

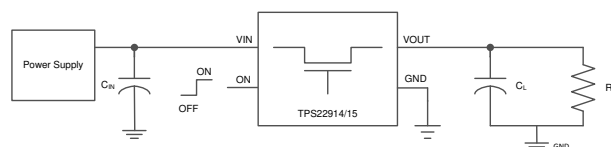
TPS2291xx 5.5V、2A、37mΩ オン抵抗ロード・スイッチ

1 特長

- シングル・チャンネル負荷スイッチを内蔵
- 入力電圧範囲: 1.05V~5.5V
- 低いオン抵抗 (R_{ON})
 - $V_{IN} = 5V$ で $R_{ON} = 37m\Omega$ (標準値)
 - $V_{IN} = 3.3V$ で $R_{ON} = 38m\Omega$ (標準値)
 - $V_{IN} = 1.8V$ で $R_{ON} = 43m\Omega$ (標準値)
- 最大連続スイッチ電流 2A
- 低い静止電流
 - $V_{IN} = 3.3V$ で $7.7\mu A$ (標準値)
- 制御入力スレッシュホールドが低いため、最低 1V の GPIO が使用可能
- スルーレート制御
 - t_R (TPS22914B/15B) = $64\mu s$ ($V_{IN} = 3.3V$ の場合)
 - t_R (TPS22914C/15C) = $913\mu s$ ($V_{IN} = 3.3V$ の場合)
- クイック出力放電 (QOD) (TPS22915 のみ)
- 超小型ウェハー・チップ・スケール・パッケージ
 - 0.78mm × 0.78mm、0.4mm ピッチ、0.5mm 高さ (YFP)
- ESD 性能は JESD 22 に準拠しテスト済み
 - HBM 2kV、CDM 1kV

2 アプリケーション

- スマートフォン、携帯電話
- 超薄型 Ultrabook™ / ノート PC
- タブレット PC、ファブレット
- ウェアラブル技術
- ソリッド・ステート・ドライブ
- デジタル・カメラ



概略回路図

3 概要

TPS22914/15 は、スルーレート制御機能を備えた小型低 R_{ON} のシングル・チャンネル負荷スイッチです。このデバイスには N チャンネル MOSFET が搭載され、1.05V~5.5V の入力電圧範囲で動作でき、最大で 2A の連続電流をサポートできます。スイッチはオン / オフ入力により制御され、低電圧の制御信号と直接接続が可能です。

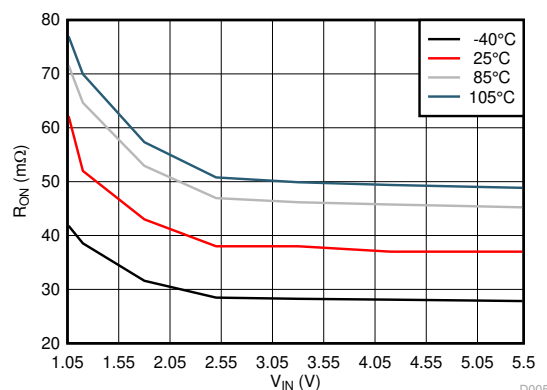
このデバイスは、小型で R_{ON} が小さいため、スペースの制約が厳しいバッテリー駆動アプリケーションで使うのに理想的です。このスイッチは入力電圧範囲が広いため、各種電圧レールのための多用途なソリューションとして使えます。デバイスの立ち上がり時間を制御できるため、大きな負荷容量により発生する突入電流が大幅に減少し、電源ドロップが低減、または生じなくなります。TPS22915 は、スイッチがオフになった際に迅速に出力を放電 (QOD) するための 143Ω のプルダウン抵抗を内蔵することで、ソリューション全体のサイズをさらに縮小しています。

TPS22914/15 は、小型で省スペースの 0.78mm × 0.78mm、0.4mm ピッチ、0.5mm 高さの 4 ピン・ウェハー・チップ・スケール (WCSP) パッケージ (YFP) で供給されます。このデバイスは、 $-40^{\circ}C \sim +105^{\circ}C$ の周囲温度範囲で動作が規定されています。

製品情報⁽¹⁾

部品番号	パッケージ	本体サイズ (公称)
TPS22914B	DSBGA (4)	0.74mm × 0.74mm
TPS22914C		
TPS22915B		
TPS22915C		

- (1) 利用可能なすべてのパッケージについては、このデータシートの末尾にある注文情報を参照してください。



R_{ON} と V_{IN} との関係 ($I_{OUT} = -200mA$)

D005



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4 Revision History

資料番号末尾の英字は改訂を表しています。その改訂履歴は英語版に準じています。

Changes from Revision D (September 2016) to Revision E (October 2020)	Page
• 文書全体にわたって表、図、相互参照の採番方法を更新.....	1
• 「製品情報」表の本体サイズを更新.....	1
Changes from Revision C (July 2015) to Revision D (September 2016)	Page
• Changed "TPS22915B" only, to "TPS22915B/C only" in the <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> table	5
Changes from Revision B (September 2014) to Revision C (July 2015)	Page
• データシートの T _A 定格を 85°C から 105°C に更新.....	1
Changes from Revision A (June 2014) to Revision B (September 2014)	Page
• Updated X-axis scales in th Typical Characteristics section.	8
Changes from Revision * (June 2014) to Revision A (June 2014)	Page
• 完全版の初回リリース.....	1

5 Device Comparison Table

DEVICE	R _{ON} at 3.3V (TYPICAL)	t _R at 3.3V (TYPICAL)	QUICK OUTPUT DISCHARGE	MAXIMUM OUTPUT CURRENT	ENABLE
TPS22914B	38 mΩ	64 μs	No	2 A	Active High
TPS22914C	38 mΩ	913 μs	No	2 A	Active High
TPS22915B	38 mΩ	64 μs	Yes	2 A	Active High
TPS22915C	38 mΩ	913 μs	Yes	2 A	Active High

6 Pin Configuration and Functions

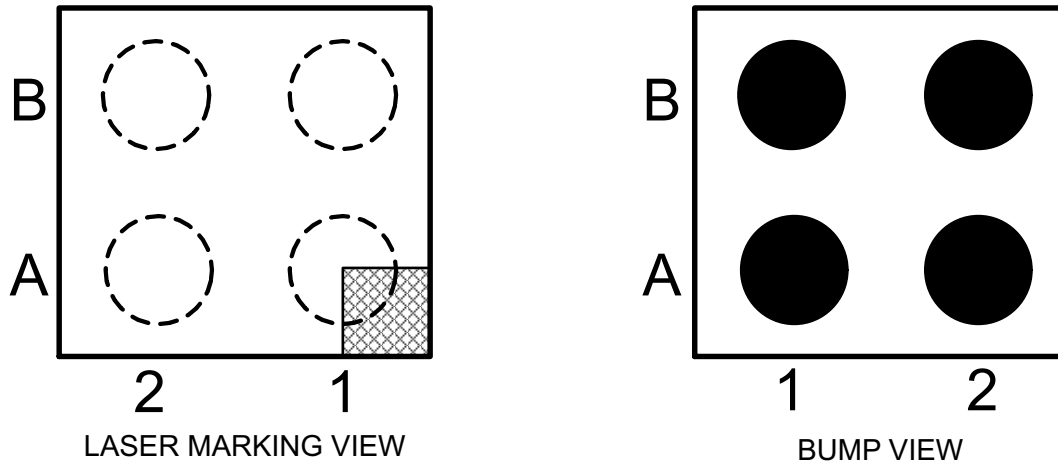


图 6-1. YFP PACKAGE 4 PIN DSBGA TOP VIEW

表 6-1. Pin Description

B	ON	GND
A	VIN	VOUT
	2	1

表 6-2. Pin Functions

PIN		TYPE	DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME		
A1	VOUT	O	Switch output. Place ceramic bypass capacitor(s) between this pin and GND. See the Detailed Description section for more information
A2	VIN	I	Switch input. Place ceramic bypass capacitor(s) between this pin and GND. See the Detailed Description section for more information
B1	GND	—	Device ground
B2	ON	I	Active high switch control input. Do not leave floating

7 Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)^{(1) (2)}

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Input voltage	-0.3	6	V
V _{OUT}	Output voltage	-0.3	6	V
V _{ON}	ON voltage	-0.3	6	V
I _{MAX}	Maximum continuous switch current		2	A
I _{PLS}	Maximum pulsed switch current, pulse < 300 μs, 2% duty cycle		2.5	A
T _J	Maximum junction temperature		125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

7.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2000	V
		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±1000	

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Manufacturing with less than 500-V HBM is possible with the necessary precautions.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Manufacturing with less than 250-V CDM is possible with the necessary precautions.

7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Input voltage		1.05	5.5	V
V _{ON}	ON voltage		0	5.5	V
V _{OUT}	Output voltage			V _{IN}	V
V _{IH, ON}	High-level input voltage, ON	V _{IN} = 1.05 V to 5.5 V	1	5.5	V
V _{IL, ON}	Low-level input voltage, ON	V _{IN} = 1.05 V to 5.5 V	0	0.5	V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature range ⁽¹⁾		-40	105	°C
C _{IN}	Input Capacitor		1 ⁽²⁾		μF

- (1) In applications where high power dissipation and/or poor package thermal resistance is present, the maximum ambient temperature may have to be derated. Maximum ambient temperature [T_{A(MAX)}] is dependent on the maximum operating junction temperature [T_{J(MAX)}], the maximum power dissipation of the device in the application [P_{D(MAX)}], and the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of the part/package in the application (θ_{JA}), as given by the following equation: T_{A(MAX)} = T_{J(MAX)} - (θ_{JA} × P_{D(MAX)}).
- (2) Refer to the [Detailed Description](#) section.

7.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TPS2291x	UNIT
		YFP (DSBGA)	
		4 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	193	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	2.3	°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	36	°C/W
ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	12	°C/W

7.4 Thermal Information (continued)

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TPS2291x	UNIT
		YFP (DSBGA)	
		4 PINS	
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	36	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

7.5 Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise noted, the specification in the following table applies over the operating ambient temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +105^{\circ}\text{C}$. Typical values are for $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITION	T_A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$I_{Q, VIN}$	Quiescent current (TPS22914B/15B)	$V_{ON} = 5\text{ V}, I_{OUT} = 0\text{ A}$	$V_{IN} = 5.5\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	7.7	10.8	μA
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+105^{\circ}\text{C}$		12.1	
			$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	7.6	9.6	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+105^{\circ}\text{C}$		11.9	
			$V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	7.7	9.6	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+105^{\circ}\text{C}$		12	
			$V_{IN} = 1.8\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	8.4	11	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+105^{\circ}\text{C}$		13.5	
			$V_{IN} = 1.2\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	7.4	10.4	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+105^{\circ}\text{C}$		13.9	
			$V_{IN} = 1.05\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	6.7	10.9	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+105^{\circ}\text{C}$		11.7	
	Quiescent current (TPS22914C/15C)	$V_{ON} = 5\text{ V}, I_{OUT} = 0\text{ A}$	$V_{IN} = 5.5\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	7.7	11.5	μA
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+105^{\circ}\text{C}$		14.1	
			$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	7.6	11.1	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+105^{\circ}\text{C}$		13.7	
			$V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	7.7	10.7	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+105^{\circ}\text{C}$		13.3	
			$V_{IN} = 1.8\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	8.4	11.7	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+105^{\circ}\text{C}$		13.4	
			$V_{IN} = 1.2\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	7.4	11	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+105^{\circ}\text{C}$		12.8	
			$V_{IN} = 1.05\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	6.7	10.9	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+105^{\circ}\text{C}$		10.9	
$I_{SD, VIN}$	Shutdown current	$V_{ON} = 0\text{ V}, V_{OUT} = 0\text{ V}$	$V_{IN} = 5.5\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.5	2	μA
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+105^{\circ}\text{C}$		3	
			$V_{IN} = 5.0\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.5	2	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+105^{\circ}\text{C}$		3	
			$V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.5	2	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+105^{\circ}\text{C}$		3	
			$V_{IN} = 1.8\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.5	2	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+105^{\circ}\text{C}$		3	
			$V_{IN} = 1.2\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.4	2	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+105^{\circ}\text{C}$		3	
			$V_{IN} = 1.05\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.4	2	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to }+105^{\circ}\text{C}$		3	

7.5 Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Unless otherwise noted, the specification in the following table applies over the operating ambient temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +105^{\circ}\text{C}$. **Typical values are for $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITION	T_A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I_{ON}	ON pin input leakage current	$V_{IN} = 5.5\text{ V}, I_{OUT} = 0\text{ A}$	-40°C to $+105^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.1	μA
R_{ON}	On-resistance	$V_{IN} = 5.5\text{ V}, I_{OUT} = -200\text{ mA}$	25°C	37	40	m Ω	
			-40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	51			
			-40°C to $+105^{\circ}\text{C}$	57			
		$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}, I_{OUT} = -200\text{ mA}$	25°C	37	41	m Ω	
			-40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	51			
			-40°C to $+105^{\circ}\text{C}$	57			
		$V_{IN} = 4.2\text{ V}, I_{OUT} = -200\text{ mA}$	25°C	37	41	m Ω	
			-40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	52			
			-40°C to $+105^{\circ}\text{C}$	58			
		$V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}, I_{OUT} = -200\text{ mA}$	25°C	38	41	m Ω	
			-40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	52			
			-40°C to $+105^{\circ}\text{C}$	59			
		$V_{IN} = 2.5\text{ V}, I_{OUT} = -200\text{ mA}$	25°C	38	42	m Ω	
			-40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	53			
			-40°C to $+105^{\circ}\text{C}$	58			
		$V_{IN} = 1.8\text{ V}, I_{OUT} = -200\text{ mA}$	25°C	43	48	m Ω	
			-40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	59			
			-40°C to $+105^{\circ}\text{C}$	66			
		$V_{IN} = 1.2\text{ V}, I_{OUT} = -200\text{ mA}$	25°C	52	61	m Ω	
			-40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	73			
			-40°C to $+105^{\circ}\text{C}$	85			
		$V_{IN} = 1.05\text{ V}, I_{OUT} = -200\text{ mA}$	25°C	63	96	m Ω	
			-40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	102			
			-40°C to $+105^{\circ}\text{C}$	107			
V_{HYS}	ON pin hysteresis	$V_{IN} = 5.5\text{ V}$	25°C	102	mV		
		$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$		100			
		$V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$		98			
		$V_{IN} = 2.5\text{ V}$		96			
		$V_{IN} = 1.8\text{ V}$		96			
		$V_{IN} = 1.2\text{ V}$		94			
		$V_{IN} = 1.05\text{ V}$		92			
R_{PD} ⁽¹⁾	Output pull down resistor	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}, V_{ON} = 0\text{ V}$	-40°C to $+105^{\circ}\text{C}$	143	200	Ω	

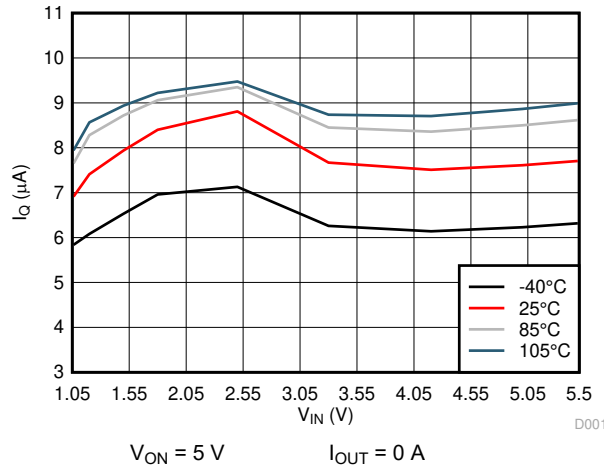
(1) TPS22915B/C only.

7.6 Switching Characteristics

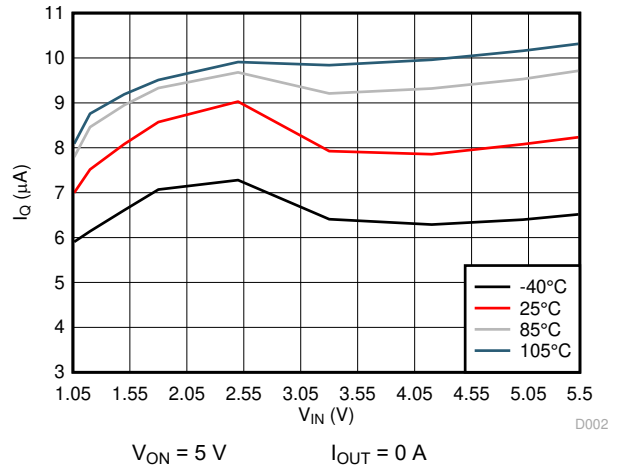
Refer to the timing test circuit in [Figure 8-1](#) (unless otherwise noted) for references to external components used for the test condition in the switching characteristics table. Switching characteristics shown below are only valid for the power-up sequence where VIN is already in steady state condition before the ON pin is asserted high.

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITION	TYP (TPS22914B/15B)	TYP (TPS22914C/15C)	UNIT
V_{IN} = 5 V, V_{ON} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)					
t _{ON}	Turnon time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	104	1300	μs
t _{OFF}	Turnoff time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	2	2	μs
t _R	V _{OUT} rise time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	89	1277	μs
t _F	V _{OUT} fall time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	2	2	μs
t _D	Delay time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	59	663	μs
V_{IN} = 3.3 V, V_{ON} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)					
t _{ON}	Turnon time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	83	1077	μs
t _{OFF}	Turnoff time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	2	2	μs
t _R	V _{OUT} rise time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	64	913	μs
t _F	V _{OUT} fall time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	2	2	μs
t _D	Delay time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	52	622	μs
V_{IN} = 1.05 V, V_{ON} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)					
t _{ON}	Turnon time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	61	752	μs
t _{OFF}	Turnoff time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	3	3	μs
t _R	V _{OUT} rise time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	28	409	μs
t _F	V _{OUT} fall time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	2	2	μs
t _D	Delay time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	47	547	μs

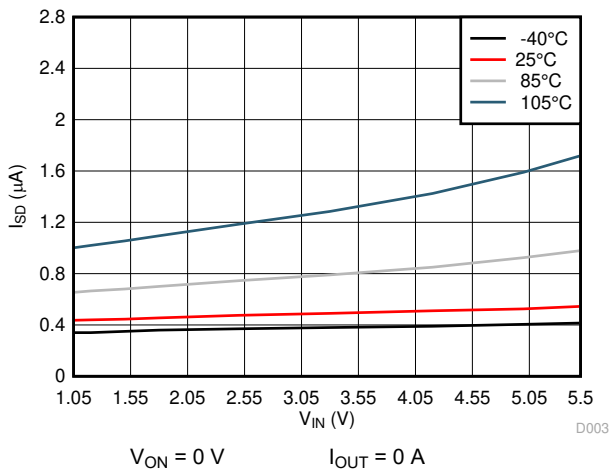
7.7 Typical DC Characteristics



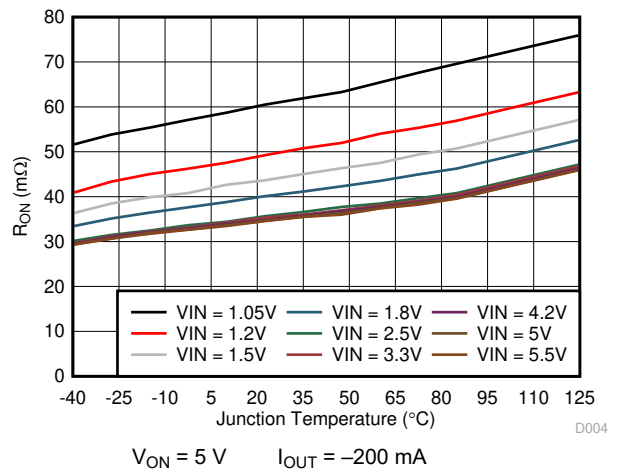
7-1. I_Q vs V_{IN} (TPS22914B/15B)



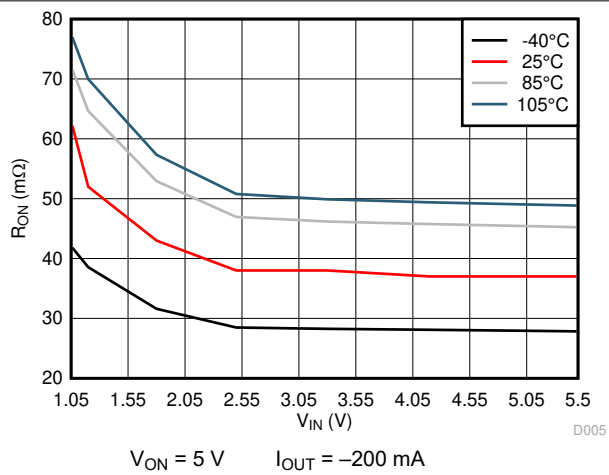
7-2. I_Q vs V_{IN} (TPS22914C/15C)



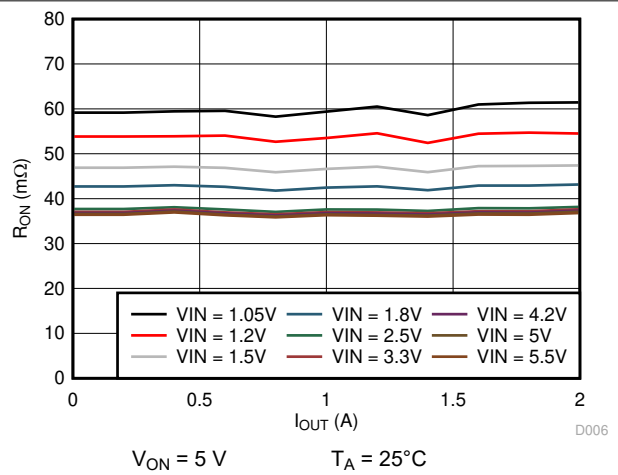
7-3. I_{SD} vs V_{IN}



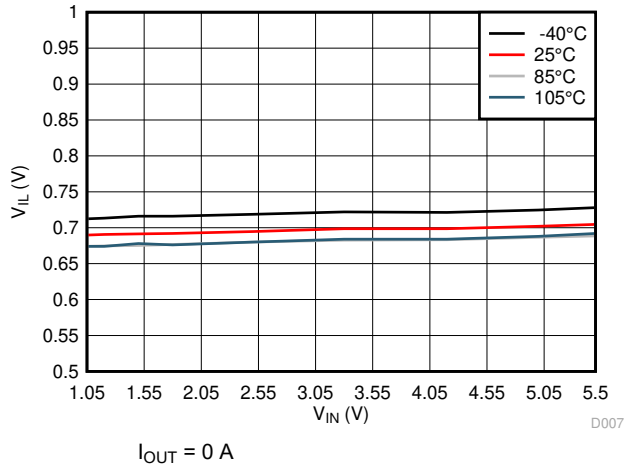
7-4. R_{ON} vs T_J



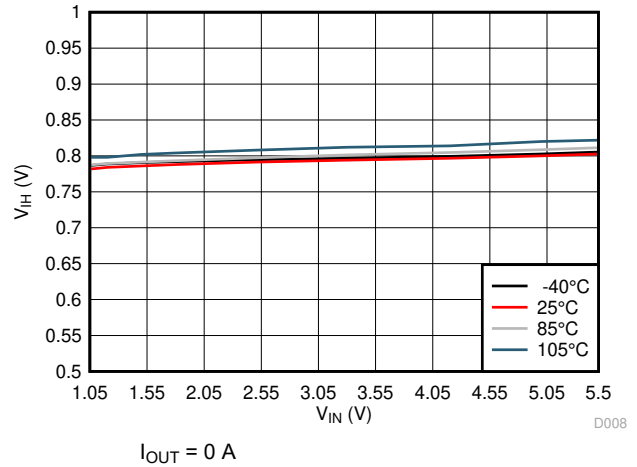
7-5. R_{ON} vs V_{IN}



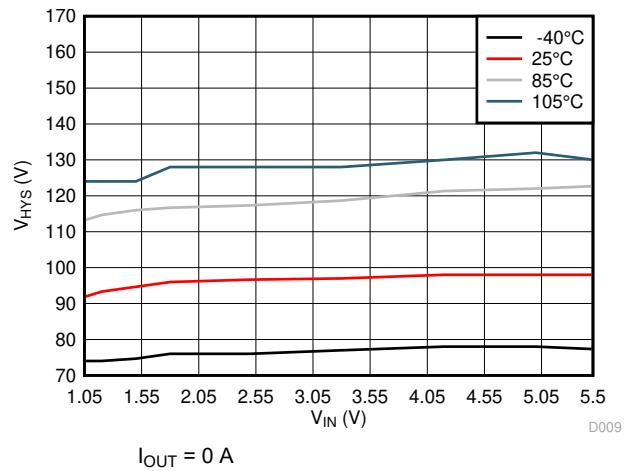
7-6. R_{ON} vs I_{OUT}



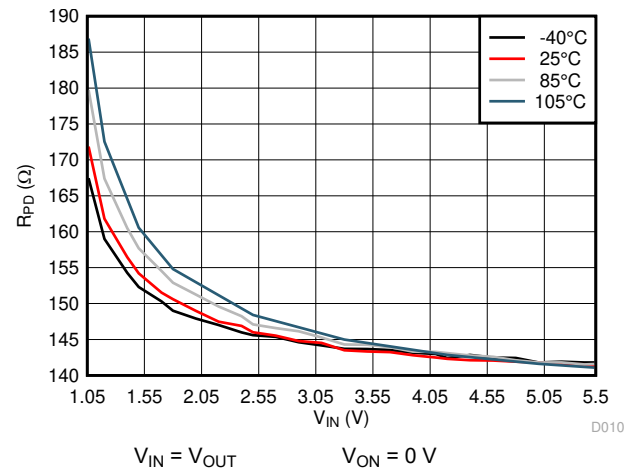
7-7. V_{IL} vs V_{IN}



7-8. V_{IH} vs V_{IN}

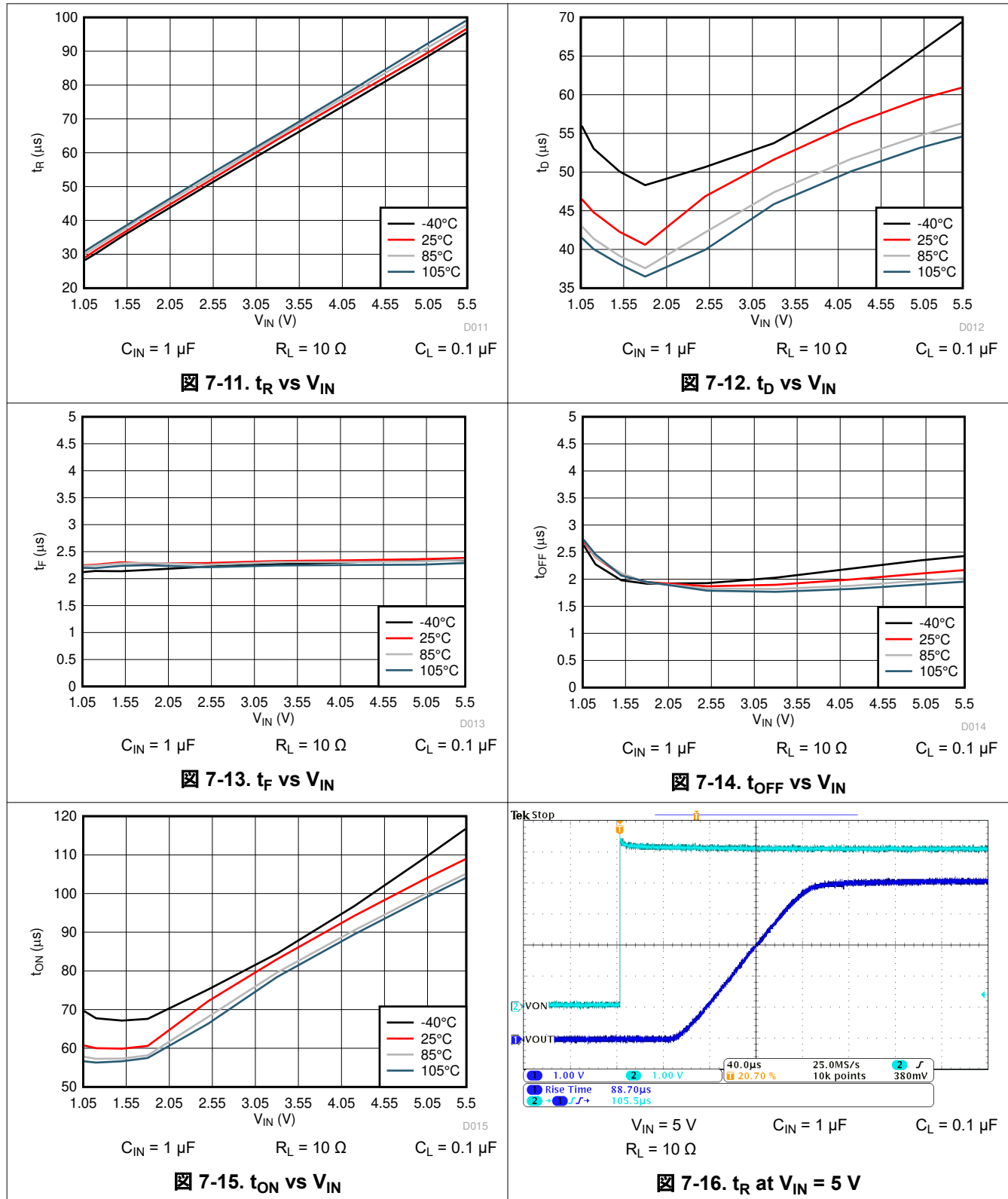


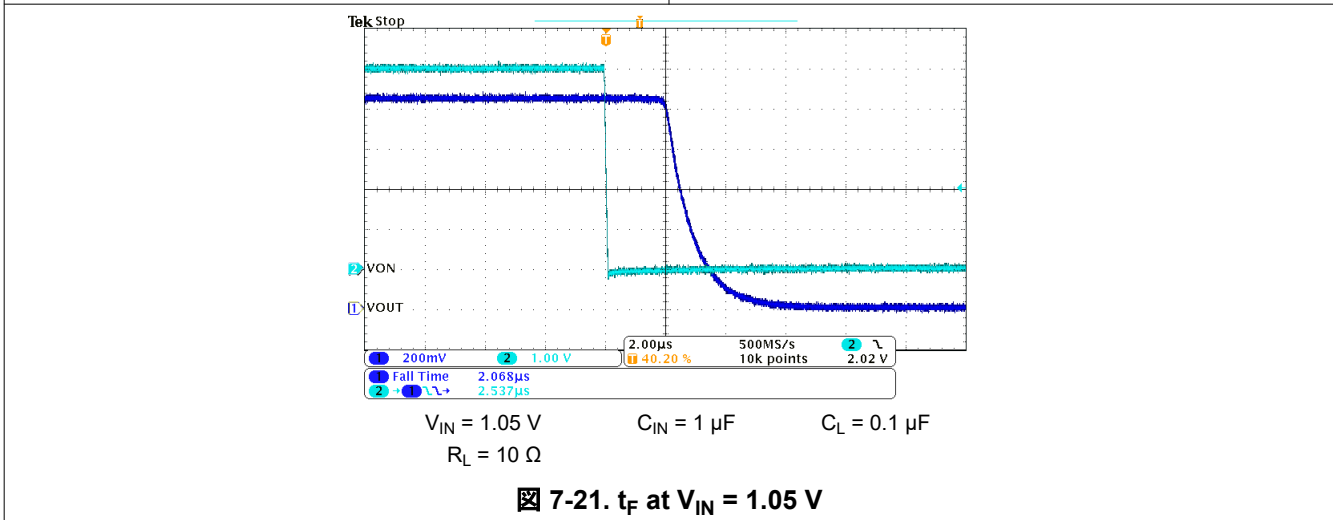
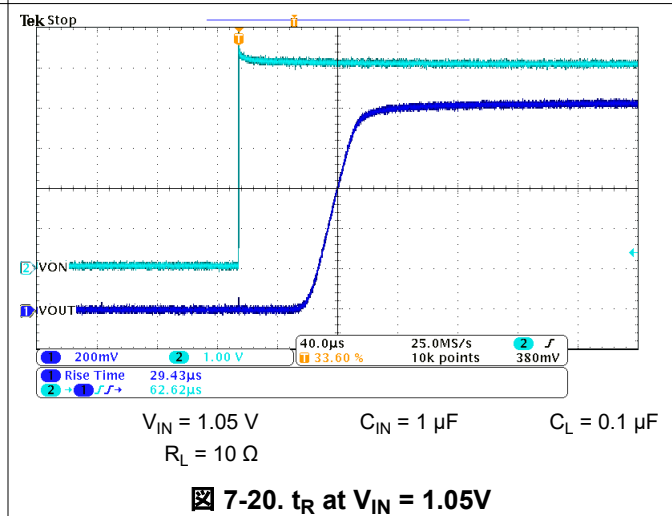
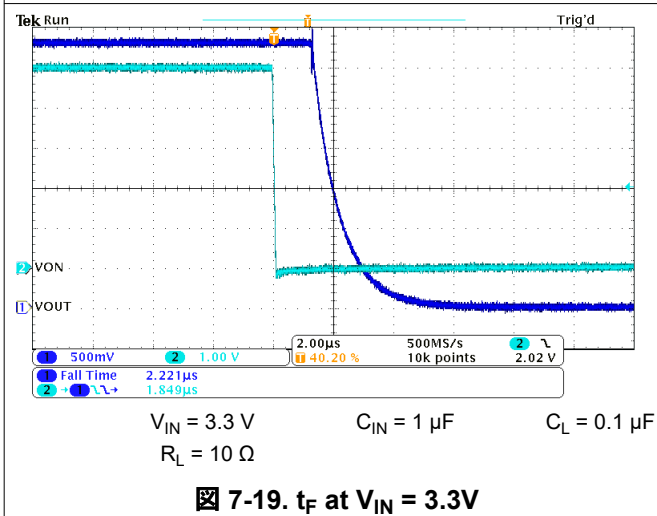
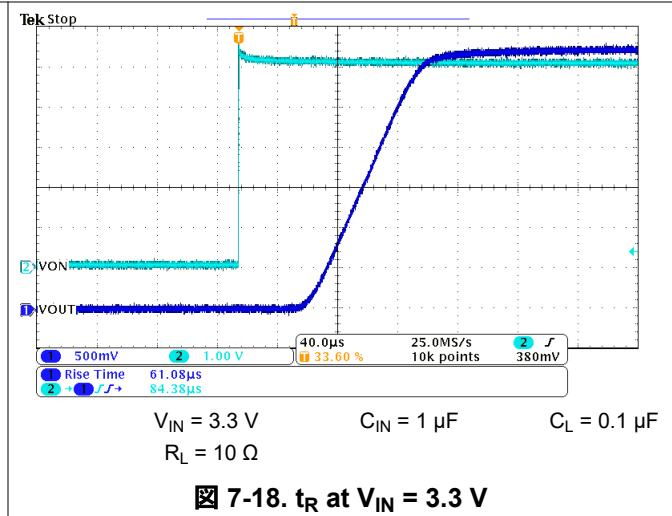
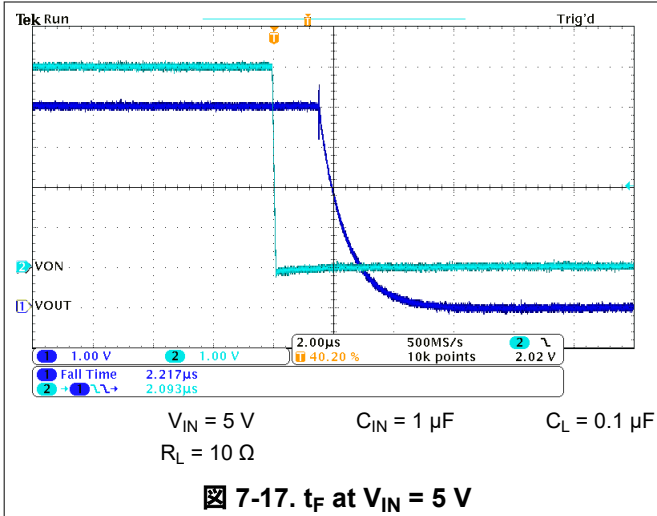
7-9. V_{HYS} vs V_{IN}



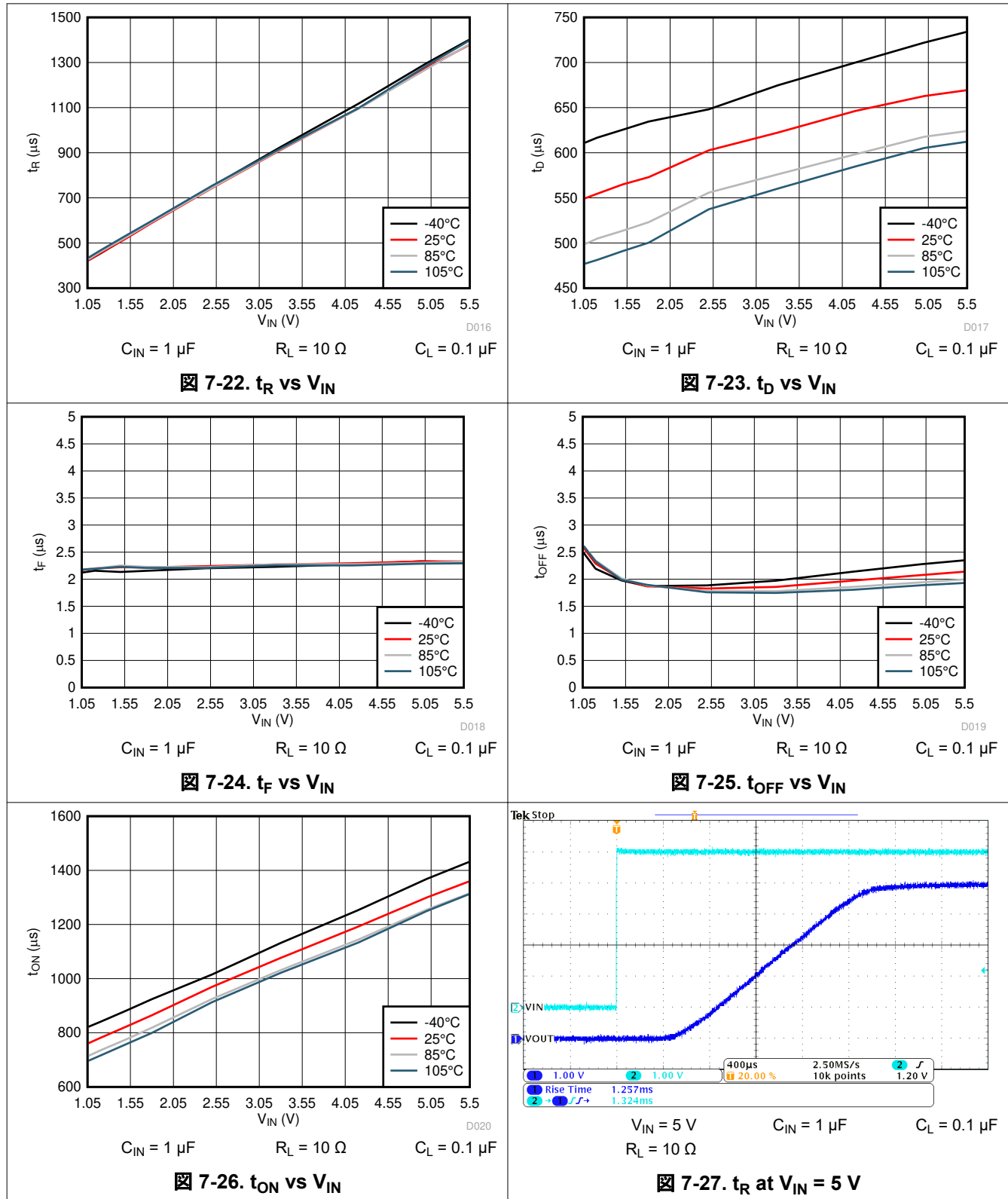
7-10. R_{PD} vs V_{IN}

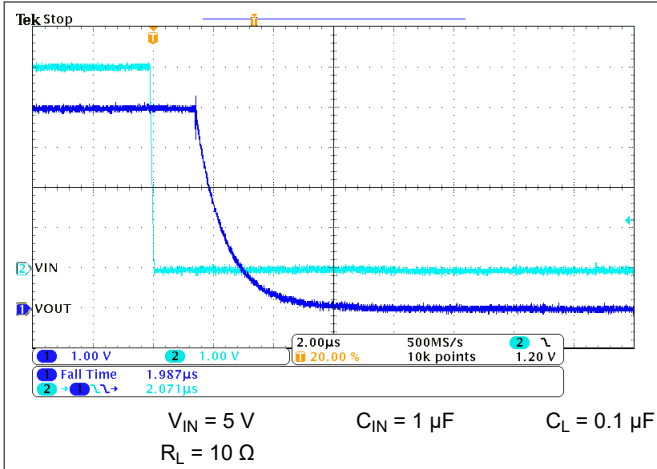
7.8 Typical AC Characteristics (TPS22914B/15B)



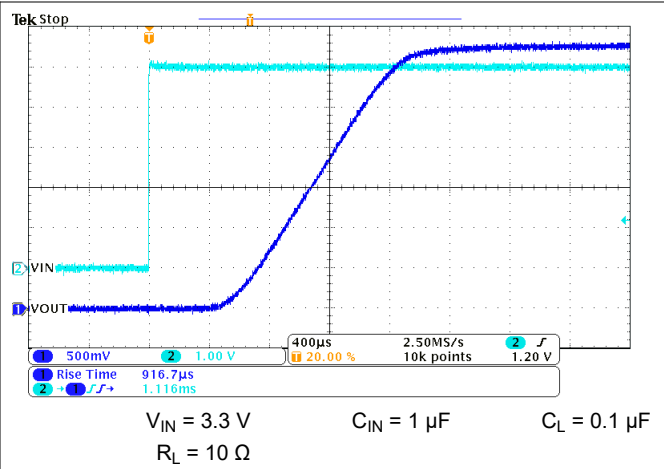


7.9 Typical AC Characteristics (TPS22914C/15C)

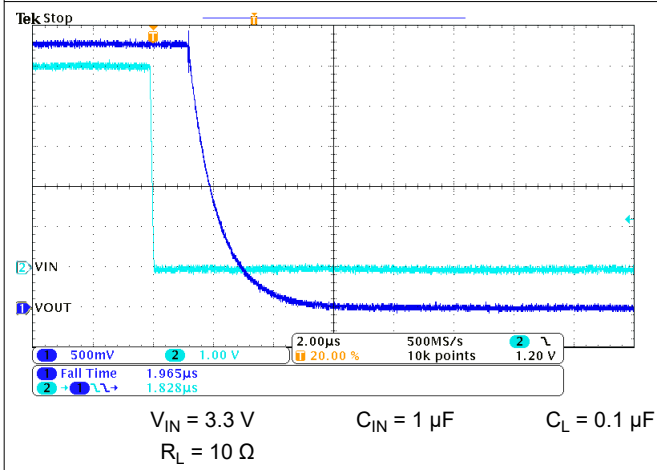




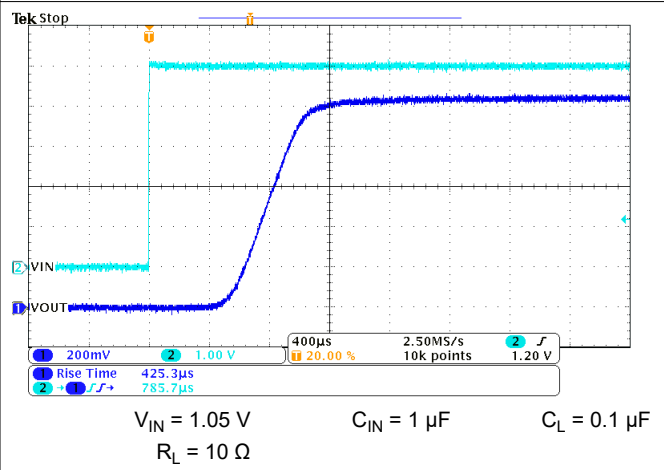
7-28. t_F at $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$



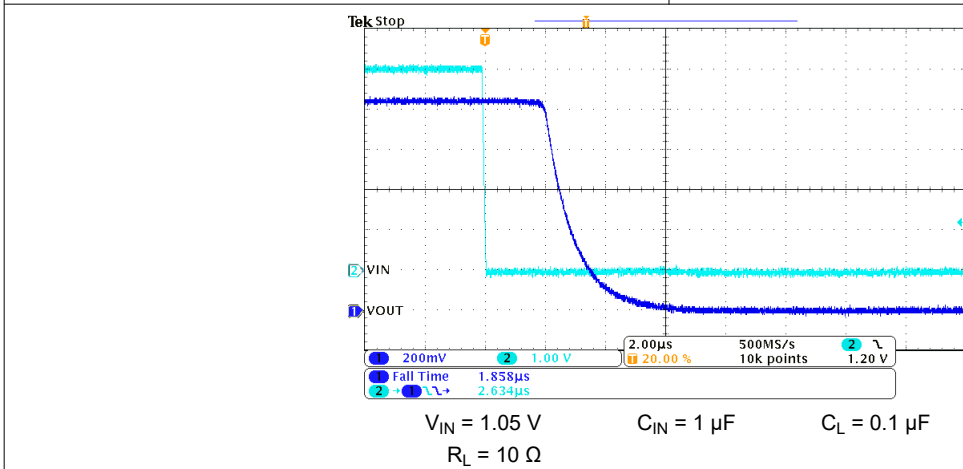
7-29. t_R at $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$



7-30. t_F at $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$

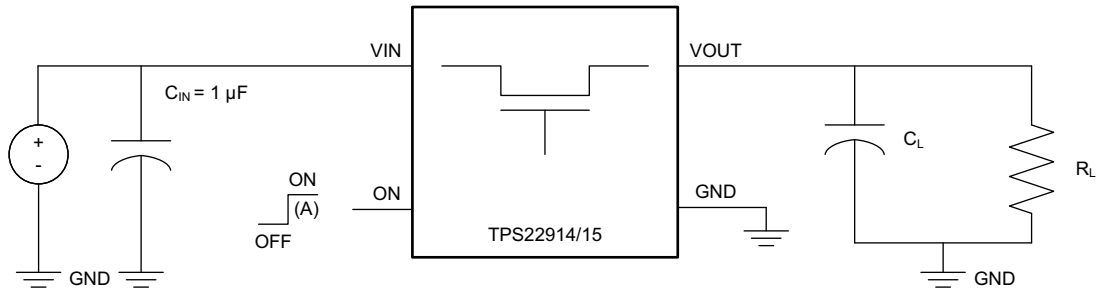


7-31. t_R at $V_{IN} = 1.05\text{ V}$



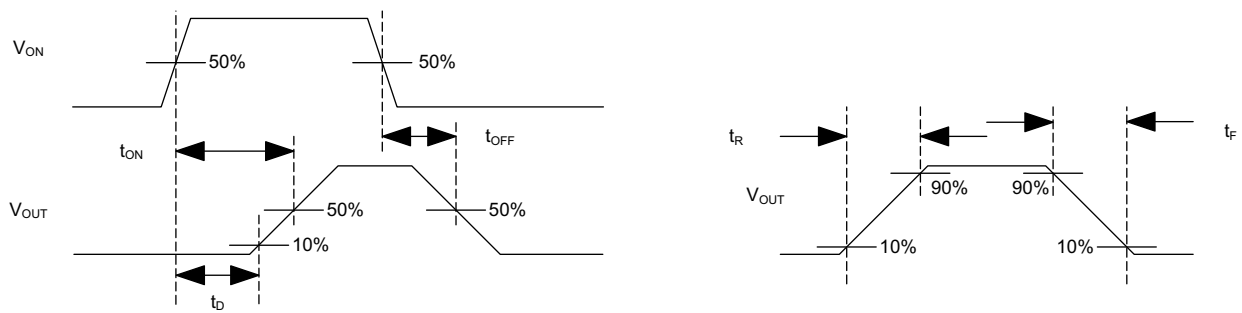
7-32. t_F at $V_{IN} = 1.05\text{ V}$

8 Parameter Measurement Information



A. Rise and fall times of the control signal is 100ns

 **8-1. Test Circuit**



 **8-2. Timing Waveforms**

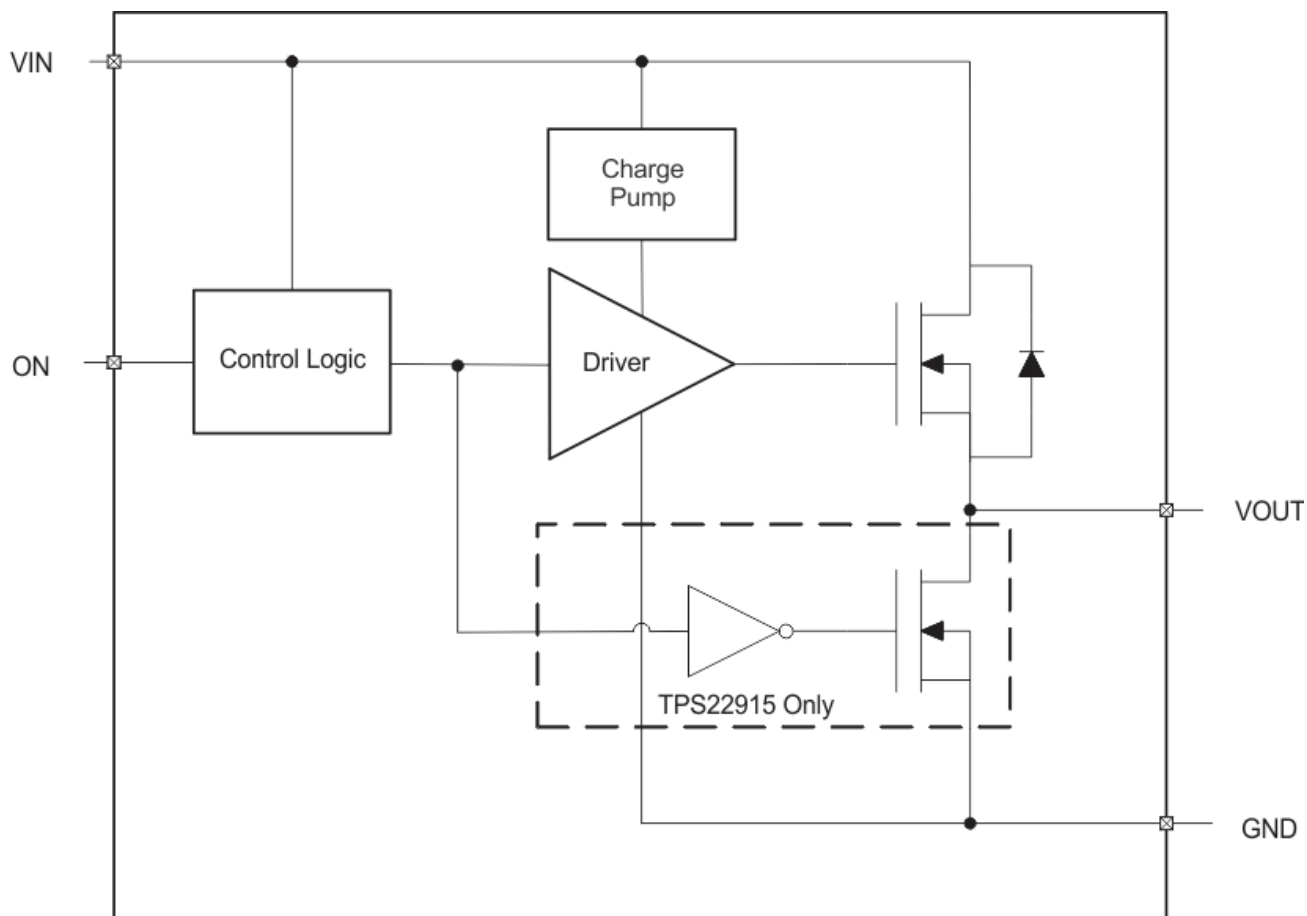
9 Detailed Description

9.1 Overview

The device is a 5.5-V, 2-A load switch in a 4-pin YFP package. To reduce voltage drop for low voltage and high current rails, the device implements an ultra-low resistance N-channel MOSFET which reduces the drop out voltage through the device.

The device has a controlled and fixed slew rate which helps reduce or eliminate power supply droop due to large inrush currents. During shutdown, the device has very low leakage currents, thereby reducing unnecessary leakages for downstream modules during standby. Integrated control logic, driver, charge pump, and output discharge FET eliminates the need for any external components, which reduces solution size and bill of materials (BOM) count.

9.2 Functional Block Diagram



9.3 Feature Description

9.3.1 On and Off Control

The ON pins control the state of the switch. Asserting ON high enables the switch. ON is active high and has a low threshold, making it capable of interfacing with low-voltage signals. The ON pin is compatible with standard GPIO logic threshold. It can be used with any microcontroller with 1 V or higher GPIO voltage. This pin cannot be left floating and must be driven either high or low for proper functionality.

9.3.2 Input Capacitor (C_{IN})

To limit the voltage drop on the input supply caused by transient in-rush currents when the switch turns on into a discharged load capacitor or short-circuit, a capacitor needs to be placed between VIN and GND. A 1- μ F ceramic capacitor, C_{IN} , placed close to the pins, is usually sufficient. Higher values of C_{IN} can be used to further

reduce the voltage drop during high-current application. When switching heavy loads, it is recommended to have an input capacitor about 10 times higher than the output capacitor to avoid excessive voltage drop.

9.3.3 Output Capacitor (C_L)

Due to the integrated body diode in the MOSFET, a C_{IN} greater than C_L is highly recommended. A C_L greater than C_{IN} can cause V_{OUT} to exceed V_{IN} when the system supply is removed. This could result in current flow through the body diode from V_{OUT} to V_{IN} . A C_{IN} to C_L ratio of 10 to 1 is recommended for minimizing V_{IN} dip caused by inrush currents during startup.

9.4 Device Functional Modes

表 9-1 describes the connection of the V_{OUT} pin depending on the state of the ON pin.

表 9-1. V_{OUT} Connection

ON	TPS22914	TPS22915
L	Open	GND
H	VIN	VIN

10 Application and Implementation

Note

以下のアプリケーション情報は、TI の製品仕様に含まれるものではなく、TI ではその正確性または完全性を保証いたしません。個々の目的に対する製品の適合性については、お客様の責任で判断していただくこととなります。お客様は自身の設計実装を検証しテストすることで、システムの機能を確認する必要があります。

10.1 Application Information

This section highlights some of the design considerations when implementing this device in various applications. A PSPICE model for this device is also available in the product page of this device.

10.2 Typical Application

This typical application demonstrates how the TPS22914 and TPS22915 can be used to power downstream modules.

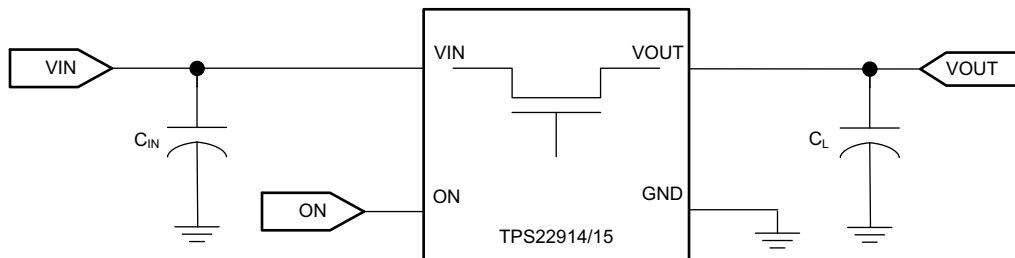


図 10-1. Typical Application Schematic

10.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the input parameters shown in 表 10-1.

表 10-1. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
V_{IN}	5 V
Load current	2 A

10.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, the designer needs to know the following:

- V_{IN} voltage
- Load Current

10.2.2.1 V_{IN} to V_{OUT} Voltage Drop

The V_{IN} to V_{OUT} voltage drop in the device is determined by the R_{ON} of the device and the load current. The R_{ON} of the device depends upon the V_{IN} conditions of the device. Refer to the R_{ON} specification of the device in the [Electrical Characteristics](#) table of this datasheet. Once the R_{ON} of the device is determined based upon the V_{IN} conditions, use 式 1 to calculate the V_{IN} to V_{OUT} voltage drop.

$$\Delta V = I_{LOAD} \times R_{ON} \quad (1)$$

where

- ΔV = voltage drop from V_{IN} to V_{OUT}
- I_{LOAD} = load current
- R_{ON} = On-resistance of the device for a specific V_{IN}

An appropriate I_{LOAD} must be chosen such that the I_{MAX} specification of the device is not violated.

10.2.2.2 Inrush Current

To determine how much inrush current is caused by the C_L capacitor, use 式 2.

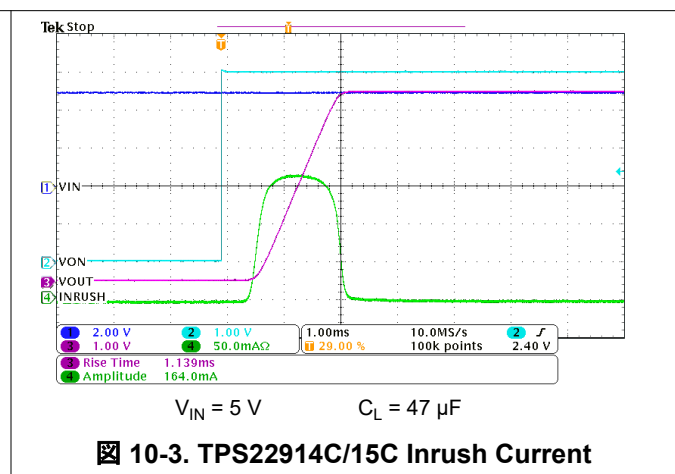
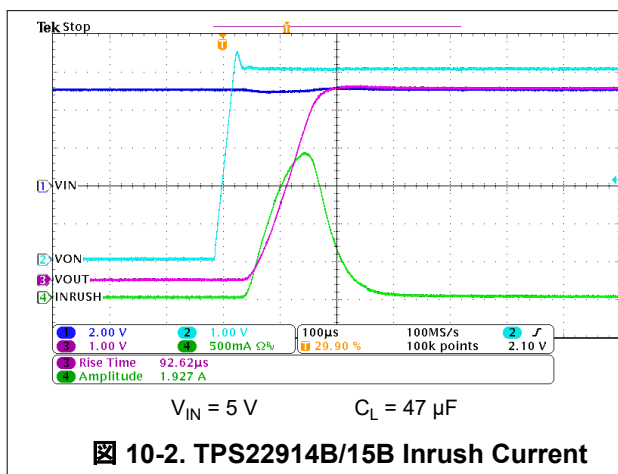
$$I_{INRUSH} = C_L \times \frac{dV_{OUT}}{dt} \quad (2)$$

where

- I_{INRUSH} = amount of inrush caused by C_L
- C_L = capacitance on V_{OUT}
- dt = rise time in V_{OUT} during the ramp up of V_{OUT} when the device is enabled
- dV_{OUT} = change in V_{OUT} during the ramp up of V_{OUT} when the device is enabled

An appropriate C_L value must be placed on V_{OUT} such that the I_{MAX} and I_{PLS} specifications of the device are not violated.

10.2.3 Application Curves



11 Power Supply Recommendations

The device is designed to operate from a VIN range of 1.05 V to 5.5 V. This supply must be well regulated and placed as close to the device terminal as possible with the recommended 1-μF bypass capacitor. If the supply is located more than a few inches from the device terminals, additional bulk capacitance may be required in addition to the ceramic bypass capacitors. If additional bulk capacitance is required, an electrolytic, tantalum, or ceramic capacitor of 1 μF may be sufficient.

12 Layout

12.1 Layout Guidelines

1. VIN and VOUT traces must be as short and wide as possible to accommodate for high current.
2. The VIN pin must be bypassed to ground with low ESR ceramic bypass capacitors. The typical recommended bypass capacitance is 1-μF ceramic with X5R or X7R dielectric. This capacitor must be placed as close to the device pins as possible.
3. The VOUT pin must be bypassed to ground with low ESR ceramic bypass capacitors. The typical recommended bypass capacitance is one-tenth of the VIN bypass capacitor of X5R or X7R dielectric rating. This capacitor must be placed as close to the device pins as possible.

12.1.1 Thermal Considerations

For best performance, all traces must be as short as possible. To be most effective, the input and output capacitors must be placed close to the device to minimize the effects that parasitic trace inductances may have on normal and short-circuit operation. Using wide traces for VIN, VOUT, and GND helps minimize the parasitic electrical effects along with minimizing the case to ambient thermal impedance.

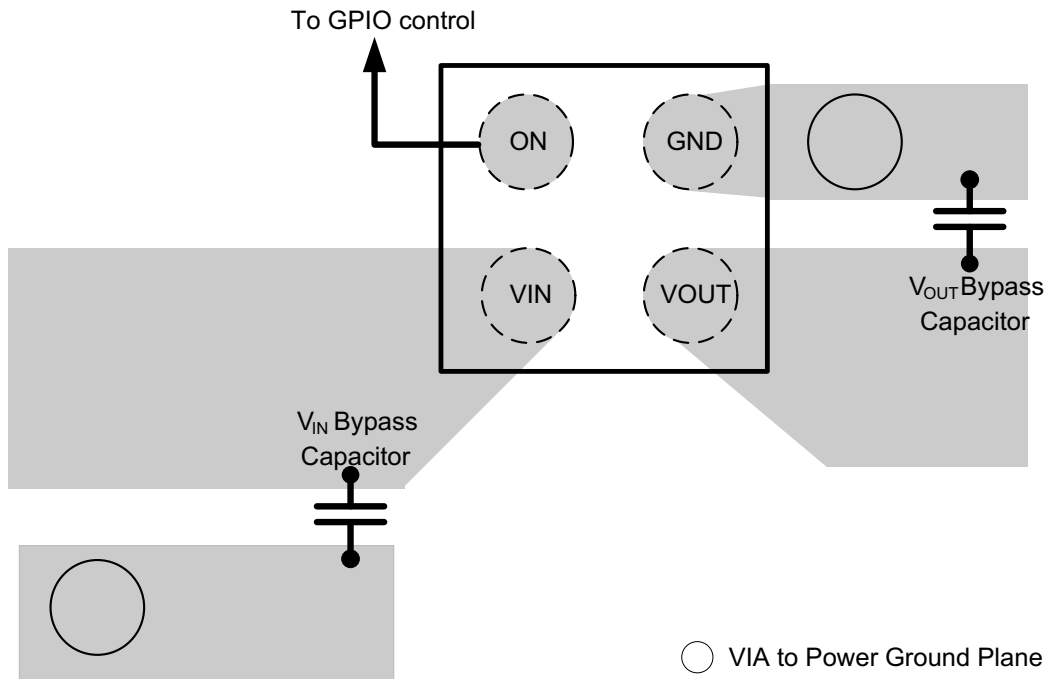
The maximum IC junction temperature must be restricted to 125°C under normal operating conditions. To calculate the maximum allowable dissipation, $P_{D(max)}$ for a given output current and ambient temperature, use [式 3](#).

$$P_{D(MAX)} = \frac{T_{J(MAX)} - T_A}{\theta_{JA}} \quad (3)$$

where

- $P_{D(MAX)}$ = maximum allowable power dissipation
- $T_{J(MAX)}$ = maximum allowable junction temperature (125°C for the TPS22914/15)
- T_A = ambient temperature of the device
- θ_{JA} = junction to air thermal impedance. Refer to the [Thermal Information](#) table. This parameter is highly dependent upon board layout.

12.2 Layout Example



12-1. Recommended Board Layout

13 Device and Documentation Support

13.1 Documentation Support

13.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- [Basics of Load Switches](#)
- [Managing Inrush Current](#)
- [Load Switch Thermal Considerations](#)
- [Using the TPS22915BEVM-078 Single Channel Load Switch IC](#)
- [Implementing Ship Mode Using the TPS22915B Load Switches](#)

13.2 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

表 13-1. Related Links

PARTS	PRODUCT FOLDER	SAMPLE & BUY	TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS	TOOLS & SOFTWARE	SUPPORT & COMMUNITY
TPS22914B	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS22914C	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS22915B	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS22915C	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here

13.3 ドキュメントの更新通知を受け取る方法

ドキュメントの更新についての通知を受け取るには、[ti.com](#) のデバイス製品フォルダを開いてください。「更新の通知を受け取る」をクリックして登録すると、変更されたすべての製品情報に関するダイジェストを毎週受け取れます。変更の詳細については、修正されたドキュメントに含まれている改訂履歴をご覧ください。

13.4 サポート・リソース

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13.5 Trademarks

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TI E2E™ is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

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13.6 静電気放電に関する注意事項



この IC は、ESD によって破損する可能性があります。テキサス・インスツルメンツは、IC を取り扱う際には常に適切な注意を払うことを推奨します。正しい ESD 対策をとらないと、デバイスを破損するおそれがあります。

ESD による破損は、わずかな性能低下からデバイスの完全な故障まで多岐にわたります。精密な IC の場合、パラメータがわずかに変化するだけで公表されている仕様から外れる可能性があるため、破損が発生しやすくなっています。

13.7 用語集

TI 用語集 この用語集には、用語や略語の一覧および定義が記載されています。

14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TPS22914BYFPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S3	Samples
TPS22914BYFPT	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S3	Samples
TPS22914CYFPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S6	Samples
TPS22914CYFPT	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S6	Samples
TPS22915BYFPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S4	Samples
TPS22915BYFPT	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S4	Samples
TPS22915CYFPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S7	Samples
TPS22915CYFPT	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S7	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

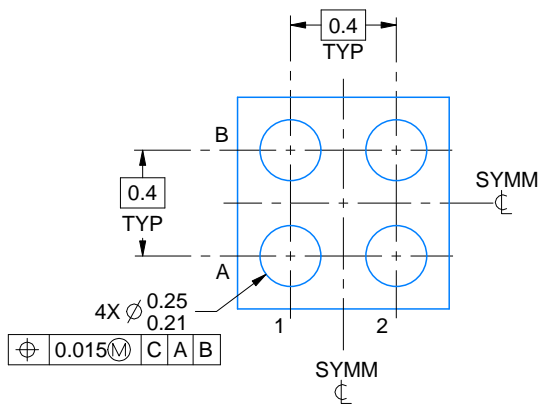
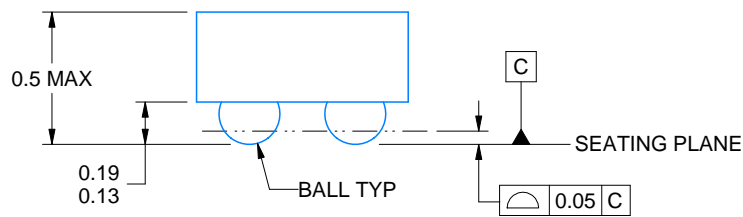
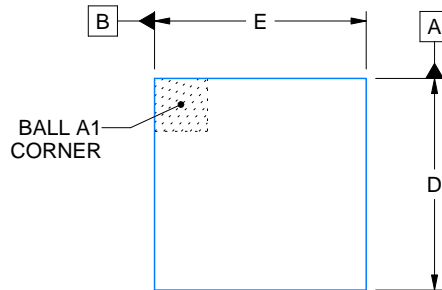

*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS22914BYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22914BYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22914CYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22914CYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22915BYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22915BYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22915CYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22915CYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS22914BYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22914BYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22914CYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22914CYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22915BYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22915BYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22915CYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22915CYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	182.0	182.0	20.0



D: Max = 0.778 mm, Min = 0.718 mm
 E: Max = 0.778 mm, Min = 0.718 mm

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NOTES:

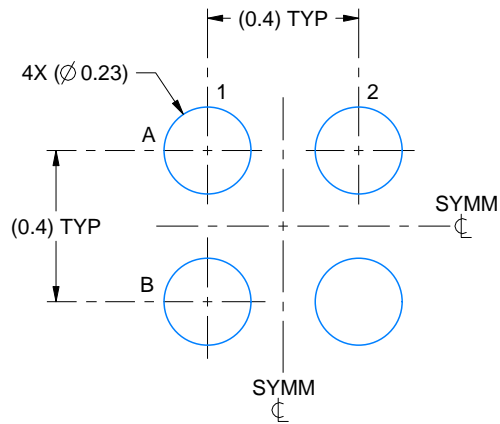
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

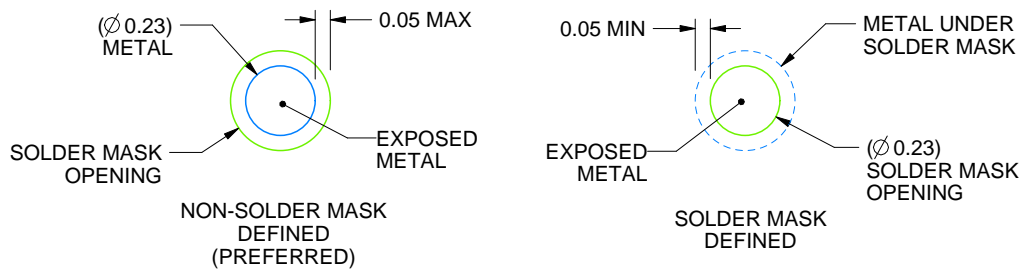
YFP0004

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:50X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS
NOT TO SCALE

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NOTES: (continued)

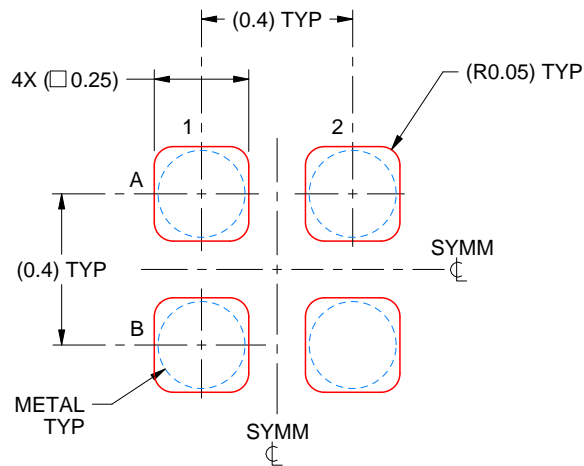
- Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

YFP0004

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.1 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:50X

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NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.

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