 Ω, t<sub>t</sub> < 6 ns.</li>
- The outputs are measured one at a time, with one input transition per measurement.



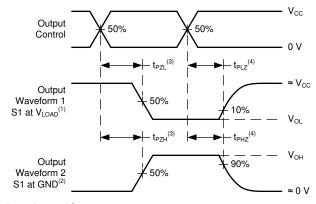
A.  $C_L$ = 50 pF and includes probe and jig capacitance.

図 7-1. Load Circuit



A. t<sub>t</sub> is the greater of t<sub>r</sub> and t<sub>f</sub>.

図 7-2. Voltage Waveforms Transition Times



A. The maximum between t<sub>PLH</sub> and t<sub>PHL</sub> is used for t<sub>pd</sub>.

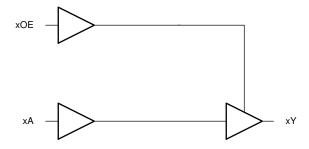
図 7-3. Voltage Waveforms Propagation Delays

## 8 Detailed Description

#### 8.1 Overview

This device contains four independent buffers with 3-state outputs. Each gate performs the Boolean function Y = A in positive logic.

## 8.2 Functional Block Diagram



## 8.3 Feature Description

## 8.3.1 Balanced CMOS 3-State Outputs

A balanced output allows the device to sink and source similar currents. The drive capability of this device may create fast edges into light loads so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing. Additionally, the outputs of this device are capable of driving larger currents than the device can sustain without being damaged. It is important for the output power of the device to be limited to avoid damage due to overcurrent. The electrical and thermal limits defined in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* must be followed at all times.

The SN74HC126 can drive a load with a total capacitance less than or equal to the maximum load listed in the Switching Characteristics - 74 connected to a high-impedance CMOS input while still meeting all of the datasheet specifications. Larger capacitive loads can be applied, however it is not recommended to exceed the provided load value. If larger capacitive loads are required, it is recommended to add a series resistor between the output and the capacitor to limit output current to the values given in the Absolute Maximum Ratings.

3-State outputs can be placed into a high-impedance state. In this state, the output will neither source nor sink current, and leakage current is defined by the I<sub>OZ</sub> specification in the *Electrical Characteristics - 74*. A pull-up or pull-down resistor can be used to ensure that the output remains HIGH or LOW, respectively, during the high-impedance state.

### 8.3.2 Standard CMOS Inputs

Standard CMOS inputs are high impedance and are typically modeled as a resistor from the input to ground in parallel with the input capacitance given in the *Electrical Characteristics - 74*. The worst case resistance is calculated with the maximum input voltage, given in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, and the maximum input leakage current, given in the *Electrical Characteristics - 74*, using ohm's law  $(R = V \div I)$ .

Signals applied to the inputs need to have fast edge rates, as defined by the input transition time in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* to avoid excessive current consumption and oscillations. If a slow or noisy input signal is required, a device with a Schmitt-trigger input should be used to condition the input signal prior to the standard CMOS input.



#### 8.3.3 Clamp Diode Structure

The inputs and outputs to this device have both positive and negative clamping diodes as depicted in 🗵 8-1.

#### 注意

Voltages beyond the values specified in the  $\cancel{\text{td}}\cancel{\text{val}}\cancel{\text{o}}$  6.1 table can cause damage to the device. The recommended input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

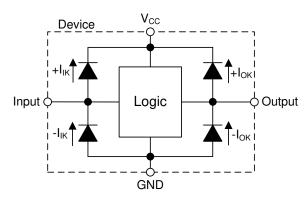


図 8-1. Electrical Placement of Clamping Diodes for Each Input and Output

#### **8.4 Device Functional Modes**

表 8-1. Function Table

INP	INPUTS					
OE	Α	Y				
L	X	Z				
Н	L	L				
Н	Н	Н				

## 9 Application and Implementation

注

以下のアプリケーション情報は、TIの製品仕様に含まれるものではなく、TIではその正確性または完全性を保証いたしません。個々の目的に対する製品の適合性については、お客様の責任で判断していただくことになります。また、お客様は自身の設計実装を検証しテストすることで、システムの機能を確認する必要があります。

### 9.1 Application Information

In this application, a 3-state buffer is used to enable or disable a data connection as shown in  $\mathbb{Z}$  9-1. It is common to see all four channels of a device used together for controlling a 4-bit data bus, however each channel of the device can be used independently. Unused channels should have the inputs terminated at ground or  $V_{CC}$  and the output left unconnected.

When the output of the device is active, the data signal will be replicated at the output. When the output of the device is disabled, the output will be in a high-impedance state, and the output voltage will be determined by the circuit connected to the output pin. This circuit is most commonly used when a bus must be completely disabled. One example of this situation is when the circuitry connected to the output is to be powered off for an extended period of time to save system power, and the inputs to that circuitry cannot have a voltage present due to protective clamp diodes.

## 9.2 Typical Application

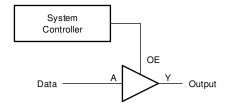


図 9-1. Typical application schematic

#### 9.2.1 Design Requirements

#### 9.2.1.1 Power Considerations

Ensure the desired supply voltage is within the range specified in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. The supply voltage sets the device's electrical characteristics as described in the *Electrical Characteristics - 74*.

The supply must be capable of sourcing current equal to the total current to be sourced by all outputs of the SN74HC126 plus the maximum supply current,  $I_{CC}$ , listed in the *Electrical Characteristics - 74*. The logic device can only source or sink as much current as it is provided at the supply and ground pins, respectively. Be sure not to exceed the maximum total current through GND or  $V_{CC}$  listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

Total power consumption can be calculated using the information provided in CMOS Power Consumption and  $C_{pd}$  Calculation.

Thermal increase can be calculated using the information provided in Thermal Characteristics of Standard Linear and Logic (SLL) Packages and Devices.

#### 注意

The maximum junction temperature, T<sub>J</sub>(max) listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, is an *additional limitation* to prevent damage to the device. Do not violate any values listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*. These limits are provided to prevent damage to the device.

#### 9.2.1.2 Input Considerations

Unused inputs must be terminated to either  $V_{CC}$  or ground. These can be directly terminated if the input is completely unused, or they can be connected with a pull-up or pull-down resistor if the input is to be used sometimes, but not always. A pull-up resistor is used for a default state of HIGH, and a pull-down resistor is used for a default state of LOW. The resistor size is limited by drive current of the controller, leakage current into the SN74HC126, as specified in the *Electrical Characteristics - 74*, and the desired input transition rate. A 10-k $\Omega$  resistor value is often used due to these factors.

The SN74HC126 has standard CMOS inputs, so input signal edge rates cannot be slow. Slow input edge rates can cause oscillations and damaging shoot-through current. The recommended rates are defined in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*.

Refer to セクション 8.3 for additional information regarding the inputs for this device.

## 9.2.1.3 Output Considerations

The positive supply voltage is used to produce the output HIGH voltage. Drawing current from the output will decrease the output voltage as specified by the  $V_{OH}$  specification in the *Electrical Characteristics - 74*. Similarly, the ground voltage is used to produce the output LOW voltage. Sinking current into the output will increase the output voltage as specified by the  $V_{OL}$  specification in the *Electrical Characteristics - 74*.

Unused outputs can be left floating. Do not connect outputs directly to V<sub>CC</sub> or ground.

Refer to セクション 8.3 for additional information regarding the outputs for this device.

### 9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

- 1. Add a decoupling capacitor from V<sub>CC</sub> to GND. The capacitor needs to be placed physically close to the device and electrically close to both the V<sub>CC</sub> and GND pins. An example layout is shown in セクション 11.
- 2. Ensure the capacitive load at the output is ≤ 70 pF. This is not a hard limit, however it will ensure optimal performance. This can be accomplished by providing short, appropriately sized traces from the SN74HC126 to the receiving device.
- 3. Ensure the resistive load at the output is larger than  $(V_{CC} / I_O(max)) \Omega$ . This will ensure that the maximum output current from the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* is not violated. Most CMOS inputs have a resistive load measured in megaohms; much larger than the minimum calculated above.
- 4. Thermal issues are rarely a concern for logic gates, however the power consumption and thermal increase can be calculated using the steps provided in the application report, CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation

#### 9.2.3 Application Curves

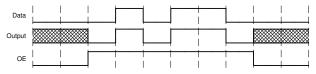


図 9-2. Typical application timing diagram

## 10 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in the  $\forall \not \supset \not \supset \not \sim 6.2$ . Each  $V_{CC}$  terminal should have a bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. A 0.1- $\mu$ F capacitor is recommended for this device. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass caps to reject different frequencies of noise. The 0.1- $\mu$ F and 1- $\mu$ F capacitors are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power terminal as possible for best results, as shown in  $\not \boxtimes$  11-1.

## 11 Layout

### 11.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple-input and multiple-channel logic devices inputs must not ever be left floating. In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused; for example, when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used. Such unused input pins must not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a logic high or logic low voltage, as defined by the input voltage specifications, to prevent them from floating. The logic level that must be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally, the inputs are tied to GND or  $V_{CC}$ , whichever makes more sense for the logic function or is more convenient.

#### 11.2 Layout Example

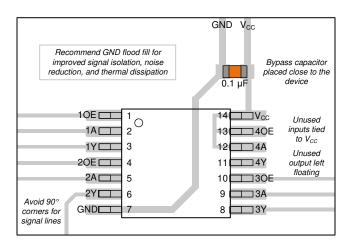


図 11-1. Example layout for the SN74HC126

## 12 Device and Documentation Support

## 12.1 Documentation Support

#### 12.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- HCMOS Design Considerations
- CMOS Power Consumption and CPD Calculation
- · Designing with Logic

#### 12.2 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

#### 12.3 サポート・リソース

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#### 12.6 用語集

TI 用語集 この用語集には、用語や略語の一覧および定義が記載されています。

#### 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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24-Jul-2025

## **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	<b>RoHS</b> (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
5962-86848012A	Active	Production	LCCC (FK)   20	55   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962- 86848012A SNJ54HC 126FK
5962-8684801CA	Active	Production	CDIP (J)   14	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-8684801CA SNJ54HC126J
SN54HC126J	Active	Production	CDIP (J)   14	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	SN54HC126J
SN54HC126J.A	Active	Production	CDIP (J)   14	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	SN54HC126J
SN74HC126D	Obsolete	Production	SOIC (D)   14	-	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	HC126
SN74HC126DBR	Active	Production	SSOP (DB)   14	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC126
SN74HC126DBR.A	Active	Production	SSOP (DB)   14	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC126
SN74HC126DR	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   14	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC126
SN74HC126DR.A	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   14	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC126
SN74HC126DR.B	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   14	2500   LARGE T&R	-	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC126
SN74HC126DR1G4	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   14	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC126
SN74HC126DR1G4.A	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   14	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC126
SN74HC126DT	Obsolete	Production	SOIC (D)   14	-	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	HC126
SN74HC126N	Active	Production	PDIP (N)   14	25   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	N/A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85	SN74HC126N
SN74HC126N.A	Active	Production	PDIP (N)   14	25   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	N/A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85	SN74HC126N
SN74HC126NSR	Active	Production	SOP (NS)   14	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC126
SN74HC126NSR.A	Active	Production	SOP (NS)   14	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC126
SN74HC126PW	Obsolete	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	-	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	HC126
SN74HC126PWR	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC126
SN74HC126PWR.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC126
SN74HC126PWRG4	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC126
SN74HC126PWRG4.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC126
SN74HC126PWT	Obsolete	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	-	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	HC126
SNJ54HC126FK	Active	Production	LCCC (FK)   20	55   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962- 86848012A SNJ54HC 126FK



-55 to 125

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SNJ54HC126J

5962-8684801CA SNJ54HC126J



SNJ54HC126J.A

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Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking
						(4)	(5)		
SNJ54HC126FK.A	Active	Production	LCCC (FK)   20	55   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962- 86848012A SNJ54HC 126FK
SNJ54HC126J	Active	Production	CDIP (J)   14	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-8684801CA

No

**SNPB** 

N/A for Pkg Type

Active

25 | TUBE

Production

CDIP (J) | 14

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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<sup>(1)</sup> Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

<sup>(2)</sup> Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

<sup>(3)</sup> RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

<sup>(4)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

<sup>(5)</sup> MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

<sup>(6)</sup> Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

## PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN54HC126, SN74HC126:

◆ Catalog : SN74HC126

• Military : SN54HC126

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

• Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

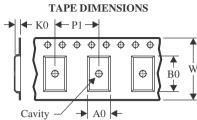
• Military - QML certified for Military and Defense Applications

# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74HC126DBR	SSOP	DB	14	2000	330.0	16.4	8.35	6.6	2.4	12.0	16.0	Q1
SN74HC126NSR	SOP	NS	14	2000	330.0	16.4	8.45	10.55	2.5	12.0	16.2	Q1
SN74HC126PWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74HC126PWRG4	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1

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#### \*All dimensions are nominal

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Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74HC126DBR	SSOP	DB	14	2000	353.0	353.0	32.0
SN74HC126NSR	SOP	NS	14	2000	353.0	353.0	32.0
SN74HC126PWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	353.0	353.0	32.0
SN74HC126PWRG4	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	353.0	353.0	32.0

# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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## **TUBE**



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
5962-86848012A	FK	LCCC	20	55	506.98	12.06	2030	NA
SN74HC126N	N	PDIP	14	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
SN74HC126N	N	PDIP	14	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
SN74HC126N.A	N	PDIP	14	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
SN74HC126N.A	N	PDIP	14	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
SNJ54HC126FK	FK	LCCC	20	55	506.98	12.06	2030	NA
SNJ54HC126FK.A	FK	LCCC	20	55	506.98	12.06	2030	NA

# N (R-PDIP-T\*\*)

# PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE

16 PINS SHOWN



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Falls within JEDEC MS-001, except 18 and 20 pin minimum body length (Dim A).
- The 20 pin end lead shoulder width is a vendor option, either half or full width.







#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

  3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.





NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.





NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.





SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

  3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm, per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.43 mm, per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-012, variation AB.



SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



## **MECHANICAL DATA**

# NS (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

# 14-PINS SHOWN

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

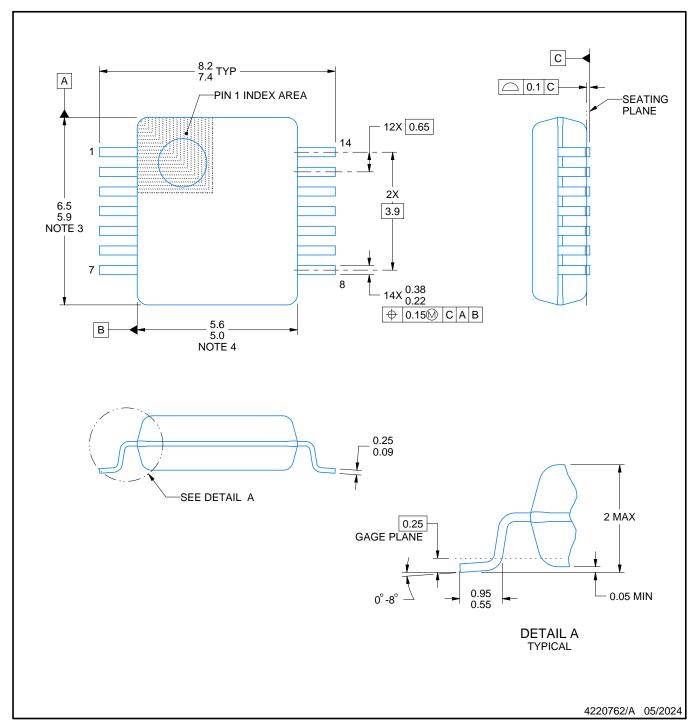


NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15.







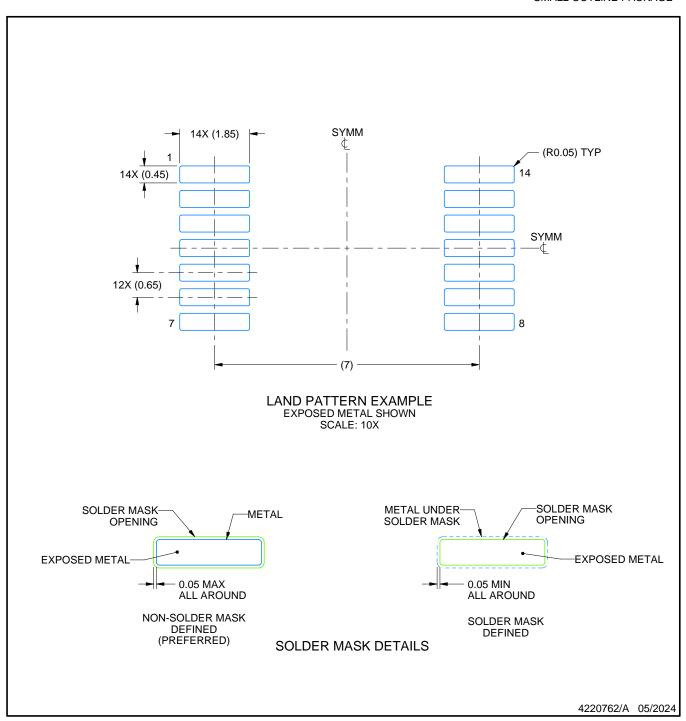
#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

  3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
  4. Reference JEDEC registration MO-150.

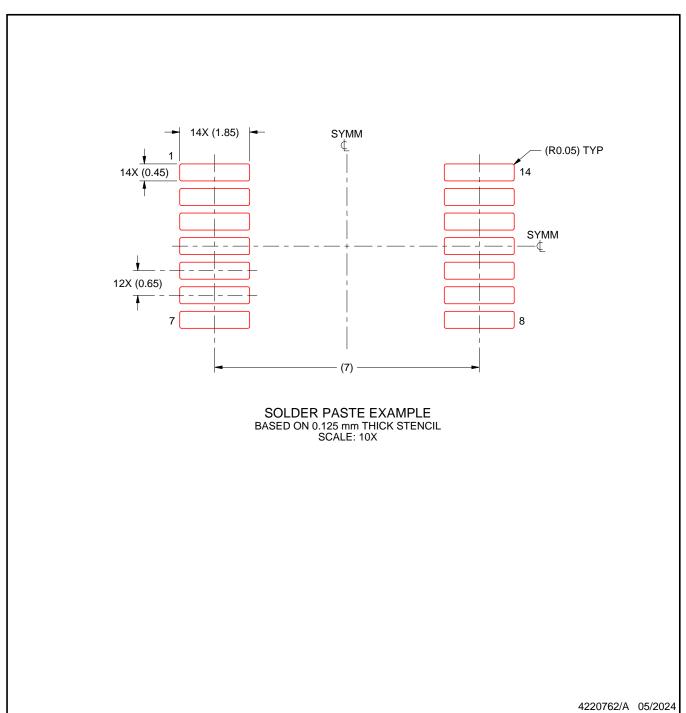




NOTES: (continued)

- 5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.





NOTES: (continued)

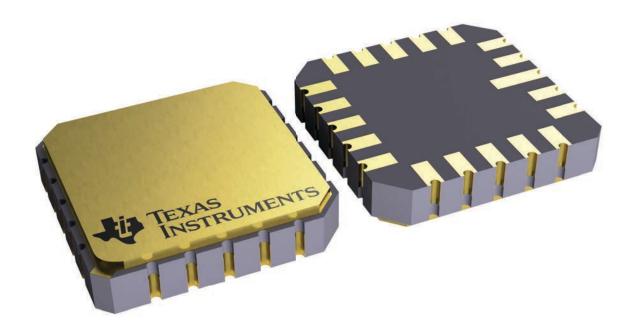
- 7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



8.89 x 8.89, 1.27 mm pitch

LEADLESS CERAMIC CHIP CARRIER

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



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CERAMIC DUAL IN LINE PACKAGE



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.

4040083-5/G





CERAMIC DUAL IN LINE PACKAGE



#### NOTES:

- 1. All controlling linear dimensions are in inches. Dimensions in brackets are in millimeters. Any dimension in brackets or parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. This package is hermitically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
- His package is remitted by sealed with a ceramic its using glass mit.
   Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only and on press ceramic glass frit seal only.
   Falls within MIL-STD-1835 and GDIP1-T14.



CERAMIC DUAL IN LINE PACKAGE



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