

## **SNx4HC373 Octal Transparent D-Type Latches With 3-State Outputs**

#### 1 Features

- Wide operating voltage range of 2V to 6V
- High-current 3-state true outputs can drive up to 15 LSTTL loads
- Low power consumption, 80µA max I<sub>CC</sub>
- Typical  $t_{pd} = 13$ ns
- ±6mA output drive at 5V
- Low input current of 1µA max
- Eight high-current latches in a single package
- Full parallel access for loading

### 2 Description

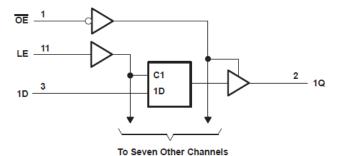
These 8-bit latches feature 3-state outputs designed specifically for driving highly capacitive or relatively low-impedance loads. They are particularly suitable implementing buffer registers, I/O bidirectional bus drivers, and working registers.

The eight latches of the 'HC373 devices are transparent D-type latches. While the latch-enable (LE) input is high, the Q outputs follow the data (D) inputs. When LE is taken low, the Q outputs are latched at the levels that were set up at the D inputs.

#### **Device Information**

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE <sup>(1)</sup>	BODY SIZE(2)		
	DW (SOIC, 20)	12.80 mm × 7.50 mm		
	DB (SSOP, 20)	7.20 mm × 5.30 mm		
SN74HC373	N (PDIP, 20)	25.40 mm × 6.35 mm		
	NS (SOP, 20)	15.00 mm × 5.30 mm		
	PW (TSSOP, 20)	6.50 mm × 4.40 mm		
	J (CDIP, 20)	26.92 mm × 6.92 mm		
SN54HC373	FK (LCCC, 20)	8.89 mm × 8.45 mm		
	W (CFP, 20)	13.72 mm × 6.92 mm		

- For more information, see Section 10.
- The body size (length × width) is a nominal value and does not include pins.



Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)

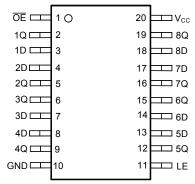


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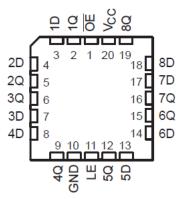
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## 3 Pin Configuration and Functions



J, W, FK, DB, DW, N, NS, or PW package 20--Pin CDIP, CFP, LCCC, SSOP, SOIC, PDIP, SO, or TSSOP Top View



FK package 20-Pin LCCC Top View

**Table 3-1. Pin Functions** 

P	IN	TVDE4	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.	TYPE1	DESCRIPTION
ŌĒ	1	Input	Output enable, active low
1Q	2	Output	Output for channel 1
1D	3	Input	Input for channel 1
2D	4	Input	Input for channel 2
2Q	5	Output	Output for channel 2
3Q	6	Output	Output for channel 3
3D	7	Input	Input for channel 3
4D	8	Input	Input for channel 4
4Q	9	Output	Output for channel 4
GND	10	_	Ground
LE	11	Input	Latch enable
5Q	12	Output	Output for channel 5
5D	13	Input	Input for channel 5
6D	14	Input	Input for channel 6
6Q	15	Output	Output for channel 6
7Q	16	Output	Output for channel 7
7D	17	Input	Input for channel 7
8D	18	Input	Input for channel 8
8Q	19	Output	Output for channel 8
V <sub>CC</sub>	20	_	Positive supply

1. I = input, O = output, P = power, FB = feedback, GND = ground, N/A = not applicable



## 4 Specifications

## 4.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage range		-0.5	7	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current <sup>(2)</sup>	$V_I < 0$ or $V_I > V_{CC}$		±20	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	Output clamp current <sup>(2)</sup>	$V_O < 0$ or $V_O > V_{CC}$		±20	mA
Io	Continuous output current	V <sub>O</sub> = 0 to V <sub>CC</sub>		±35	mA
	Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND			±70	mA
TJ	Junction temperature			150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "Section 4.2" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### 4.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			SN	54HC373		SN	74HC373		UNIT
			MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNII
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage		2	5	6	2	5	6	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2 V	1.5			1.5			
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	3.15			3.15			V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6 V	4.2			4.2			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2 V			0.5			0.5	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V			1.35			1.35	
	Low-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 6 V			1.8			1.8	
VI	Input voltage		0		V <sub>CC</sub>	0		V <sub>CC</sub>	V
Vo	Output voltage		0		V <sub>CC</sub>	0		V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2 V			1000			1000	
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise and fall time	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V			500			500	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6 V			400			400	
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature	1	-55		125	-55		125	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

## 4.3 Thermal Information

				SN74HC373			
		DW (SOIC)	DB (SSOP)	N (PDIP)	NS (SO)	PW (TSSOP)	
THERMAL METRIC		20 PINS	20 PINS	20 PINS	20 PINS	20 PINS	UNIT
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (1)	109.1	122.7	84.6	113.4	131.8	°C/W
R <sub>θJC (top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	76	81.6	72.5	78.6	72.2	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	77.6	77.5	65.3	78.4	82.8	°C/W
$\Psi_{JT}$	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	51.5	46.1	55.3	47.1	21.5	°C/W
$\Psi_{JB}$	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	77.1	77.1	65.2	78.1	82.4	°C/W

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<sup>(2)</sup> The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

4.3 Thermal Information (continued)

		DW (SOIC)	N (SOIC) DB (SSOP) N (PDIP) NS (SO) PW (TSSOP)						
THERMAL	METRIC	20 PINS 20 PINS 20 PINS 20 PINS 20 PINS					UNIT		
R <sub>θJC(bot)</sub>	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	°C/W		

<sup>(1)</sup> For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC package thermal metrics application report.

### 4.4 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V	T,	<sub>A</sub> = 25°C		SN54H	C373	SN74H0	2373	UNIT
PARAMETER	1251 00	CNUTTIONS	V <sub>CC</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII
			2 V	1.9	1.998		1.9		1.9		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –20 μA	4.5 V	4.4	4.499		4.4		4.4		
$V_{OH}$	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$		6 V	5.9	5.999		5.9		5.9		V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -6 mA	4.5 V	3.98	4.3		3.7		3.7		
		$I_{OH} = -7.8 \text{ mA}$	6 V	5.48	5.8		5.2		5.2		
			2 V		0.002	0.1		0.1		0.1	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 20 μA	4.5 V		0.001	0.1		0.1		0.1	.
$V_{OL}$	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$		6 V		0.001	0.1		0.1		0.1	V
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA	4.5 V		0.17	0.26		0.4		0.4	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 7.8 mA	6 V		0.15	0.26		0.4		0.4	
II	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0		6 V		±0.1	±100		±1000		±1000	nA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	$V_O = V_{CC}$ or 0		6 V		±0.01	±0.5		±10		±10	μΑ
I <sub>cc</sub>	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0,	I <sub>O</sub> = 0	6 V			8		160		160	μΑ
C <sub>i</sub>			2 V to 6 V		3	10		10		10	pF

## 4.5 Timing Requirements

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		V	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°	°C	SN54HC	373	SN74HC3	373	UNIT
		V <sub>cc</sub>	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	\$N74HC3 MIN 120 24 20 75 15 13 26 13	MAX	UNII
		2 V	80		120		120		
t <sub>w</sub> P	Pulse duration, LE high	4.5 V	16		24		24		ns
		6 V	14		20		20		
		2 V	50		75		75		
t <sub>su</sub> S	Setup time, data before LE↓	4.5 V	10		15		15		ns
		6 V	9		13		13		
		2 V	20		26		26		
t <sub>h</sub> H	Hold time, data after LE↓	4.5 V	10		13		13		ns
		6 V	10		13		13		



## 4.6 Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, C<sub>L</sub> = 50 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 5-1)

PARAMETER	FROM	то			= 25°C		SN54HC373	SN74HC373	LINUT
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	V <sub>CC</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN MAX	MIN MAX	UNIT
			2 V		58	150	225	225	
	D	Q	4.5 V		15	30	45	45	
			6 V		13	26	38	38	ns
t <sub>pd</sub>			2 V		73	175	265	265	115
	LE	Any Q	4.5 V		18	35	53	53	
			6 V		15	30	45	45	
			2 V		65	150	225	225	
t <sub>en</sub>	ŌĒ	Any Q	4.5 V		17	30	45	45	ns
			6 V		14	26	38	38	
			2 V		50	150	225	225	
t <sub>dis</sub>	ŌĒ	Any Q	4.5 V		15	30	45	45	ns
			6 V		13	26	38	38	
	-		2 V		28	60	90	90	
t <sub>t</sub>		Any Q	4.5 V		8	12	18	18	ns
			6 V		6	10	15	15	

## 4.7 Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $C_L = 150 \text{ pF}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 5-1)

PARAMETER	FROM	то	V		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		SN54H	C373	SN74HC	373	UNIT	
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	V <sub>CC</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT	
			2 V		82	200		300		300		
	D	Q	4.5 V		22	40		60		60		
			6 V		19	34		51		51	ne	
<sup>L</sup> pd	t <sub>pd</sub>	LE Any Q	2 V		100	225		335		335	ns	
	LE		4.5 V		24	45		67		67		
			6 V		20	38		57		57		
			2 V		90	200		300		300		
t <sub>en</sub>	ŌĒ	Any Q	4.5 V		23	40		60		60	ns	
			6 V		19	34		51		51		
			2 V		45	210		315		315		
t <sub>t</sub>		Any Q	4.5 V		17	42		63		63	ns	
			6 V		13	36		53		53		

## 4.8 Operating Characteristics

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT
C <sub>pd</sub>	Power dissipation capacitance per latch	No load	100	pF

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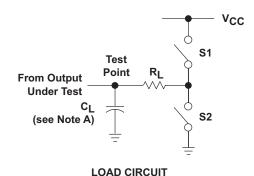
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S2

**S1** 

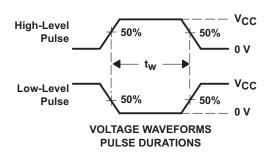


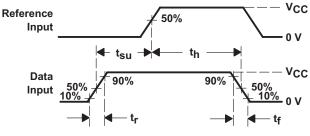
### 5 Parameter Measurement Information



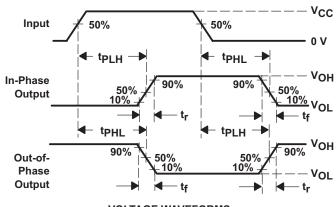
 $R_L$  $C_L$ 50 pF <sup>t</sup>PZH Open Closed 1  $k\Omega$ ten t<sub>PZL</sub> Closed Open 150 pF **tPHZ** Open Closed 50 pF 1  $k\Omega$ <sup>t</sup>dis **tPLZ** Closed Open 50 pF tpd or tt or Open Open 150 pF

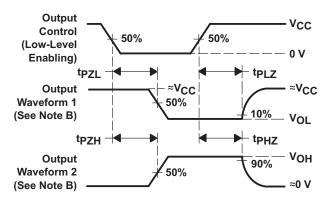
**PARAMETER** 





**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS** SETUP AND HOLD AND INPUT RISE AND FALL TIMES





**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS** PROPAGATION DELAY AND OUTPUT TRANSITION TIMES

**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES FOR 3-STATE OUTPUTS** 

- C<sub>1</sub> includes probe and test-fixture capacitance.
- Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- Phase relationships between waveforms were chosen arbitrarily. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following C. characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz,  $Z_{\Omega}$  = 50  $\Omega$ ,  $t_{r}$  = 6 ns,  $t_{f}$  = 6 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one input transition per measurement.
- E.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
- F. t<sub>PZL</sub> and t<sub>PZH</sub> are the same as t<sub>en</sub>.
- $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .

Figure 5-1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



## **6 Detailed Description**

#### 6.1 Overview

The SNx4HC373 contains eight D-type latches. All channels share a latch enable (LE) and output enable (OE) input.

When the latch is enabled (LE is high), data is allowed to pass through from the D inputs to the Q outputs.

When the latch is disabled (LE is low), the Q outputs hold the last state they had regardless of changes at the D inputs.

If the latch enable (LE) input is held low during startup, the output state of all channels is unknown until the latch enable (LE) input is driven high with valid input signals at all data (D) inputs.

When the outputs are enabled (OE is low), the outputs are actively driving low or high.

When the outputs are disabled (OE is high), the outputs are set into the high-impedance state.

The active low output enable  $(\overline{OE})$  does not have any impact on the stored state in the latches.

### 6.2 Functional Block Diagram

## **6.3 Feature Description**

Product Folder Links: SN54HC373 SN74HC373



#### **6.4 Device Functional Modes**

**Table 6-1. Function Table** 

	INPUTS(1)		OUTPUT <sup>(2)</sup>
ŌĒ	LE	D	Q
L	Н	L	L
L	Н	Н	Н
L	L	Х	Q <sub>0</sub> (3)
Н	Х	Х	Z

- (1) L = input low, H = input high,  $\uparrow$  = input transitioning from low to high, ↓ = input transitioning from high to low, X = don't care
- L = output low, H = output high,  $Q_0$  = previous state, Z = high impedance
- At startup, Q<sub>0</sub> is unknown (3)



### 7 Application and Implementation

#### **Note**

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

## 7.1 Application Information

In this application, the SNx4HC373 is used to control an 8-bit data bus.

Outputs can be held in the high-impedance state, held in the last known state, or change together with the data inputs, depending on the control inputs at LE and  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  coming from the bus controller.

### 7.2 Typical Application

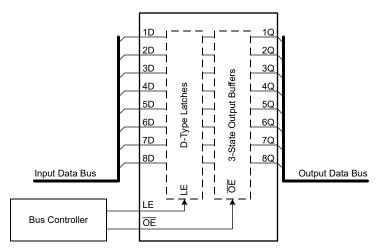


Figure 7-1. Typical Application Block Diagram

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#### 7.2.1 Design Requirements

#### 7.2.1.1 Power Considerations

Ensure the desired supply voltage is within the range specified in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. The supply voltage sets the device's electrical characteristics of the device as described in the *Electrical Characteristics* section.

The positive voltage supply must be capable of sourcing current equal to the maximum static supply current, I<sub>CC</sub>, listed in the *Electrical Characteristics*, and any transient current required for switching.

The ground must be capable of sinking current equal to the total current to be sunk by all outputs of the SNx4HC373 plus the maximum supply current, I<sub>CC</sub>, listed in the *Electrical Characteristics*, and any transient current required for switching. The logic device can only sink as much current that can be sunk into its ground connection. Ensure the maximum total current through GND listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* is not exceeded.

The SNx4HC373 can drive a load with a total capacitance less than or equal to 50pF while still meeting all of the data sheet specifications. Larger capacitive loads can be applied; however, it is not recommended to exceed 50pF.

The SNx4HC373 can drive a load with total resistance described by  $R_L \ge V_O / I_O$ , with the output voltage and current defined in the *Electrical Characteristics* table with  $V_{OL}$ . When outputting in the HIGH state, the output voltage in the equation is defined as the difference between the measured output voltage and the supply voltage at the  $V_{CC}$  pin.

Total power consumption can be calculated using the information provided in *CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation*.

Thermal increase can be calculated using the information provided in *Thermal Characteristics of Standard Linear* and Logic (SLL) Packages and Devices.

#### **CAUTION**

The maximum junction temperature,  $T_{J(max)}$  listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, is an additional limitation to prevent damage to the device. Do not violate any values listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*. These limits are provided to prevent damage to the device.

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#### 7.2.1.2 Input Considerations

Input signals must cross to be considered a logic LOW, and to be considered a logic HIGH. Do not exceed the maximum input voltage range found in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

Unused inputs must be terminated to either  $V_{CC}$  or ground. The unused inputs can be directly terminated if the input is completely unused, or they can be connected with a pull-up or pull-down resistor if the input will be used sometimes, but not always. A pull-up resistor is used for a default state of HIGH, and a pull-down resistor is used for a default state of LOW. The drive current of the controller, leakage current into the SNx4HC373 (as specified in the *Electrical Characteristics*), and the desired input transition rate limits the resistor size. A  $10k\Omega$  resistor value is often used due to these factors.

Refer to the Feature Description section for additional information regarding the inputs for this device.

#### 7.2.1.3 Output Considerations

The ground voltage is used to produce the output LOW voltage. Sinking current into the output will increase the output voltage as specified by the V<sub>OL</sub> specification in the *Electrical Characteristics*.

Unused outputs can be left floating. Do not connect outputs directly to  $V_{CC}$  or ground.

Refer to the Feature Description section for additional information regarding the outputs for this device.

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#### 7.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

- Add a decoupling capacitor from V<sub>CC</sub> to GND. The capacitor needs to be placed physically close to the device and electrically close to both the V<sub>CC</sub> and GND pins. An example layout is shown in the *Layout* section.
- 2. Ensure the capacitive load at the output is ≤ 50pF. This is not a hard limit; by design, however, it will optimize performance. This can be accomplished by providing short, appropriately sized traces from the SNx4HC373 to one or more of the receiving devices.
- 3. Ensure the resistive load at the output is larger than  $(V_{CC} / I_{O(max)})\Omega$ . Doing this will prevent the maximum output current from the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* from being violated. Most CMOS inputs have a resistive load measured in M $\Omega$ ; much larger than the minimum calculated previously.
- 4. Thermal issues are rarely a concern for logic gates; the power consumption and thermal increase, however, can be calculated using the steps provided in the application report, *CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation*.

#### 7.2.3 Application Curves

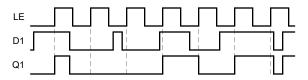


Figure 7-2. Application Timing Diagram

### 7.3 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Each  $V_{CC}$  terminal should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. A  $0.1\mu F$  capacitor is recommended for this device. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass capacitors to reject different frequencies of noise. The  $0.1\mu F$  and  $1\mu F$  capacitors are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power terminal as possible for best results.

#### 7.4 Layout

#### 7.4.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple-input and multiple-channel logic devices, inputs must never be left floating. In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused; for example, when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used or only 3 of the 4 buffer gates are used. Such unused input pins must not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a logic high or logic low voltage, as defined by the input voltage specifications, to prevent them from floating. The logic level that must be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally, the inputs are tied to GND or V<sub>CC</sub>, whichever makes more sense for the logic function or is more convenient.



#### 7.4.2 Layout Example

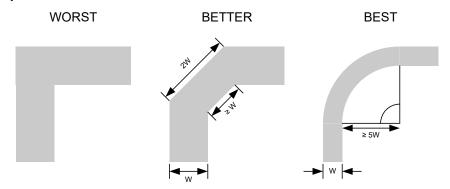


Figure 7-3. Example trace corners for improved signal integrity

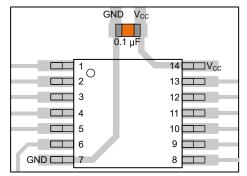


Figure 7-4. Example bypass capacitor placement for TSSOP and similar packages

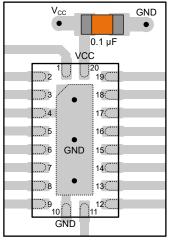


Figure 7-5. Example bypass capacitor placement for WQFN and similar packages

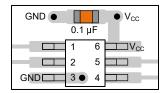


Figure 7-6. Example bypass capacitor placement for SOT, SC70 and similar packages

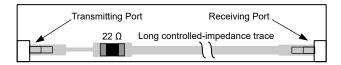


Figure 7-7. Example damping resistor placement for improved signal integrity

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## 8 Device and Documentation Support

TI offers an extensive line of development tools. Tools and software to evaluate the performance of the device, generate code, and develop solutions are listed below.

#### 8.1 Documentation Support

#### 8.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation, see the following:

- Texas Instruments, CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation application report
- Texas Instruments, Designing With Logic application report

### 8.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Notifications* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

### 8.3 Support Resources

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

#### 8.4 Trademarks

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

## 8.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

#### 8.6 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

#### 9 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

## Changes from Revision F (April 2022) to Revision G (February 2025)

Page

- Added Pin Functions table......3

#### Changes from Revision E (January 2022) to Revision F (April 2022)

Page



## 10 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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## **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
5962-8407201VRA	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	20	20	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-8407201VR A SNV54HC373J	Samples
5962-8407201VSA	ACTIVE	CFP	W	20	25	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-8407201VS A SNV54HC373W	Samples
84072012A	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	55	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	84072012A SNJ54HC 373FK	Samples
8407201RA	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	20	20	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	8407201RA SNJ54HC373J	Samples
8407201SA	ACTIVE	CFP	W	20	25	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	8407201SA SNJ54HC373W	Samples
JM38510/65403B2A	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	55	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	JM38510/ 65403B2A	Samples
JM38510/65403BRA	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	20	20	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	JM38510/ 65403BRA	Samples
M38510/65403B2A	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	55	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	JM38510/ 65403B2A	Samples
M38510/65403BRA	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	20	20	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	JM38510/ 65403BRA	Samples
SN54HC373J	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	20	20	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	SN54HC373J	Samples
SN74HC373DBR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	20	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC373	Samples
SN74HC373DW	OBSOLET	E SOIC	DW	20		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	HC373	
SN74HC373DWR	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	20	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC373	Samples
SN74HC373DWRE4	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	20	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC373	Samples
SN74HC373N	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	20	20	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85	SN74HC373N	Samples
SN74HC373NE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	20	20	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85	SN74HC373N	Samples
SN74HC373NSR	ACTIVE	SOP	NS	20	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC373	Samples



## **PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM**

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Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
SN74HC373NSRE4	ACTIVE	SOP	NS	20	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC373	Samples
SN74HC373PW	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	PW	20		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	HC373	
SN74HC373PWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC373	Samples
SN74HC373PWRE4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC373	Samples
SNJ54HC373FK	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	55	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	84072012A SNJ54HC 373FK	Samples
SNJ54HC373J	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	20	20	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	8407201RA SNJ54HC373J	Samples
SNJ54HC373W	ACTIVE	CFP	W	20	25	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	8407201SA SNJ54HC373W	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

## **PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM**

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(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN54HC373, SN54HC373-SP, SN74HC373:

Catalog: SN74HC373, SN54HC373

Military: SN54HC373

Space : SN54HC373-SP

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog TI's standard catalog product
- Military QML certified for Military and Defense Applications
- Space Radiation tolerant, ceramic packaging and qualified for use in Space-based application

## **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74HC373DBR	SSOP	DB	20	2000	330.0	16.4	8.2	7.5	2.5	12.0	16.0	Q1
SN74HC373DWR	SOIC	DW	20	2000	330.0	24.4	10.9	13.3	2.7	12.0	24.0	Q1
SN74HC373DWR	SOIC	DW	20	2000	330.0	24.4	10.9	13.3	2.7	12.0	24.0	Q1
SN74HC373NSR	SOP	NS	20	2000	330.0	24.4	8.4	13.0	2.5	12.0	24.0	Q1
SN74HC373NSR	SOP	NS	20	2000	330.0	24.4	8.4	13.0	2.5	12.0	24.0	Q1
SN74HC373PWR	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	330.0	16.4	6.95	7.0	1.4	8.0	16.0	Q1
SN74HC373PWR	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	330.0	16.4	6.95	7.0	1.4	8.0	16.0	Q1



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### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74HC373DBR	SSOP	DB	20	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74HC373DWR	SOIC	DW	20	2000	367.0	367.0	45.0
SN74HC373DWR	SOIC	DW	20	2000	367.0	367.0	45.0
SN74HC373NSR	SOP	NS	20	2000	367.0	367.0	45.0
SN74HC373NSR	SOP	NS	20	2000	367.0	367.0	45.0
SN74HC373PWR	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74HC373PWR	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0

## **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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### **TUBE**



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
5962-8407201VSA	W	CFP	20	25	506.98	26.16	6220	NA
84072012A	FK	LCCC	20	55	506.98	12.06	2030	NA
8407201SA	W	CFP	20	25	506.98	26.16	6220	NA
JM38510/65403B2A	FK	LCCC	20	55	506.98	12.06	2030	NA
M38510/65403B2A	FK	LCCC	20	55	506.98	12.06	2030	NA
SN74HC373N	N	PDIP	20	20	506	13.97	11230	4.32
SN74HC373NE4	N	PDIP	20	20	506	13.97	11230	4.32
SNJ54HC373FK	FK	LCCC	20	55	506.98	12.06	2030	NA
SNJ54HC373W	W	CFP	20	25	506.98	26.16	6220	NA

# W (R-GDFP-F20)

## CERAMIC DUAL FLATPACK



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.

  D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only.

  E. Falls within Mil—Std 1835 GDFP2—F20







#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

  3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.





NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.





NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.







### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

  3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-150.





NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.





NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



## **MECHANICAL DATA**

## NS (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

# 14-PINS SHOWN

### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15.



## 14 LEADS SHOWN



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. This package is hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
- D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only on press ceramic glass frit seal only.
- E. Falls within MIL STD 1835 GDIP1-T14, GDIP1-T16, GDIP1-T18 and GDIP1-T20.

8.89 x 8.89, 1.27 mm pitch

LEADLESS CERAMIC CHIP CARRIER

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



## N (R-PDIP-T\*\*)

## PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE

16 PINS SHOWN



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Falls within JEDEC MS-001, except 18 and 20 pin minimum body length (Dim A).
- The 20 pin end lead shoulder width is a vendor option, either half or full width.





SOIC



#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

  3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.43 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-013.



SOIC



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SOIC



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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