

# TPS22995 5.5-V, 3.8-A, 18-mΩ On-Resistance Load Switch with Adjustable Rise Time

#### 1 Features

- Input operating voltage range ( $V_{IN}$ ): 0.4 V 5.5 V
- Bias voltage supply ( $V_{BIAS}$ ): 1.5 V 5.5 V
- Maximum continuous current: 3.8 A
- On-resistance ( $R_{ON}$ ): 18 m $\Omega$  (typ.)
- Adjustable slew rate control through external capacitor
- Quick Output Discharge (QOD): 100  $\Omega$  (typ.)
- Thermal shutdown
- Smart ON pin pulldown (R<sub>PD,ON</sub>):
- ON ≥ VIH ( $I_{ON}$ ): 25 nA (max.)
  - ON ≤ VIL ( $R_{PD.ON}$ ): 500 kΩ (typ.)
- Low power consumption:
  - ON state (I<sub>O</sub>): 10 uA (typ.)
  - OFF state (I<sub>SD</sub>): 0.1 uA (typ.)

## 2 Applications

- Notebook PC
- **Tablets**
- Industrial PC
- Discrete industrial solutions

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**TPS22995 Block Diagram** 

### 3 Description

The TPS22995 is a single-channel load switch that provides a configurable rise time to minimize inrush current. The device contains an N-channel MOSFET that can operate over an input voltage range of 0.4 V to 5.5 V and can support a maximum continuous current of 3.8 A.

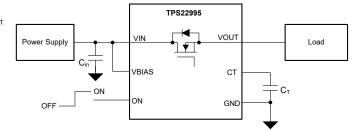
The switch is controlled by an on and off input (ON), which is capable of interfacing directly with low voltage control signals. The TPS22995 also has a Quick Output Discharge when the switch is turned off, pulling the output voltage down to a known 0-V state.

The TPS22995 is available in two different 6-pin WQFN packages with both 0.4-mm and 0.5-mm options. The device is characterized for operation over the free-air temperature range of -40°C to +125°C.

#### **Package Information**

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE <sup>(1)</sup>	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TPS22995	RZF (WQFN, 6)	1.25 × 0.85 mm
	RZG (WQFN, 6)	1.50 × 0.75 mm

For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.



**Typical Application Diagram** 



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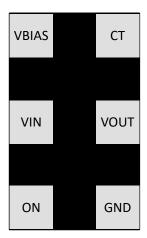
# **4 Revision History**

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

DATE	REVISION	NOTES
December 2022	*	Initial Release



# **5 Pin Configuration and Functions**



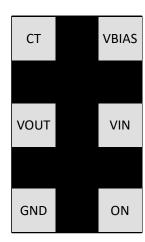


Figure 5-1. TPS22995 RZF, RZG 6-Pin WQFN Package (Top View Left, Bottom View Right)

**Table 5-1. Pin Functions** 

PIN		TYPE(1)	DESCRIPTION		
NAME	NO.	ITPE	DESCRIPTION		
VBIAS	1	Р	Bias voltage		
VIN	2	Р	Supply input		
ON	3	I	Enable pin		
GND	4	G	Ground		
VOUT	5	Р	Output voltage		
СТ	6	I	Timing pin, can control the slew rate of the output through a capacitor to GND		

<sup>(1)</sup> I = Input, O = Output, I/O = Input or Output, G = Ground, P = Power.



## **6 Specifications**

#### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	-0.3	6	V
V <sub>BIAS</sub>	Bias Voltage	-0.3	6	V
$V_{ON}, V_{PG}, V_{QOD}$	Control Pin Voltage	-0.3	6	V
V <sub>CT</sub>	CT Pin Voltage		15	V
I <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Current		3.8	А
TJ	Junction temperature		Internally Limited	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Operation outside the Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device damage. Absolute Maximum Ratings do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Recommended Operating Conditions. If used outside the Recommended Operating Conditions but within the Absolute Maximum Ratings, the device may not be fully functional, and this may affect device reliability, functionality, performance, and shorten the device lifetime.

#### 6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V		Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/ JEDEC JS-001 <sup>(1)</sup>	±2000	V
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per ANSI/ESDA/ JEDEC JS-002 <sup>(2)</sup>	±1000	V

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

#### 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM MAX	UNIT
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	0.4	5.5	V
V <sub>BIAS</sub>	Bias Voltage	1.5	5.5	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	ON Pin High Voltage Range	0.8	5.5	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	ON Pin Low Voltage Range	0	0.35	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient Temperature	-40	125	°C

#### **6.4 Thermal Information**

		TPS2	22995	
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	6 P	UNIT	
		RZF(WQFN-HR)	RZG(WQFN-HR)	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	143.5	141.6	°C/W
R <sub>0JC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	132.1	133.7	°C/W
R <sub>0JB</sub>	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	47.8	41.2	°C/W
$\Psi_{JT}$	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	5.2	5.3	°C/W
$Y_{JB}$	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	47.4	40.8	°C/W

<sup>(1)</sup> For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.



# 6.5 Electrical Characteristics (VBIAS = 5 V)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T <sub>A</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Power C	Consumption						
			25 °C		0.1		uA
I <sub>SD,VBIA</sub>	Consumption  VBIAS Shutdown Current  VBIAS Quiescent Current  VIN Shutdown Current  ON pin leakage  mance  On-Resistance  Smart Pull Down Resistance  QOD Resistance	ON = 0V	—40 °C to 85 °C		-	0.5	uA
S			—40 °C to 125 °C			1	uA
			25 °C		10		uA
I <sub>Q,VBIAS</sub>	VBIAS Quiescent Current	ON > V <sub>IH</sub>	—40 °C to 85 °C			0.1  0.5  1  10  20  20  0.1  1  2  0.1  18  24  27  17  23  25  17  25  17  25  17  26  17  27  28  29  1000  1000  150	uA
			—40 °C to 125 °C				uA
			25 °C		0.1		uA
I <sub>SD,VIN</sub>	VIN Shutdown Current	ON = 0V	—40 °C to 85 °C	0.5 1 10 20 20 20 0.1 1 2 0.1 1 2 0.1 18 24 27 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 25 17 21 23 25 17 25 17 21 25 17 21 25 17 21 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 26 27 27 28 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	uA		
			—40 °C to 125 °C		uA		
I <sub>ON</sub>	ON pin leakage	ON = VBIAS	—40 °C to 125 °C		0.1		uA
Perform	ance					,	
			25 °C		18		mΩ
		VIN = 5V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =-200mA	—40 °C to 85 °C			24	mΩ
			—40 °C to 125 °C			27	mΩ
		VIN = 3.3V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =-200mA	25 °C		17		mΩ
			—40 °C to 85 °C			23	mΩ
			—40 °C to 125 °C			25	mΩ
			25 °C		17		mΩ
R <sub>ON</sub>	On-Resistance	VIN = 1.8V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =-200mA	—40 °C to 85 °C			23	mΩ
			—40 °C to 125 °C			25	mΩ
			25 °C		17		mΩ
		VIN = 1.2V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =-200mA	—40 °C to 85 °C			23	mΩ
			—40 °C to 125 °C			25	$m\Omega$
			25 °C		17		mΩ
		VIN = 0.8V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =-200mA	—40 °C to 85 °C			23	$\boldsymbol{m}\Omega$
			—40 °C to 125 °C			25	$\boldsymbol{m}\Omega$
D	Smart Bull Down Posistance	ON < V <sub>IL</sub>	25 °C		500		kΩ
R <sub>PD,ON</sub>	Smart Full Down Resistance	ON VIL	—40 °C to 125 °C			1000	kΩ
R <sub>QOD</sub>	OOD Resistance		25 °C		100		Ω
' 'QOD	NOD I VESISIALICE		—40 °C to 125 °C			150	Ω
Protecti	on						
TSD			-	150	170	190	°C
TSD <sub>HYS</sub>	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis		-		20		°C

# 6.6 Electrical Characteristics (VBIAS = 3.3 V)

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over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T <sub>A</sub>	MIN 7	ГҮР МАХ	UNIT	
Power Consumption							
I <sub>SD,VBIA</sub>	VBIAS Shutdown Current	ON = 0V	25 °C		0.1	uA	
			—40 °C to 85 °C		0.5	uA	
			—40 °C to 125 °C		1	uA	



# 6.6 Electrical Characteristics (VBIAS = 3.3 V) (continued)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T <sub>A</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
			25 °C		10		uA
I <sub>Q,VBIAS</sub>	VBIAS Quiescent Current	ON > V <sub>IH</sub>	—40 °C to 85 °C			20	uA
			—40 °C to 125 °C			20	uA
			25 °C		0.1		uA
$I_{SD,VIN}$	VIN Shutdown Current	ON = 0V	—40 °C to 85 °C			1	uA
			—40 °C to 125 °C			2	uA
I <sub>ON</sub>	ON pin leakage	ON = VBIAS	—40 °C to 125 °C		0.1		uA
Perform	nance					,	
			25 °C		18		mΩ
		VIN = 3.3V, , I <sub>OUT</sub> =-200mA	—40 °C to 85 °C			24	mΩ
			—40 °C to 125 °C			27	mΩ
		VIN = 1.8V, , I <sub>OUT</sub> =-200mA	25 °C		17		mΩ
_			—40 °C to 85 °C			23	mΩ
			—40 °C to 125 °C			25	mΩ
R <sub>ON</sub>	On-Resistance		25 °C		17	20 20 1 2 24 27 23 25 23 25 1000 150	mΩ
		VIN = 1.2V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =-200mA	—40 °C to 85 °C				mΩ
			—40 °C to 125 °C				mΩ
			25 °C		17		mΩ
		VIN = 0.8V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =-200mA	—40 °C to 85 °C			23	mΩ
			—40 °C to 125 °C			25	mΩ
_	Consent Dull Davin Davistanas	ON 41/	25 °C		500		kΩ
$R_{PD,ON}$	Smart Pull Down Resistance	ON < V <sub>IL</sub>	—40 °C to 125 °C			1000	kΩ
Р	OOD Registeres		25 °C		100		Ω
$R_{QOD}$	QOD Resistance		—40 °C to 125 °C			150	Ω
Protecti	ion	<del>.</del>				'	
TSD	Thermal Shutdown		-	150	170	190	°C
TSD <sub>HYS</sub>	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis		-		20		°C

## 6.7 Electrical Characteristics (VBIAS = 1.5 V)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T <sub>A</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Power C	Consumption						
_			25 °C		0.1		uA
I <sub>SD,VBIA</sub>	SD,VBIA S VBIAS Shutdown Current	ON = 0V	–40 °C to 85 °C			0.5	uA
5			–40 °C to 125 °C			1	uA
			25 °C		10		uA
$I_{Q,VBIAS}$	Q,VBIAS VBIAS Quiescent Current	ON > V <sub>IH</sub>	–40 °C to 85 °C			20	uA
			–40 °C to 125 °C			20	uA
			25 °C		0.1		uA
$I_{SD,VIN}$	VIN Shutdown Current	ON = 0V	–40 °C to 85 °C			1	uA
			–40 °C to 125 °C			2	uA
I <sub>ON</sub>	ON pin leakage	ON = VBIAS	–40 °C to 125 °C		0.1		uA
Perform	nance						



# 6.7 Electrical Characteristics (VBIAS = 1.5 V) (continued)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	T <sub>A</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
			25 °C		20		mΩ
		VIN = 1.5V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =-200mA	–40 °C to 85 °C			33	mΩ
R <sub>ON</sub>			–40 °C to 125 °C			37	mΩ
			25 °C		20		mΩ
	On-Resistance	VIN = 1.2V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =-200mA	–40 °C to 85 °C			31	mΩ
			–40 °C to 125 °C			34	mΩ
		VIN = 0.8V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =-200mA	25 °C		20		mΩ
			–40 °C to 85 °C			31	mΩ
			–40 °C to 125 °C			34	mΩ
Б	Smart Dull Dawn Decistones	ON < V <sub>IL</sub>	25 °C		500		kΩ
R <sub>PD,ON</sub>	Smart Pull Down Resistance		–40 °C to 125 °C			1000	kΩ
_	COD Desistance		25 °C		110		Ω
R <sub>QOD</sub>	QOD Resistance		–40 °C to 125 °C			150	Ω
Protect	ion			'			
TSD	Thermal Shutdown	Rising	-	150	170	190	°C
עפון	THEITHAL SHULLOWIT	Hysteresis	-		20		°C

## **6.8 Switching Characteristics (VBIAS = 5 V)**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TYP MA	X UNIT
VIN = 5	V			
tON	Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10uF$ , $CT = 1000pF$	2810	us
tRISE	Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10uF$ , $CT = 1000pF$	2020	us
tD	Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10uF$ , $CT = 1000pF$	791	us
tFALL	Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10uF$ , $CT = 1000pF$	1110	us
tOFF	Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10uF$ , $CT = 1000pF$	62.7	us
VIN = 3	.3V			<b>"</b>
tON	Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10uF$ , $CT = 1000pF$	1580	us
tRISE	Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10uF$ , $CT = 1000pF$	1350	us
tD	Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10uF$ , $CT = 1000pF$	561	us
tFALL	Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10uF$ , $CT = 1000pF$	1100	us
tOFF	Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10uF$ , $CT = 1000pF$	63	us
VIN = 1	.8V			
tON	Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	1110	us
tRISE	Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF	754	us
tD	Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	523	us
tFALL	Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10uF$ , $CT = 1000pF$	1100	us
tOFF	Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF	63	us
VIN = 1	.2V			
tON	Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	928	us
tRISE	Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10uF$ , $CT = 1000pF$	516	us
tD	Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10uF$ , $CT = 1000pF$	508	us
tFALL	Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10uF$ , $CT = 1000pF$	1100	us
tOFF	Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF	63	us



# 6.8 Switching Characteristics (VBIAS = 5 V) (continued)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT			
VIN = 0.8V									
tON	Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF		796		us			
tRISE	Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF		360		us			
tD	Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF		499		us			
tFALL	Fall time	R <sub>L</sub> = 100Ω, C <sub>L</sub> = 10uF, CT = 1000pF		1100		us			
tOFF	Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF		63		us			

# 6.9 Switching Characteristics (VBIAS = 3.3 V)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V	,				
Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF		2110		us
Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		1370		us
Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		741		us
Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		1110		us
Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF		61.8		us
V		•			
Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF		1170		us
Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		625		us
Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		543		us
Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		1100		us
Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		63		us
v	·	•			
Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF		971		us
Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		443		us
Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		528		us
Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		1100		us
Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		63		us
V	·	•		'	
Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		832		us
Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF		315		us
Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF		516		us
Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		1100		us
Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		63		us
	Turn ON time Rise time Delay time Fall time Turn OFF time  V Turn ON time Rise time Delay time Fall time Turn OFF time  V Turn OFF time  V Turn ON time Rise time Delay time Fall time Turn OFF time  V Turn ON time Rise time Delay time Fall time Turn OFF time  Delay time Fall time Turn OFF time  V Turn ON time Rise time Delay time Fall time Turn OFF time  V	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{V} \\ \hline \textbf{Turn ON time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Delay time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Fall time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Turn OFF time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{V} \\ \hline \textbf{Turn ON time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rough time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Fall time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Turn OFF time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rough time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rough time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Turn OFF time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{V} \\ \hline \textbf{Turn ON time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rough time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rough time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rough time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rough time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rough time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rough time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rough time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rough time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rough time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ $	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Turn ON time   R_L = 100Ω, C_L = 10uF, CT = 1000pF   2110     Rise time   R_L = 100Ω, C_L = 10uF, CT = 1000pF   1370     Delay time   R_L = 100Ω, C_L = 10uF, CT = 1000pF   741     Fall time   R_L = 100Ω, C_L = 10uF, CT = 1000pF   741     Fall time   R_L = 100Ω, C_L = 10uF, CT = 1000pF   1110     Turn OFF time   R_L = 100Ω, C_L = 10uF, CT = 1000pF   61.8     V

## 6.10 Switching Characteristics (VBIAS = 1.5 V)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT		
VIN = 1.5	VIN = 1.5V						
tON	Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF		1350	us		
tRISE	Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF		653	us		
tD	Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF		693	us		
tFALL	Fall time	R <sub>L</sub> = 100Ω, C <sub>L</sub> = 10uF, CT = 1000pF		1190	us		



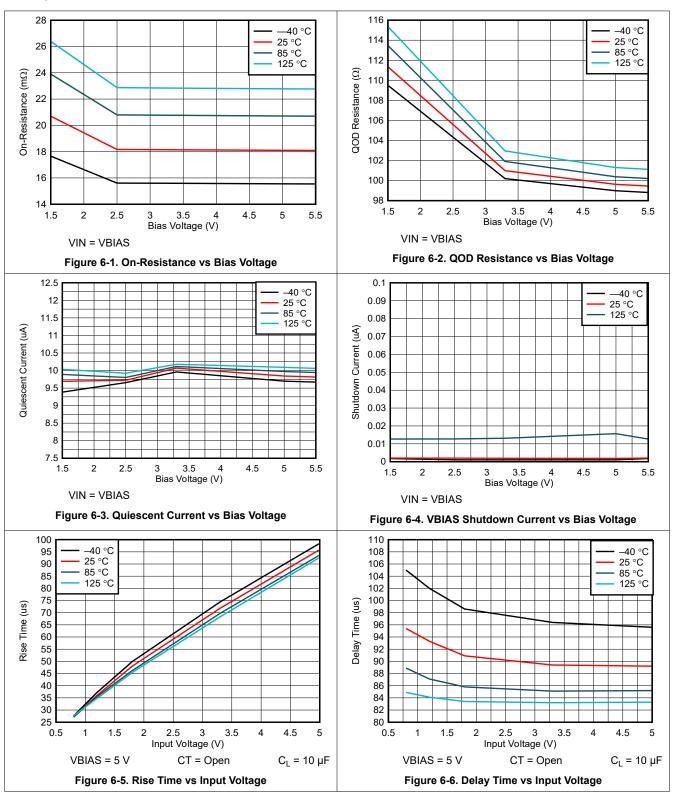
# 6.10 Switching Characteristics (VBIAS = 1.5 V) (continued)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TYP MAX	UNIT
tOFF	Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	63.6	us
VIN = 1.	2V			
tON	Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	1020	us
tRISE	Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	457	us
tD	Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF	567	us
tFALL	Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10uF$ , $CT = 1000pF$	1100	us
tOFF	Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	60	us
VIN = 0.	8V			
tON	Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	885	us
tRISE	Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	331	us
tD	Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	553	us
tFALL	Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	1100	us
tOFF	Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	60	us



#### 6.11 Typical Characteristics

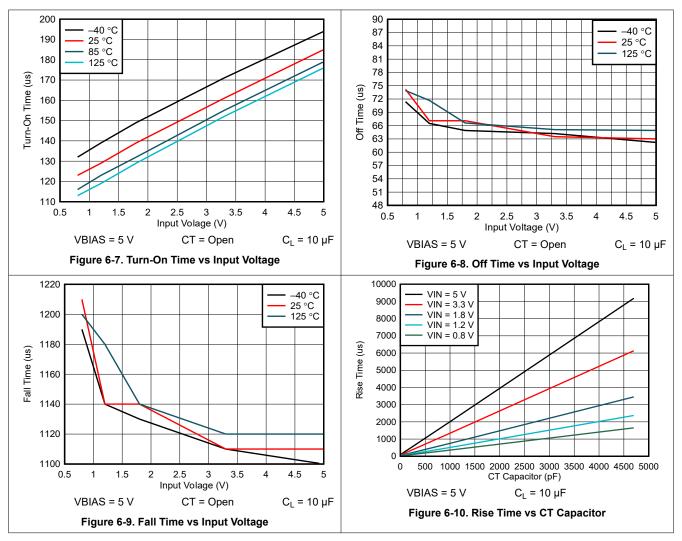


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# **6.11 Typical Characteristics (continued)**





## 7 Parameter Measurement Information

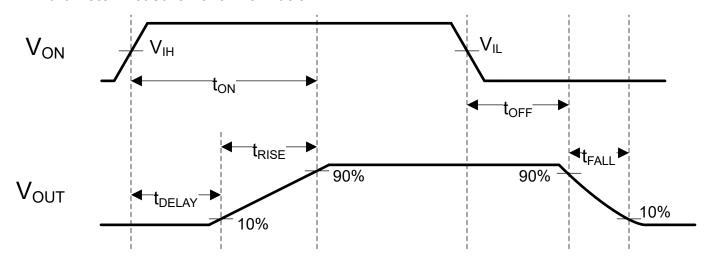


Figure 7-1. TPS22995 Timing Parameters

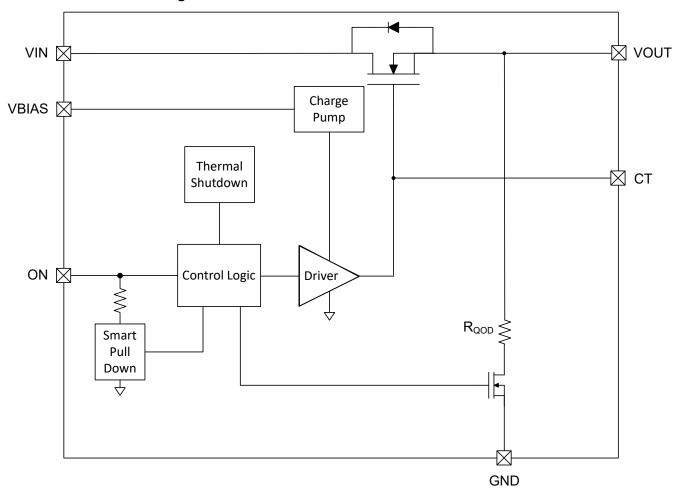


## 8 Detailed Description

#### 8.1 Overview

The TPS22995 is a 5.5-V, 3.8-A load switch in a 6-pin WQFN package with 0.4-mm and 0.5-mm pin pitch options. To reduce voltage drop for low voltage and high-current rails, the device implements a low-resistance,  $18\text{-m}\Omega$ , N-channel MOSFET, which reduces the dropout voltage through the device. The device has a configurable slew rate, which helps reduce or eliminate power supply droop because of large inrush currents. The slew rate can be configured by connecting a capacitor to ground to the CT pin. The TPS22995 also integrates a Quick Output Discharge circuit that is activated when the switch is turned off, pulling the output voltage down to a known 0-V state. TPS22995 increases circuit robustness by integrating thermal shutdown that protects the device in high-temperature conditions.

#### 8.2 Functional Block Diagram





#### 8.3 Feature Description

#### 8.3.1 Adjustable Slew Rate

A capacitor to GND on the CT pin sets the slew rate, and the higher the Capacitor the higher the slew rate. Rise times are shown below.

Table 8-1. Rise Time vs CT vs V<sub>IN</sub>

CT Capacitor	VIN = 5.5 V	VIN = 3.3 V	VIN = 1.8 V	VIN = 1.2 V	VIN = 0.8 V
0 pF	96.2 µs	72.2 µs	47.8 µs	36.6 µs	28.2 us
220 pF	517 µs	350 µs	201 μs	140 µs	100 us
1000 pF	2020 µs	1350 µs	754 µs	516 µs	360 us
4700 pF	9230 µs	6190 µs	3470 µs	2380 µs	1660 us

The following equation can be used to estimate the rise time for different VIN and CT capacitors:

$$t_R = (0.3418V_{IN} + 0.1036) \times CT + 14.064V_{IN} + 12.255$$
 (1)

#### where

- t<sub>R</sub> = Rise time in μs.
- V<sub>IN</sub> = Input voltage in V.
- CT = CT Capacitor in pF.

#### 8.3.2 Quick Output Discharge

TPS22995 integrates Quick Output Discharge. When the switch is disabled, a discharge resistor is connected between VOUT and GND. This resistor has a typical value of 100  $\Omega$  and prevents the output from floating while the switch is disabled

#### 8.3.3 ON and OFF Control

The ON pin controls the state of the switch. The ON pin is compatible with standard GPIO logic threshold so it can be used in a wide variety of applications. When power is first applied to  $V_{IN}$ , a Smart Pulldown is used to keep the ON pin from floating until the system sequencing is complete. After the ON pin is deliberately driven high ( $\geq V_{IH}$ ), the Smart Pulldown is disconnected to prevent unnecessary power loss. See the below table when the ON Pin Smart Pulldown is active.

Table 8-2. On Pin Control

ON Pin Voltage	ON Pin Function				
≤ V <sub>IL</sub>	Pulldown active				
≥ V <sub>IH</sub>	No pulldown				

#### 8.3.4 Thermal Shutdown

When the device temperature reaches 170°C (typical), the device shuts itself off to prevent thermal damage. After the device cools off by about 20°C, it turns back on. If the device is kept in a thermally stressful environment, then the device oscillates between these two states until it can keep its temperature below the thermal shutdown point.



## **8.4 Device Functional Modes**

## **Table 8-3. Device Functional Modes**

ON	Fault Condition	VOUT State		
L	N/A	Hi-Z		
Н	None	V <sub>IN</sub> through R <sub>ON</sub>		
X	Thermal shutdown	Hi-Z		



#### 9 Application and Implementation

#### **Note**

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

#### 9.1 Application Information

The input to output voltage drop in the device is determined by the  $R_{ON}$  of the device and the load current. The  $R_{ON}$  of the device depends upon the  $V_{IN}$  and  $V_{BIAS}$  condition of the device. See the  $R_{ON}$  specification in the Section 6.5 table of this data sheet. After the  $R_{ON}$  of the device is determined based upon the  $V_{IN}$  and  $V_{BIAS}$  conditions, use the below equation to calculate the input to output voltage drop.

$$\Delta V = I_{LOAD} \times R_{ON}$$
 (2)

#### where

- ΔV is the voltage drop from VIN to VOUT.
- I<sub>LOAD</sub> is the load current.
- R<sub>ON</sub> is the on-resistance of the device for a specific VIN and VBIAS.
- An appropriate I<sub>LOAD</sub> must be chosen such that the IMAX specification of the device is not violated.

#### 9.2 Typical Application

This typical application demonstrates how the TPS22995 device can be used to limit start-up inrush current.

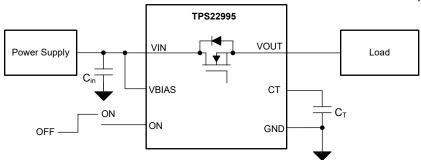


Figure 9-1. TPS22995 Application Schematic

#### 9.2.1 Design Requirements

Table 9-1. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
V <sub>BIAS</sub>	5.5 V
V <sub>IN</sub>	5.5 V
C <sub>L</sub>	47 μF
R <sub>L</sub>	None
Maximum acceptable inrush current	200 mA



#### 9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

When the switch is enabled, the output capacitors must be charged up from 0 V to  $V_{IN}$ . This charge arrives in the form of inrush current. Use the equation below to calculate inrush current.

$$I_{INRUSH} = C_L \times dVOUT/dt$$
 (3)

#### where

- CL is the output capacitance.
- dVOUT is the change in VOUT during the ramp-up of the output voltage when device is enabled.
- dt is the rise time in VOUT during the ramp-up of the output voltage when the device is enabled.

The TPS22995 offers an adjustable rise time for VOUT, allowing the user to control the inrush current during turn-on. The appropriate rise time can be calculated using the design requirements and the inrush current equation as shown below.

$$200 \text{ mA} = 47 \text{uF} \times 5.5 \text{ V/dt}$$
 (4)

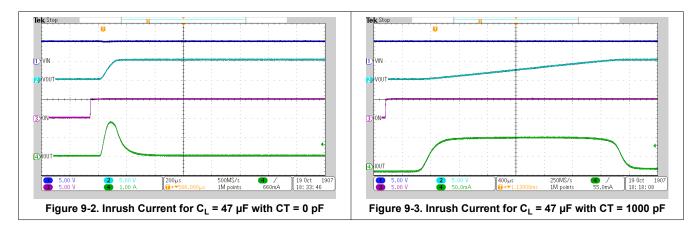
where

$$dt = 1292 \text{ us}$$
 (5)

The TPS22995 has very fast rise times with CT pin open. The typical rise time is 127  $\mu$ s at  $V_{BIAS}$  = 5.5 V,  $V_{IN}$  = 5.5 V,  $R_L$  = 100  $\Omega$ , and  $C_L$  = 0.1  $\mu$ F. This rise time results in an inrush current of 1.59 A. According to Table 8-1, using  $R_T$  = 10  $k\Omega$  results in a rise time of 1520 us, which limits the inrush current to 176 mA. Alternatively, can be used to determine the capacitor needed.

#### 9.2.3 Application Performance Plots

The below oscilloscope captures show the difference between the inrush current for CT = 0 pF and CT = 1000 pF settings. The CT = 1000 pF setting is able to keep the inrush current under the required 200 mA, while the CT = 0 pF setting is too fast for this design



#### 9.3 Power Supply Recommendations

The TPS22995 device is designed to operate with a VIN range of 0.4 V to 5.5 V. The VIN power supply must be well regulated and placed as close to the device terminal as possible. The power supply must be able to withstand all transient load current steps. In most situations, using an input capacitance (CIN) of 1  $\mu$ F is sufficient to prevent the supply voltage from dipping when the switch is turned on. In cases where the power supply is slow to respond to a large transient current or large load current step, additional bulk capacitance can be required on the input.



#### 9.4 Layout

#### 9.4.1 Layout Guidelines

For best performance, all traces must be as short as possible. To be most effective, the input and output capacitors must be placed close to the device to minimize the effects that parasitic trace inductances can have on normal operation. Using wide traces for VIN, VOUT, and GND helps minimize the parasitic electrical effects.

#### 9.4.2 Layout Example

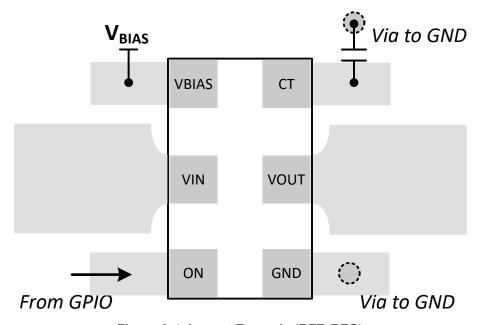


Figure 9-4. Layout Example (RZF, RZG)



## 10 Device and Documentation Support

TI offers an extensive line of development tools. Tools and software to evaluate the performance of the device, generate code, and develop solutions are listed below.

#### 10.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

#### 10.2 Support Resources

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

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#### 10.3 Trademarks

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#### 10.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

#### 10.5 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

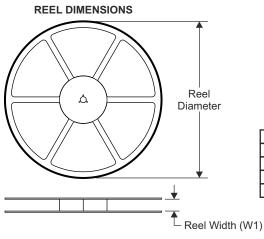
The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

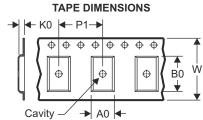
Product Folder Links: TPS22995

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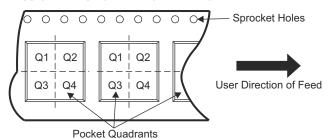
## 11.1 Tape and Reel Information





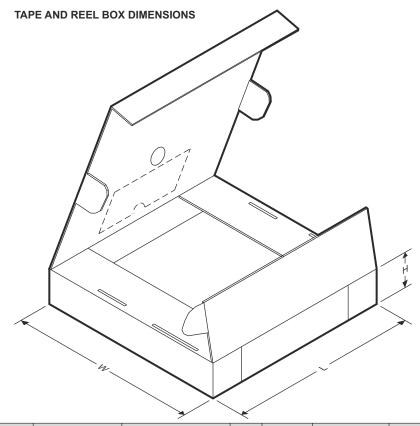
Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
Overall width of the carrier tape
Pitch between successive cavity centers
[

#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS22995RZFR	R WQFN-HR	RZF	6	3000	180.0	8.4	1.0	1.4	0.88	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22995RZGF	R WQFN-HR	RZG	6	3000	180.0	8.4	0.9	1.65	0.88	4.0	8.0	Q1





Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS22995RZFR	WQFN-HR	RZF	6	3000	210.0	185.00	35.0
TPS22995RZGR	WQFN-HR	RZG	6	3000	210.0	185.00	35.0

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#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
	(1)	(2)			(0)	(4)	(5)		(0)
TPS22995RZFR	Active	Production	WQFN-HR (RZF)   6	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	7
TPS22995RZFR.A	Active	Production	WQFN-HR (RZF)   6	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	7
TPS22995RZGR	Active	Production	WQFN-HR (RZG)   6	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	6
TPS22995RZGR.A	Active	Production	WQFN-HR (RZG)   6	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	6

<sup>(1)</sup> Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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<sup>(2)</sup> Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

<sup>(3)</sup> RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

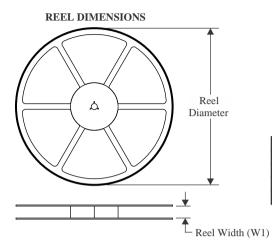
<sup>(4)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

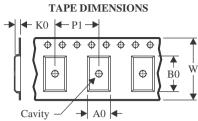
<sup>(5)</sup> MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

<sup>(6)</sup> Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

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#### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

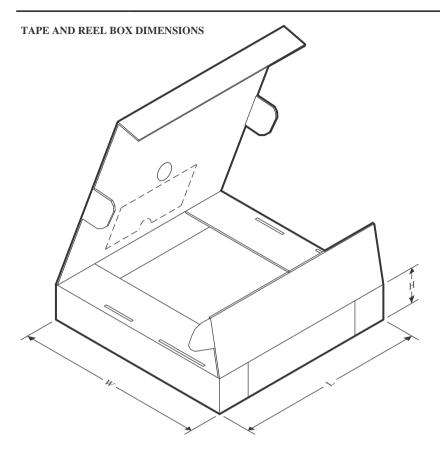


#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS22995RZFR	WQFN- HR	RZF	6	3000	180.0	8.4	1.0	1.4	0.88	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22995RZGR	WQFN- HR	RZG	6	3000	180.0	8.4	0.9	1.65	0.86	4.0	8.0	Q1



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#### \*All dimensions are nominal

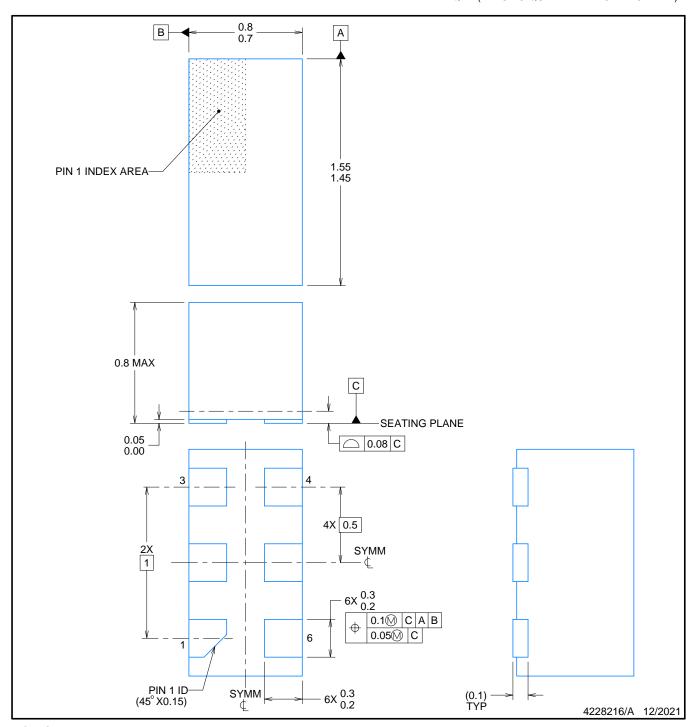
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS22995RZFR	WQFN-HR	RZF	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS22995RZGR	WQFN-HR	RZG	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0

# **PACKAGE OUTLINE**



# WQFN-HR - 0.8mm max height

QFN (PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD)

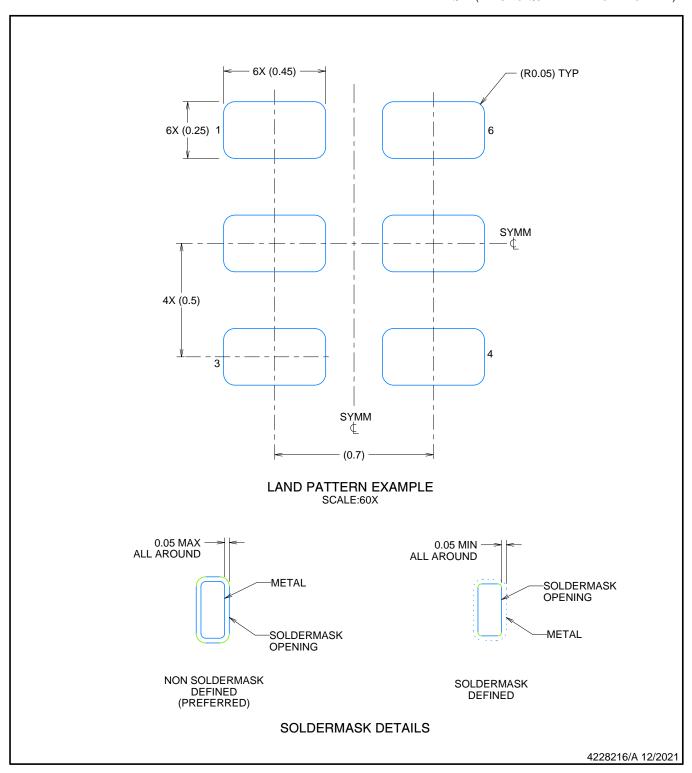


#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



QFN (PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD)

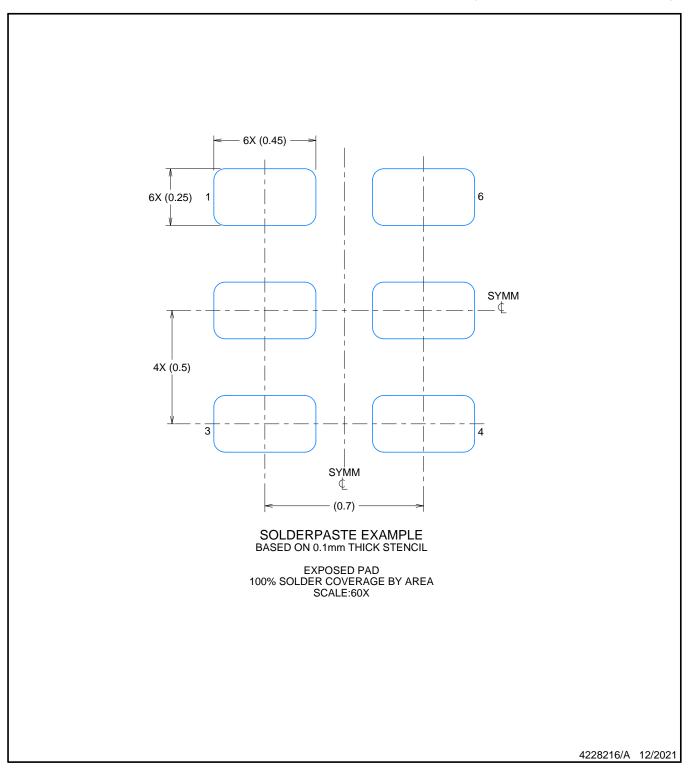


NOTES: (continued)

3. For more information, refer to QFN/SON PCB application note in literature No. SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).



QFN (PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD)



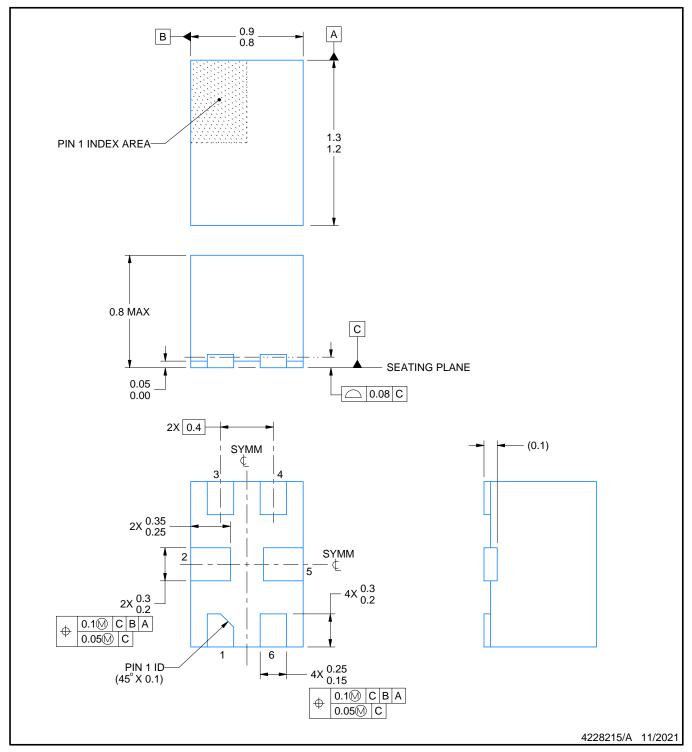
NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.





PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



#### NOTES:

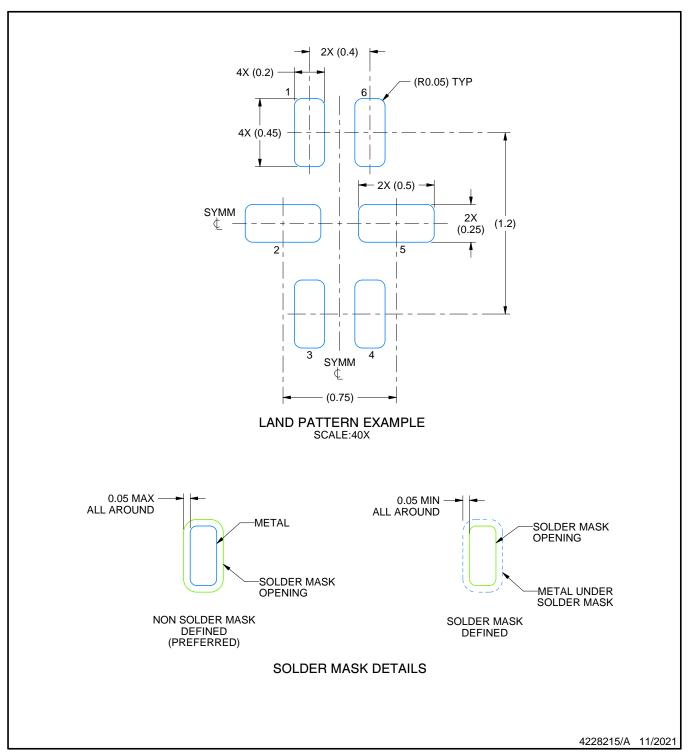
- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

  3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.



PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD

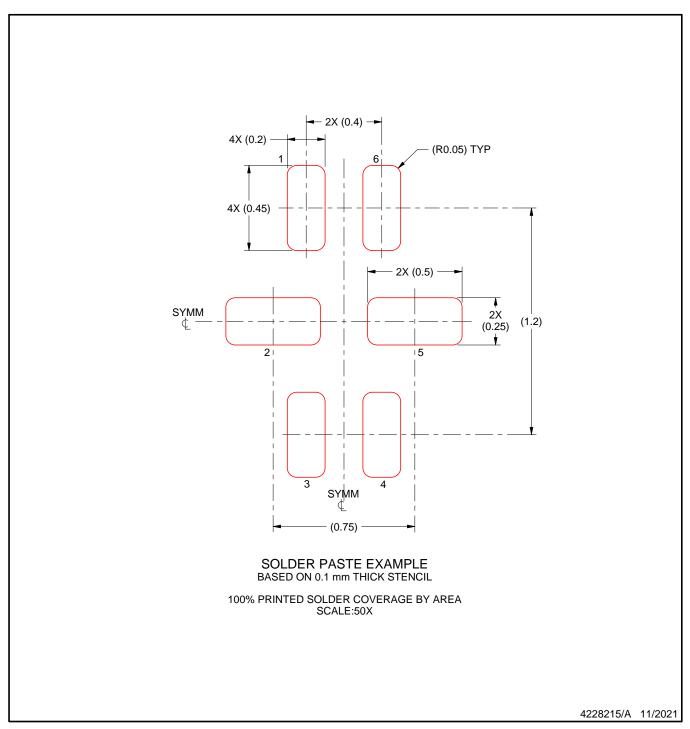


NOTES: (continued)

- 4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).
- Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If all or some are implemented, recommended via locations are shown. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.



PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



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