

TXG102x 2-bit, ±10V Ground-Level Translator

1 Features

- Supports DC shifts up to ±10V
- AC Noise Rejection of 20V_{PP} up to 45MHz
- CMTI of 1kV/us
- Low Prop Delay (<5ns) and Ch-Ch Skew (<0.20ns)
- Greater than 250Mbps
- Low power consumption (0.8mA per channel at 1Mbps, 1.8V)
- Fully configurable dual-rail design allows each port to operate from 1.71V to 5.5V
- 4, 2, 1 channel devices with multiple configurations will be available
- Two device variants:
 - TXG1020: 2 forward
 - TXG1021: 1 forward, 1 reverse
- Supports V_{CC} disconnect feature (I/Os are forced into high-Z)
- Schmitt-trigger inputs allows for slow and noisy signals
- Inputs with integrated static pull-down resistors prevent channels from floating
- Operating temperature from -40°C to +125°C
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100mA per JESD 78, class II
 - ESD protection exceeds JESD 22
 - 2500V human-body model
 - 500V charged-device model
- Package options provided:
 - DSG (WSON-8)
 - DDF (SOT-8)
 - D (SOIC-8)

2 Applications

- **Test and Measurement**
- **Industrial Automation**
- **Appliances**
- Robotics

Avionics

3 Description

The TXG102x is a 2-bit, fixed direction, non-galvanic based voltage and ground-level translator that can support both logic-level shifting between 1.71V to 5.5V and ground-level shifting up to ±10V. Compared to traditional level shifters, the TXG102x family can solve the challenges of voltage translation across different ground levels. The Simplified Diagram shows a common use case where DC shift occurs between GNDA to GNDB due to parasitic resistance or capacitance.

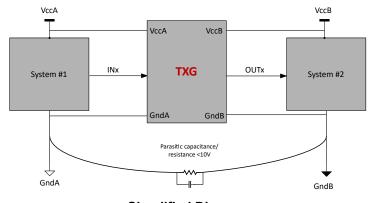
V_{CCA} is referenced to GNDA and V_{CCB} is referenced to GNDB. Ax pins are referenced to V_{CCA} logic level while Bx pins are referenced to V_{CCB} logic levels. Both A port and B port can accept voltages from 1.71V to 5.5V. The leakage between GNDA and GNDB is <40nA when V_{CC} to GND is shorted.

The TXG102x device helps improve noise immunity and power sequencing across different ground domains while providing low power consumption, latency and channel-to-channel skew. It can supress noise levels of 20V_{PP} up to 45MHz (Figure 8-3). This device can support multiple interfaces such as UART, GPIO, and JTAG.

Package Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE (1)	BODY SIZE (NOM)	
TV04000	DSG (WSON-8)	2.0mm × 2.00mm	
TXG1020 TXG1021	DDF (SOT-8)	2.90mm × 1.60mm	
	D (SOIC-8)	4.90mm × 3.90mm	

For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.



Simplified Diagram



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4 Pin Configuration and Functions

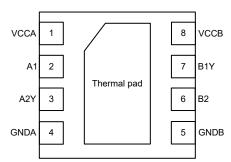


Figure 4-1. TXGx021DSG Package 8-Pin WSON Top View

Table 4-1. TXGx021 DSG Pin Functions

Table + II TAGAGET BOOT III T and allotte					
PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION		
Name	TXGx021	1/0	DESCRIPTION		
A1	2	I	Input A1. Referenced to V _{CCA}		
A2Y	3	0	Output A2. Referenced to V _{CCA}		
B1Y	7	0	Output B1. Referenced to V _{CCB}		
B2	6	I	Input B2. Referenced to V _{CCB}		
V _{CCA}	1	_	A side supply voltage. 1.71V ≤ V _{CCA} ≤ 5.5V		
V _{CCB}	8	_	B side supply voltage. 1.71V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 5.5V		
GNDA	4	_	Ground reference for V _{CCA}		
GNDB	5	_	Ground reference for V _{CCB}		
_	Thermal pad	_	Keep thermal pad floating.		



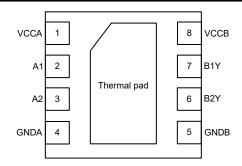


Figure 4-2. TXGx020DSG Package 8-Pin WSON Top View

Table 4-2. TXGx020 DSG Pin Functions

PI	PIN Name TXGx020		DESCRIPTION	
Name				
A1	2	I	Input A1. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
A2	3	I	Input A2. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
B1Y	7	0	Output B1. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
B2Y	6	0	Output B2. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
V _{CCA}	1	_	A side supply voltage. 1.71V ≤ V _{CCA} ≤ 5.5V	
V _{CCB}	8	_	B side supply voltage. 1.71V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 5.5V	
GNDA	4	_	Ground reference for V _{CCA}	
GNDB	5	_	Ground reference for V _{CCB}	
_	Thermal pad	_	Keep thermal pad floating.	

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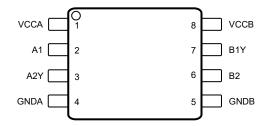


Figure 4-3. TXGx021DDF 8-Pin SOT and TXGx021D 8-pin SOIC Top View

Table 4-3. TXGx021 DDF and D Pin Functions

P	PIN		DESCRIPTION		
Name	TXGx021	I/O	DESCRIP HON		
A1	2	I	Input A1. Referenced to V _{CCA}		
A2Y	3	0	Output A2. Referenced to V _{CCA}		
B1Y	7	0	Output B1. Referenced to V _{CCB}		
B2	6	I	Input B2. Referenced to V _{CCB}		
V _{CCA}	1	_	A side supply voltage. 1.71V ≤ V _{CCA} ≤ 5.5V		
V _{CCB}	8	_	B side supply voltage. 1.71V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 5.5V		
GNDA	4	_	Ground reference for V _{CCA}		
GNDB	5	_	Ground reference for V _{CCB}		



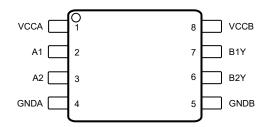


Figure 4-4. TXGx020DDF 8-Pin SOT and TXGx020D 8-pin SOIC Top View

Table 4-4. TXGx020 DDF and D Pin Functions

Di	IN			
PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION	
Name	TXGx020			
A1	2	I	Input A1. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
A2	3	I	Input A2. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
B1Y	7	0	Output B1. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
B2Y	6	0	Output B2. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
V _{CCA}	1	_	A side supply voltage. 1.71V ≤ V _{CCA} ≤ 5.5V	
V _{CCB}	8	_	B side supply voltage. 1.71V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 5.5V	
GNDA	4	_	Ground reference for V _{CCA}	
GNDB	5	_	Ground reference for V _{CCB}	

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5 Specifications

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCA} to V _{GNDA}	Supply voltage A to Ground voltage A		-0.5	6.5	V
V_{CCB} to V_{GNDB}	Supply voltage B to Ground voltage B		-0.5	6.5	V
V_{GNDA} to V_{GNDB}	Voltage between GNDA and GNDB	Voltage between GNDA and GNDB	-15	15	V
V	Input Voltage ⁽²⁾	I/O Ports (A Port) to V _{GNDA}	-0.5	6.5	V
V _I	input voitage.	I/O Ports (B Port) to V _{GNDB}	-0.5	6.5	V
V	Voltage applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off	A Port to V _{GNDA}	-0.5	6.5	V
V _O	state ⁽²⁾	B Port to V _{GNDB}	-0.5	6.5	V
M	Voltage applied to any output in the high or low state ^{(2) (3)}	A Port to V _{GNDA}	-0.5	V _{CCA} + 0.5	V
Vo	Voltage applied to any output in the high or low states (1997)	B Port to V _{GNDB}	-0.5	V _{CCB} + 0.5	, v
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V _I < 0	-20		mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	V _O < 0	-20		mA
Io	Continuous output current		-25	25	mA
	Continuous current through V _{CC} or GND		-100	100	mA
Tj	Junction Temperature			150	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under <u>Section 5.1</u> may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under <u>Section 5.3</u> Exposure beyond the limits listed in <u>Section 5.3</u> may affect device reliability.

5.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2500	\ <u>'</u>
v (ESD)	V _(ESD) Electrostatic discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 ⁽²⁾	±500	V

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

⁽²⁾ The input voltage and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

⁽³⁾ The output positive-voltage rating may be exceeded up to 6.5V maximum if the output current rating is observed.

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1) (2) (3)

			MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
V _{CCA}	Supply voltage A - Relative to GNDA		1.71	5.5	V
V _{CCB}	Supply voltage B - Relative to GNDB		1.71	5.5	V
V _{GNDA} to V _{GNDB}	Voltage between GNDA and GNDB GNDB	Voltage between GNDA and GNDB	-10	10	V
		V _{CCO} = 1.71V	-4.5		
	High level output ourrent	V _{CCO} = 2.3V	-8		
Іон	High-level output current	V _{CCO} = 3V	-10		mA
		V _{CCO} = 4.5V	-12		1
		V _{CCO} = 1.71V		4.5	
	Law level cutout current	V _{CCO} = 2.3V		8	
I _{OL}	Low-level output current	V _{CCO} = 3V		10	mA
		V _{CCO} = 4.5V		12	1
VI	Input voltage - Relative to GNDA		0	5.5	V
Vo	Output voltage - Relative to GNDB		0	V _{cco}	V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		-40	125	°C

⁽¹⁾ V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.

5.4 Thermal Information

		TXG802x	
	THERMAL METRIC(1)	D (SOIC)	UNIT
		8 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	122.0	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	60.7	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	69.8	°C/W
Y _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	11.5	°C/W
Y_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	68.8	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(bottom)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	°C/W

⁽¹⁾ For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application note.

Product Folder Links: TXG1020 TXG1021

V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.

⁽³⁾ All control inputs and data I/Os of this device have weak pulldowns to ensure the line is not floating when undefined external to the device. The input leakage from these weak pulldowns is defined by the I_I specification indicated under Section 5.5.



5.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1) (2)

					Operating free-	Operating free-air temperature (T _A)		
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	-40°C	-40°C to 125°C		
					MIN	TYP MAX		
		I _{OH} = -4.5mA	1.71V	1.71V	1.5			
\ /	High-level output voltage (3)	I _{OH} = -8mA	2.3V	2.3V	2.0		V	
V _{OH}	nigh-level output voltage (9)	I _{OH} = -10mA	3V	3V	2.7		V	
		I _{OH} = -12mA	4.5V	4.5V	4.1			
		I _{OL} = 4.5mA	1.71V	1.71V		0.16		
.,	Laurianal autoritus ltana (4)	I _{OL} = 8mA	2.3V	2.3V	0.56	0.27		
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage (4)	I _{OL} = 10mA	3V	VCCA VCCB -40°C to 125°C MIN TYP MAX .71V 1.71V 1.5 .3V 2.3V 2.0 .5V 4.5V 4.1 .71V 1.71V 0.16 .3V 2.3V 0.27 .V 3V 0.34 .5V 4.5V 0.41 .71V 1.71V 1.11 .3V 2.3V 1.40 .V 3V 1.73 .5V 4.5V 2.45 .5V 5.5V 3.0 .71V 1.71V 0.56 .3V 2.3V 0.80 .V 3V 1.14 .5V 4.5V 1.59 .5V 5.5V 2.0 .71V 1.71V 0.3 0.55 .3V 2.3V 0.36 0.60 .5V 3.V 0.38 0.54 .5V 4.5V 0.41 0.86<	V			
		I _{OL} = 12mA	4.5V	4.5V		0.16 0.27 0.34 0.41 1.11 1.40 1.73 2.45 3.0 0.55 0.60 0.54 0.86 0.96 1.6		
			1.71V	1.71V		1.11		
		Data Inputs	2.3V	2.3V		1.40	٧	
V_{T+}	Positive-going input- threshold voltage	(Ax, Bx)	3V	3V		1.73		
	uneshold voltage	(Referenced to V _{CCI})	4.5V	4.5V		2.45		
			5.5V	5.5V				
	Negative-going input-	Data Inputs (Ax, Bx)	1.71V	1.71V	0.56		V	
			2.3V	2.3V	0.80			
V _{T-}			3V	3V	1.14			
	uneshold voltage	(Referenced to V _{CCI})	4.5V	4.5V	1.59	MIN TYP MAX 1.5 2.0 2.7 4.1 0.16 0.27 0.34 0.41 1.11 1.40 1.73 2.45 3.0 0.56 0.80 1.14 1.59 2.0 0.3 0.55 0.36 0.60 0.38 0.54 0.41 0.86 0.40 0.96 0.2 1.6 0.26 1.55		
			5.5V	5.5V	2.0			
			1.71V	1.71V	0.3	0.55		
^ / /	Input-threshold hysteresis	Data Inputs	2.3V	2.3V	0.36	0.60	V	
ΔV_T	$(V_{T+} - V_{T-})$	(Ax, Bx) (Referenced to V _{CCI})	3V	3V	0.38	0.54		
			4.5V	4.5V	0.41	0.86	V	
ΔV_{T}	Input-threshold hysteresis (V _{T+} – V _{T-})	Data Inputs (Ax, Bx) (Referenced to V _{CCI})	5.5V	5.5V	0.40	0.96	V	
l _l	Input leakage current	Data Inputs (Ax, Bx) V _I = V _{CCI} or GND	1.71V – 5.5V	1.71V – 5.5V	0.2	1.6	μΑ	
	Floating supply Partial	A Port or B Port	Floating ⁽⁵⁾	0V - 5.5V	0.26	1.55	1	
off-float	power down current	$V_I = V_{CC}$	0V - 5.5V	Floating ⁽⁵⁾	0.26	1.55	μΑ	



over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾ (2)

			V _{CCA}		Operating free-	air temperature (T _A)	UNIT
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V _{CCB}	-40°0	C to 125°C	
					MIN	TYP MAX	
I _{off-float}	Floating supply Partial power down current	A Port or B Port	Floating ⁽⁵⁾	0V - 5.5V		0.06	nA
I _{off-float}	Floating supply Partial power down current	V _I = GND	0V - 5.5V	Floating ⁽⁵⁾		0.39	nA
Ci	Control Input Capacitance	V _I = 3.3V or V _{GNDA}	3.3V	3.3V		2	pF
C _{io}	Data I/O Capacitance	V _O = 1.71V DC +1MHz -16dBm sine wave	3.3V	3.3V	1.3	2.6	pF
C	Cap between grounds	All channels combined (V _{CC} both sides are powered on)				46	pF
C_GND	Cap between grounds	All channels combined (V _{CC} to GND shorted)				53	pF
	Current Leakage between GndA to GndB	All channels combined (V _{CC} both sides are powered on and inputs are all low)	1.71V – 5.5V	1.71V – 5.5V		0.06	μΑ
Leakage		All channels combined (V _{CC} both sides are powered on and inputs are all high)	1.71V – 5.5V	1.71V – 5.5V		32	μΑ
		All channels combined (V _{CC} to GND shorted)	1.71V – 5.5V	1.71V – 5.5V		0.04	μΑ
СМТІ	Common Mode Transient Immunity	Input toggling at 100Mbps Ground shift up to 10V	1.71V – 5.5V	1.71V – 5.5V	1		kV/μs
	Positive-Going	A Supply	1.71V – 5.5V			1.64	V
V _{UVLO+}	Undervoltage Lockout Voltage	B Supply		1.71V – 5.5V		1.64	V
	Negative-Going	A Supply	1.71V – 5.5V		1.2		V
V _{UVLO-}	Undervoltage Lockout Voltage	B Supply		1.71V – 5.5V	1.2		V
V	Undervoltage Lockout	A Supply	1.71V – 5.5V		58		mV
V_{UVLO_Hys}	Hysteresis	B Supply		1.71V - 5.5V	58		mV

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 $[\]begin{array}{ll} \text{(1)} & V_{CCI} \text{ is the } V_{CC} \text{ associated with the input port and referenced to GND}_A \\ \text{(2)} & V_{CCO} \text{ is the } V_{CC} \text{ associated with the output port and referenced to GND}_B \end{array}$

⁽³⁾ Tested at $V_I = V_{T+(MAX)}$

⁽⁴⁾ Tested at $V_I = V_{T-(MIN)}$

⁽⁵⁾ Floating is defined as a node that is both not actively driven by an external device and has leakage not exceeding 10nA



5.6 Supply Current

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾ (2)

					Operating free-	air temperature (T _A)	
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	-40°C	to 125°C	UNIT
					MIN	TYP MAX	
TXGx021							
			1.71V – 5.5V	1.71V – 5.5V	300	747	
		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND $I_O = 0$	0V	5.5V	-2	12.5	
I _{CCA}	V _{CCA} supply current		5.5V	0V	349	589	μΑ
		V _I = GND I _O = 0	5.5V	Floating ⁽³⁾	347	577	
			1.71V – 5.5V	1.71V – 5.5V	497	1077	
		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND $I_O = 0$	0V	5.5V	546	919	
ССВ	V _{CCB} supply current		5.5V	0V	-2	24.5	μΑ
		V _I = GND I _O = 0	Floating ⁽³⁾	5.5V	548	919	
			1.8V	1.8V	0.7	1.6	
		\(\sigma = \cdot\)	2.5V	2.5V	0.8	1.6	mA
		$V_I = V_{CCI}$	3.3V	3.3V	0.8	1.7	ША
	Cumply Current DC Signal		5V	5V	0.8	1.9	
CCA + ICCB	Supply Current - DC Signal		1.8V	1.8V	0.7	1.6	
		V = CND	2.5V	2.5V	0.8	1.6	m A
		V _I = GND	3.3V	3.3V	0.8	1.7	mA
			5V	5V	0.8	1.9	

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over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾ (2)

					Operating free-	air temperature (T _A)	
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	-40°C	to 125°C	UNIT
					MIN	TYP MAX	
			1.8V	1.8V	0.9	1.6	
		All channels switching with square wave	2.5V	2.5V	0.9	1.6	т Л
		clock input; CL = 15pF, 1Mbps	3.3V	3.3V	0.9	1.7	mA
			5V	5V	1.1	2	
			1.8V	1.8V	4.6	6.3	
	Complete Company A.C. Cimpal	All channels switching with square wave	2.5V	2.5V	5.5	7.3	A
I _{CCA} + I _{CCB}	Supply Current - AC Signal	clock input; CL = 15pF, 50Mbps	3.3V	3.3V	6.8	8.2	mA
			5V	5V	8.7	10.7	
			1.8V	1.8V	8.5	10.6	
		All channels switching with square wave	2.5V	2.5V	10	13	
		clock input; CL = 15pF, 100Mbps	3.3V	3.3V	12	14.7	mA
			5V	5V	16.6	20.2	
TXGx020						'	
			1.71V – 5.5V	1.71V – 5.5V	299	602	μA
		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND $I_O = 0$	0V	5.5V	-2.5	1.2	μA
I _{CCA}	V _{CCA} supply current	10 0	5.5V	0V	302	602	μA
		V _I = GND I _O = 0	5.5V	Floating ⁽³⁾	299	577	μΑ
			1.71V – 5.5V	1.71V – 5.5V	504	1225	μA
		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND $I_O = 0$	0V	5.5V	486	906	μA
I _{CCB}	V _{CCB} supply current	10 0	5.5V	0V	-2	24.5	μA
		V _I = GND I _O = 0	Floating ⁽³⁾	5.5V	486	906	μΑ
			1.8V	1.8V	0.7	1.6	mA
		V - V	2.5V	2.5V	0.8	1.6	mA
		$V_{I} = V_{CCI}$	3.3V	3.3V	0.8	1.7	mA
	Cumply Current DC Circal		5V	5V	0.8	1.9	mA
I _{CCA} + I _{CCB}	Supply Current - DC Signal		1.8V	1.8V	0.7	1.6	mA
		V - CND	2.5V	2.5V	0.8	1.6	mA
		V _I = GND	3.3V	3.3V	0.8	1.7	mA
			5V	5V	0.8	1.9	mA



over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1) (2)

					Operating free-a	air temperature (T _A)	
I	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	-40°C	to 125°C	UNIT
					MIN	TYP MAX	
			1.8V	1.8V	0.9	1.6	mA
		All channels switching with square wave	2.5V	2.5V	0.9	1.6	mA
		clock input; CL = 15pF, 1Mbps	3.3V	3.3V	0.9	1.7	mA
			5V	5V	1.1	2	mA
			1.8V	1.8V	4.5	6.3	mA
	Supply Current - AC Signal	All channels switching with square wave	2.5V	2.5V	5.5	7.3	mA
I _{CCA} + I _{CCB}	Supply Current - AC Signal	clock input; CL = 15pF, 50Mbps	3.3V	3.3V	6.3	8	mA
			5V	5V	8.4	10.7	mA
			1.8V	1.8V	8.5	10.7	mA
		All channels switching with square wave	2.5V	2.5V	10	13	mA
		clock input; CL = 15pF, 100Mbps	3.3V	3.3V	12	14.7	mA
			5V	5V	16.6	20.2	mA

- V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port and referenced to GND_A V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port and referenced to GND_B Floating is defined as a node that is both not actively driven by an external device and has leakage not exceeding 10nA

5.7 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \pm 0.15V$

										B-Port S	Supply	Voltage	(V _{CCB})					
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	FROM	то	TEMPERATURE	1.	8 ± 0.15\	1	2	.5 ± 0.2\	1	3	.3 ± 0.3\	/	5	.0 ± 0.5\	/	UNIT
						MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
			Α	В	-40°C to 85°C	2.8		7.3	2.8		7.4	2.8		7.5	2.9		7.8	
	Drangation dalay	1Mbps all 4 channels	Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	2.8		7.6	2.8		7.8	2.8		7.9	2.9		8.3	
t _{pd}	Propagation delay	toggling	В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	2.8		7.3	2.7		5.7	2.6		5.1	2.6		4.8	ns
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	2.8		7.7	2.7		6	2.6		5.3	2.6		5.1	
			А	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.7		1.5	0.6		1.5	0.5		1.4	0.5		1.2	
PWD	Pulse width		Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.7		1.5	0.6		1.5	0.5		1.4	0.5		1.2	no
PVVD	distortion	t _{phl} - t _{plh}	В	А	-40°C to 85°C	0.7		1.5	0.6		1.5	0.5		1.4	0.5		1.2	ns
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	0.7		1.5	0.6		1.5	0.5		1.4	0.4		1.2	



										B-Port S	upply	Voltage	(V _{CCB})					
	PARAMETER	TEST	FROM	то	TEMPERATURE	1.3	8 ± 0.15	V	2	.5 ± 0.2V		3	.3 ± 0.3V	1	5.	.0 ± 0.5V		UNIT
						MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
			Α	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.5		1.3	0.5		1.35	0.5		1.4	0.5		1.6	
	Output signal rise		Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.5		1.3	0.5	-	1.4	0.5		1.4	0.5		1.7	no
t _r	time		В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	0.5		1.2	0.5		1.3	0.5		1.2	0.5		1.3	ns
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	0.5		1.3	0.5		1.4	0.5		1.3	0.5		1.3	
			Α	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.4		1.3	0.4		1.3	0.4		1.5	0.5		1.7	
tf	Output signal fall		А	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.4		1.5	0.4		1.5	0.4		1.6	0.5		2	no
lu l	time		В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	0.4		1.3	0.4		1.4	0.4		1.3	0.4		1.3	ns
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	0.4		1.4	0.4		1.45	0.4		1.4	0.4		1.35	
	Default output delay	Measured from			-40°C to 85°C	6.1		10.6	6.1		10.4	6		10.3	5.9		9.9	
t _{DO}	time from input power loss	the time V _{CC} goes below 1.2V			-40°C to 125°C	6.1		10.6	6.1		10.4	6		10.3	5.9		9.9	μs
+	Time from ULVO to				-40°C to 85°C	21.1		64.3	4.3		69.1	4.5		76.6	55.3		99.4	116
t _{PU}	valid output data				-40°C to 125°C	19.9		64.3	4.3	-	69.1	4.5		76.6	53.9		99.4	μs

5.8 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \pm 0.2V$

										B-Port	Supply \	Voltage	(V _{CCB})					
	PARAMETER	TEST	FROM	то	TEMPERATURE	1.8	8 ± 0.15	V	2.	.5 ± 0.2\	/	3	.3 ± 0.3\	/	5.	0 ± 0.5\	<i>'</i>	UNIT
						MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
			А	В	-40°C to 85°C	2.7		5.7	2.7		5.8	2.7		5.9	2.8		6.3	
	Propagation dolay	1Mbps all 4 channels	Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	2.7		6	2.7		6.1	2.7		6.2	2.8		6.6	no
t _{pd}	Propagation delay	toggling	В	А	-40°C to 85°C	2.8		7.4	2.7		5.8	2.6		5.1	2.6		4.9	ns
			В	А	-40°C to 125°C	2.8		7.7	2.7		6.1	2.6		5.5	2.6		5.2	
			А	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.1		1	0.1		8.0	0		0.7	-0.14		0.6	
PWD	Pulse width		Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.1		1	0.1		8.0	0		0.7	-0.15		0.6	no
FVVD	distortion	t _{phl} - t _{plh}	В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	0.1		1	0.1		0.8	0		0.7	-0.14		0.6	ns
			В	А	-40°C to 125°C	0.1		1	0.1		8.0	0		0.7	-0.15		0.6	
			А	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.5		1.3	0.5		1.3	0.5		1.4	0.5		1.6	
	Output signal rise		Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.5		1.3	0.5		1.4	0.5		1.4	0.5		1.7	ns
L _r	time		В	А	-40°C to 85°C	0.5		1.3	0.4		1.3	0.5		1.3	0.4		1.3	115
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	0.5		1.3	0.4		1.3	0.5		1.3	0.4		1.4	

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										B-Port	Supply	Voltage	(V _{CCB})					
	PARAMETER	TEST	FROM	то	TEMPERATURE	1.	8 ± 0.15V	7	2	.5 ± 0.2\	V	3	.3 ± 0.3	/	5	.0 ± 0.5\	/	UNIT
						MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
			Α	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.4		1.4	0.4		1.3	0.4		1.5	0.5		1.7	
tf	Output signal fall		Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.4		1.4	0.4		1.5	0.4		1.6	0.5		2	20
u	time		В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	0.4		1.3	0.4		1.3	0.4		1.35	0.4		1.3	ns
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	0.4		1.5	0.4		1.5	0.4		1.4	0.4		1.5	
	Default output delay	Measured from			-40°C to 85°C	6.1		10.6	6.1		10.4	5.6		10.4	5.4		9.9	
t _{DO}	time from input power loss	the time V _{CC} goes below 1.2V			-40°C to 125°C	6.1		10.6	6.1		10.4	5.6		10.4	5.4		9.9	μs
4	Time from ULVO to				-40°C to 85°C	21.1		64.3	4.3		69.1	4.5		76.6	55.3		99.4	
t _{PU}	valid output data				-40°C to 125°C	19.9		64.3	4.3		69.1	4.5		76.6	53.9		99.4	μs

5.9 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \pm 0.3V$

										B-Port S	upply	Voltage	(V _{CCB})					
	PARAMETER	TEST	FROM	то	TEMPERATURE	1.	8 ± 0.15\	/	2	.5 ± 0.2V		3	.3 ± 0.3V	′	5.	.0 ± 0.5V	,	UNIT
		CONDITIONS				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
			А	В	-40°C to 85°C	2.6		5.1	2.7		5.2	2.7		5.3	2.8		5.8	
	Dropogation dolay	1Mbps all 4 channels	A	В	-40°C to 125°C	2.6		5.3	2.7		5.5	2.7		5.7	2.8		6.3	no
t _{pd}	Propagation delay	toggling	В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	2.8		7.5	2.7		5.9	2.7		5.3	2.6		5.1	ns
			В	А	-40°C to 125°C	2.8		7.9	2.7		6.2	2.7		5.7	2.6		5.4	
			А	В	-40°C to 85°C	-0.03		0.6	-0.09		0.5	-0.13		0.5	-0.3		0.4	
PWD	Pulse width	1	Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	-0.11		0.6	-0.13		0.5	-0.18		0.5	-0.4		0.4	
PVVD	distortion	t _{phi} - t _{plh}	В	А	-40°C to 85°C	-0.03		0.6	-0.09		0.5	-0.13		0.5	-0.3		0.4	ns
			В	А	-40°C to 125°C	-0.11		0.6	-0.13		0.5	-0.18		0.5	-0.4		0.4	
			А	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.5		1.3	0.5		1.3	0.5		1.4	0.5		1.6	
	Output signal rise		А	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.5		1.3	0.5		1.4	0.5		1.4	0.5		1.6	
t _r	time		В	А	-40°C to 85°C	0.5		1.3	0.5		1.3	0.5		1.4	0.5		1.4	ns
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	0.5		1.35	0.5		1.4	0.5		1.4	0.5		1.5	
			А	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.4		1.3	0.4		1.4	0.4		1.5	0.5		1.7	
tf	Output signal fall		А	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.4		1.5	0.4		1.6	0.4		1.6	0.5		2	
u	time		В	А	-40°C to 85°C	0.4		1.4	0.4		1.4	0.4		1.4	0.4		1.4	ns
			В	А	-40°C to 125°C	0.4		1.7	0.4		1.6	0.4		1.6	0.4		1.7	



										B-Port	Supply	Voltage	(V _{CCB})					
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	FROM	то	TEMPERATURE	1.8	3 ± 0.15	V	2	.5 ± 0.2\	/	3	.3 ± 0.3\	/	5.	.0 ± 0.5\	/	UNIT
						MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
	, ,				-40°C to 85°C	6		10.6	5.8		10.4	5.8		10.3	5.8		10	μs
t _{DO}		the time V _{CC} goes below 1.2V			-40°C to 125°C	6		10.6	5.8		10.4	5.8		10.3	5.8		10	μs
t	Time from ULVO to				-40°C to 85°C	21.1		64.3	4.3		69.1	4.5		76.6	57.8		99.4	μs
τ _{PU}	valid output data				-40°C to 125°C	19.9		64.3	4.3		69.1	4.5		76.6	53.9		99.4	μs

5.10 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 5.0 \pm 0.5V$

										B-Port S	upply	Voltage	(V _{CCB})					
	PARAMETER	TEST	FROM	то	TEMPERATURE	1.	8 ± 0.15	V	2.	.5 ± 0.2V	'	3	.3 ± 0.3\	/	5	.0 ± 0.5V	,	UNIT
		CONDITIONS				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
			А	В	-40°C to 85°C	2.6		4.8	2.6		5	2.7		5.1	2.8		5.6	
	Dranagation daloy	1Mbps all 4 channels	Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	2.6		5.1	2.6		5.3	2.7		5.4	2.8		5.9	20
t _{pd}	Propagation delay	toggling	В	А	-40°C to 85°C	3		7.9	2.8		6.2	2.7		5.9	2.7		5.6	ns
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	3	,	8.4	2.8		6.6	2.7		6.2	2.7		6	
			Α	В	-40°C to 85°C	-0.22		0.4	-0.27		0.3	-0.32		0.3	-0.50		0.2	
PWD	Pulse width		Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	-0.33		0.4	-0.37		0.3	-0.42		0.3	-0.60		0.2	
PWD	distortion	t _{phl} - t _{plh}	В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	-0.22		0.4	-0.27		0.3	-0.32		0.3	-0.5		0.2	ns
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	-0.33		0.4	-0.37		0.3	-0.42		0.3	-0.60		0.2	
			Α	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.5	,	1.3	0.5		1.3	0.5		1.4	0.5		1.6	
	Output signal rise		Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.5		1.3	0.5		1.4	0.5		1.4	0.5		1.6	
t _r	time		В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	0.6		1.6	0.6		1.6	0.6		1.6	0.5		1.6	ns
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	0.6		1.75	0.6		1.7	0.6		1.7	0.5		1.6	
			Α	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.4		1.3	0.4		1.4	0.4		1.5	0.5		1.7	
	Output signal fall		Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.4		1.4	0.4		1.5	0.4		1.6	0.5	,	2	
tf	time		В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	0.4		1.8	0.5		1.8	0.4	,	1.8	0.4	,	1.8	ns
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	0.4		2.5	0.5		2	0.4		2	0.4		2	
	Default output delay	Measured from			-40°C to 85°C	5.5		10.7	5.6		10.5	5.7		10.6	5.9		10	
t _{DO}	time from input power loss	the time V _{CC} goes below 1.2V			-40°C to 125°C	5.5		10.7	5.6		10.5	5.7		10.6	5.9		10	μs
t	Time from ULVO to				-40°C to 85°C	21.1		64.3	4.3		69.1	4.5		76.6	55.3		99.4	110
t _{PU}	valid output data				-40°C to 125°C	19.9		64.3	4.3		69.1	4.5		76.6	53.9		99.4	μs

Product Folder Links: TXG1020 TXG1021



5.11 Switching Characteristics: T_{sk}, T_{MAX}

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

						ting free-a		
PARAMETER	TEST CON	DITIONS	V _{CCI}	V _{cco}	-40°C	to 125°C	;	UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
	50% Duty Cycle Input		1.65V - 1.95V	1.65V - 1.95V	264			
T Mavimum Data Data	One channel switching	No Translation	2.3V - 2.7V	2.3V - 2.7V	220			Mhna
T _{MAX} - Maximum Data Rate	20% of pulse > 0.7*V _{CCO}	NO Translation	3.0V - 3.6V	3.0V - 3.6V	220			Mbps
	20% of pulse < 0.3*V _{CCO}		4.5V - 5.5V	4.5V - 5.5V	176			
			1.65V - 1.95V	2.3V - 2.7V	264			
	E00/ Duty Cycle Innut		1.65V - 1.95V	3.0V - 3.6V	264			
T. Marinana Data Data	50% Duty Cycle Input One channel switching	Ho Too o defice	1.65V - 1.95V	4.5V - 5.5V	264	,		N 41
T _{MAX} - Maximum Data Rate	20% of pulse > 0.7*V _{CCO}	Up Translation	2.3V - 2.7V	3.0V - 3.6V	220			Mbps
	20% of pulse < 0.3*V _{CCO}		2.3V - 2.7V	4.5V - 5.5V	220			
			3.0V - 3.6V	4.5V - 5.5V	176			
			2.3V - 2.7V	1.65V - 1.95V	264			
	500/ Duty Cycle Innyt		3.0V - 3.6V	2.3V - 2.7V	220			
T. Mariana Data Data	50% Duty Cycle Input One channel switching	Danier Translation	3.0V - 3.6V	1.65V - 1.95V	220			N 41
T _{MAX} - Maximum Data Rate	20% of pulse > 0.7*V _{CCO}	Down Translation	4.5V - 5.5V	3.0V - 3.6V	176			Mbps
	20% of pulse < 0.3*V _{CCO}		4.5V - 5.5V	1.65V - 1.95V	220			
			4.5V - 5.5V	1.65V - 1.95V	220			
	Timber along by the second		1.65V - 1.95V	1.65V - 1.95V			0.02	
Outrot divisi	Timing skew between any switching outputs on the	No Translation	2.3V - 2.7V	2.3V - 2.7V			0.02	
t _{sk} - Output skew	rising or falling edge (same	No Translation	3.0V - 3.6V	3.0V - 3.6V			0.02	ns
	direction channels)		4.5V - 5.5V	4.5V - 5.5V			0.04	
			1.65V - 1.95V	2.3V - 2.7V			0.02	
	Timber along the form		1.65V - 1.95V	3.0V - 3.6V			0.02	
Out at all and	Timing skew between any switching outputs on the	Ho Too o defice	1.65V - 1.95V	4.5V - 5.5V			0.02	
t _{sk} - Output skew	rising or falling edge (same	Up Translation	2.3V - 2.7V	3.0V - 3.6V			0.02	ns
	direction channels)		2.3V - 2.7V	4.5V - 5.5V			0.02	
			3.0V - 3.6V	4.5V - 5.5V			0.02	

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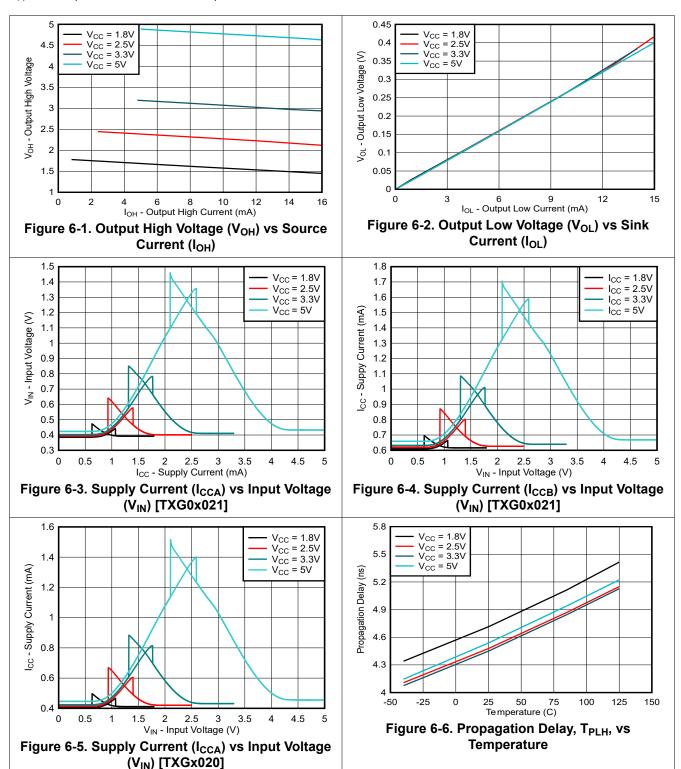
over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

						ting free-a		
PARAMETER	TEST CON	DITIONS	V _{CCI}	V _{cco}	-40°C	C to 125°C	;	UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
			2.3V - 2.7V	1.65V - 1.95V		-	0.02	
	Timing allow between any		3.0V - 3.6V	2.3V - 2.7V		-	0.02	
t Output alcour	Timing skew between any switching outputs on the	Down Translation	3.0V - 3.6V	1.65V - 1.95V			0.02	
t _{sk} - Output skew	rising or falling edge (same	Down Translation	4.5V - 5.5V	3.0V - 3.6V			0.04	ns
	direction channels)		4.5V - 5.5V	2.3V - 2.7V			0.04	
			4.5V - 5.5V	1.65V - 1.95V			0.04	

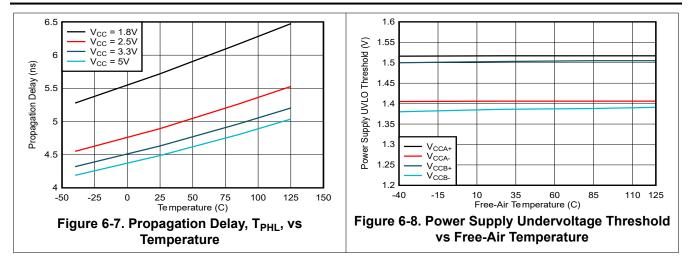


6 Typical Characteristics

 $T_A = 25$ °C (unless otherwise noted)







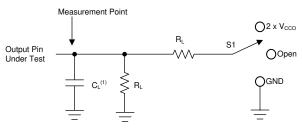


7 Parameter Measurement Information

7.1 Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

Unless otherwise noted, generators supply all input pulses that have the following characteristics:

- f = 1MHz
- $Z_{O} = 50\Omega$ $\Delta t/\Delta V \le 1 \text{ns/V}$

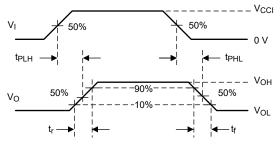


A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 7-1. Load Circuit

Table 7-1. Load Circuit Conditions

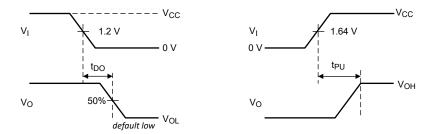
Parameter		V _{cco}	R _L	CL	S ₁	V _{TP}	
tpd	Propagation (delay) time	1.71V - 5.5V	10kΩ	15pF	Open	N/A	



- 1. V_{CCI} is the supply pin associated with the input port.
- 2. V_{OH} and V_{OL} are typical output voltage levels that occur with specified R_L , C_L , and S_1

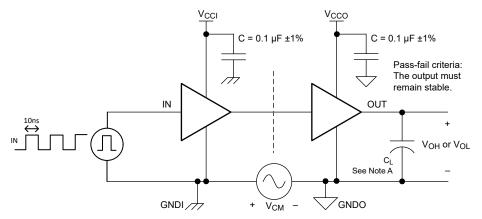
Figure 7-2. Switching Characteristics Voltage Waveforms





- 1. V_{CCI} is the supply pin associated with the input port.
- 2. V_{OH} and V_{OL} are typical output voltage levels that occur with specified R_L , C_L , and S_1

Figure 7-3. Default Output Delay Time & Time from UVLO to Valid Output Voltage Waveform



1. $C_L = 15 pF$ and includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within $\pm 20\%$.

Figure 7-4. Common-Mode Transient Immunity Test Circuit

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8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

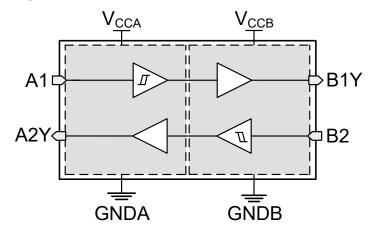
The TXG102x is a 2-bit ground-level translator that uses two individually configurable power-supply rails which allows it to translate across two different power domains. The device is operational with V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} supplies as low as 1.71V and as high as 5.5V. The A port is designed to track V_{CCA} and the B port is designed to track V_{CCB} . In addition to I/O level shifting, this translator can support a difference of -10V to +10V between GNDA and GNDB. V_{CCA} is referenced to GNDA and V_{CCB} is referenced to GNDB.

The TXG102x device is designed for asynchronous communication between data buses, and transmits data with fixed direction from the A bus to the B bus on some channels and from the B bus to the A bus on the remaining channels.

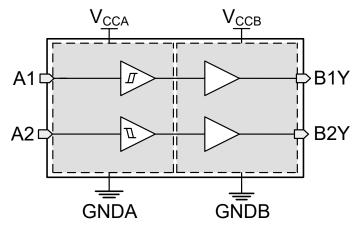
The V_{CC} disconnect feature ensures that if V_{CC} is disconnected with the complementary supply within recommended operating conditions, outputs are disabled and set to the high-impedance state while the supply current is maintained. The $I_{off-float}$ circuitry ensures that no excessive current is drawn from or sourced into an input or output while the supply is floating.

Glitch-free power supply sequencing allows either supply rail to be powered on or off in any order while providing robust power sequencing performance.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



TXG1021 Functional Block Diagram



TXG1020 Functional Block Diagram

8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 CMOS Schmitt-Trigger Inputs with Integrated Pulldowns

Standard CMOS inputs are high impedance and are typically modeled as a resistor in parallel with the input capacitance given in the Section 5.5. The worst case resistance is calculated with the maximum input voltage, given in the Section 5.1, and the maximum input leakage current, given in the Section 5.5, using ohm's law ($R = V \div I$).

The Schmitt-trigger input architecture provides hysteresis as defined by ΔV_T in the Section 5.5, which makes this device extremely tolerant to slow or noisy inputs. Driving the inputs slowly will increase dynamic current consumption of the device. See Understanding Schmitt Triggers for additional information regarding Schmitt-trigger inputs.

8.3.1.1 Inputs with Integrated Static Pull-Down Resistors

This device has $5M\Omega$ typical integrated weak pull-downs for each input. This feature allows all inputs to be left floating without the concern for unstable outputs or increased current consumption. This also helps to reduce external component count for applications where not all channels are used or need to be fixed low. If an external pull-up is required, it should be no larger than $1M\Omega$ to avoid contention with the $5M\Omega$ internal pull-down.

8.3.2 Balanced High-Drive CMOS Push-Pull Outputs

A balanced output allows the device to sink and source similar currents. The high drive capability of this device creates fast edges into light loads, so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing. Additionally, the outputs of this device are capable of driving larger currents than the device can sustain without being damaged. Section 5.1 defines the electrical and thermal limits that must be followed at all times.

8.3.3 V_{CC} Disconnect

The outputs for this device are disabled and enter a high-impedance state when either supply is left floating (disconnected), and with the complementary supply within recommended operating conditions. It is recommended that the inputs are kept low before floating (disconnecting) either supply.

The $I_{CCx(floating)}$ in the Section 5.5 specifies the maximum supply current. The $I_{off(float)}$ in the Section 5.5 specifies the maximum leakage into or out of any input or output pin on the device.

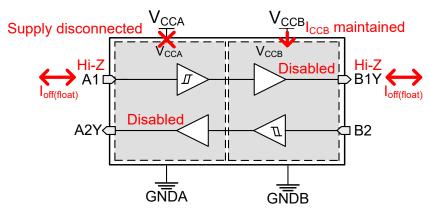


Figure 8-1. V_{CC} Disconnect Feature

8.3.4 Over-Voltage Tolerant Inputs

Input signals to this device can be driven above the supply voltage so long as they remain below the maximum input voltage value specified in the *Section 5.3*.

8.3.5 Glitch-Free Power Supply Sequencing

Either supply rail may be powered on or off in any order without producing a glitch on the inputs or outputs (that is, where the output erroneously transitions to V_{CC} when it should be held low or vice versa). Glitches of this

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nature can be misinterpreted by a peripheral as a valid data bit, which could trigger a false device reset of the peripheral, a false device configuration of the peripheral, or even a false data initialization by the peripheral.

8.3.6 Negative Clamping Diodes

Figure 8-2 depicts the inputs and outputs to this device that have negative clamping diodes.

CAUTION

Voltages beyond the values specified in the *Section 5.1* table can cause damage to the device. The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

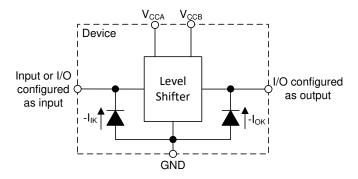


Figure 8-2. Electrical Placement of Clamping Diodes for Each Input and Output

8.3.7 Fully Configurable Dual-Rail Design

The V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} pins can be supplied at any voltage from 1.71V to 5.5V, making the device suitable for translating between any of the voltage nodes (1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V, and 5.0V).

8.3.8 Supports High-Speed Translation

The TXG102x device can support high data-rate applications. The translated signal data rate can be greater than 250Mbps when the signal is translated from 1.71V to 5.5V.



8.3.9 AC Noise Rejection

TXG102x supports I/O voltage translation in environments with noisy grounds. The plot below illustrates the amount of noise that GNDA and GNDB can reject in terms peak-to-peak voltage over frequency without disrupting communication between two systems. As an example, Figure 8-4 below shows GNDA with a ground bounce of 2V_{PP} at 10kHz but still effectively translating 5V to 2.5V without any degradation.

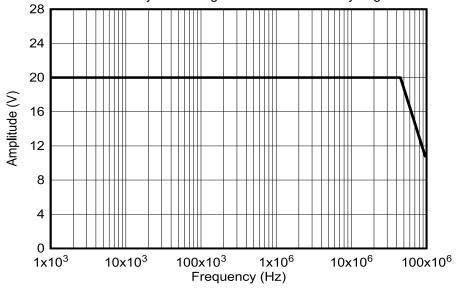


Figure 8-3. AC Noise Rejection Plot

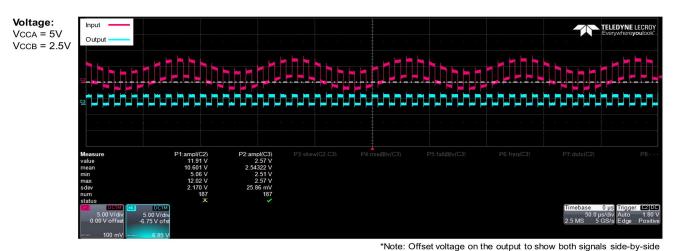


Figure 8-4. Waveform showing 5V to 2.5V I/O translation with AC Ground Noise of $2V_{PP}$ at 10kHz

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8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 8-1. Function Table

Power S	Supply ⁽¹⁾	Port Status				
VCCI	vcco	Input	Output			
PU	PU	Н	Н			
PU	PU	L	L			
PU	PU	Open	L			
PD	PU	X	L			

⁽¹⁾ In the table above: PU = Powered Up; PD = Powered Down; X = Irrelevant; H = High Level; L = Low Level; Open = Floating

9 Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The TXG102x is used for level translation, enabling communication between devices or systems operating at different interface and ground voltages. The TXG102x device is ideal for use in applications where a push-pull driver is connected to the data inputs. Figure 9-1 is an example of two systems that translate from 1.8V to 3.3V across a SPI interface while also seeing a ground shift of -3V on GNDB while GNDA is at 0V. The ground shift of 3V is from the noisy power ground of the Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC).

9.2 Typical Application

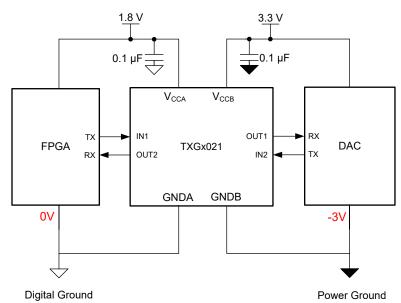


Figure 9-1. TXG1021 in Test and Measurement

9.2.1 Design Requirements

Use the parameters listed in Table 9-1 for this design example.

Table 9-1. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETERS	EXAMPLE VALUES				
Input voltage range	1.71V to 5.5V				
Output voltage range	1.71V to 5.5V				

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

- Input voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that is driving the TXG102x device to determine the input voltage range. For a valid logic-high, the value must exceed the positive-going input-threshold voltage (V_{T+}) of the

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input port. For a valid logic low the value must be less than the negative-going input-threshold voltage (V_{T-}) of the input port.

- Output voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that the TXG102x device is driving to determine the output voltage range.

9.2.3 Application Curves

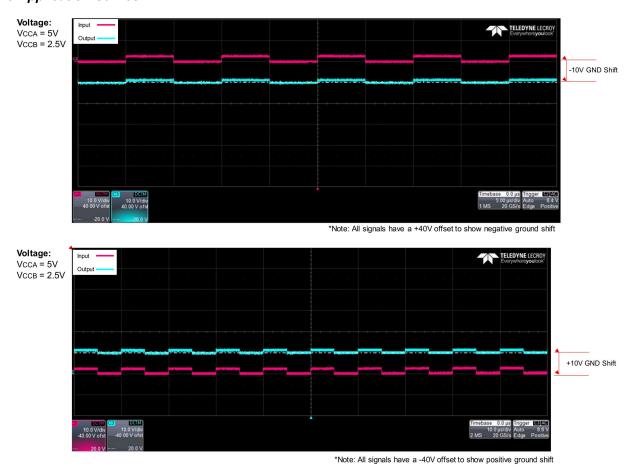


Figure 9-2. Waveform showing -10V (top) and +10V (bottom) Ground Shift with 5V to 2.5V I/O Translation

9.3 Power Supply Recommendations

Always apply a ground reference to the GND pins first. This device is designed for glitch free power sequencing without any supply sequencing requirements such as ramp order or ramp rate. Please make sure the difference between V_{CC} and GND remains at 6.5V max at all times.

9.4 Layout

9.4.1 Layout Guidelines

To ensure reliability of the device, following common printed-circuit board layout guidelines are recommended:

- Use bypass capacitors on the power supply pins and place them as close to the device as possible. A 0.1µF capacitor is recommended, but transient performance can be improved by having 1µF and 0.1µF capacitors in parallel as bypass capacitors.
- The high drive capability of this device creates fast edges into light loads so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing.
- A 0.1µF capacitor can be added between GNDA and GNDB to improve performances of CMTI.

9.4.2 Layout Example

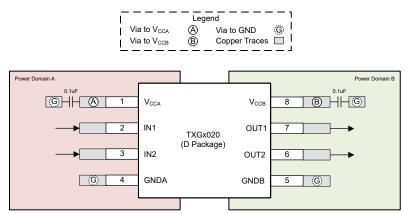


Figure 9-3. D Layout Example

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10 Device and Documentation Support

10.1 Device Support

10.1.1 Regulatory Requirements

No statutory or regulatory requirements apply to this device.

There are no special characteristics for this product.

10.2 Documentation Support

10.2.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation, see the following:

- Texas Instruments, Understanding Schmitt Triggers application report
- Texas Instruments, CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation application report

10.3 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Notifications* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

10.4 Support Resources

TI E2E[™] support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

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10.5 Trademarks

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10.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

10.7 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.



11 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

CI	hanges from Revision * (June 2025) to Revision A (November 2025)	Page
•	Updated data sheet status from Advanced Information to Production Data	1
•	Updated CMTI minimum specification	9
•	Added Typical Chracteristics plots	19
	Added Functional Block Diagram for TXG1020	
	Added Table 8-1	

DATE	REVISION	NOTES
June 2025	*	Initial Release

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

Product Folder Links: TXG1020 TXG1021

13-Dec-2025

www.ti.com

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking
	(1)	(2)			(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)
PTXG1020DR	Active	Preproduction	SOIC (D) 8	3000 LARGE T&R	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	
PTXG1021DR	Active	Preproduction	SOIC (D) 8	3000 LARGE T&R	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	
TXG1020DDFR	Active	Production	SOT-23-THIN (DDF) 8	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	T1020
TXG1020DR	Active	Production	SOIC (D) 8	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TG1020
TXG1021DR	Active	Production	SOIC (D) 8	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TG1021

⁽¹⁾ Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

⁽²⁾ Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

www.ti.com 13-Dec-2025

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TXG1020, TXG1021:

• Automotive : TXG1020-Q1, TXG1021-Q1

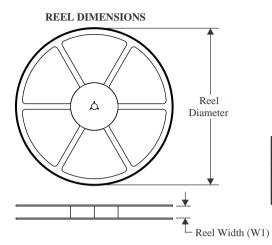
NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

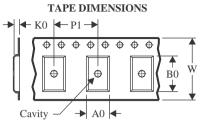
• Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 23-Nov-2025

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

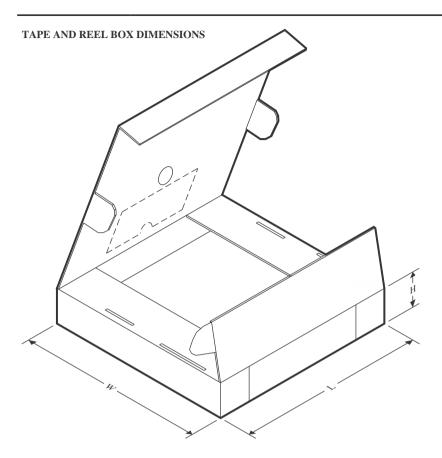
QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

	Device		Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
ĺ	TXG1020DR	SOIC	D	8	3000	330.0	12.4	3.75	3.75	1.15	8.0	12.0	Q1
	TXG1021DR	SOIC	D	8	3000	330.0	12.4	3.75	3.75	1.15	8.0	12.0	Q1

www.ti.com 23-Nov-2025

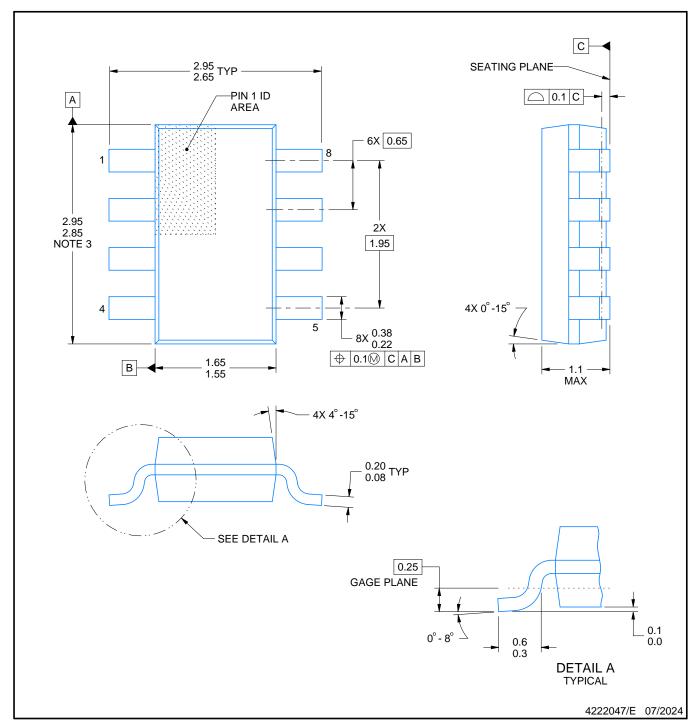


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TXG1020DR	SOIC	D	8	3000	340.5	336.1	32.0
TXG1021DR	SOIC	D	8	3000	340.5	336.1	32.0



PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

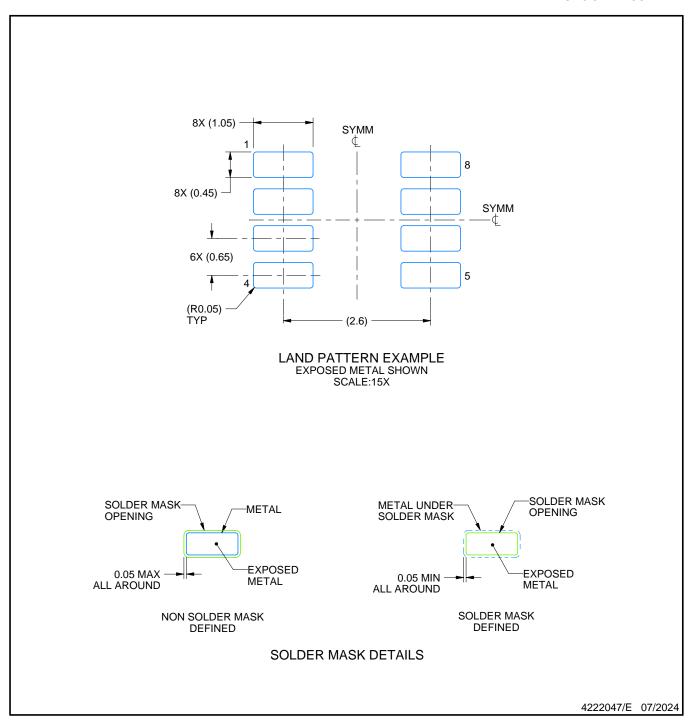
- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.



PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

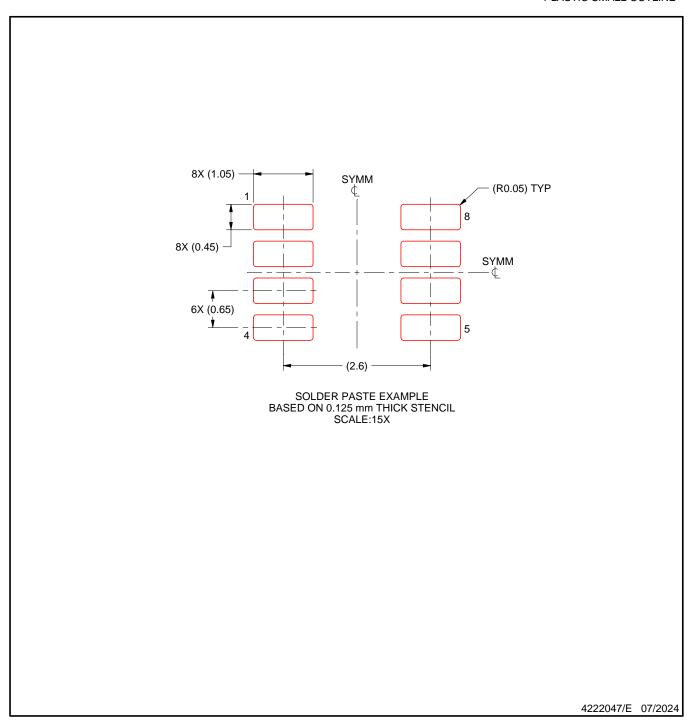


NOTES: (continued)

- 4. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 5. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: (continued)

- 6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 7. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.





SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



NOTES:

- 1. Linear dimensions are in inches [millimeters]. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Controlling dimensions are in inches. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 [0.15] per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-012, variation AA.



SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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