











SN74LVC1G38

SCES538G - JANUARY 2004-REVISED FEBRUARY 2020

## SN74LVC1G38 Single 2-Input NAND Gate With Open-Drain Output

#### **Features**

- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD protection exceeds JESD 22
  - 2000-V Human-body model (A114-A)
  - 200-V Machine model (A115-A)
  - 1000-V Charged-device model (C101)
- Available in the Texas Instruments NanoStar<sup>™</sup> and NanoFree<sup>™</sup> Packages
- Supports 5-V V<sub>CC</sub> operation
- Inputs accept voltages to 5.5 V
- Supports down translation to V<sub>CC</sub>
- Maximum t<sub>pd</sub> of 4.5 ns at 3.3 V
- Low power consumption, 10-µA maximum I<sub>CC</sub>
- ±24-mA Output drive at 3.3 V
- Ioff Supports partial-power-down mode and backdrive protection

## **Applications**

- AV receivers
- Blu-ray players and home theaters
- DVD recorders and players
- Desktop or notebook PCs
- Digital radio or internet radio players
- Digital video cameras (DVC)
- **Embedded PCs**
- GPS: personal navigation devices
- Mobile internet devices
- Network projector front-ends
- Portable media players
- Pro audio mixers
- Smoke detectors
- Solid dtate drive (SSD): enterprise
- High-definition (HDTV)
- Tablets: enterprise
- Audio docks: portable
- DLP front projection systems
- DVR and DVS
- Digital picture frame (DPF)
- Digital still cameras

## 3 Description

The SN74LVC1G38 device is designed for 1.65-V to 5.5-V  $V_{CC}$  operation.

This device is a single two-input NAND buffer gate with open-drain output. It performs the Boolean function  $Y = \overline{A \times B}$  or  $Y = \overline{A} + \overline{B}$  in positive logic.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using Ioff. The Ioff circuitry disables the outputs when the device is powered down. This inhibits current backflow into the device which prevents damage to the device.

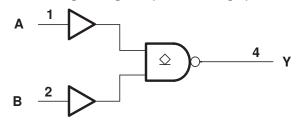
NanoStar™ and NanoFree™ package technology is a major breakthrough in IC packaging concepts, using the die as the package.

#### Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

DEVICE NAME	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
SN74LVC1G38DBV	SOT-23 (5)	2.90 mm × 1.60 mm
SN74LVC1G38DCK	SC70 (5)	2.00 mm × 1.25 mm
SN74LVC1G38DRY	SON (6)	1.45 mm × 1.00 mm
SN74LVC1G38DSF	SON (6)	1.00 mm × 1.00 mm
SN74LVC1G38YZP	DSBGA (5)	0.89 mm × 1.39 mm
SN74LVC1G38DPW	X2SON (5)	0.80 mm × 0.80 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

## **Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)**



**Page** 



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## 4 Revision History

Changes from Revision F (October) to Revision G

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

•	Changed the T <sub>A</sub> high-end temp from +1255°C to +125°C in the Test Conditions field of the Electrical Characteristics table.	6				
С	Added values for DPW (X2SON) package in <i>Thermal Information</i> table. 5  anges from Revision D (December 2013) to Revision E Page					
•	Added values for DPW (X2SON) package in Thermal Information table.	5				
С	<ul> <li>Changes from Revision E (August 2017) to Revision F</li> <li>Added values for DPW (X2SON) package in <i>Thermal Information</i> table.</li> <li>Changes from Revision D (December 2013) to Revision E</li> <li>Added DPW (X2SON) package.</li> <li>Added Applications, Device Information table, Pin Configuration and Functions section, ESD Ratings table, Therm Information table, Typical Characteristics, Detailed Description section, Application and Implementation section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information</li> </ul>	ge				
•	Added DPW (X2SON) package	1				
•	Added Applications, Device Information table, Pin Configuration and Functions section, ESD Ratings table, Thermal Information table, Typical Characteristics, Detailed Description section, Application and Implementation section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section	1				
•	Added Maximum junction temperature, T <sub>J</sub>	4				

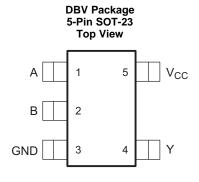
CI	nanges from Revision C (March 2011) to Revision D	age
•	Updated document to new TI data sheet format	1
•	Updated I <sub>off</sub> in Features.	1
•	Added ESD warning	1
•	Updated operating temperature range.	5

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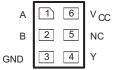
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## 5 Pin Configuration and Functions

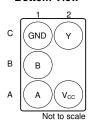






NC - No internal connection.

YZP Package 5-Pin DSBGA Bottom View

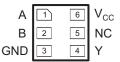


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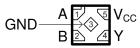
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GND [



See mechanical drawings for dimensions

DPW Package 5-Pin X2SON Top View



#### **Pin Functions**

	Р	IN				
NAME	DBV, DCK, DPW	DRY, DSF	YZP	I/O	DESCRIPTION	
Α	1	1, 5	A1	I	Logic Input A	
В	2	2	B1	I	Logic Input B	
GND	3	3	C1	_	Ground	
NC	_	5	_	_	No Internal Connection	
Υ	4	4	C2	0	Output Y	
V <sub>CC</sub>	5	6	A2	_	Positive Supply	

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## 6 Specifications

## 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	voltage $^{(2)}$ ge range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state $^{(2)}$ clamp current $V_1 < 0$ t clamp current $V_O < 0$ house output current			
VI	Input voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	-0.5	6.5	V	
Vo	Voltage range applied to any output in the high-im	-0.5	6.5	V	
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0		<b>-</b> 50	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	Output clamp current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0		-50	mA
I <sub>O</sub>	Continuous output current			±50	mA
	Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND			±100	mA
TJ	Maximum junction temperature		150	°C	
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## 6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V <sub>(ESD)</sub> Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 <sup>(1)</sup>	2000		
	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 (2)	1000	V
		Machine Model (MM), A115-A	200	

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

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<sup>(2)</sup> The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.



## 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT	
V	Cumply voltage	Operating	1.65	5.5	V	
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	Data retention only	1.5		V	
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub>			
\/	High lovel input voltage	$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7		V	
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2		V	
		$V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.7 × V <sub>CC</sub>			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		$0.35 \times V_{CC}$		
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		0.7	V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V		0.8	7 V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V		0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>		
$V_{I}$	Input voltage		0	5.5	V	
$V_{O}$	Output voltage		0	5.5	V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		4		
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	8			
$I_{OL}$	Low-level output current	V 2.V		16	mA	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V		24		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V			1	
		$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}, 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$		20		
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Input transition rise and fall rate	$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$		10	ns/V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V		5		
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		-40	125	°C	

<sup>(1)</sup> All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. See *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*.

## 6.4 Thermal Information

		SN74LVC1G38							
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>		DCK (SC70)	DRY (SON)	DSF (SON)	YZP (DSBGA)	DPW (X2SON)	UNIT	
		5 PINS	5 PINS	6 PINS	6 PINS	5 PINS	5 PINS		
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	247.2	276.1	366.9	406.2	146.2	511.0	°C/W	
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	154.5	178.9	253.8	201.0	1.4	241.9	°C/W	
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	86.8	70.9	227.5	256.9	39.3	374.2	°C/W	
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	58.0	47.0	75.8	35.2	0.7	45.0	°C/W	
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	86.4	69.3	227.7	256.6	39.8	373.3	°C/W	
R <sub>0JC(bot)</sub>	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	168.0	°C/W	

<sup>(1)</sup> For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.



#### 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CO	NDITIONS	V <sub>cc</sub>	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
	1 100	$T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C	1.65 V to			0.1	
$V_{OL} = 100 \mu\text{A} \qquad \frac{T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}}{T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}} \qquad 1.65 \text{V to} \\ 5.5 \text{V} \qquad 1_{OL} = 4 \text{mA} \qquad \frac{T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}}{T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}} \qquad 1.65 \text{V} \qquad 1.65 V$		1					
	l - 4 mΛ	$T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C	1 GE \/			0.45	1
$I_{OL} = 100 \ \mu A$ $I_{OL} = 4 \ mA$ $I_{OL} = 8 \ mA$ $I_{OL} = 16 \ mA$ $I_{OL} = 16 \ mA$ $I_{OL} = 24 \ mA$ $I_{OL} = 32 \ mA$ $I_{I} \qquad A \ or \ B \ inputs \qquad V_{I} = 5.5 \ V \ or \ GN$ $I_{Off} \qquad V_{I} \ or \ V_{O} = 5.5 \ V$ $I_{CC} \qquad V_{I} = 5.5 \ V \ or \ GN$ $One \ input \ at \ V_{CC} \ Other \ inputs \ at \ V$	10L = 4 111A	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.05 V			0.45	1
	= 9 mΛ	$T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C	231/			0.3	1
	IOL = 0 IIIA	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$	2.3 V			0.3	/
	l = 16 mΛ	$T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C				0.4	v
	10L = 10 IIIA	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.65 V to 5.5 V 0.1  1.65 V 0.45  2.3 V 0.3  V 0.4  3 V 0.55				
	l = 24 mΛ	$T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C		0.55			1
	10L = 24 IIIA	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$					1
	I <sub>α</sub> . – 32 mΔ	$T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C	45 V	0.55		0.55	1
	10L = 32 IIIA	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$	4.5 V	0.33			<u></u>
L. A or B inpute	V. = 5.5 V or GND	$T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C				<b>±</b> 1	ΙΔ
ij A Oi B iliputs	V  = 3.5 V OI GIVD	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$	5.5 V	Ξ.		0.55 0.55 ±1 ±10	μΛ
1	V. or V 5 5 V	$T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C	0			+10	ΙΔ
*off	V  01 V0 = 3.3 V	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$	O .			110	μΛ
l	$V_1 = 5.5 \text{ V or GND, } I_0 = 0$	$T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C				10	ΙΔ
'CC	V  = 3.5 V OI GIVD, 10 = 0	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$	5.5 V		10		μΛ
Al	One input at V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6 V,	$T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C	3 \/ to 5 5 \/			500	ΙΛ
AICC	Other inputs at V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$	3 V 10 3.3 V			300	μΛ.
C <sub>i</sub>	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND		3.3 V		3.5		pF
Co	$V_O = V_{CC}$ or GND		3.3 V	·	4.5		pF

<sup>(1)</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## 6.6 Switching Characteristics, $C_L = 15 pF$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST COI	MIN	MAX	UNIT	
	4 5	Y	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C	$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$	2.9	7.4	
				$V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	1.7	3.8	
<sup>1</sup> pd	A or B			$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	1.5	4.9	ns
				$V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$	0.9	2.4	

## 6.7 Switching Characteristics, $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$ or 50 pF, $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$  or 50 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST C	MIN	MAX	UNIT	
t <sub>pd</sub> A (	A or B Y $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ 1.	V	T 4000 t 0500	$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$	2.8	10	
				$V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	1.6	6	no
		1 <sub>A</sub> = -40 C to +65 C	$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	1.4	4.5	ns	
		1	3.9				



## 6.8 Switching Characteristics, $C_L = 30$ pF or 50 pF, $-40^{\circ}$ C to $+125^{\circ}$ C

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$  or 50 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3)

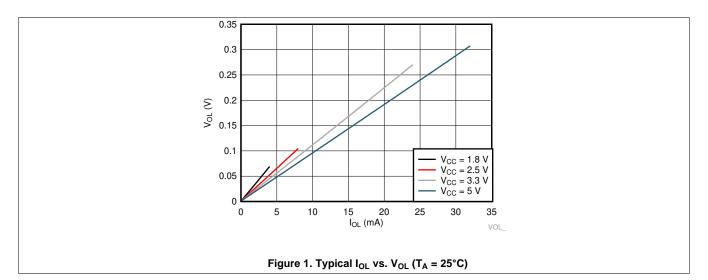
PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CO	MIN	MAX	UNIT	
			$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$	2.8	11		
	A or B	V	T 4000 to 140500	$V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	1.6	6.5	
<sup>L</sup> pd	AUIB	OI B Y	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$	$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	1.4	5	ns
				$V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$	1	4.4	

## 6.9 Operating Characteristics

 $T_A = 25$ °C

	PARAMETER	TEST CON	TYP	UNIT	
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V	3	
	Davis dissination consistence	4 40 MH-	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V	3	F
C <sub>pd</sub> Power diss	Power dissipation capacitance	f = 10 MHz	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V	4	pF
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V	6	

## 6.10 Typical Characteristics

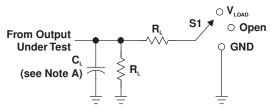


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### 7 Parameter Measurement Information

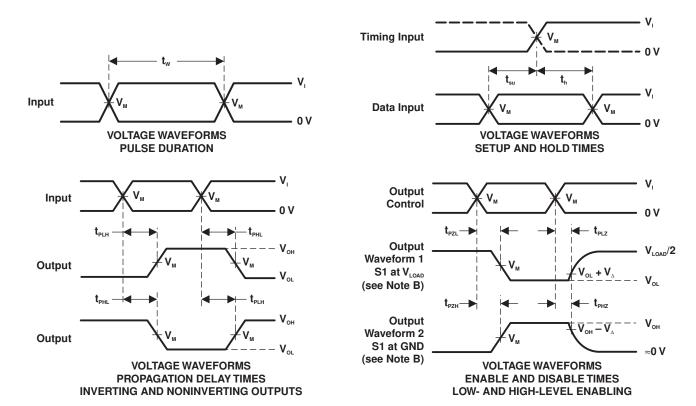
#### (Open Drain)



TEST	S1
t <sub>PZL</sub> (see Notes E and F)	$V_{\scriptscriptstyle LOAD}$
t <sub>PLZ</sub> (see Notes E and G)	$V_{\scriptscriptstyle LOAD}$
$\mathbf{t}_{\scriptscriptstyle{PHZ}}/\mathbf{t}_{\scriptscriptstyle{PZH}}$	$V_{\scriptscriptstyle LOAD}$

**LOAD CIRCUIT** 

,	INPUTS		.,	V			v
V <sub>cc</sub>	V,	t <sub>r</sub> /t <sub>f</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>LOAD</sub>	C <sub>∟</sub>	R <sub>⊾</sub>	V <sub>A</sub>
1.8 V ± 0.15 V	V <sub>cc</sub>	≤2 ns	V <sub>cc</sub> /2	2 × V <sub>cc</sub>	15 pF	<b>1 M</b> Ω	0.15 V
2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V	V <sub>cc</sub>	≤2 ns	V <sub>cc</sub> /2	2 × V <sub>cc</sub>	15 pF	<b>1 Μ</b> Ω	0.15 V
3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V	3 V	≤2.5 ns	1.5 V	6 V	15 pF	<b>1 Μ</b> Ω	0.3 V
5 V $\pm$ 0.5 V	V <sub>cc</sub>	≤2.5 ns	V <sub>cc</sub> /2	2 × V <sub>cc</sub>	15 pF	<b>1 Μ</b> Ω	0.3 V



NOTES: A. C. includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators have the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_{\odot}$  = 50  $\Omega.$
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E. Because this device has open-drain outputs,  $t_{\text{PLZ}}$  and  $t_{\text{PZL}}$  are the same as  $t_{\text{PD}}$ .
- F.  $t_{PZL}$  is measured at  $V_{M}$ .
- G.  $t_{PLZ}$  is measured at  $V_{OL} + V_{\Delta}$ .
- H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

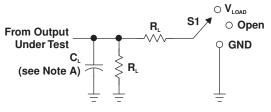
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### **Parameter Measurement Information (continued)**

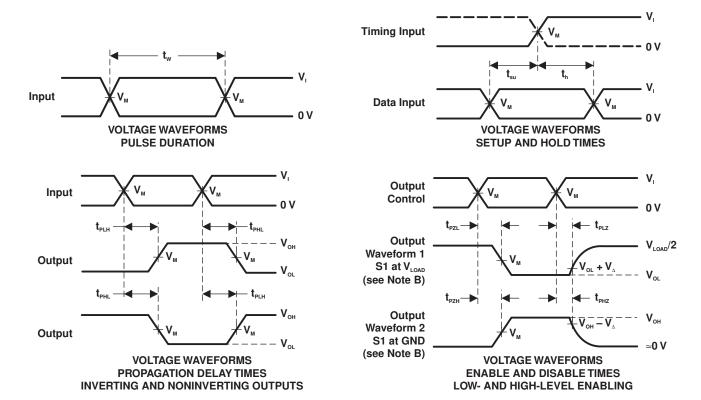
### (Open Drain)



TEST	S1
t <sub>PZL</sub> (see Notes E and F)	$V_{LOAD}$
t <sub>PLZ</sub> (see Notes E and G)	$V_{\scriptscriptstyle LOAD}$
$\mathbf{t}_{\scriptscriptstyle{PHZ}}/\mathbf{t}_{\scriptscriptstyle{PZH}}$	$V_{\scriptscriptstyle LOAD}$

**LOAD CIRCUIT** 

V	INPUTS					_	v
V <sub>cc</sub>	V,	t <sub>r</sub> /t <sub>f</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>LOAD</sub>	C <sub>∟</sub>	R <sub>L</sub>	V <sub>Δ</sub>
$1.8~\textrm{V}\pm0.15~\textrm{V}$	V <sub>cc</sub>	≤2 ns	V <sub>cc</sub> /2	2 × V <sub>cc</sub>	30 pF	<b>1 k</b> Ω	0.15 V
2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V	V <sub>cc</sub>	≤2 ns	V <sub>cc</sub> /2	2 × V <sub>cc</sub>	30 pF	500 Ω	0.15 V
3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V	3 V	≤2.5 ns	1.5 V	6 V	50 pF	500 Ω	0.3 V
5 V $\pm$ 0.5 V	V <sub>cc</sub>	≤2.5 ns	V <sub>cc</sub> /2	2 × V <sub>cc</sub>	50 pF	500 Ω	0.3 V



NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators have the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_{\circ}$  = 50  $\Omega$ .
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E. Because this device has open-drain outputs,  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PZL}$  are the same as  $t_{PD}$ .
- F.  $t_{PZL}$  is measured at  $V_{M}$ .
- G.  $t_{\text{PLZ}}$  is measured at  $V_{\text{OL}}$  +  $V_{\scriptscriptstyle \Delta}$ .
- H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 3. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



## 8 Detailed Description

#### 8.1 Overview

The SN74LVC1G38 device is a single two-input NAND gate with open-drain outputs designed for 1.65-V to 5.5-V Vcc operation. It performs the Boolean function  $Y = \overline{A} \times \overline{B}$  or  $Y = \overline{A} + \overline{B}$  in positive logic.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using  $I_{off}$ . The  $I_{off}$  circuitry disables the outputs when the device is powered down. This inhibits current backflow into the device which prevents damage to the device.

### 8.2 Functional Block Diagram

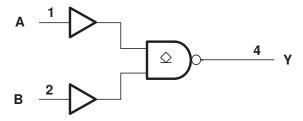


Figure 4. Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)

#### 8.3 Feature Description

#### 8.3.1 High-Drive Open-Drain Output

The open-drain output allows the device to sink current when the output is LOW and maintains a high impedance state when the output is HIGH. The high drive capability of this device creates fast edges into light loads so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing. Additionally, the outputs of this device are capable of driving larger currents than the device can sustain without being damaged. It is important for the power output of the device to be limited to avoid thermal runaway and damage due to over-current. The electrical and thermal limits defined the in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* must be followed at all times.

#### 8.3.2 Standard CMOS Inputs

Standard CMOS inputs are high impedance and are typically modeled as a resistor in parallel with the input capacitance given in the *Electrical Characteristics*. The worst case resistance is calculated with the maximum input voltage, given in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, and the maximum input leakage current, given in the *Electrical Characteristics*, using ohm's law  $(R = V \div I)$ .

Signals applied to the inputs need to have fast edge rates, as defined by  $\Delta t/\Delta v$  in *Recommended Operating Conditions* to avoid excessive currents and oscillations. If a slow or noisy input signal is required, a device with a Schmitt-trigger input should be used to condition the input signal prior to the standard CMOS input.

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### Feature Description (continued)

#### 8.3.3 Clamp Diodes

The inputs and outputs to this device have negative clamping diodes.

#### **CAUTION**

Voltages beyond the values specified in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* table can cause damage to the device. The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

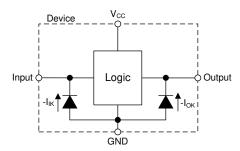


Figure 5. Electrical Placement of Clamping Diodes for Each Input and Output

#### 8.3.4 Partial Power Down (I<sub>off</sub>)

The inputs and outputs for this device enter a high impedance state when the supply voltage is 0 V. The maximum leakage into or out of any input or output pin on the device is specified by I<sub>off</sub> in the .

#### 8.3.5 Over-Voltage Tolerant Inputs

Input signals to this device can be driven above the supply voltage so long as they remain below the maximum input voltage value specified in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

#### 8.3.6 Up Translation and Down Translation Capable Outputs

Outputs of this device can be driven above the supply voltage so long as they remain below the maximum output voltage value specified in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*. When the device is not actively driving LOW, the output is in the high impedance state. If a pull-up resistor is connected from the output to a power supply (of any valid value), the output will be driven by this supply, and therefore can have a voltage that is either higher or lower than the  $V_{CC}$  supply of the device. An application of this device performing up-translation is depicted in *Application and Implementation*, where additional design details are provided.

#### 8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 1 lists the functional modes of the SN74LVC1G38 device.

**Table 1. Function Table** 

INP	UTS	OUTPUT
Α	В	Υ
L	L	Hi-Z
L	Н	Hi-Z
Н	L	Hi-Z
Н	Н	L



## 9 Application and Implementation

#### NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

## 9.1 Application Information

Open-drain devices are intrinsically capable of voltage translation. In this application, a 1.8-V logic signal is inverted and up-translated to 5 V at the output when the EN signal input is driven high by a 3.3-V signal. The output is held at 5 V in this scenario when the output of the device is in the high impedance state.

## 9.2 Typical Application

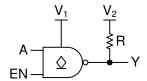


Figure 6. Gated Voltage Translating Inverter Schematic Using SN74LVC1G38

### 9.2.1 Design Requirements

The supply voltage at V<sub>1</sub> must be set to provide input thresholds for the signals A and EN. This device uses CMOS technology and has an open-drain output. Outputs of open-drain devices can be tied directly together to produce a wired-OR configuration. This device has high current drive that will create fast edges into light loads so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing.

#### 9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

- 1. Recommended Input Conditions
  - Rise time and fall time specs. See (Δt/ΔV) in the Recommended Operating Conditions table.
  - Specified high and low levels. See (VIH and VIL) in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.
  - Inputs are overvoltage tolerant allowing them to go as high as (VI max) in the Recommended Operating Conditions table at any valid VCC.

#### 2. Recommended Output Conditions

- Load currents should not exceed (IO max). These limits are located in the Absolute Maximum Ratings
  table.
- Outputs can be pulled above VCC for up-translation applications as long as the maximum output voltage in the Absolute Maximum Ratings table is observed.

#### 9.2.3 Application Curve

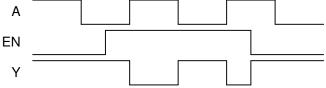


Figure 7. Application Timing Diagram

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## 10 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the MIN and MAX supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.

The  $V_{CC}$  pin should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. It is ok to parallel multiple bypass caps to reject different frequencies of noise. 0.1- $\mu$ F and 1- $\mu$ F capacitors are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power pin as possible for best results.

## 11 Layout

### 11.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple bit logic devices, inputs should not float. In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused. Some examples are when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used, or when only 3 of the 4-buffer gates are used. Such input pins should not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states.

Specified in Figure 8 are rules that must be observed under all circumstances. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a high or low bias to prevent them from floating. The logic level that should be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally they are tied to GND or  $V_{CC}$ , whichever makes more sense or is more convenient.

Even low data rate digital signals can have high frequency signal components due to fast edge rates. When a printed-circuit board (PCB) trace turns a corner at a 90° angle, a reflection can occur. A reflection occurs primarily because of the change of width of the trace. At the apex of the turn, the trace width increases to 1.414 times the width. This increase upsets the transmission-line characteristics, especially the distributed capacitance and self–inductance of the trace which results in the reflection. Not all PCB traces can be straight and therefore some traces must turn corners. Figure 9 shows progressively better techniques of rounding corners. Only the last example (BEST) maintains constant trace width and minimizes reflections.

#### 11.2 Layout Example



Figure 8. Proper multi-gate input termination diagram

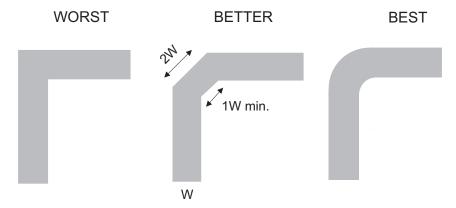


Figure 9. Trace Example



## 12 Device and Documentation Support

### 12.1 Documentation Support

#### 12.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- Texas Instruments, Designing and Manufacturing with TI's X2SON Packages Application Note
- Texas Instruments, How to Select Little Logic Application Note
- Texas Instruments, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs Application Note.
- Texas Instruments, Understanding and Interpreting Standard-Logic Data Sheets Application Note
- Texas Instruments, Introduction to Logic Application Note
- Texas Instruments, Signal Switch Data Book User's Guide
- Texas Instruments, LVC and LV Low-Voltage CMOS Logic Data Book User's Guide
- Texas Instruments, Low-Voltage Logic (LVC) Designer's Guide User's Guide

## 12.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

## 12.3 Support Resources

TI E2E™ support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

#### 12.4 Trademarks

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#### 12.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

#### 12.6 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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## **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
SN74LVC1G38DBVR	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(C385, C38F, C38J, C38R) (C38H, C38P, C38S)
SN74LVC1G38DBVR.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(C385, C38F, C38J, C38R) (C38H, C38P, C38S)
SN74LVC1G38DBVR.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(C385, C38F, C38J, C38R) (C38H, C38P, C38S)
SN74LVC1G38DBVRE4	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	C385 C38S
SN74LVC1G38DBVRG4	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	C385 C38S
SN74LVC1G38DBVRG4.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	C385 C38S
SN74LVC1G38DBVT	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(C385, C38J, C38R) (C38H, C38S)
SN74LVC1G38DBVT.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(C385, C38J, C38R) (C38H, C38S)
SN74LVC1G38DBVTG4	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	C385 C38S
SN74LVC1G38DBVTG4.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	C385 C38S
SN74LVC1G38DCKR	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(D75, D7F, D7J, D7 R) (D7H, D7P, D7S)
SN74LVC1G38DCKR.A	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(D75, D7F, D7J, D7 R) (D7H, D7P, D7S)



-40 to 85

-40 to 85

-40 to 125

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BP

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D7

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SN74LVC1G38DPWR

SN74LVC1G38DPWR.B

SN74LVC1G38DRYR

SN74LVC1G38DRYR.B

SN74LVC1G38DSFR

SN74LVC1G38DSFR.B

SN74LVC1G38DSFRG4

SN74LVC1G38DSFRG4.B

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Package | Pins Lead finish/ Orderable part number Package gtv | Carrier **RoHS** MSL rating/ Op temp (°C) Part marking Status Material type **Ball material** Peak reflow (1) (2) (3) (6) (5) SN74LVC1G38DCKR.B Production SC70 (DCK) | 5 3000 | LARGE T&R Yes SN Level-1-260C-UNLIM -40 to 125 (D75, D7F, D7J, D7 Active (D7H, D7P, D7S) SN74LVC1G38DCKRG4 Active Production SC70 (DCK) | 5 3000 | LARGE T&R Yes **NIPDAU** Level-1-260C-UNLIM -40 to 125 D75 D7S SN74LVC1G38DCKRG4.A Active Production SC70 (DCK) | 5 3000 | LARGE T&R Yes NIPDAU Level-1-260C-UNLIM -40 to 125 D75 D7S SN74LVC1G38DCKRG4.B Active Production SC70 (DCK) | 5 3000 | LARGE T&R Yes NIPDAU Level-1-260C-UNLIM -40 to 125 D75 D7S SN74LVC1G38DCKT Production SC70 (DCK) | 5 250 | SMALL T&R Yes NIPDAU I SN Level-1-260C-UNLIM -40 to 125 (D75, D7J, D7R) Active (D7H, D7S) SN74LVC1G38DCKT.B Active Production SC70 (DCK) | 5 250 | SMALL T&R Yes **NIPDAU** Level-1-260C-UNLIM -40 to 125 (D75, D7J, D7R) (D7H, D7S)

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

**NIPDAU** 

**NIPDAU** 

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NIPDAU | NIPDAUAG Level-1-260C-UNLIM

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5000 | LARGE T&R

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Active

Active

Active

Active

Production

Production

Production

Production

Production

Production

Production

Production

X2SON (DPW) | 5

X2SON (DPW) | 5

SON (DRY) | 6

SON (DRY) | 6

SON (DSF) | 6

SON (DSF) | 6

SON (DSF) | 6

SON (DSF) | 6

<sup>(1)</sup> Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

<sup>(2)</sup> Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

<sup>(3)</sup> RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

<sup>(4)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.



## **PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM**

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(5) MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

(6) Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

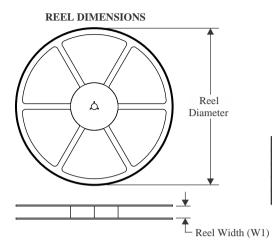
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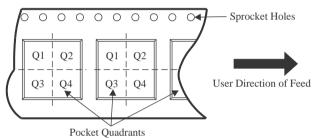
## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

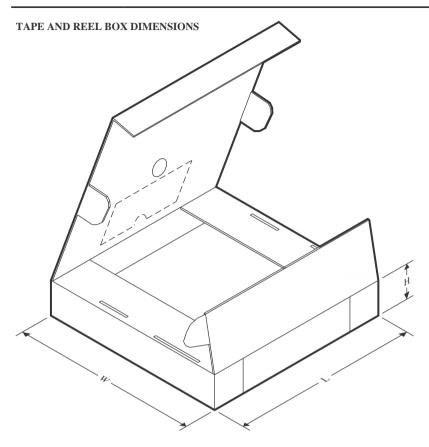


#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74LVC1G38DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G38DBVRG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.2	3.3	3.23	1.55	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G38DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G38DBVTG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	178.0	9.2	3.3	3.23	1.55	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G38DCKR	SC70	DCK	5	3000	178.0	8.4	2.25	2.45	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G38DCKRG4	SC70	DCK	5	3000	178.0	9.2	2.4	2.4	1.22	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G38DCKT	SC70	DCK	5	250	178.0	9.2	2.4	2.4	1.22	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G38DCKT	SC70	DCK	5	250	180.0	8.4	2.47	2.3	1.25	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G38DCKT	SC70	DCK	5	250	178.0	9.0	2.4	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G38DPWR	X2SON	DPW	5	3000	178.0	8.4	0.91	0.91	0.5	2.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G38DRYR	SON	DRY	6	5000	180.0	9.5	1.15	1.6	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q1
SN74LVC1G38DSFR	SON	DSF	6	5000	180.0	9.5	1.16	1.16	0.5	4.0	8.0	Q2
SN74LVC1G38DSFRG4	SON	DSF	6	5000	180.0	9.5	1.16	1.16	0.5	4.0	8.0	Q2



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\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74LVC1G38DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	208.0	191.0	35.0
SN74LVC1G38DBVRG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
SN74LVC1G38DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
SN74LVC1G38DBVTG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
SN74LVC1G38DCKR	SC70	DCK	5	3000	208.0	191.0	35.0
SN74LVC1G38DCKRG4	SC70	DCK	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
SN74LVC1G38DCKT	SC70	DCK	5	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
SN74LVC1G38DCKT	SC70	DCK	5	250	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74LVC1G38DCKT	SC70	DCK	5	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
SN74LVC1G38DPWR	X2SON	DPW	5	3000	205.0	200.0	33.0
SN74LVC1G38DRYR	SON	DRY	6	5000	184.0	184.0	19.0
SN74LVC1G38DSFR	SON	DSF	6	5000	184.0	184.0	19.0
SN74LVC1G38DSFRG4	SON	DSF	6	5000	184.0	184.0	19.0

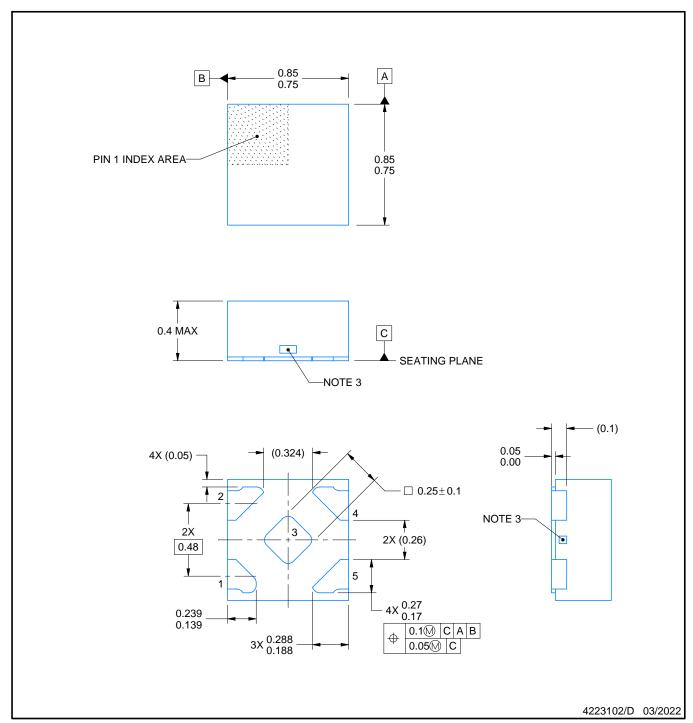


Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.

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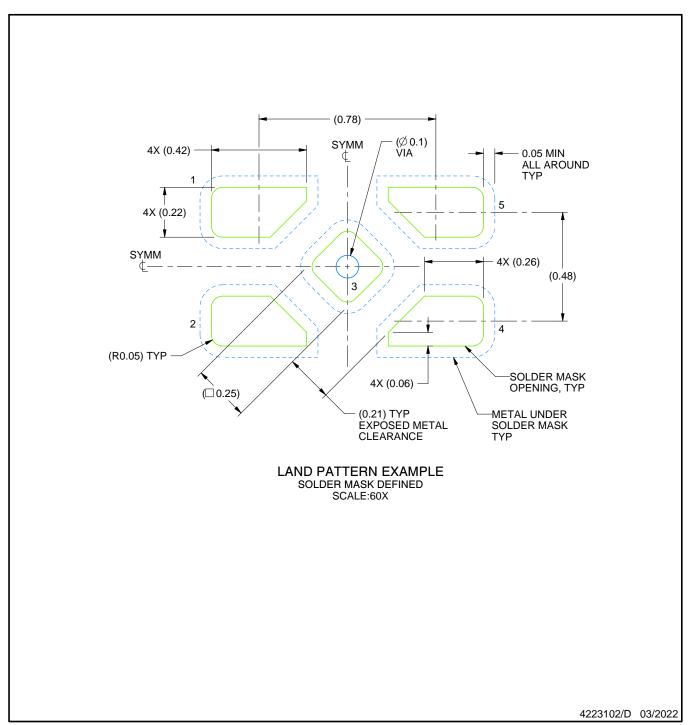


#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. The size and shape of this feature may vary.

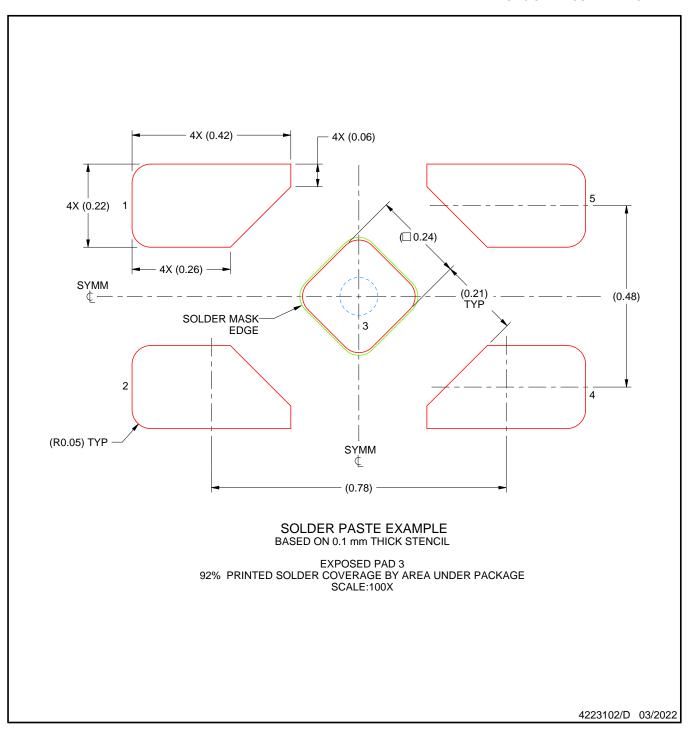




NOTES: (continued)

4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, refer to QFN/SON PCB application note in literature No. SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).



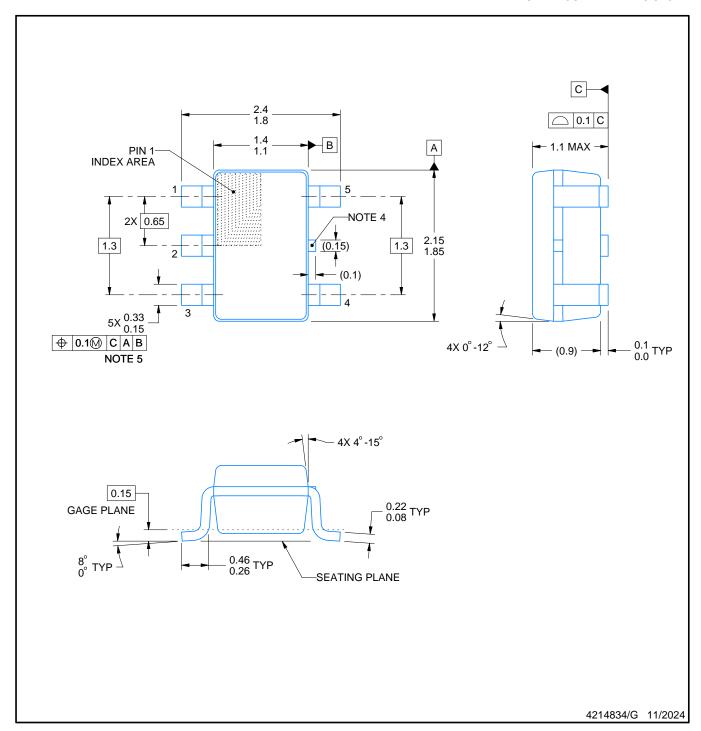


NOTES: (continued)

5. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.





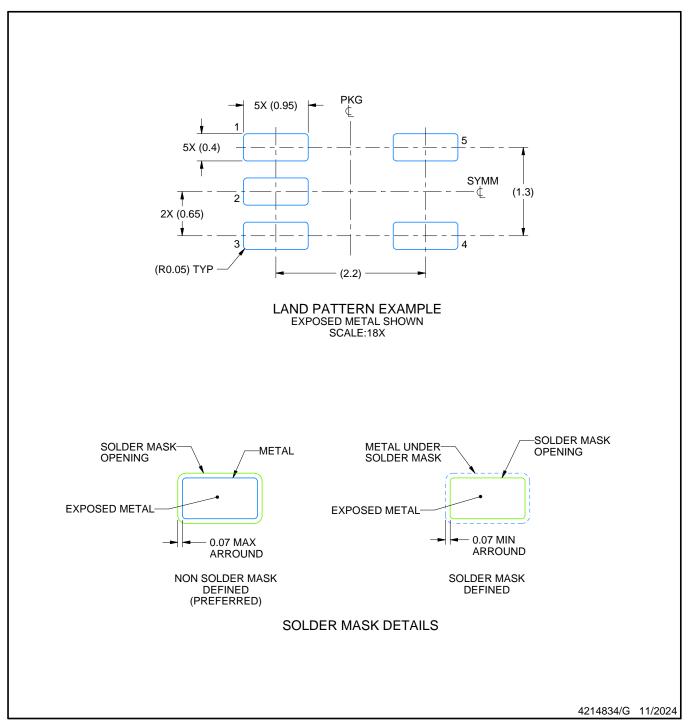


#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  3. Reference JEDEC MO-203.

- 4. Support pin may differ or may not be present.5. Lead width does not comply with JEDEC.
- 6. Body dimensions do not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.25mm per side

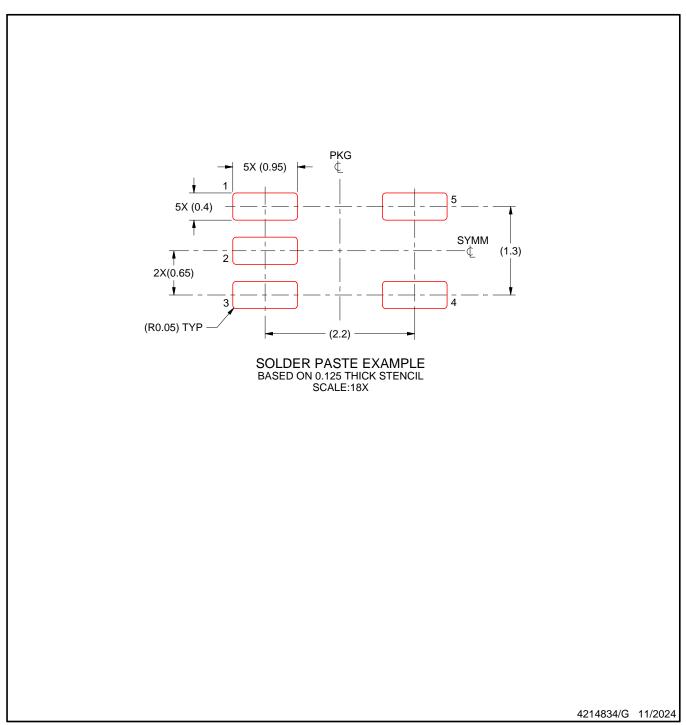




NOTES: (continued)

7. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.8. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



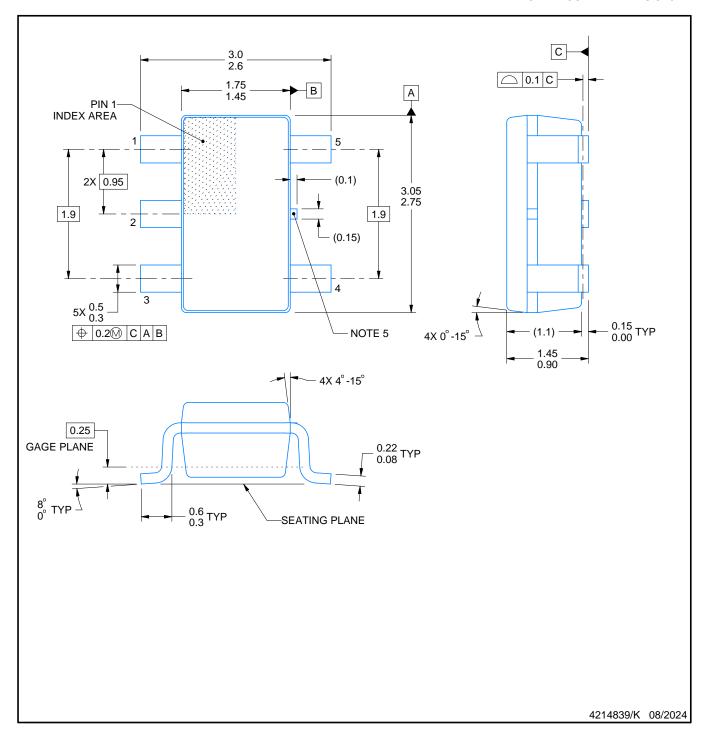


NOTES: (continued)

- 9. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 10. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.





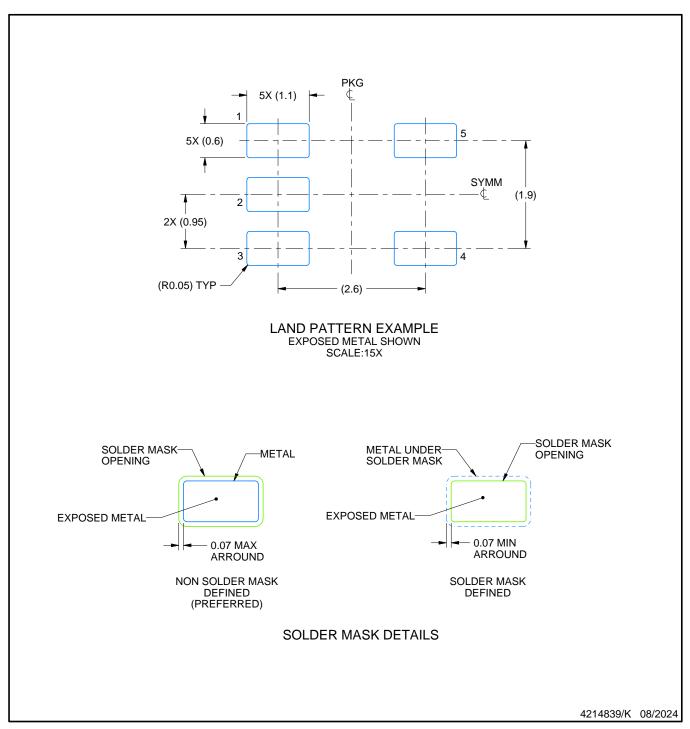


#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  3. Reference JEDEC MO-178.

- 4. Body dimensions do not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Support pin may differ or may not be present.



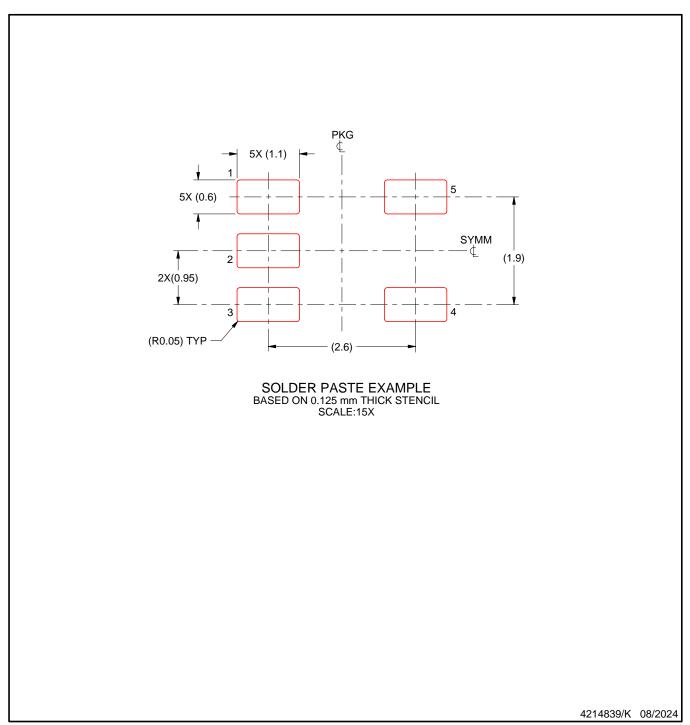


NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.





NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



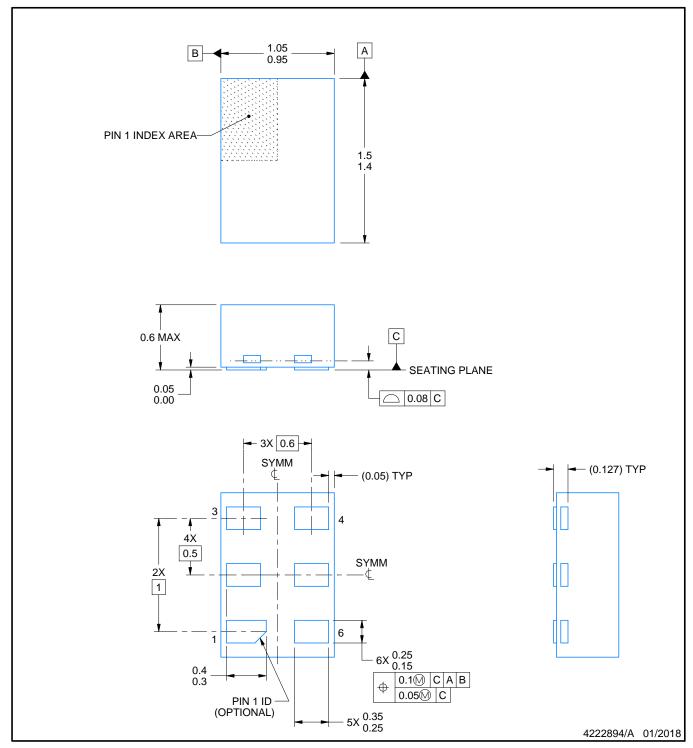


Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.







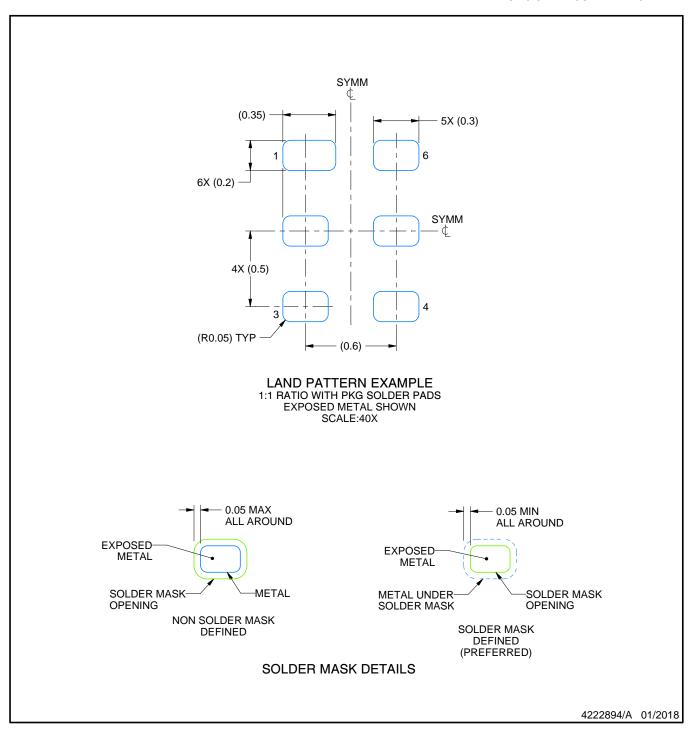


#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

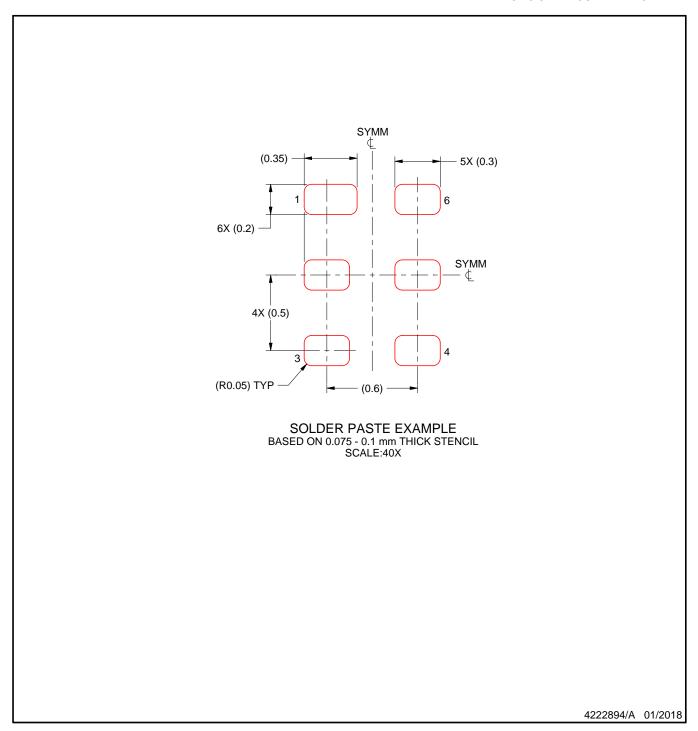




NOTES: (continued)

3. For more information, see QFN/SON PCB application report in literature No. SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).



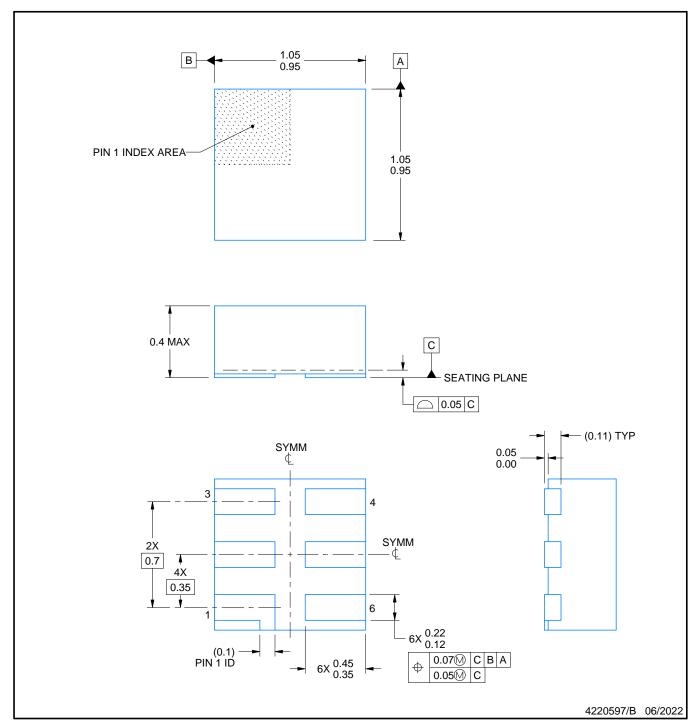


NOTES: (continued)

Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.







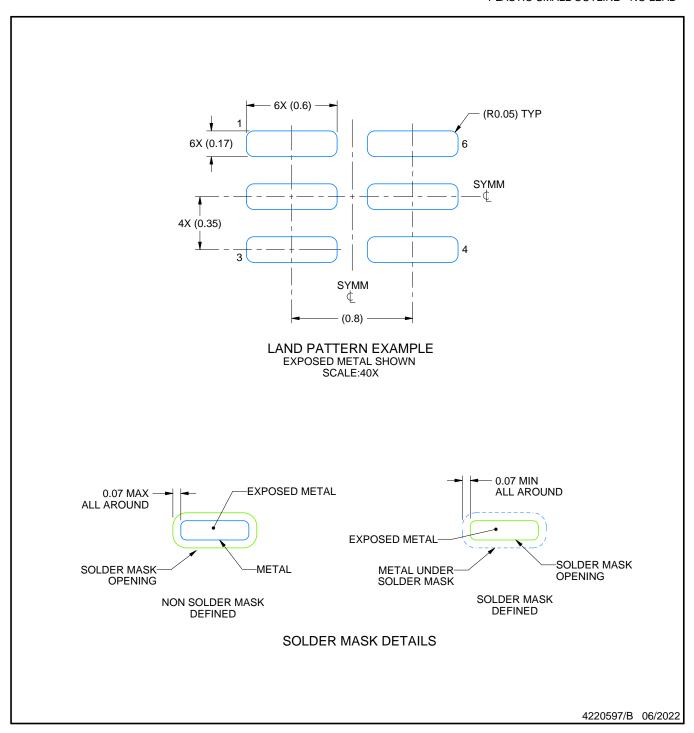
#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

  3. Reference JEDEC registration MO-287, variation X2AAF.

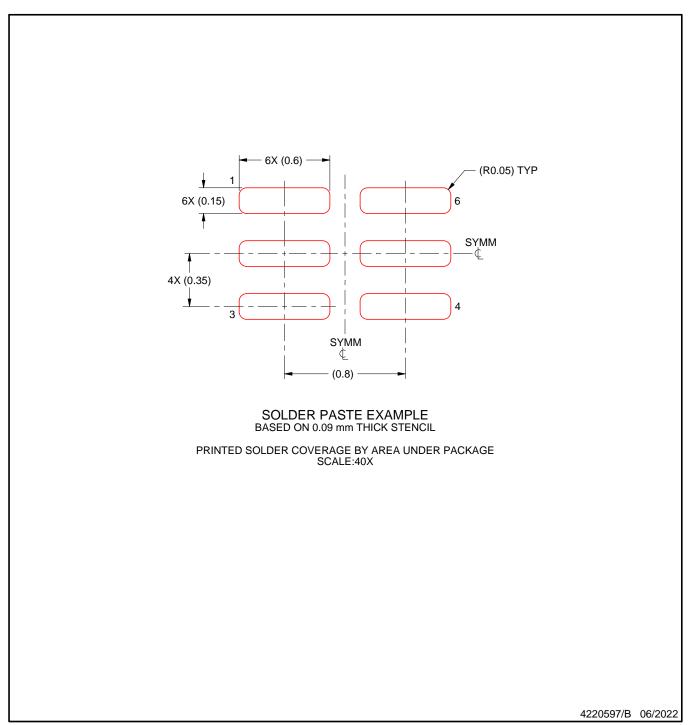




NOTES: (continued)

4. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).





4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



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Last updated 10/2025